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Beech Aircraft Corporation Wichita, Kansas 67201 u. s. a.

CODE IDENT. NO. 70898

ANTENNA LOCATION SURVEY REPORT FOR THE AN/ALQ-156 and AN/ALQ-162 SYSTEMS

MODEL RC-12D

ENGINEERING REPORT 101E2240

CONTRACT DAAK50-83-C-0056 DATA SEQ. #A004

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Engineering Report

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1. GENERAL

This report describes tests performed on the antenna portion of the AN/ALQ-156 and AN/ALQ-162 systems for the RC-12D aircraft. These tests were performed at the Ft. Huachuca, Arizona antenna test range beginning May 30, 1984. For specific equipment tested and specific test equipment used, see Appendix 1, Test Plan BS 23885.

2. An/Alq-156 Antenna test deg

deg

The AN/ALQ-156 antenna configuration consists of four antennas. One pair mounts symmetrically on the nose, with beam center oriented 45° each side, looking forward. The other pair mounts symmetrically near the tail, oriented 45° each side, looking aft. One antenna of each pair was tested, with the other antenna in the pair assumed to be symmetrical.

- 2.1 Test Data. These antennas were tested at three frequencies, designated as F1, F2 and F3, for elevations of +50° to -50° about the horizon and for 360° in azimuth. Antenna patterns for each test performed are shown in Appendix 2 in rectangular coordinates. Appendix 3 shows this same information in polar coordinates. See Appendix 11 for frequency designations.
- 2.2 Summary-ALQ-156 System. Data from the individual antenna patterns are summarized in Figures 1 through 9 in antenna gain format. In this format, the x-axis is azimuth with respect to the aircraft nose; the y-axis is elevation above and below the aircraft waterline (horizon, in level flight). These figures are plotted for each frequency, with separate figures for nose and tail coverage. Left-hand antennas only were tested, and the right-hand antennas were assumed to be symmetrical. These symmetrical patterns are merged to show total nose coverage. Where wingtip coverage is of interest, a wingtip pattern is shown in a similar manner. Antenna gain boundary lines are shown for 0 dBI and for 3 dB steps above and below this signal level, and also for -10 dBI. Thus, the area that the antenna will illuminate with a given signal level is determined by a contour line in a manner analogous to reading a contour map of a geographical area.
- 2.3 Programmed Pattern Analysis. The 20/20 system also printed out programmed pattern analysis (P-PAN) data. This analysis tabulated various data for each pattern. Figure 41 was drawn from this data. It shows the antenna pattern 3 dB and 10 dB beam width for each frequency and each elevation above the horizon. Lower hemisphere data was not complete and is not shown.
- 2.4 Planar Slot Antenna. An unscheduled test was performed using the planar slot antenna in place of the coffee can antenna for the ALQ-156. This was mounted temporarily at the forward location and data taken in the upper hemisphere only. No significant differences between the two antennas were found. Test data for this antenna is included as Appendix 10.



AN/ALQ-162 ANTENNA TEST

4.64

deg

The AN/ALQ-162 antenna configuration consists of two antennas. One antenna mounts on the nose, with the beam center oriented at 0° in azimuth and elevation. The other antenna mounts in the horizontal tail bullet, oriented at 0° in elevation and 180° in azimuth.

Acr

- 3.1 Test Data. These antennas were tested at nine frequencies in low, mid, and high bands for elevations of +40° through -40° about the horizon and for 360° in azimuth. Antenna patterns for each test performed are shown in Appendices 4, 5, and 6 in rectangular coordinates. Appendices 7, 8, and 9 show this same information in polar coordinates.
- 3.2 Summary—ALQ-162 System. Data from the individual antenna patterns is summarized in Figures 10 through 32 in antenna gain format. In this format, the x-axis is azimuth with respect to the aircraft nose; the y-axis is in elevation above and below the aircraft waterline (horizon, in level flight). These figures are plotted for each frequency, with separate figures for nose and tail coverage. Where wingtip coverage is of interest, these figures are included for one wingtip, with the other wingtip assumed to be symmetrical. Antenna gain boundary lines are shown for 0 dBI and for 3 dB steps above and below this signal level, and also for -10 dBI. Thus, the area that the antenna will illuminate with a given signal strength can be determined by a contour line in a manner analogous to reading a contour map of a geographical area. Figures 37 and 38 show peak gain versus frequency for an overall view of performance with respect to frequency.
- 3.3 Programmed Pattern Analysis. The 20/20 system also printed out programmed pattern analysis (P-PAN) data for each pattern. This analysis tabulated various data about each pattern. Figures 39 and 40 were drawn from this tabulated data. Figure 39 shows antenna pattern 3 dB beam width for each frequency and each elevation above the horizon. Figure 40 shows similar information for the 10 dB beam width. Lower hemisphere information was not complete and is not shown.

4. ISOLATION MEASUREMENTS

Measurements were made to determine the isolation of the ALQ-156 and ALQ-162 antennas to certain other antennas. Results of these tests are described in the following paragraphs.

4.1 Isolation—Aft ALQ-162 and Aft WBDL. Isolation between the aft ALQ-162 and the aft Wide Band Data Link (WBDL) antennas was measured at frequency Fll. Measurements were made for various elevation and azimuth settings of the WBDL antenna with the radome removed; they were also made for a setting of 0° elevation to the horizon and 180° from the nose with a production radome installed. See Figure 33 for calibration setup and for isolation measurement setup. In all cases, isolation measured 89 dB or greater. For isolation measurements at the various angles tested, see Table 1.



- 4.2 <u>Isolation-Forward ALQ-162</u> and Forward WBDL. Isolation between the forward ALQ-162 and the forward WBDL antennas was measured at frequency Fll. Measurements were made for various settings of the WBDL antenna. All measurements were made with a production antenna and radome installed, since the antenna was still accessible for azimuth adjustment with the radome in place. See Figure 34 for calibration setup and isolation measurement setup. This isolation measured 114.7 dB or greater for all cases. For isolation measurements at the various angles tested, see Table 2.
- 4.3 Isolation-Forward ALQ-162 and Weather Radar. Isolation between the forward ALQ-162 and the weather radar antenna was measured at 9375 MHz. Measurements were made for various azimuth settings of the weather radar antenna with the radome removed for access to the antenna. See Figure 35 for calibration setup and isolation measurement setup. This isolation measured 81.8 dB or greater in all cases. For isolation measurements at the varuous angles, see Table 3.
- 4.4 <u>Isolation—Aft ALQ-156 and Tail Dipole Antennas</u>. Isolation between the aft left ALQ-156 antenna and the tail dipole antennas was measured at frequency F2. Measurements on the mission dipole antenna were made at the output of the associated cables and hybrid. Isolation was measured at 75.2 dB. For calibration setup and isolation measurement setup, see Figure 36.

5.0 DATA QUALITY

This paragraph discusses the quality of the data taken during testing.

- 5.1 Pattern Shape. Repeatability within a run was good. The normal procedure for higher frequencies, where problems are more apt to occur, was to run patterns from 0° to 40° in elevation, and then go back and repeat the 0° elevation pattern. These were quite close—within 1 dB or better. This indicates that the pattern shapes would be of good quality.
- 5.2 Pattern Repeatability. Refer to Figures 37 and 38, the frequency scan data. These figures show data taken at the horizon. Data taken with the aircraft shell upright is overlaid on data taken with the aircraft shell inverted. These vary by an average of less than 3 dB. The maximum deviation is 7 dB. Factors that might affect this are:
 - a) Day-to-day variation in test equipment and test cables.
 - b) Position of the aircraft shell on the tower, with respect to alignment for azimuth and elevation.
 - c) Tower position—in some cases, the antenna under test needed to be offset from the focal point by as much as 4 feet. This was necessary on the tail bullet mounted antenna to prevent turntable motor stall in the wind gusts, and to provide clearance past the arch support legs. The antenna under test stays within the 3 dB point of the receive horn, but azimuth becomes distorted at the wingtips by up to 5 degrees.



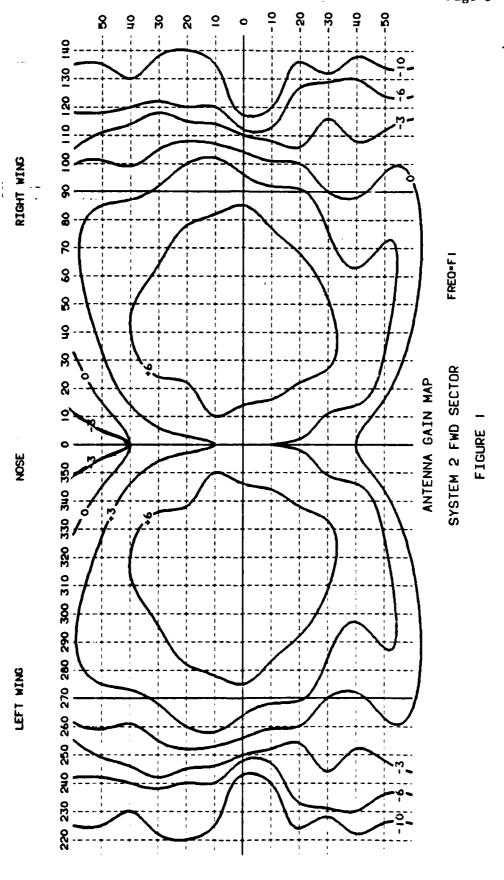
6. LOCATION CONSIDERATIONS

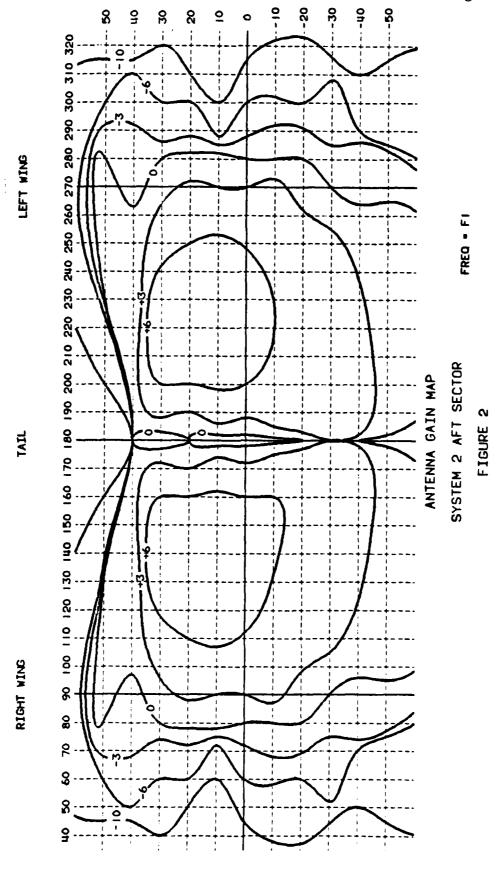
Various antenna locations were evaluated in the process of arriving at the locations shown in Appendix 1. These were evaluated with respect to the requirement for simultaneous location on the aircraft of the AN/ALQ-156, AN/ALQ-162 and AN/ALQ-136 systems, as well as possible mission equipment interference.

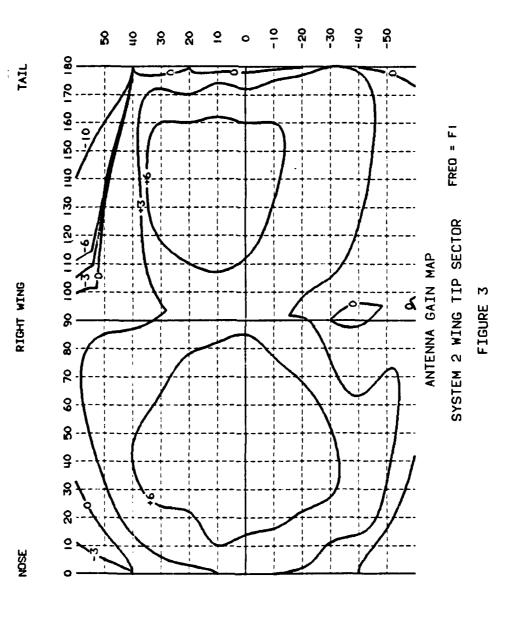
- 6.1 Forward Locations. Various locations around the nose were considered, as well as locations outboard on the wing, under the weather radar radome, and in a common housing with the forward WRDL antenna. The locations tested were selected on the basis of the following factors:
 - a. Lowest aerodynamic drag
 - b. Antenna pattern that will clear propeller circle
 - c. Acceptable antenna purview
 - d. Ice build-up during icing conditions
 - e. Vulnerability to damage during take-off and landing
 - f. Interference with other aircraft systems, including pitot and air conditioning inlet
 - g. Interference with mission systems
 - h. Accessibility for routing transmission lines and length of transmission lines
- 6.2 Aft Location. Various locations around the tail cone, tail stinger, ventral fin, and aft fuselage were considered, as well as the aft tail bullet in the center of the horizontal tail. The locations tested were selected on the basis of the following factors:
 - a. Lowest aerodynamic drag
 - b. Acceptable antenna purview
 - c. Vulnerability to damage during landing and take-off
 - d. Interference with mission systems
 - e. Accessibility for routing and length of transmission lines
 - f. Potential P-static problems for the aircraft

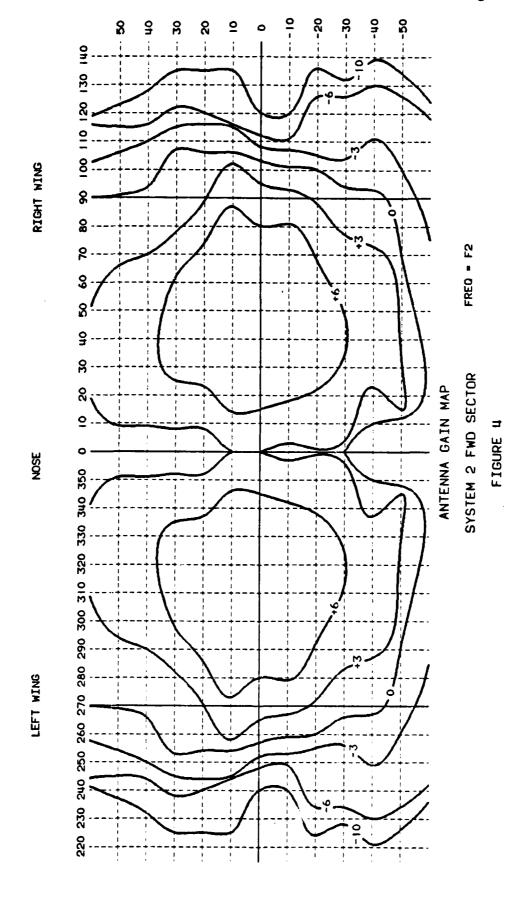
7. CONCLUSION

This report describes in detail the antenna performance for the AN/ALQ-156 and AN/ALQ-162 systems when installed on an RC-12D aircraft. The antenna locations tested and shown in Appendix 1 will permit acceptable system operation for the AN/ALQ-156 and AN/ALQ-162 Systems in conjunction with the mission systems.









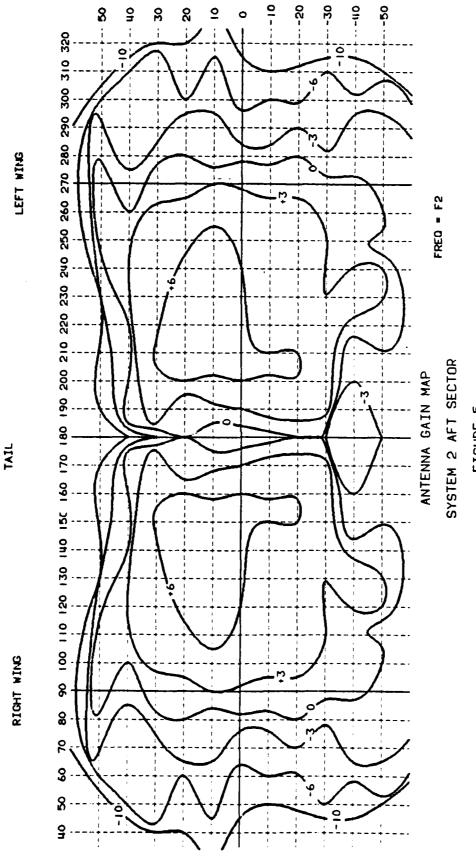
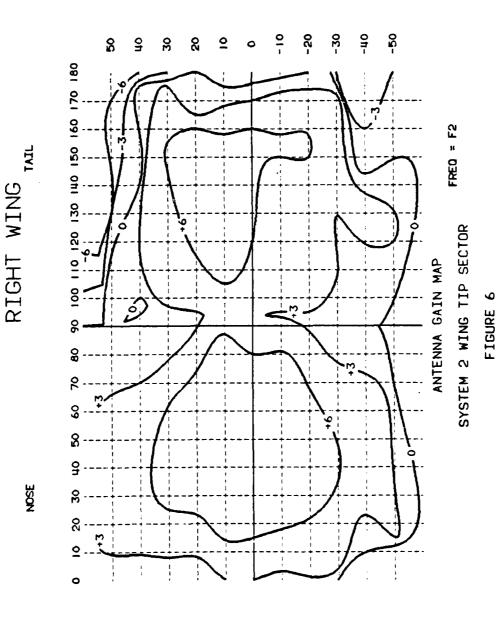
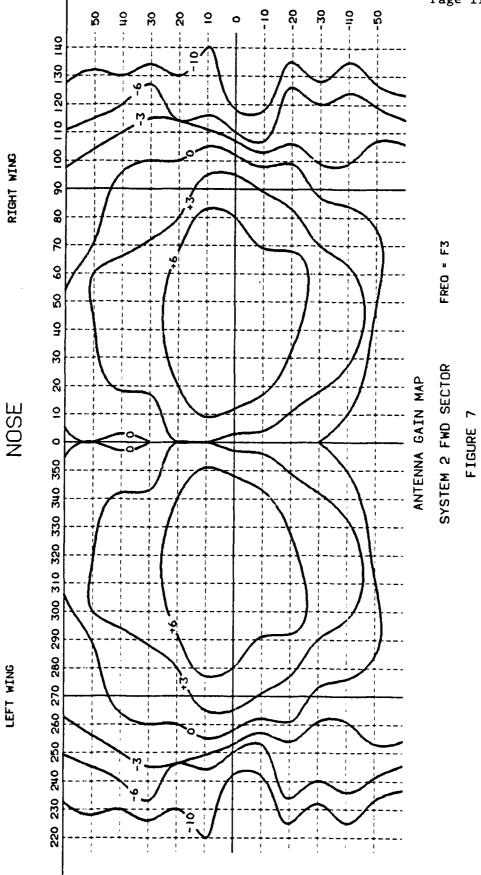


FIGURE 5

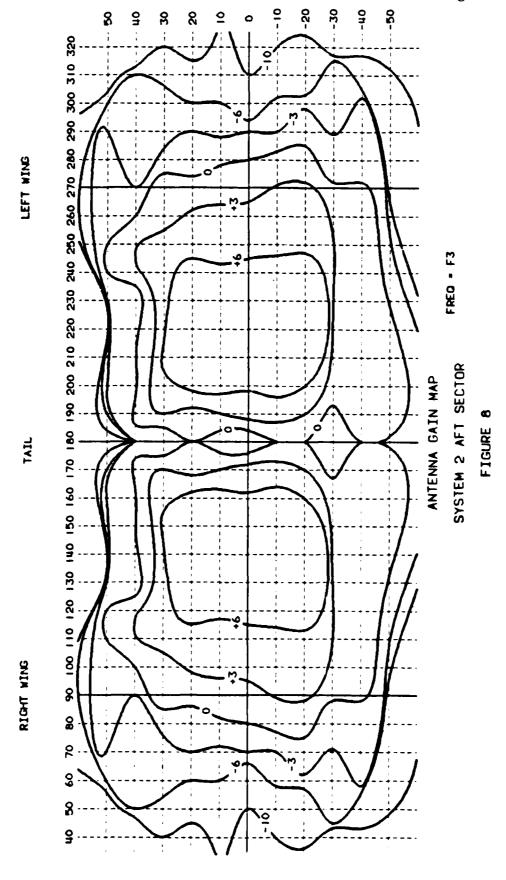


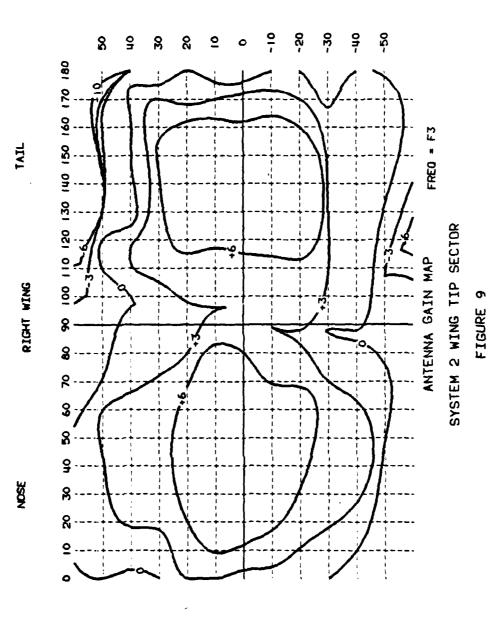






RIGHT WING

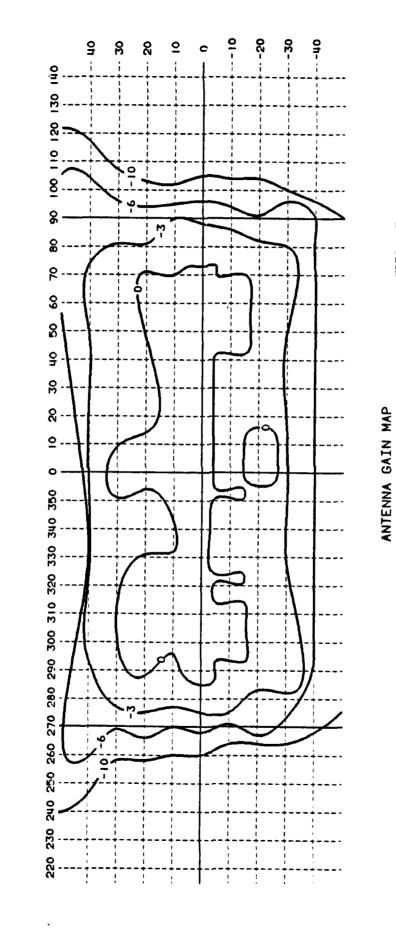




FREG = F4

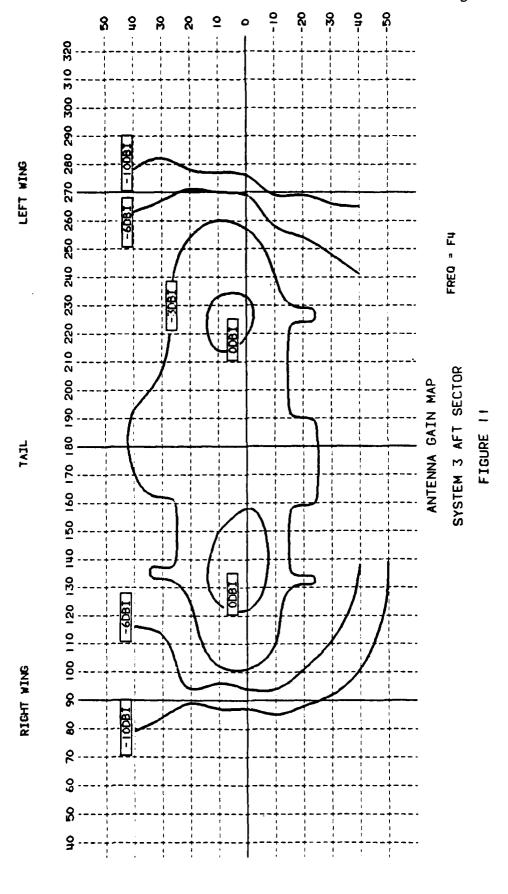
SYSTEM 3 FWD SECTOR

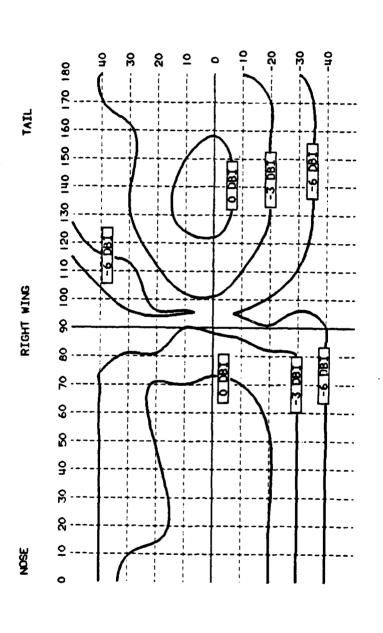
FIGURE 10



RIGHT WING

NOSE

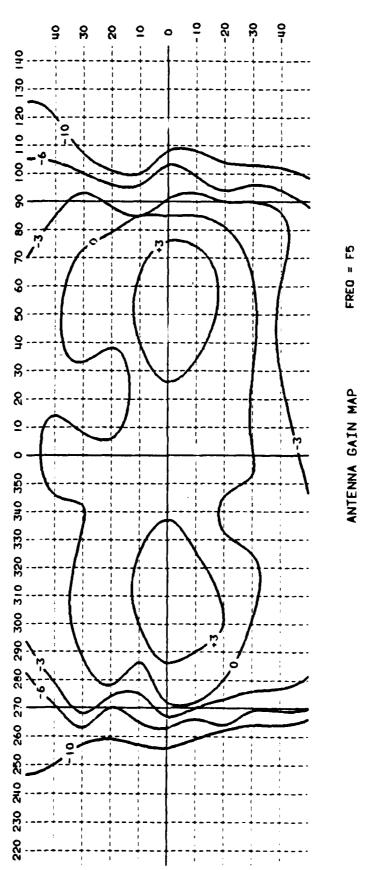




FREG = FU SYSTEM 3 WING TIP SECTOR ANTENNA GAIN MAP

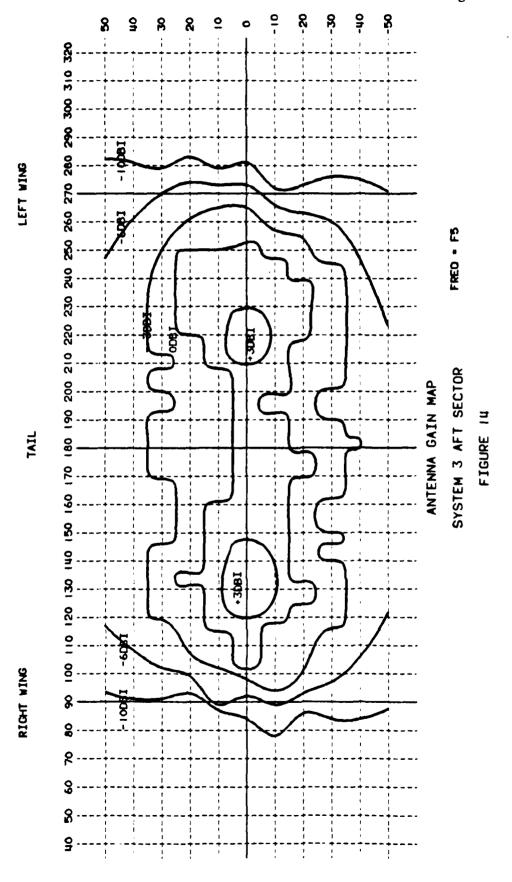
SYSTEM 3 FWD SECTOR

FIGURE 13

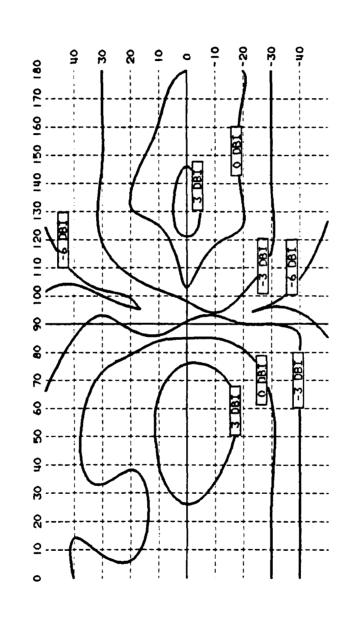


RIGHT WING

MOSE



E.



ANTENNA GAIN MAP SYSTEM 3 WING TIP SECTOR

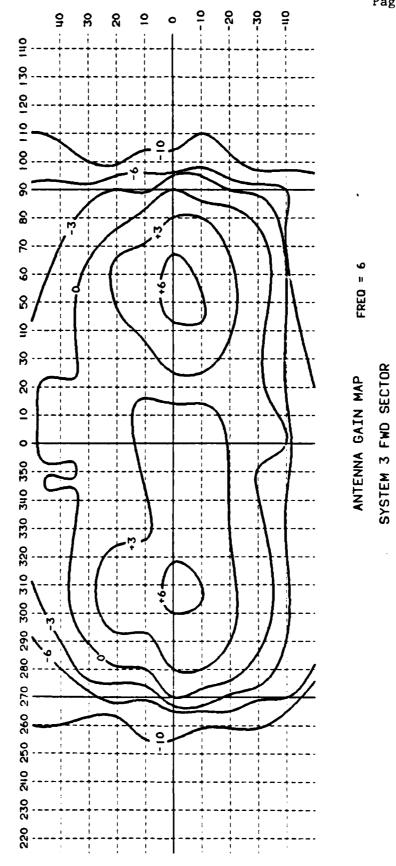
FREO = F5

FIGURE 15

TAIL

RIGHT WING

NOSE



RIGHT WING

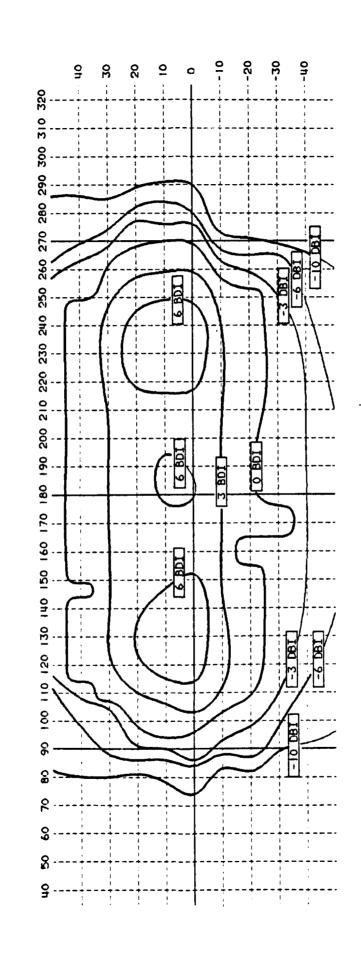
NOSE

FREO = F6

SYSTEM 3 AFT SECTOR

FIGURE 17

ANTENNA GAIN MAP



LEFT WING

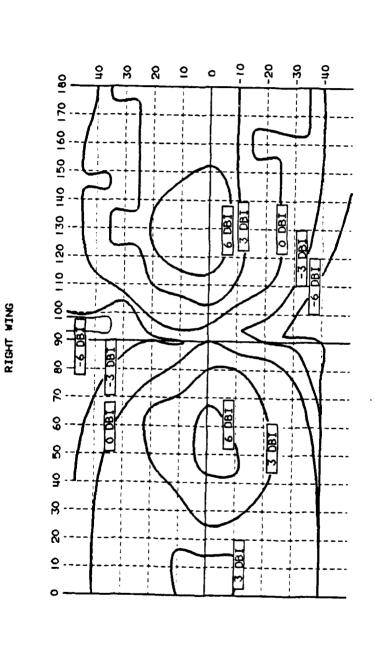
TAIL

RIGHT WING

FRE0 = F6

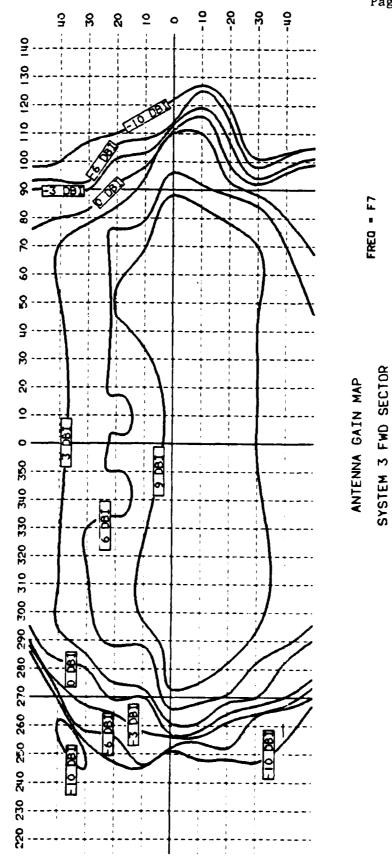
ANTENNA GAIN MAP SYSTEM 3 WING TIP SECTOR

FIGURE 18



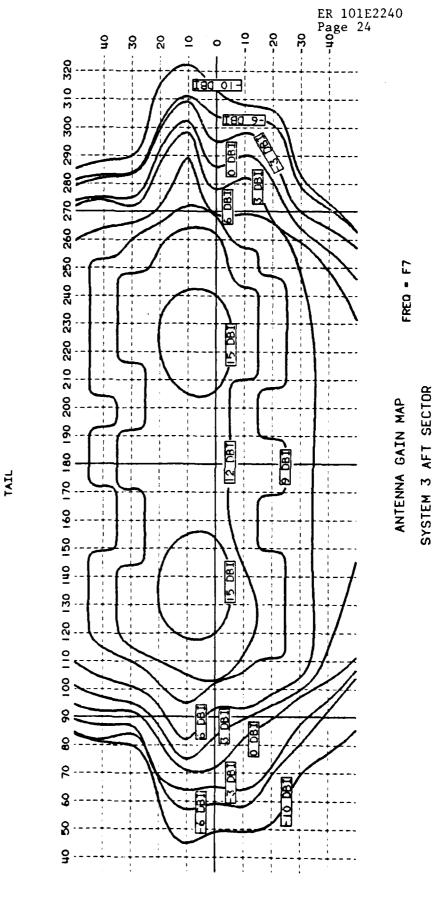
TAIL

NOSE



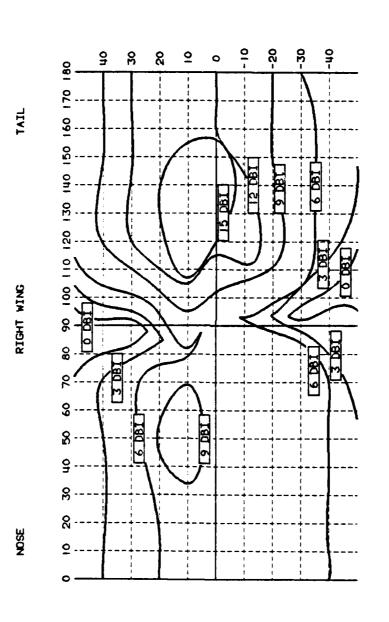
RIGHT WING

NOSE



RIGHT WING

FIGURE 20



ANTENNA GAIN MAP SYSTEM 3 WING TIP SECTOR

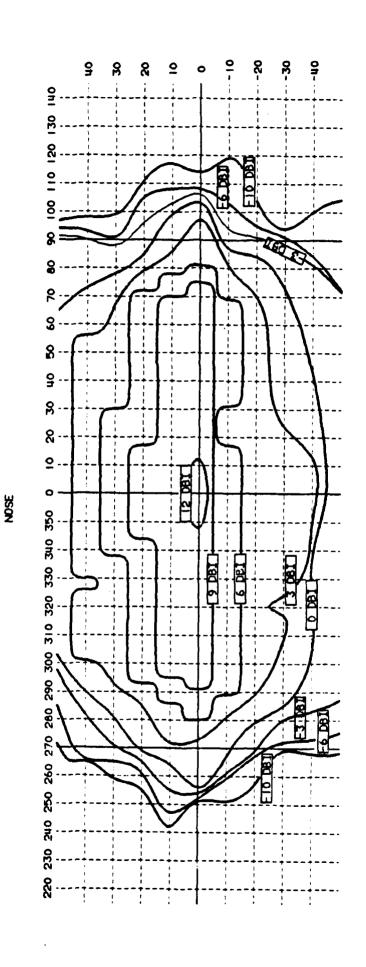
FREO = F7

FRE0 - F8

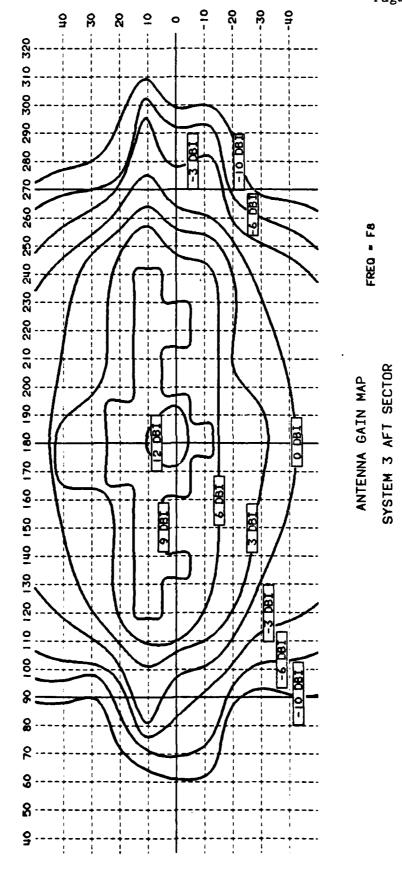
ANTENNA GAIN MAP

SYSTEM 3 FWD

FIGURE 22



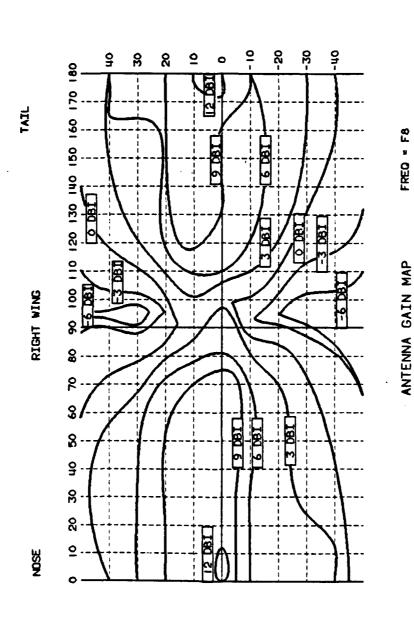
RIGHT WING



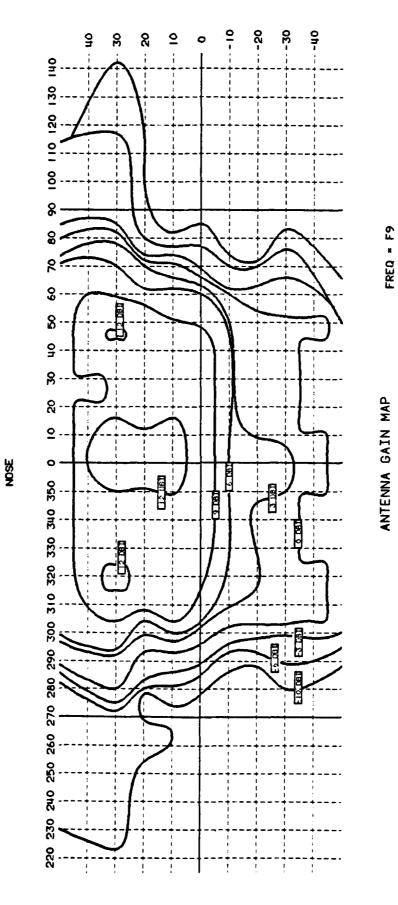
LEFT WING

TAIL

RIGHT WING



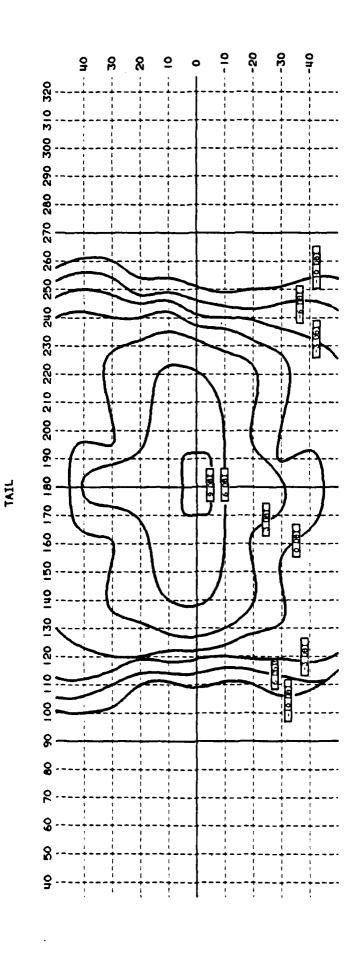
SYSTEM 3 WING TIP SECTOR



RIGHT WING

LEFT WING

SYSTEM 3 FWD SECTOR

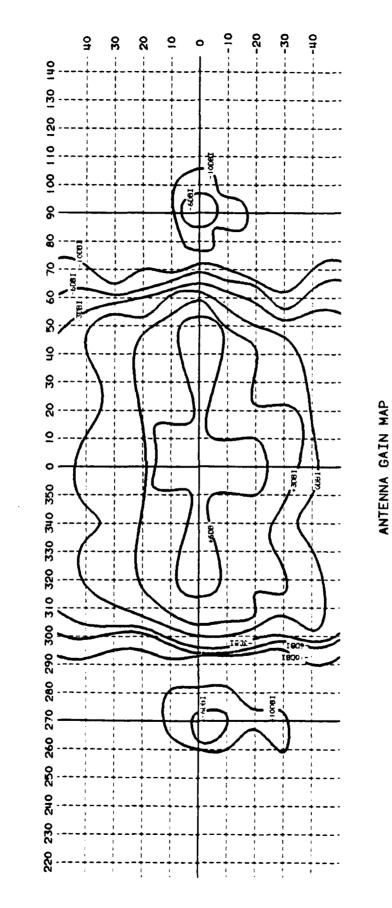


LEFT WING

RIGHT WING

ANTENNA GAIN MAP SYSTEM 3 AFT SECTOR

FREO = F9



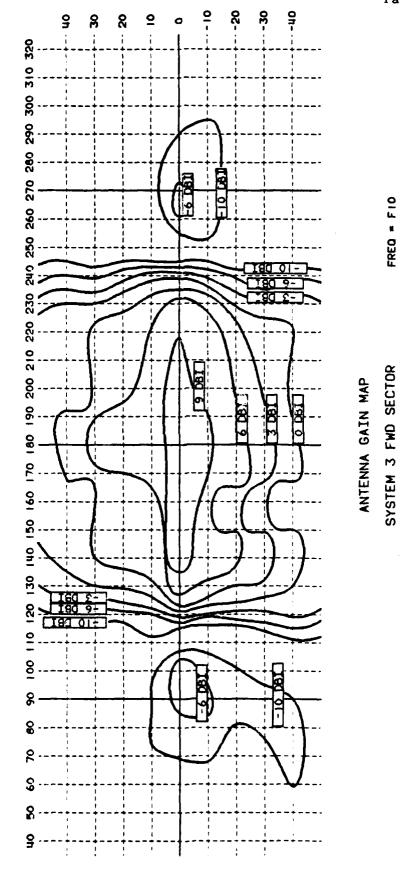
RIGHT WING

NOSE

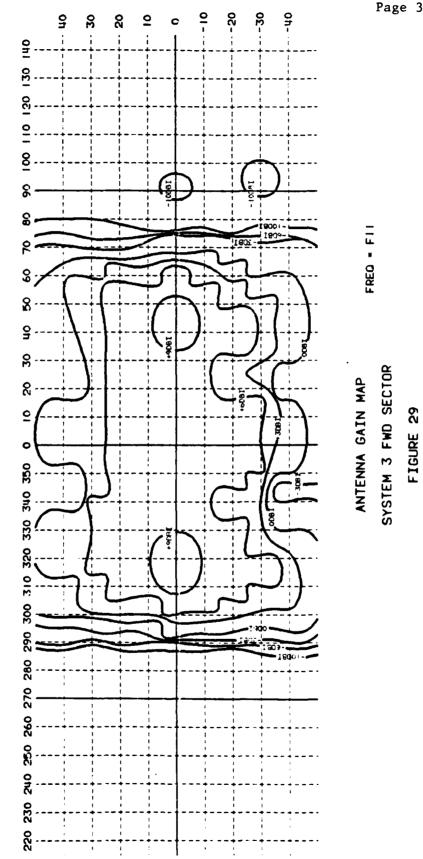
LEFT WING

SYSTEM 3 FWD SECTOR

FRE0 . F10



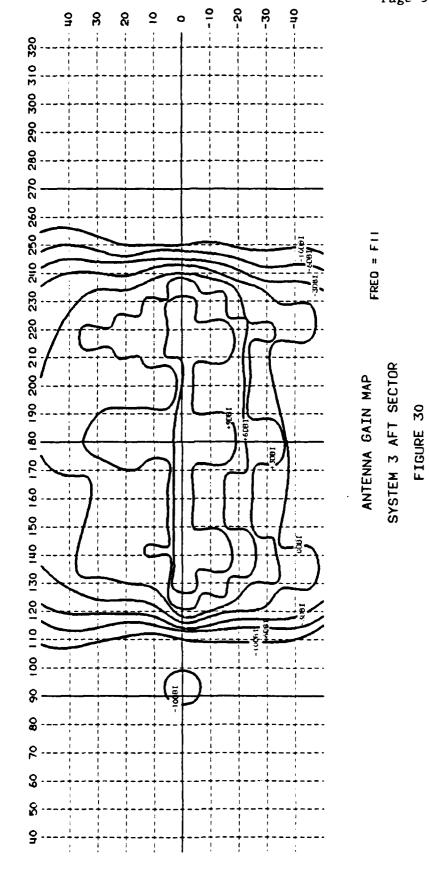
RIGHT WING



RIGHT WING

NOSE

LEFT WING

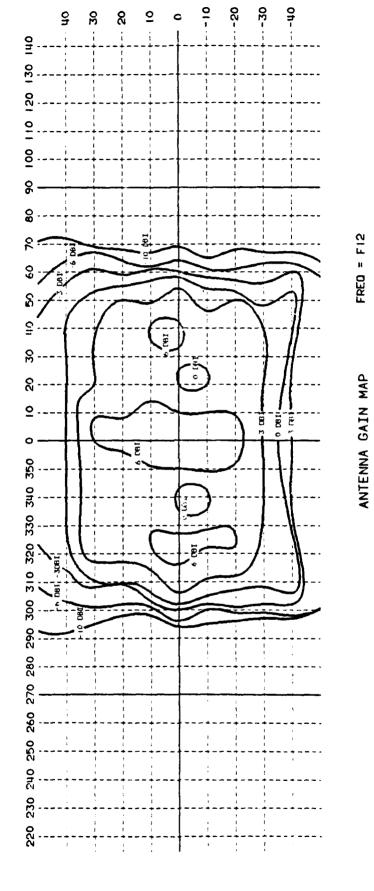


LEFT WING

RIGHT WING

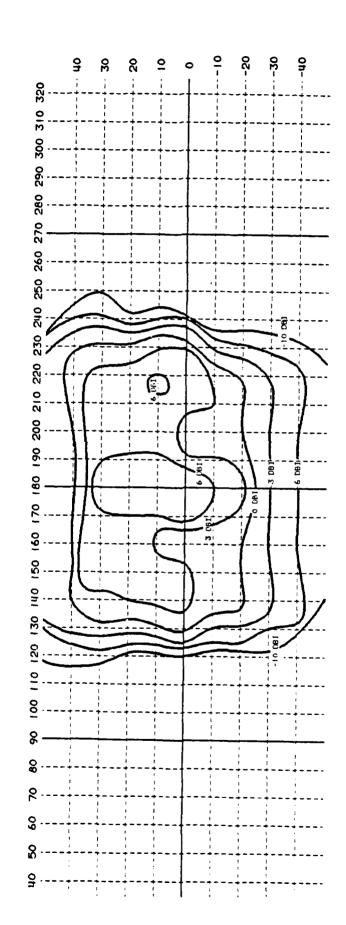
SYSTEM 3 FWD SECTOR

FIGURE 31



LEFT WING

RIGHT WING



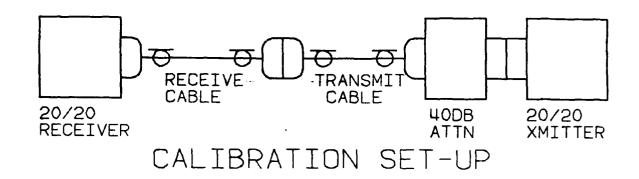
LEFT WING

RIGHT WING

ANTENNA GAIN MAP FREG = F12

SYSTEM 3 AFT SECTOR

FIGURE 32



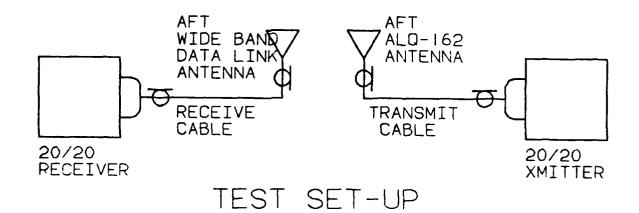


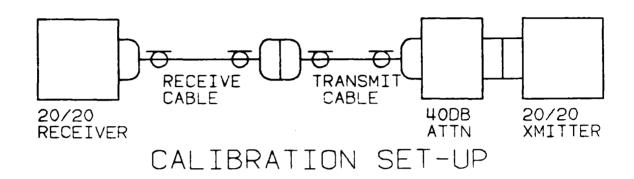
FIGURE 33

CALIBRATION AND TEST SET-UP

AFT ALQ-162 ANTENNA

VS

AFT WIDE BAND DATA LINK ANTENNA



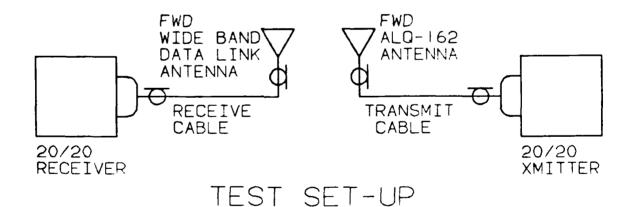


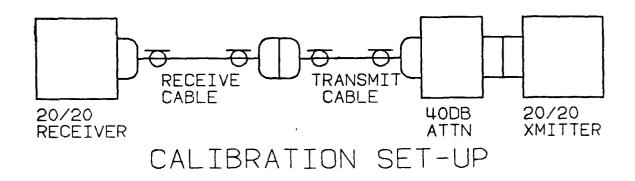
FIGURE 34

CALIBRATION AND TEST SET-UP

FWD ALQ-162 ANTENNA

VS

FWD WIDE BAND DATA LINK ANTENNA



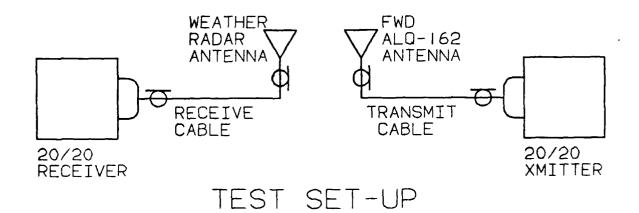


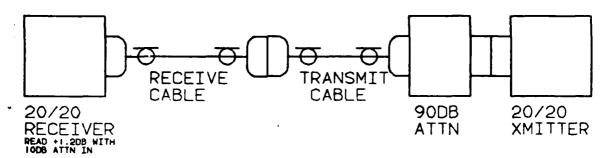
FIGURE 35

CALIBRATION AND TEST SET-UP

FWD ALQ-162 ANTENNA

VS

WEATHER RADAR ANTENNA



CALIBRATION SET-UP

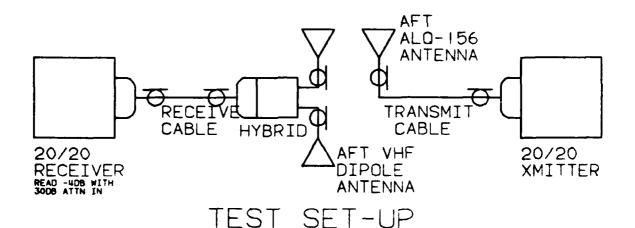


FIGURE 36

CALIBRATION AND TEST SET-UP

AFT ALO-156 ANTENNA

VS

AFT VHF DIPOLE ANTENNA



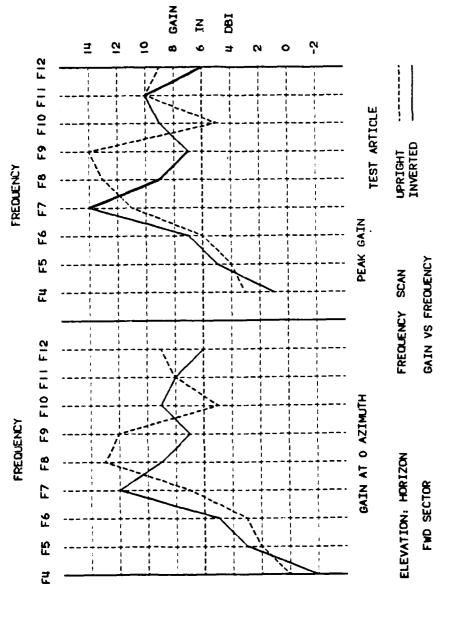


FIGURE 37

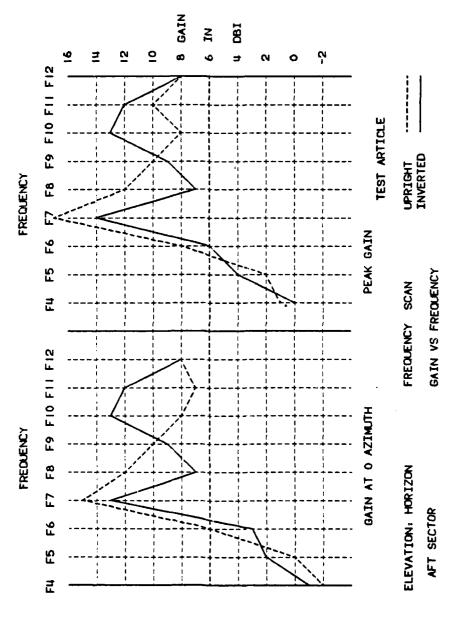
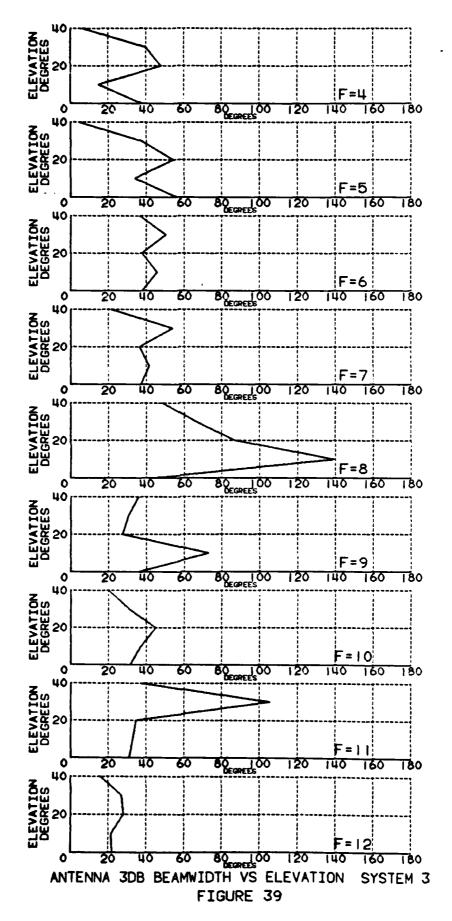
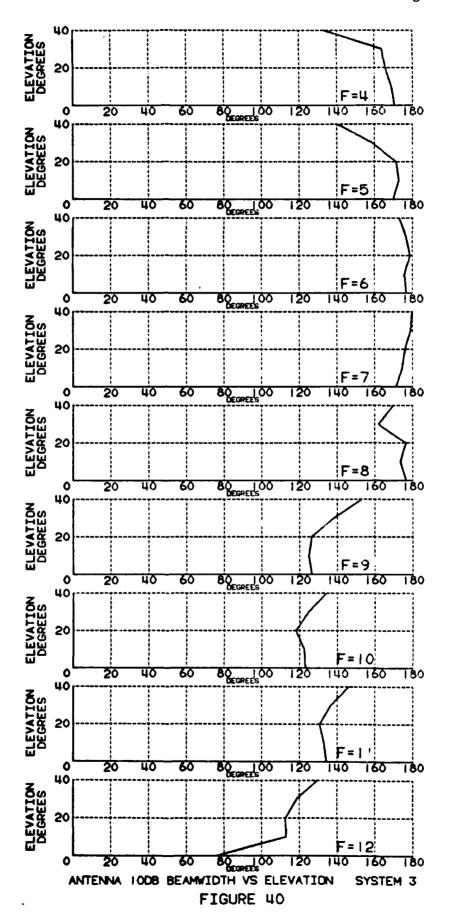
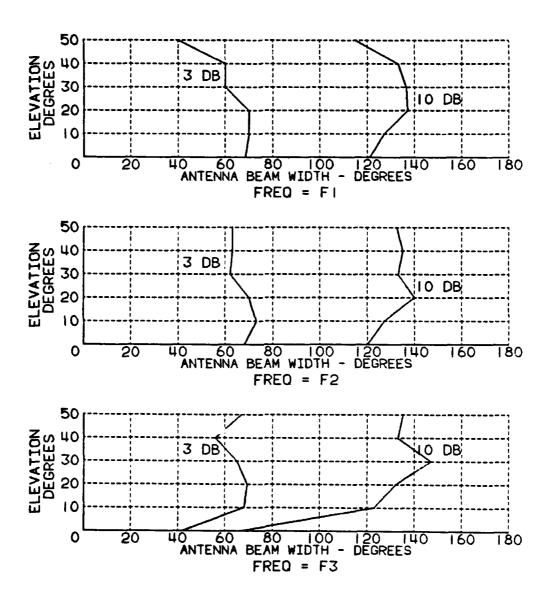


FIGURE 38







ANTENNA BEAM WIDTH VS ELEVATION SYSTEM 2

FIGURE 41



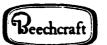
	Antenna etting	Isolation	
Elev.	Azimuth		
0.	90° Right	103 dB	No Radome
0•	60° Right	97 dB	
0°	30° Right	103 dB	
0°	0°	97 ¢B	
0°	30° Left	89 dB	
0°	60° Left	92 dB	
0°	90° Left	90 dB	
+10°	0°	97 dB	
+10°	30° Left	98 dB	
+10°	60° Left	90 dB	
+10°	90° Left	98 dB	1
-10°	0°	95 dB	No Radome
0°	0°	93 dB	Radome Installed

TABLE 1
ISOLATION MEASUREMENTS-AFT ALQ-162 vs. AFT WBDL



	Antenna tting	Isolation in dB
Elev.	Azimuth	
0°	90° Right	109.7
+10°	90° Right	114.7
-10°	90° Right	119.7
		•
+10°	90° Left	114.7
-10°	90° Left	114.7
0°	0°	114.7
-10°	0°	114.7

TABLE 2.
ISOLATION MEASUREMENTS-FORWARD ALQ-162 vs. FORWARD WBDL
PRODUCTION ANTENNA AND RADOME



	er Radar a Setting	Isolation in dB						
Elev.	Elev. Azimuth							
0°	0°	94.9						
0°	30° Right	91.8						
0°	30° Left	89.8						
+15°	0°	95.8						
+15°	30° Right	81.8						
+15°	30° Left	87.8						
-15°	0°	94.8						
-15°	30° Right	94.8						
-15°	30° Left	89.8						

TABLE 3.
ISOLATION MEASUREMENTS—
WEATHER RADAR ANTENNA vs. FORWARD ALQ-162





Beech Gircraft Corporation Wichita, Kansas u. s. a.

CODE IDENT. NO. 70898

TEST PLAN

ALQ-156 AND ALQ-162 ANTENNA TEST FOR THE RC-12D

BEECH SPECIFICATION BS 23885 REVISION B

MODEL A200CT (RC-12D)

CONTRACT NO. DAAK50-83-C-0056 DATA SEQ. NO. A003

APPROVE

J. C. Wilson, Manager -

Production Aircraft Engineering

DATE

April 6, 1984

APPROVED MEN W. Kal

Kelly, Project Engineer

Special Military Systems

K. D. Pittman, Sr. Project Engineer

Military Aircraft

REV	BY	DATE	REV APP BY	PAGES REVISED OR ADDED
A	G. J. Martin	5-4-84		and II & updated all
В	H. L. Melugin	کـ 8-10-84	· / / ^	other pages to A rev. Revised Cover.





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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This test plan describes tests to be performed to determine the optimum location for the ALQ-156 and ALQ-162 system antennas on the Beech RC-12D airframe. Tests will be performed at the Fort Huachuca, Arizona Antenna Range under Beech supervision for the cognizant Army agency. The test data shall provide antenna response as described herein.

2.0 TEST EQUIPMENT

- 2.1 Fort Huachuca-Supplied. The use of the Fort Huachuca Antenna Range includes the following equipment:
 - a. Scientific-Atlanta 20/20 antenna test system.
 - b. Cables to carry signals between the test aircraft shell and the 20/20 system.
 - c. Standard gain horns as required for standardization in L-band and C- through KU-bands.
 - d. All TWT amplifiers.
 - e. All antennas mounted on the antenna sled.
 - f. RC-12D aircraft shell with wingtip pods.

2.2 Beech-Supplied. Beech will supply the following equipment:

- a. AS-3554/ALQ-162(V) antennas.
- b. ALQ-156 coffee-can antennas.
- c. Assorted test cable.
- d. Ancillary antennas and radomes as required (see Para. 3.5)
- Hardware for mounting the antennas to the airframe, such as fasteners, fairings, etc.

3.0 CONFIGURATION

These antennas will be mounted on the aircraft shell as described below. For the ALQ-156 antennas, the left-hand unit only will be tested, and the right-hand unit will be assumed to be symmetrical.

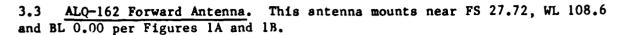
- 3.1 ALO-156 Forward Antennas. Two slightly different locations of this antenna may be tested. One is for a 3-piece fairing and the other is for a 1-piece fairing which will be tested only if the 3-piece fairing data is not acceptable.
- 3.1.1 The 3-piece fairing mounts the ALQ-156 antenna at BL 12.46, FS 31.65, and WL 107.67.
- 3.1.2 The 1-piece fairing mounts the ALQ-156 antenna at BL 6.47, FS 31.65, and WL 110 to the center of the antenna face.
- 3.2 ALQ-156 Aft Antennas. Mount the ALQ-156 coffee-can antennas near FS 422, WL 124, and LBL 17 per Figures 2.





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- 3.4 ALQ-162 Aft Antenna. Mount the antenna on the aft end of the tail bullet. See Figure 3.
- 3.5 Ancillary Antennas. The following antennas may interact with the antennas under test.
 - a. Forward Wide Band Data Link (WBDL). See Figure 1A. An operational antenna and production radome is required.
 - b. Aft WBDL. See Figure 3. An operational antenna and a production radome is required.
 - c. Tail boom dipole antenna, with cables and hybrid. See Figure 3.
 - d. Weather radar antenna.
 - e. Glideslope antenna.

Antennas c. and e. are to be terminated in their characteristic impedence. Antennas d. and e. mount under the nose radome.

4.0 DATA RECORDING

Data shall be recorded on the 20/20 system as antenna patterns and test data for the antennas under test installed on the aircraft shell. Data shall be referenced to an isotropic antenna. Radiation distribution plots shall be produced as part of the data.

- 4.1 Elevation Cuts. Record patterns for 10° steps in elevation from -50° to +50° about the horizon as specified in Table 1. Make additional cuts to investigate pattern notches.
- 4.2 Frequencies. For the ALQ-156, record data at the system operating frequency. For the ALQ-162, record data at the same frequencies used previously on the APR-44 tests. The 20/20 system can record several frequencies simultaneously. Therefore, two additional frequencies in each horn frequency range may be recorded.

5.0 TEST SEQUENCE

Conduct antenna tests per the antenna test matrix, Table 1, and the following paragraphs. For any prominent nulls, investigate by taking elevation cuts 5° each side of the null.





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- 5.1 Aircraft Shell Inverted. Mount the aircraft shell on the tower in the inverted position. The two forward ALQ-156 locations and the forward ALQ-162 locations all represent less than 2 degrees of beam spread from the antenna sled on the arch. One location of the aircraft shell for all three tests will be acceptable.
- 5.1.1 Test the forward ALQ-156 antenna for the location described in para. 3.1.1 at the system frequency.
- 5.1.2 Test the forward ALQ-156 antenna for the location described in para. 3.1.2 at the system frequency if the data from step 5.1.1 is not acceptable.
- 5.1.3 Test the forward ALQ-162 antenna in three frequency bands.
- 5.1.4 Omitted.
- 5.1.5 Test the aft ALQ-156 antenna at the system test frequency.
- 5.1.6 Measure the coupling between the aft ALQ-156 antenna as a transmitter and the aft VNF dipole as a receiver. Measure received signal at the output of the antenna hybrid. See Figure 4.
- 5.1.7 Measure the coupling between the tail-boom mounted aft ALQ-162 antenna as a transmitter and the aft WBDL antenna as a receiver. Manually scan the WBDL antenna through $\pm 100^{\circ}$ in azimuth and $\pm 10^{\circ}$ in elevation to determine maximum coupling. Perform coupling measurement at this setting. See Figure 4.
- 5.1.8 Repeat paragraph 5.1.7 for the forward ALQ-162 antenna and the forward WBDL antenna.
- 5.1.9 Measure the coupling between the forward ALQ-162 antenna and the weather radar antenna at 9345 MHz. Manually scan the WBDL antenna through $\pm 60^{\circ}$ in azimuth and $\pm 15^{\circ}$ in elevation to determine maximum coupling. Perform coupling measurement at this setting. See Figure 4.
- 5.2 Horizontal Tail Bullet Antenna Test. With the aircraft shell still inverted, mount the ALQ-162 antenna in the tail bullet location. Reposition the aircraft shell to put this antenna in focus. Test the antenna in three frequency bands. Mounting this antenna in focus requires the following considerations. The AUT will be at WL 216. The top of the cabin is WL 146 with the tail over the edge of the tower, one or two additional tower sections (6') will be required. Tower support clearance for the nose will be approximately 37 feet, with approximately 42 1/2 feet required to clear the aircraft nose, with the radome removed. Therefore, a 6 foot offset from focus will be required for the AUT. This will keep the antenna under test fairly well in the 3dB points of the horn on the antenna sled. ever, this will induce a hysteresis of ± 4.5° in the angular data recorded.





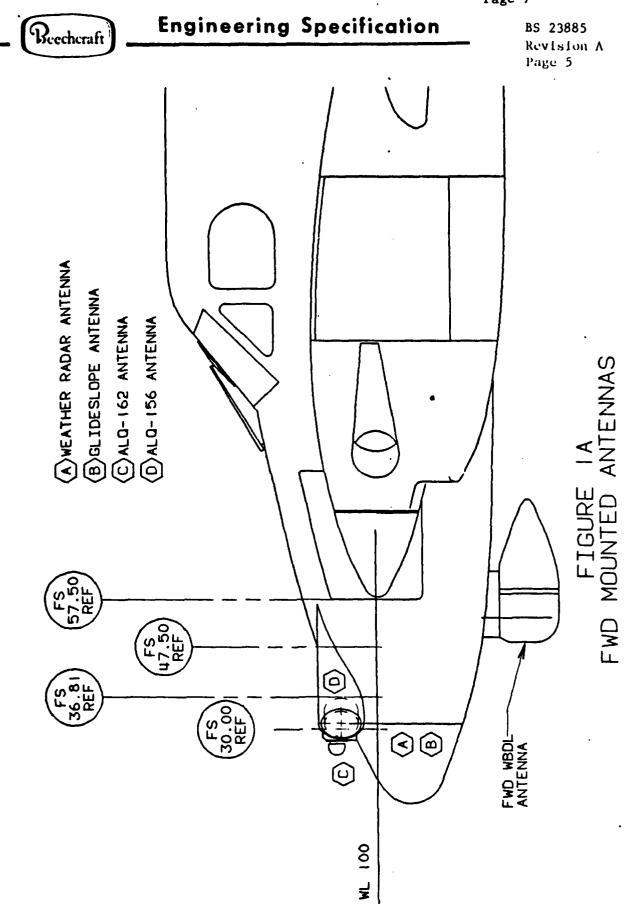
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- 5.3 Horizontal Tail Bullet Antenna Test (Upright). Turn the aircraft shell to the upright position. Mount it on the tower to put the ALQ-162 antenna mounted in the horizontal tail bullet in focus. This will require removal of the tower sections added in step 5.2 plus one other section. Test the AUT in three frequency bands.
- 5.4 Aircraft Shell Upright, Fuselage Focus. Position the aircraft shell, still upright, on the tower to put the nose antennas in focus. This will require adding one tower section.
- 5.4.1 Test the forward ALQ-156 antenna for the location described in para. 3.1.1 at the test frequency.
- 5.4.2 Test the forward ALQ-156 antenna for the location described in para. 3.1.2 at the test frequency if the data from step 5.4.1 is not acceptable.
- 5.4.3 Test the forward ALQ-162 antenna in three frequency bands.
- 5.4.4 Omitted.
- 5.4.5 Test the aft ALQ-156 antenna at the system test frequency.
- 6.0 TEST DATA

At the conclusion, Beech Aircraft Engineering shall be provided with a printout of data in a tabular form, an antenna pattern for all tests performed, and radiation distribution plots marked with a code number representing a log entry that lists the following data:

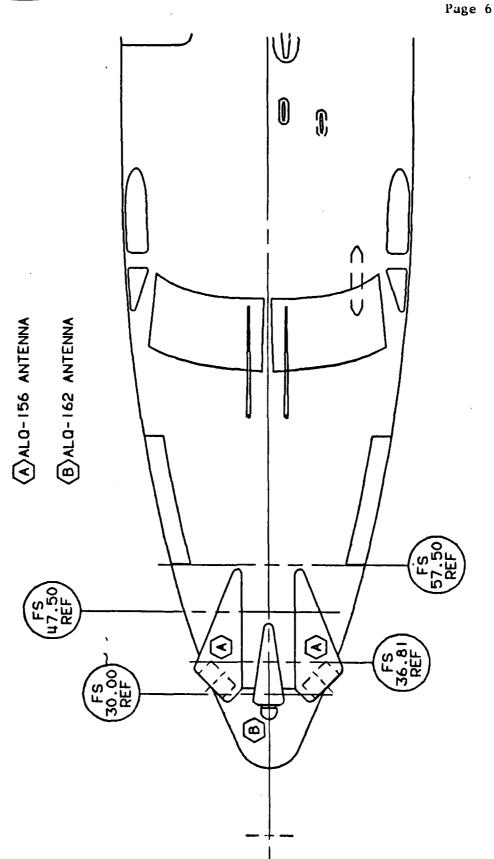
Frequency code Elevation cut Antenna and location Model designation.



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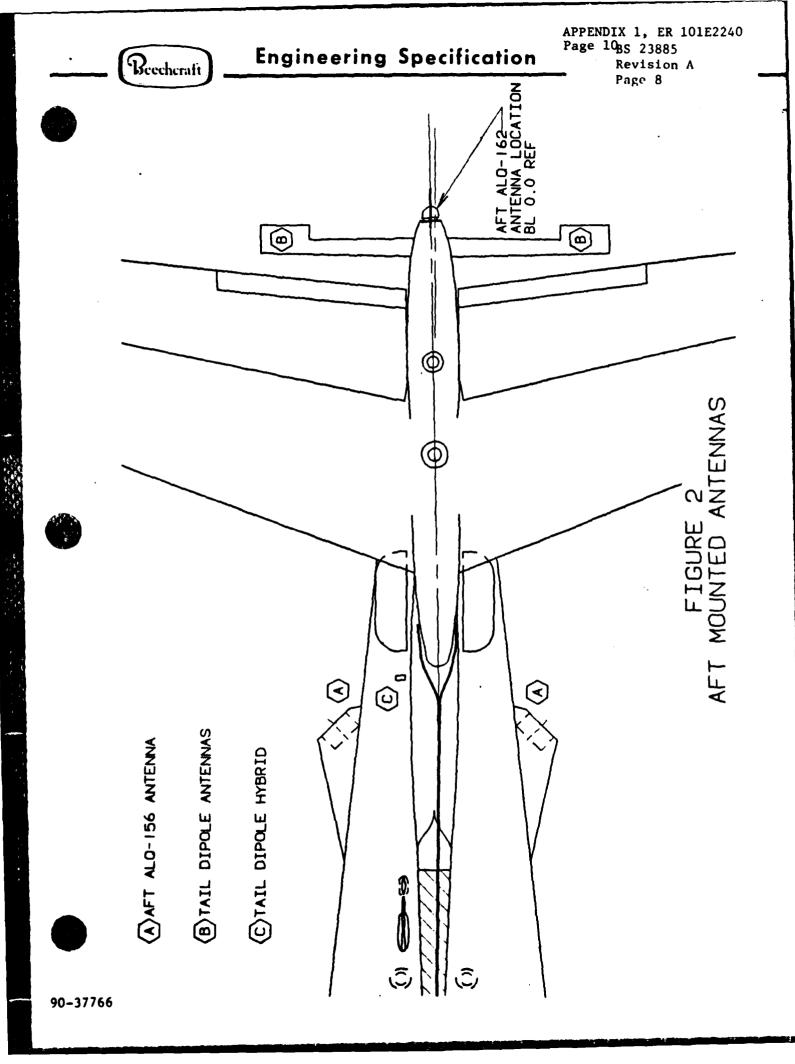
FWD MOUNTED ANTENNAS



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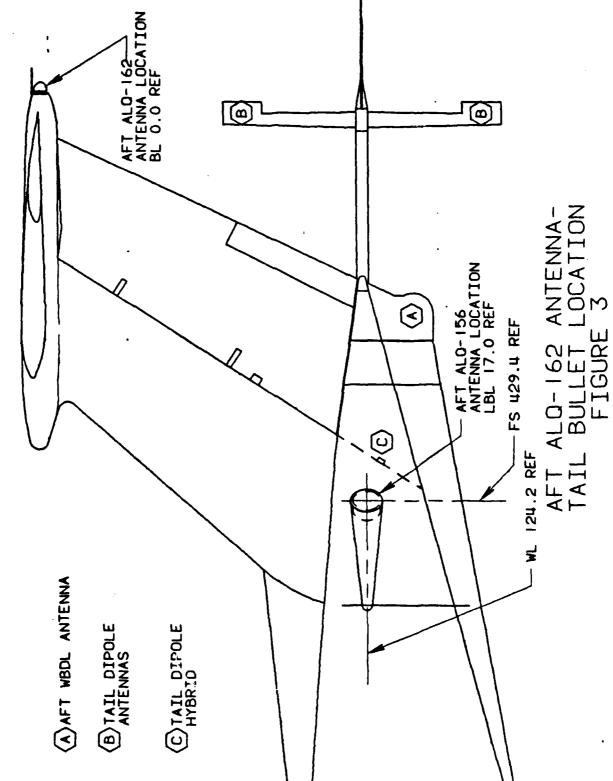




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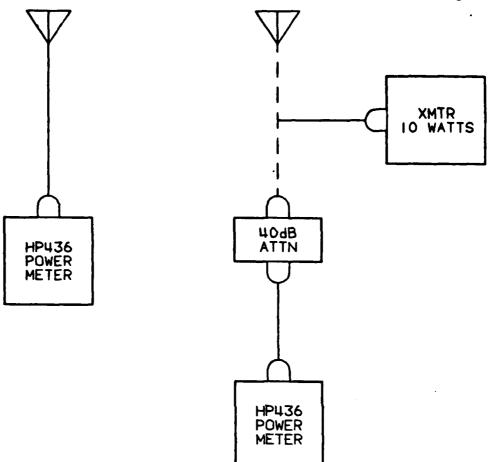
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- I. CONNECT HP436 POWER METER THRU 40dB ATTENUATION TO TRANSMITTER. TRANSMITTED POWER IS NOMINALLY 10 WATTS (+40 dBm). READ TRANSMITTED POWER.
- 2. CONNECT TRANSMITTER TO TRANSMITTING ANTENNA.
- 3. CONNECT HP436 POWER METER TO RECEIVING ANTENNA.
- 4. READ POWER AT RECEIVING ANTENNA.
- 5. ISOLATION WILL BE POWER TRANSMITTED PLUS RECEIVE CABLE LOSS, LESS RECEIVED POWER AND TRANSMIT CABLE LOSS.

FIGURE 4 ANTENNA ISOLATION MEASUREMENT

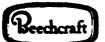


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5.4.3	ALQ-162 FWD												X		x		x		x		
5.4.2	ALQ-156 FWD												X		X		x		×		X
5.4.1	ALQ-156 FWD												X		X		x		×		X
5.3	ALO-162 TAIL BULLET												х		X		X		×		
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TABLE I -- TEST MATRIX





Engineering Report

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Appendix 2 contains AN/ALQ-156 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in rectangular plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F1, F2, and F3 and elevations of $+50^{\circ}$ through -50° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

DF201 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere

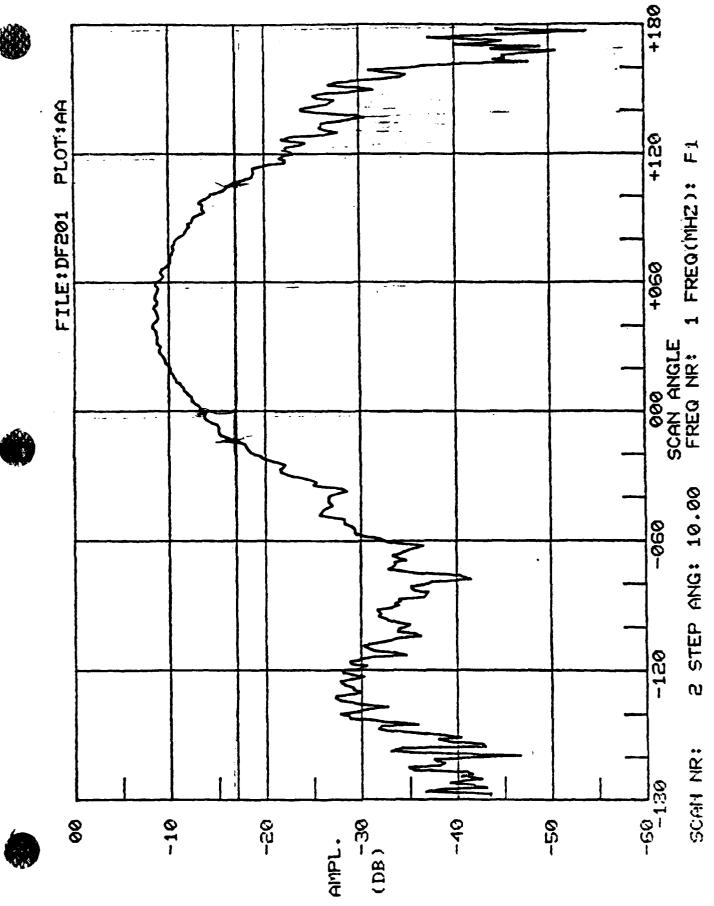
DF225 -- Forward antenna, lower hemisphere

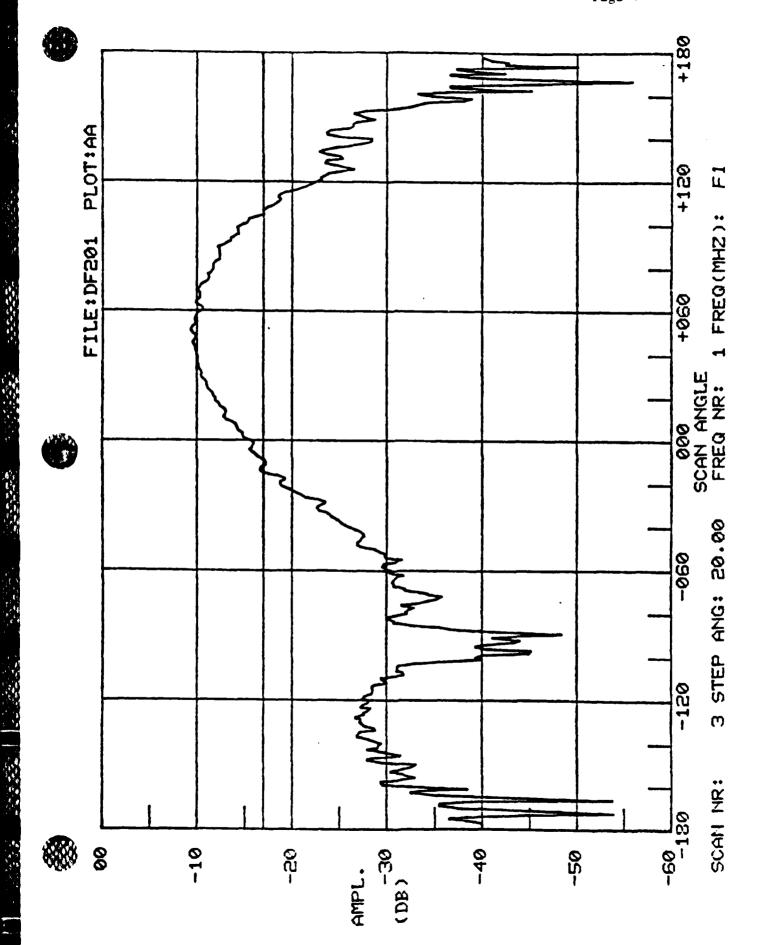
DF210 - Aft antenna, upper hemisphere

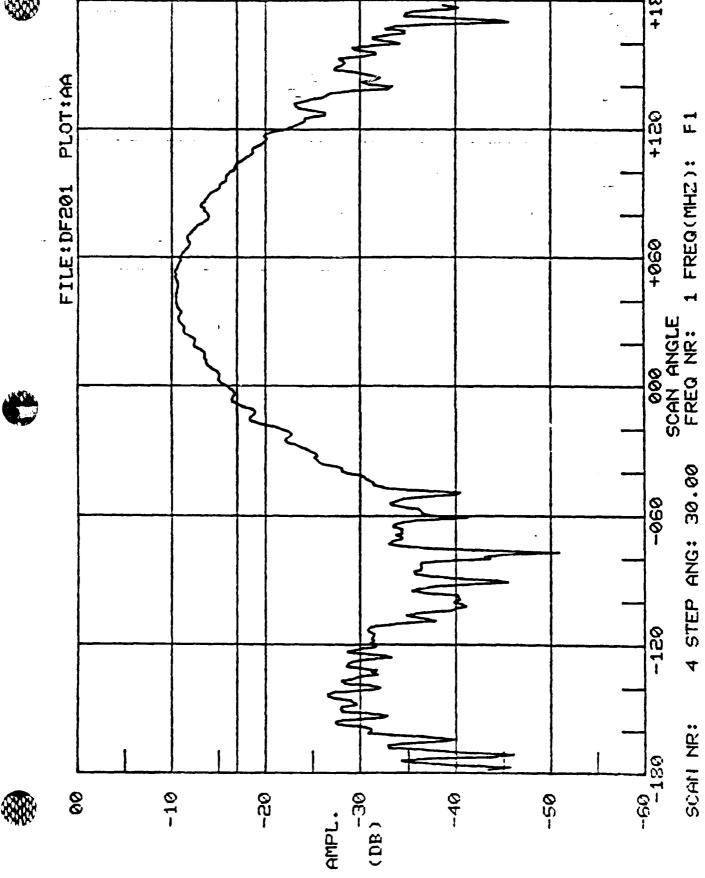
DF224 -- Aft antenna, lower hemisphere.



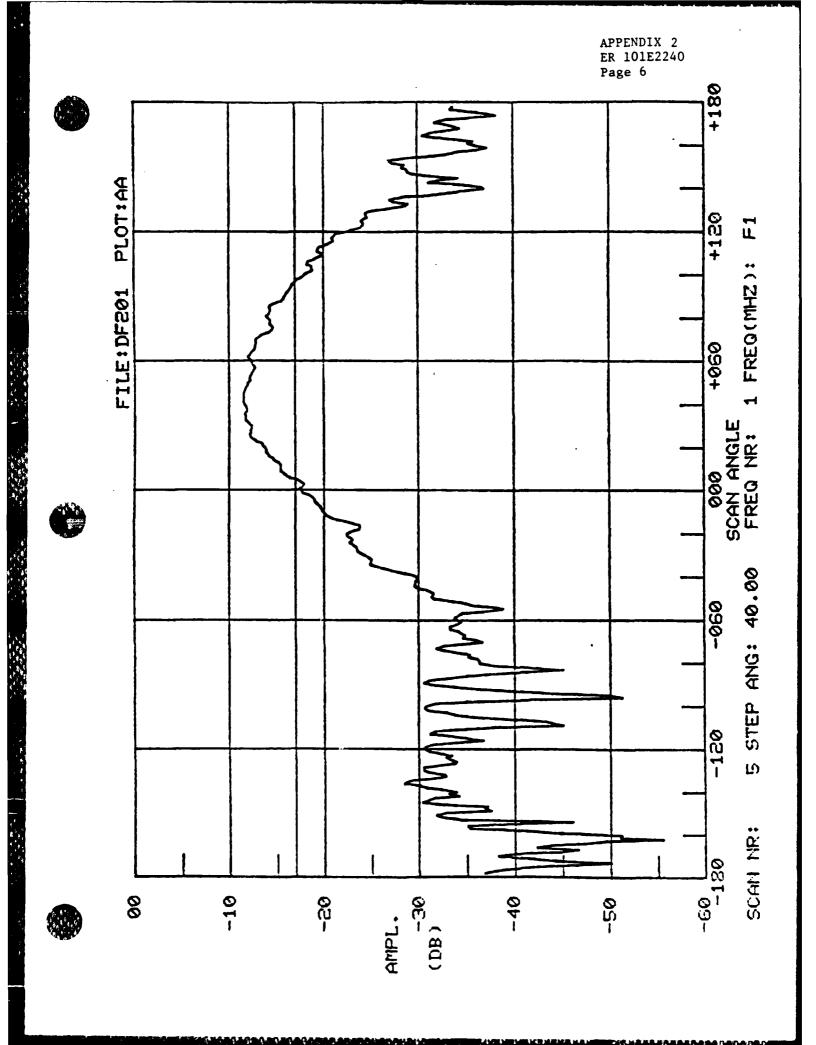
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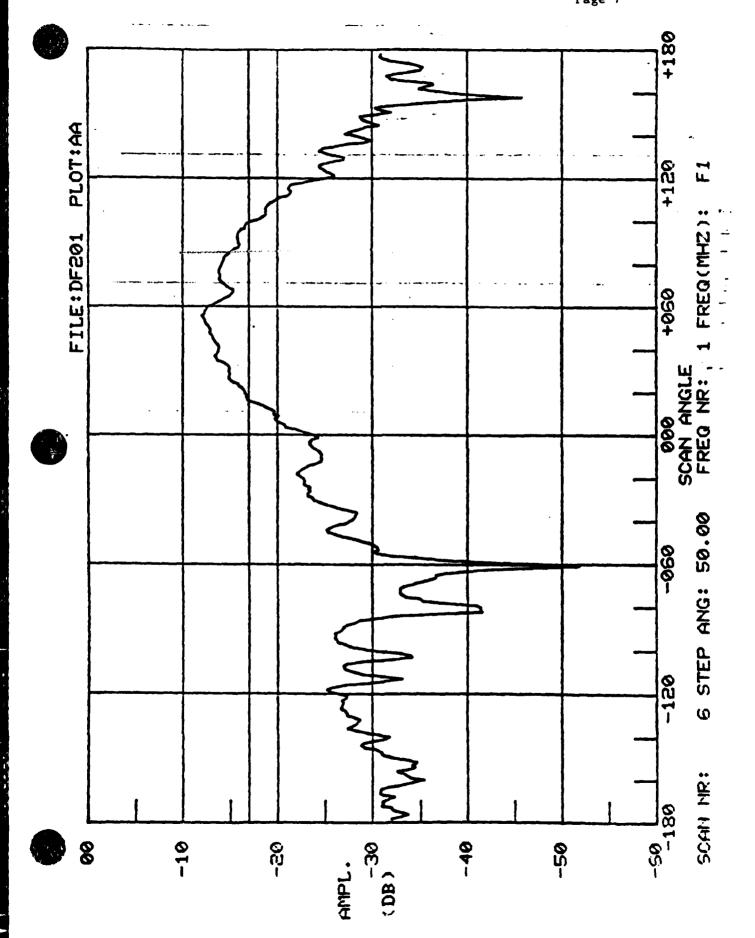


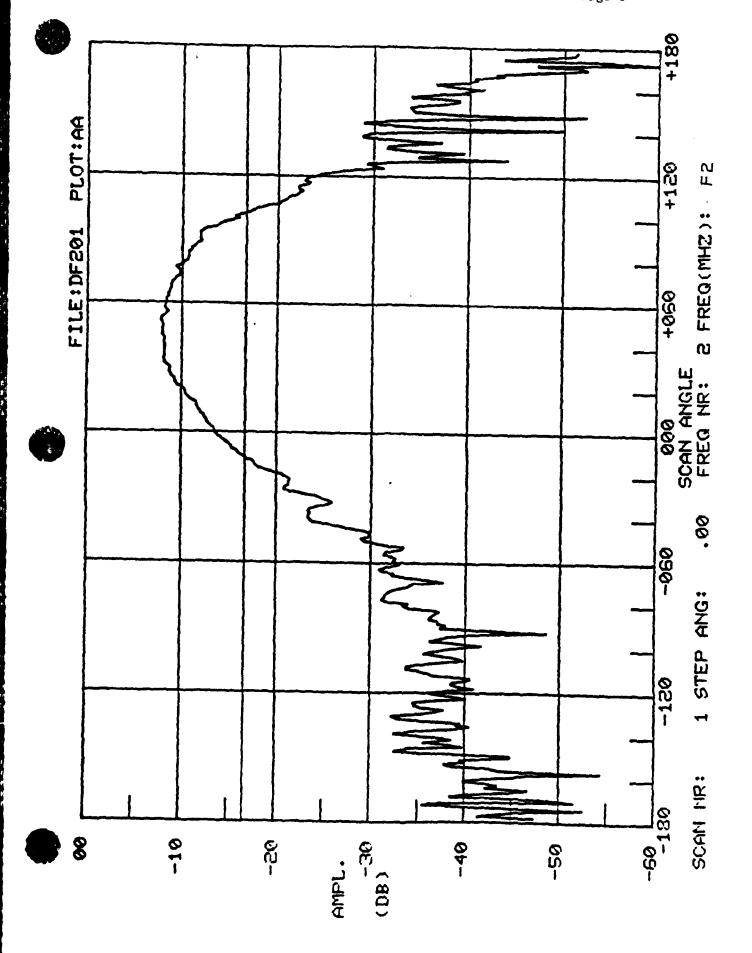


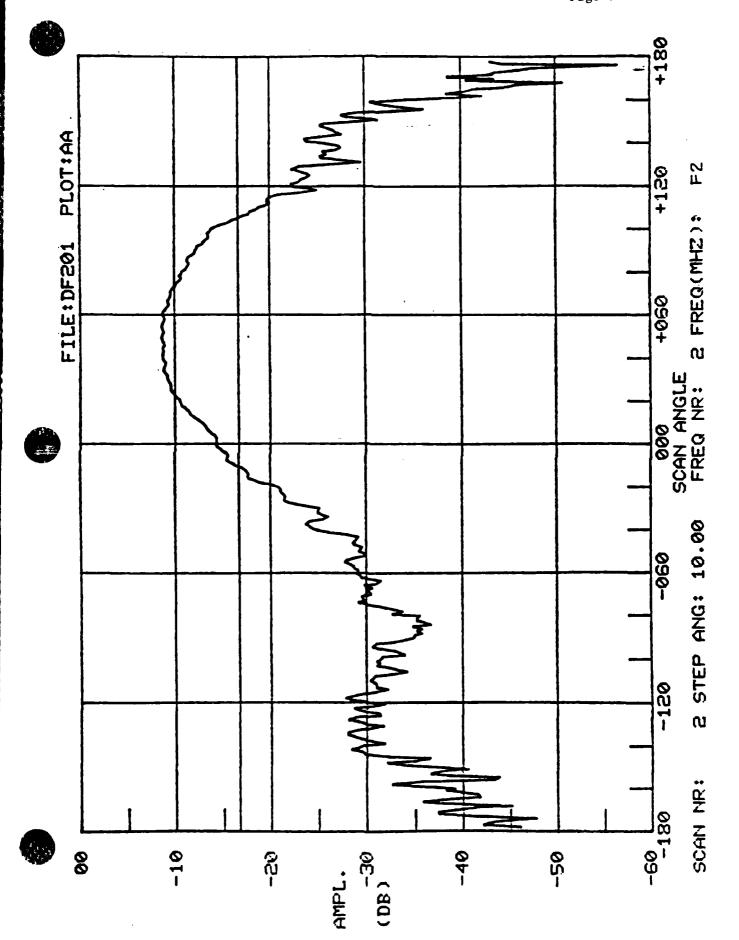


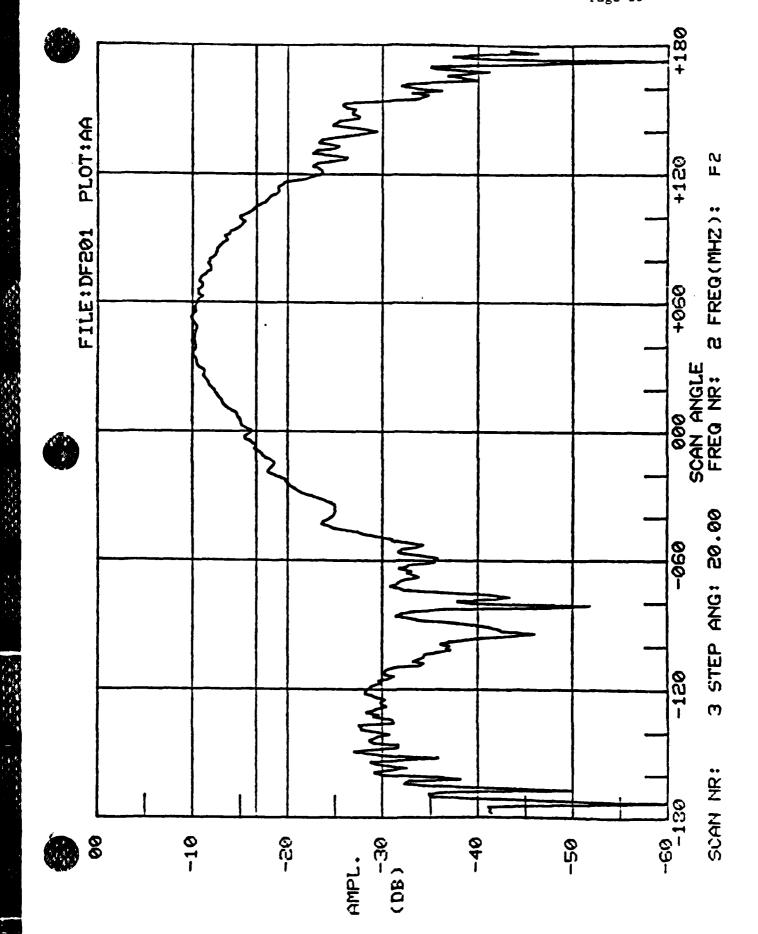
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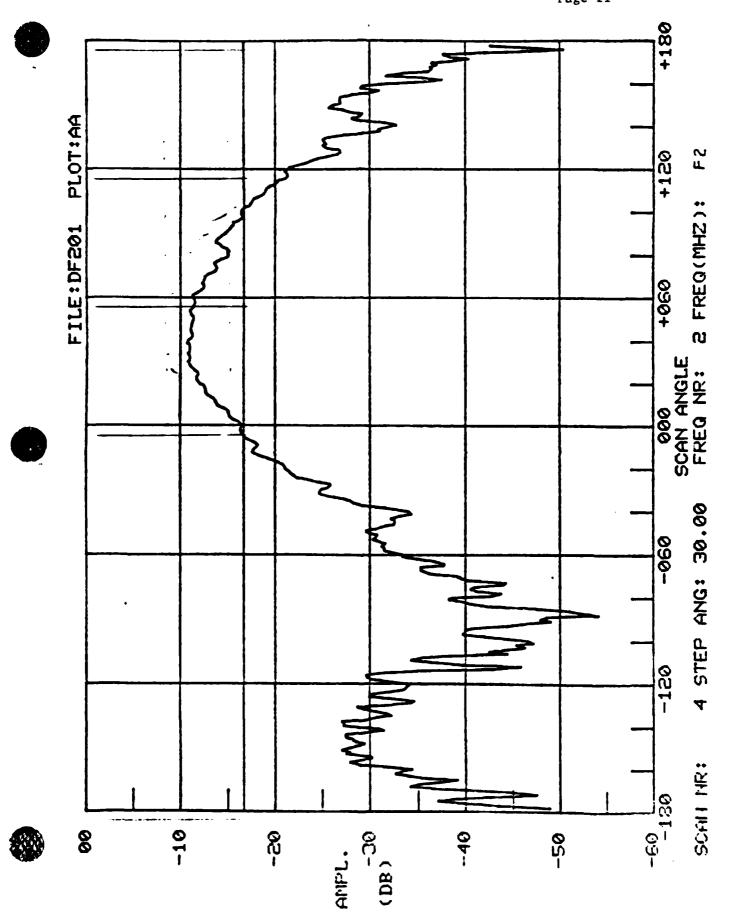


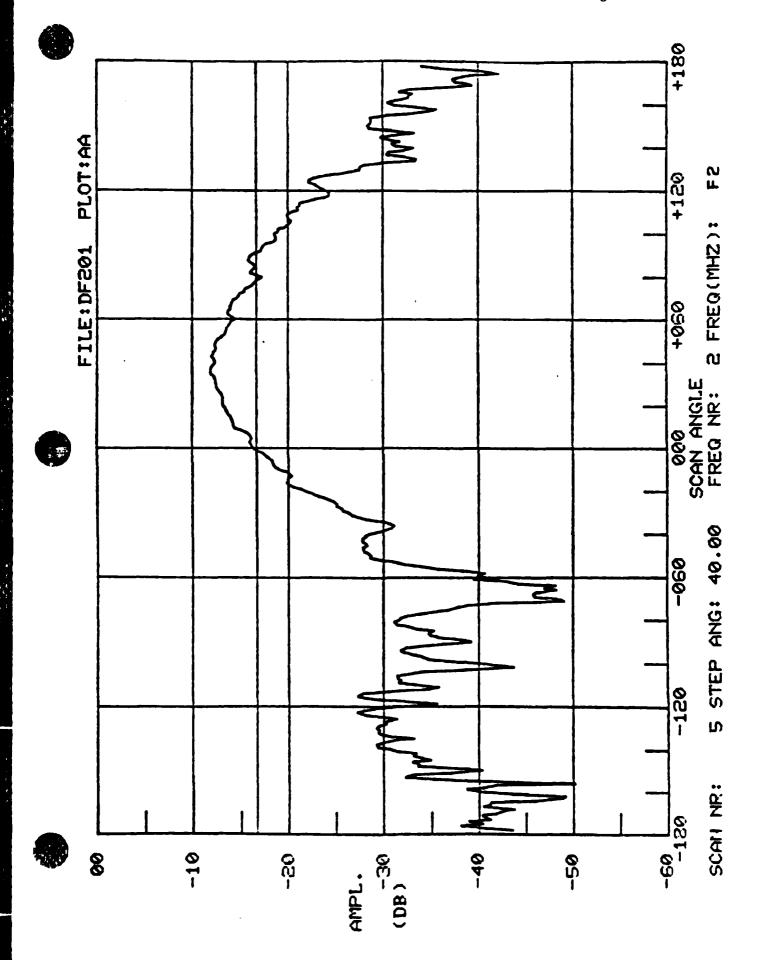




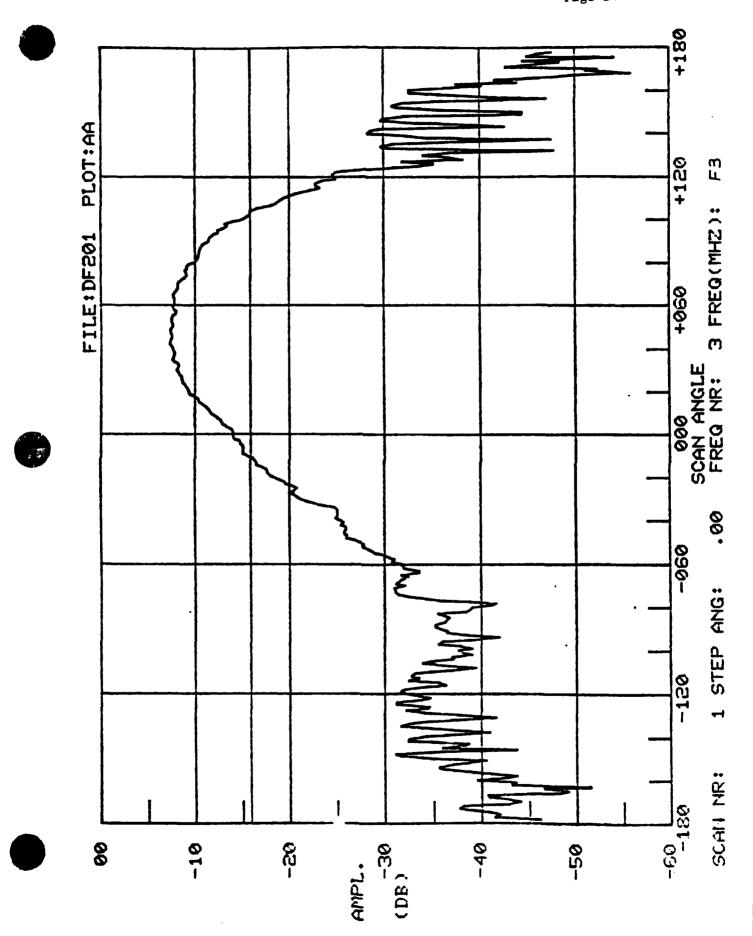


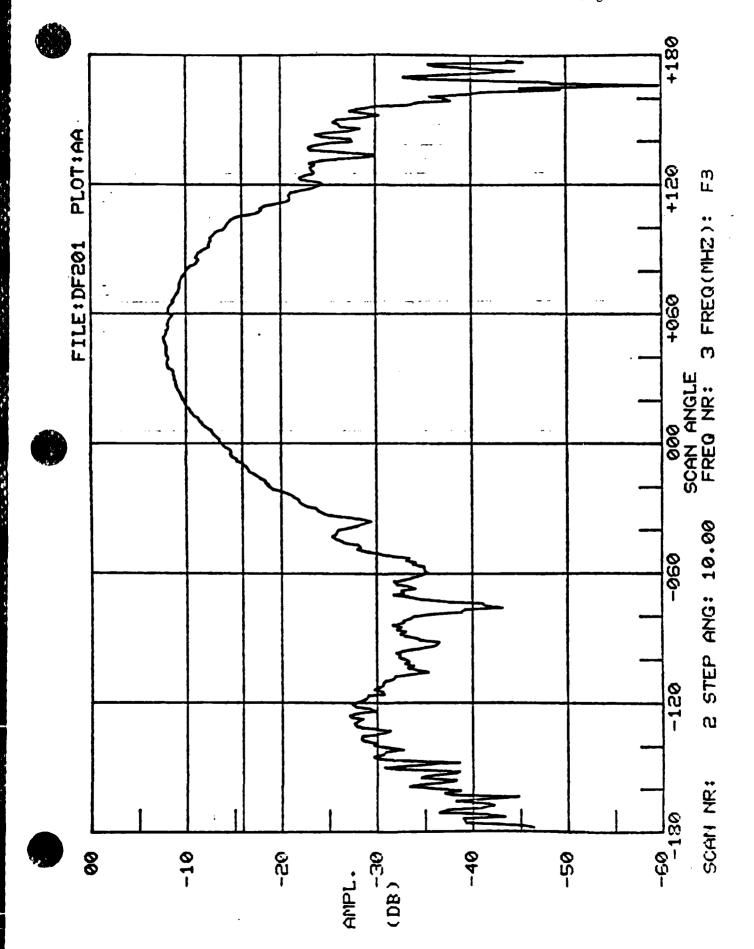


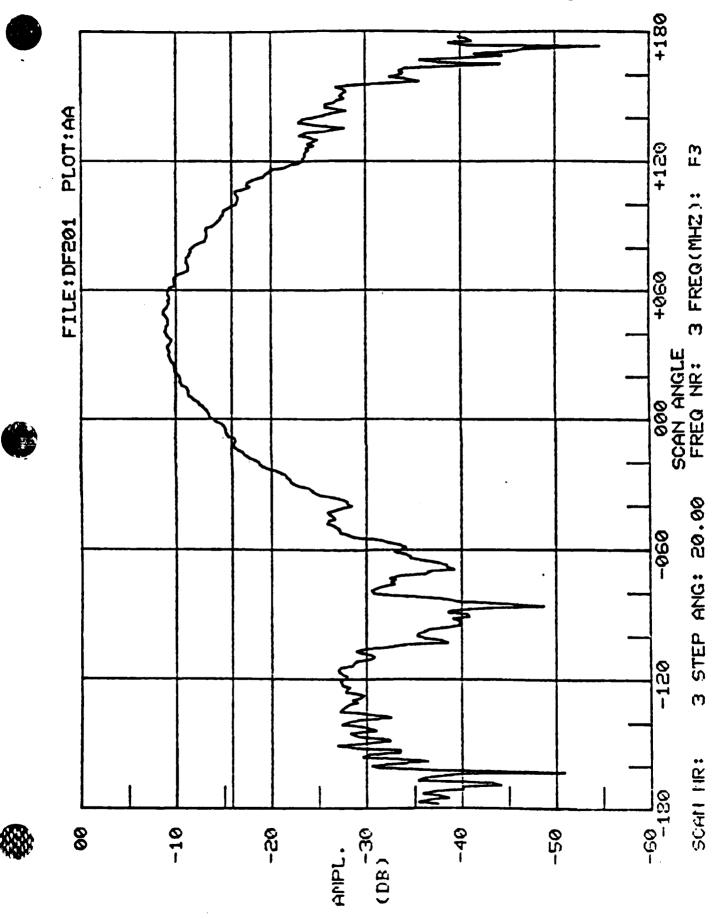




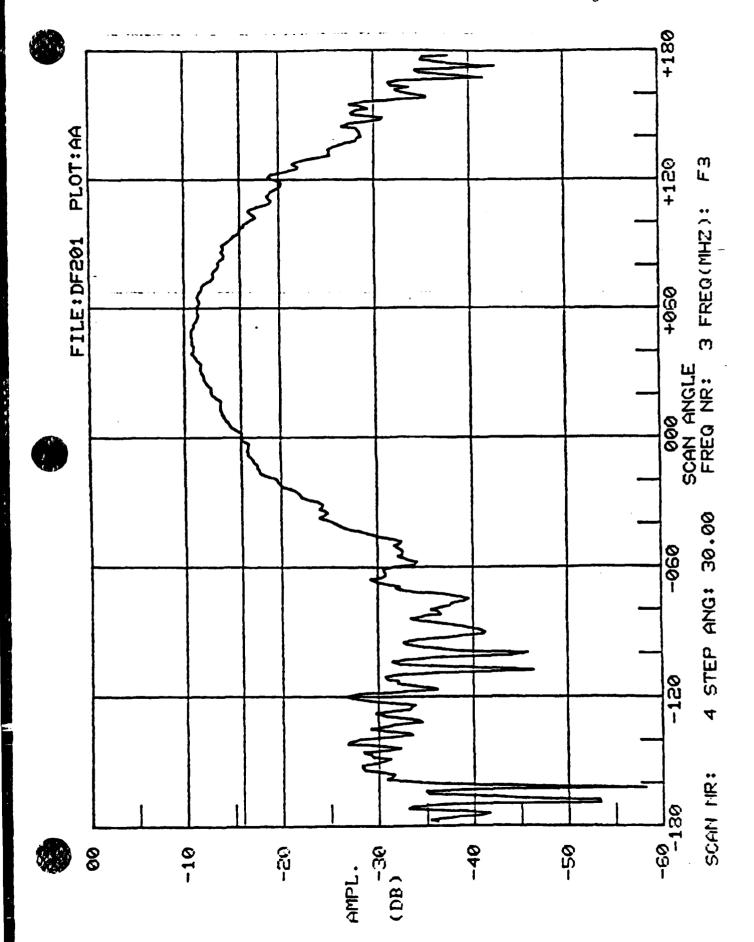
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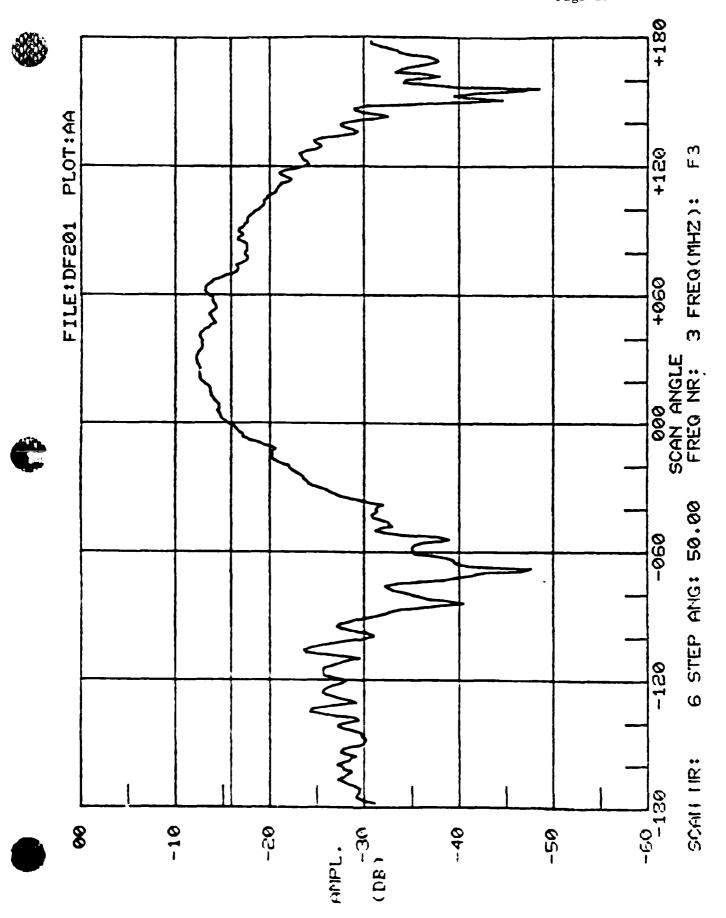


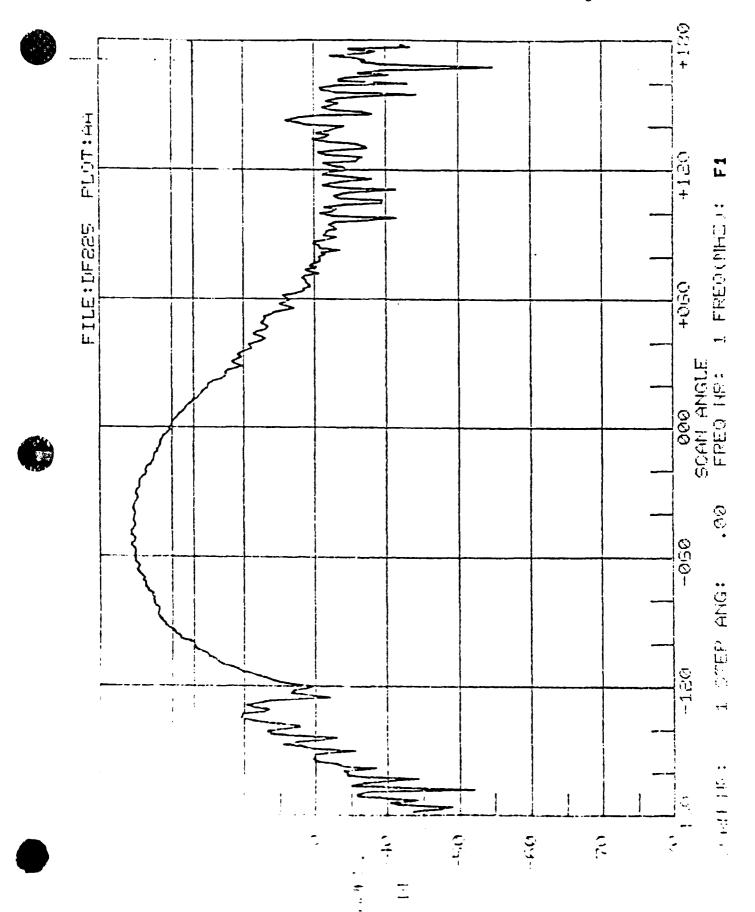


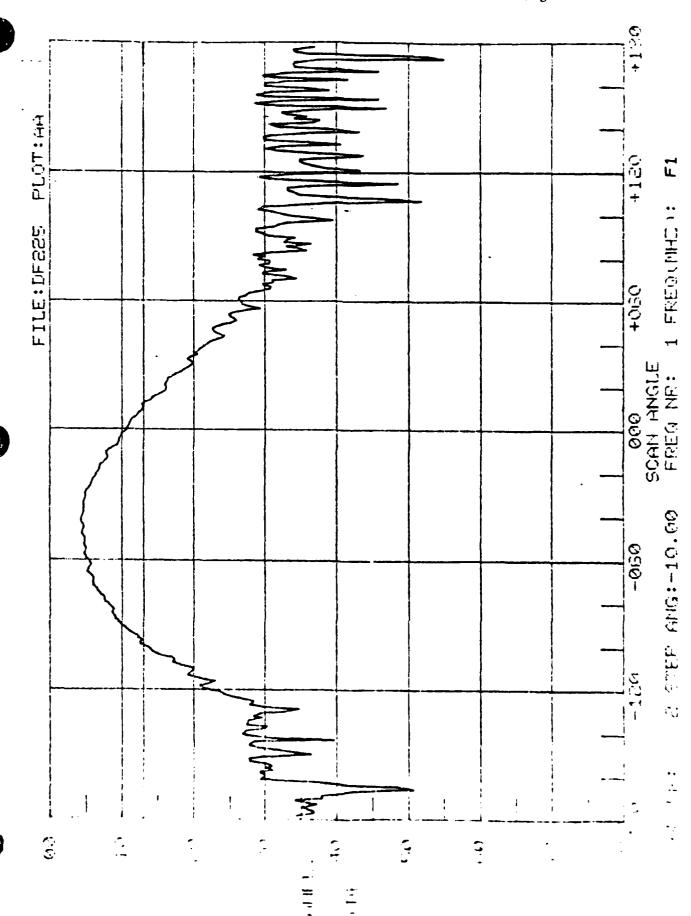


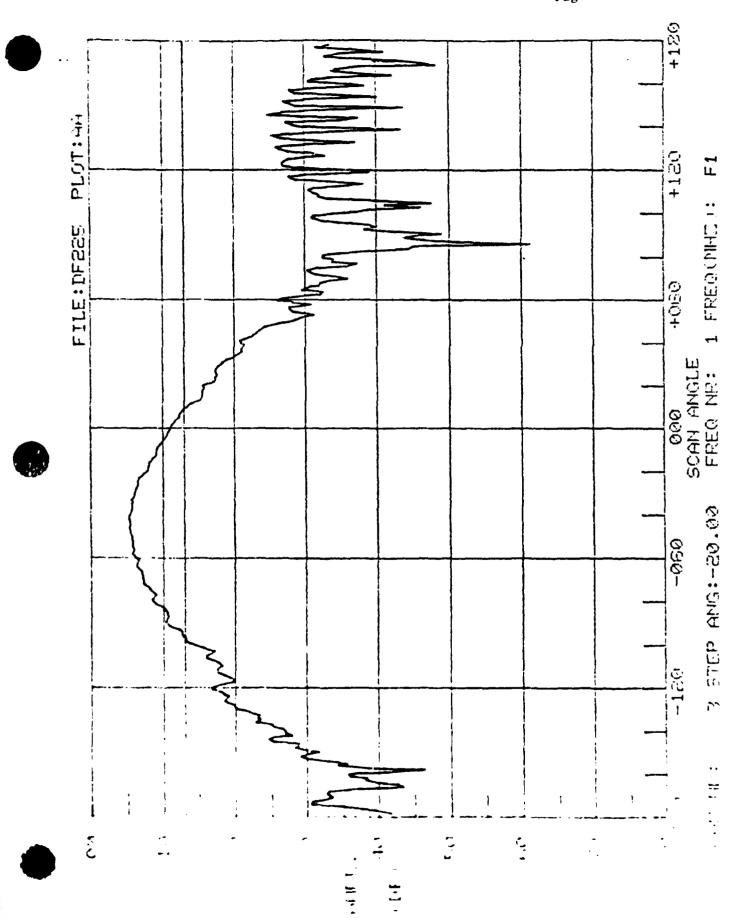
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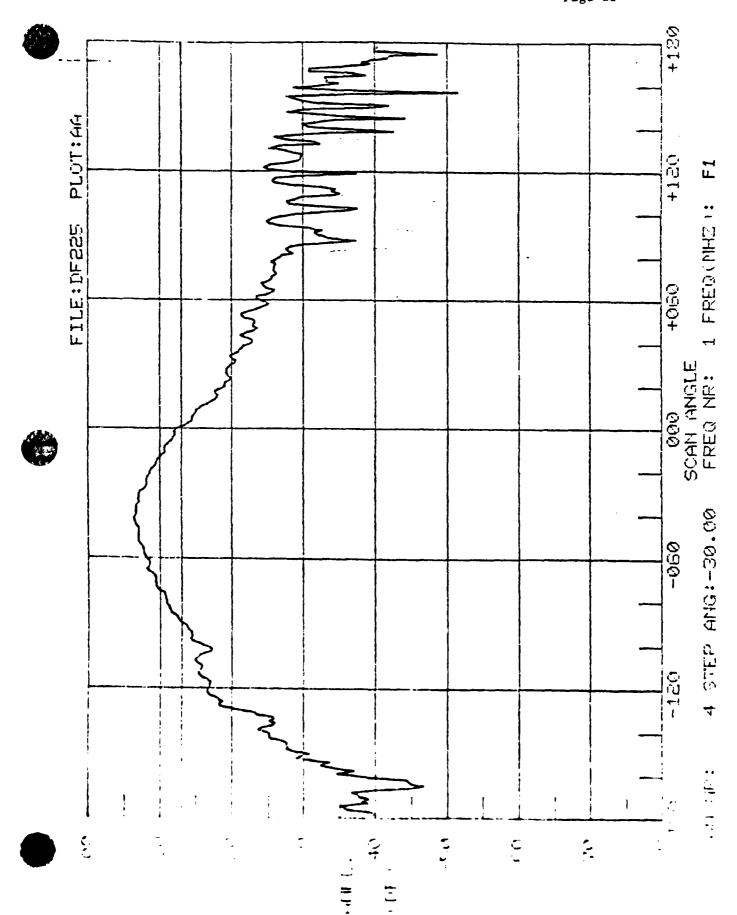


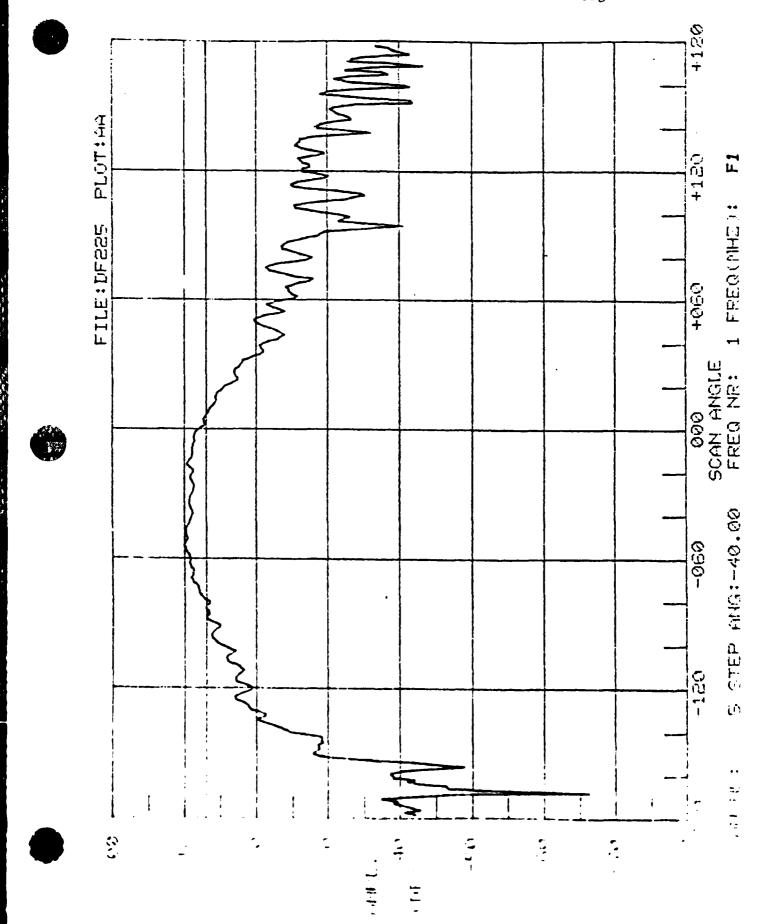


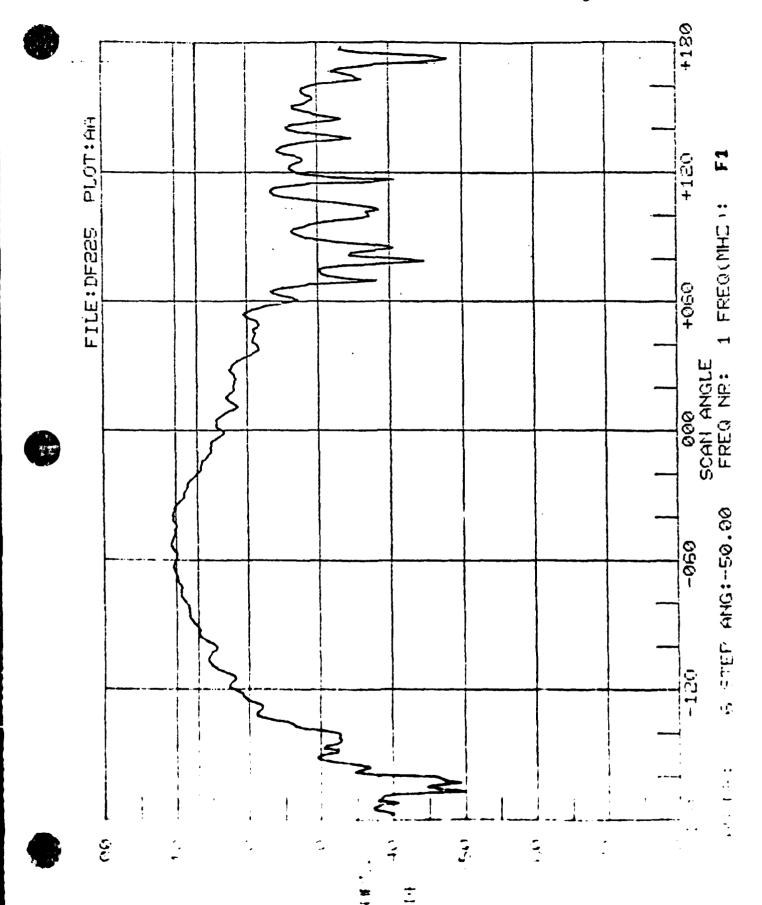


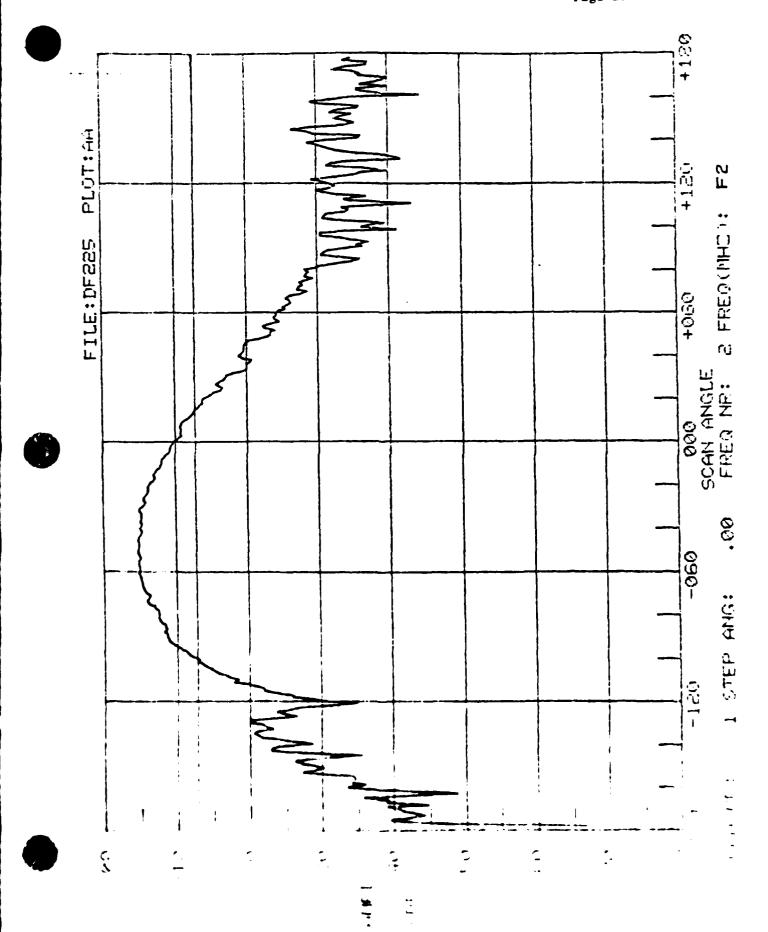


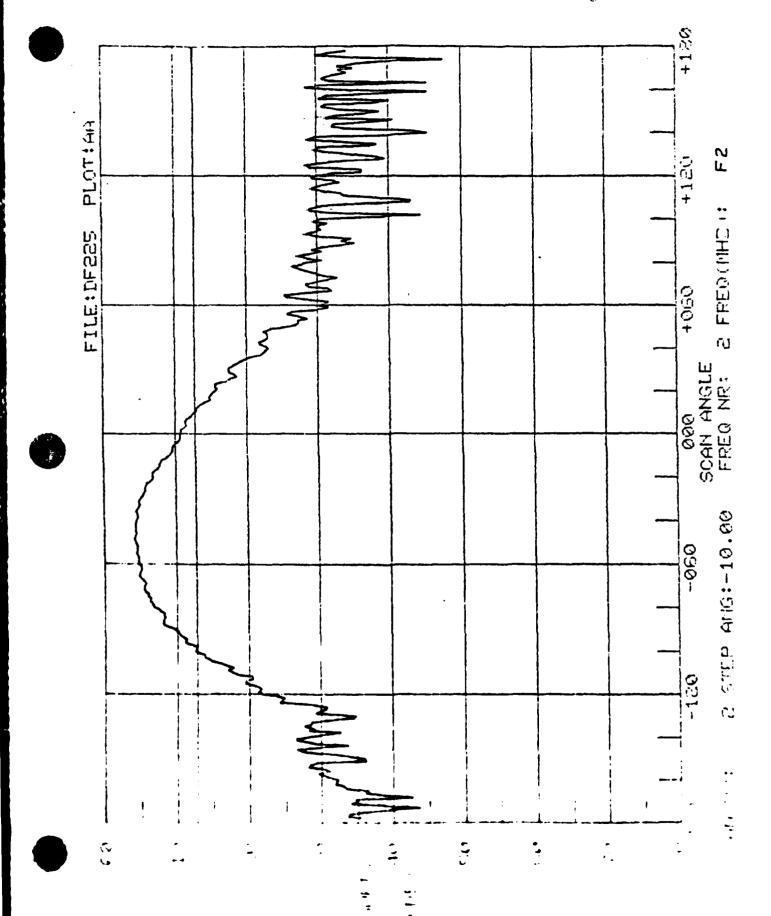


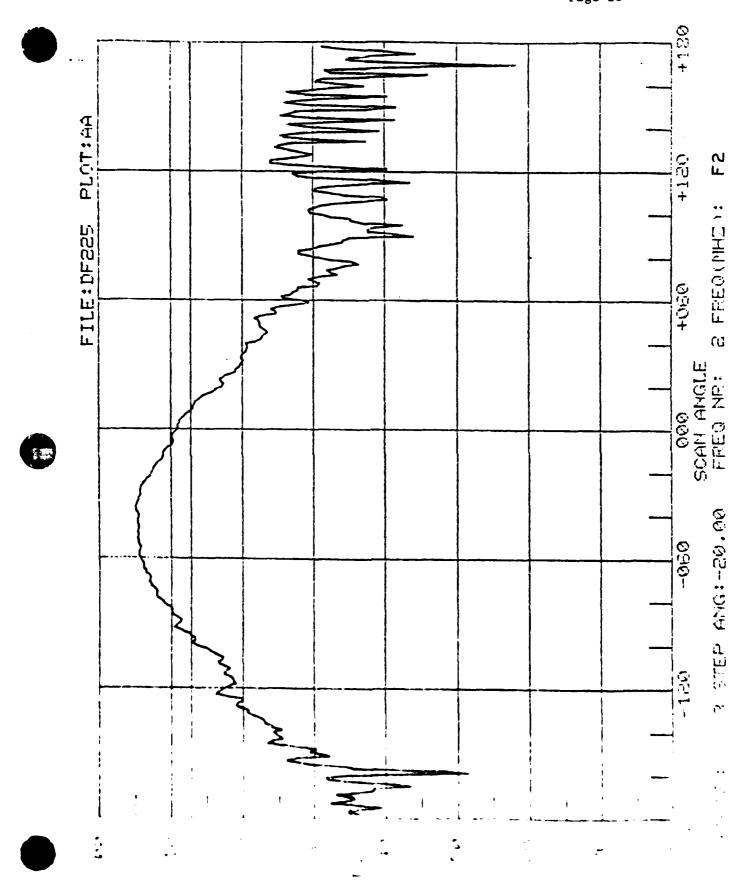


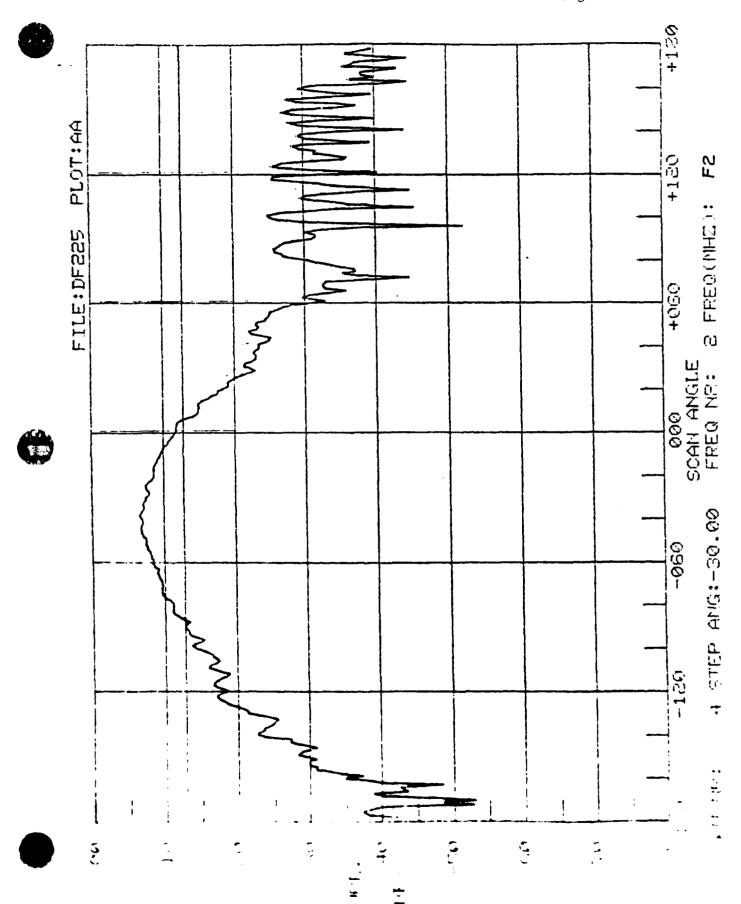


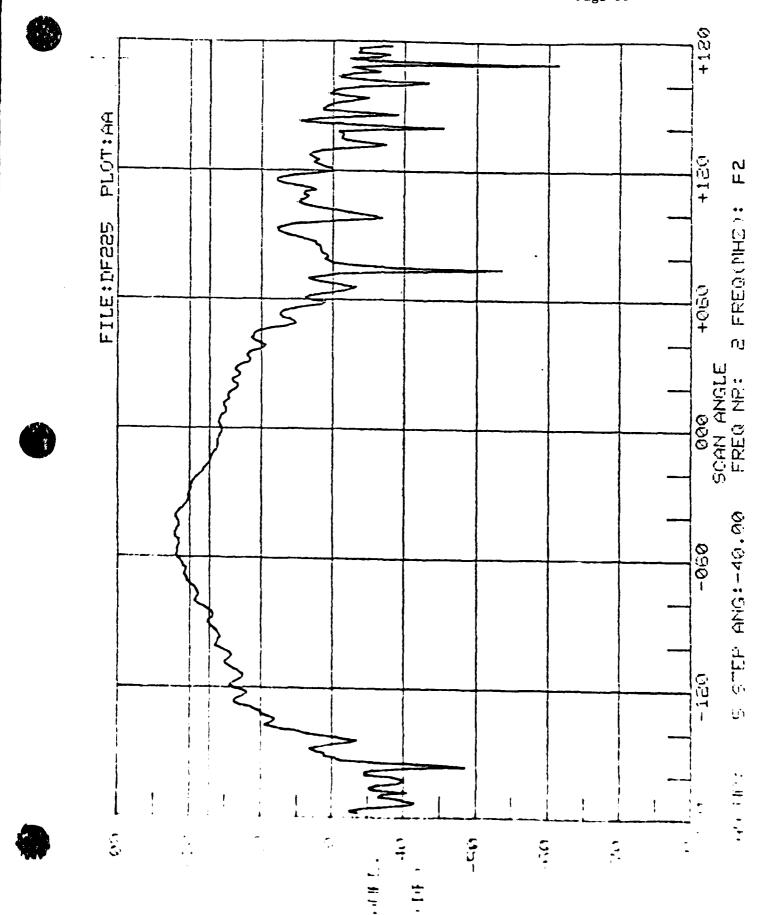


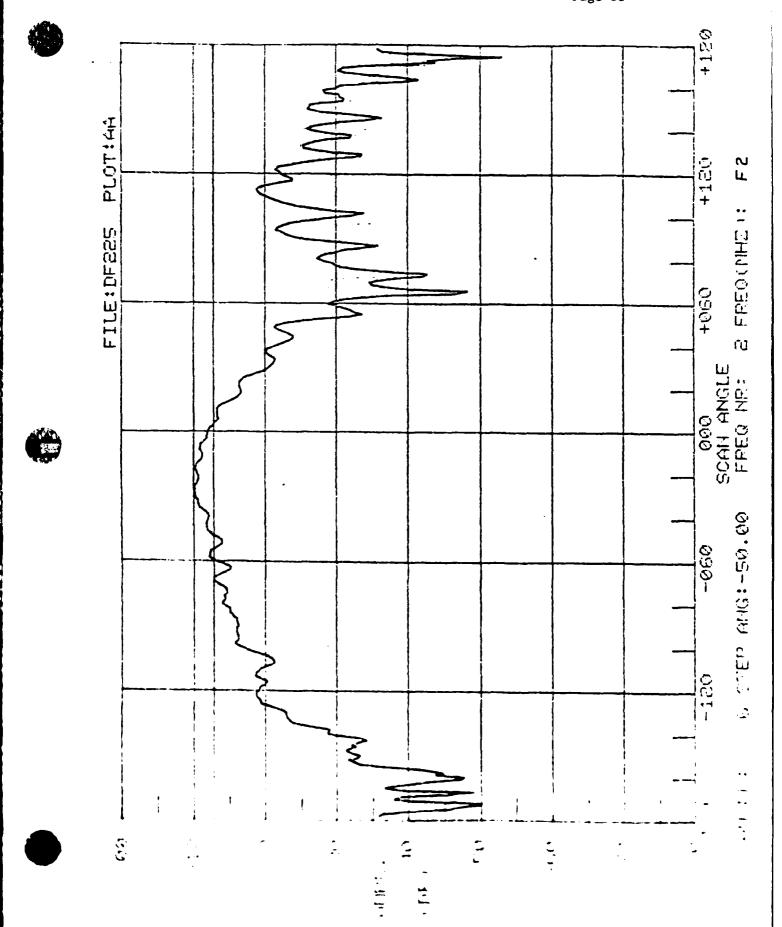


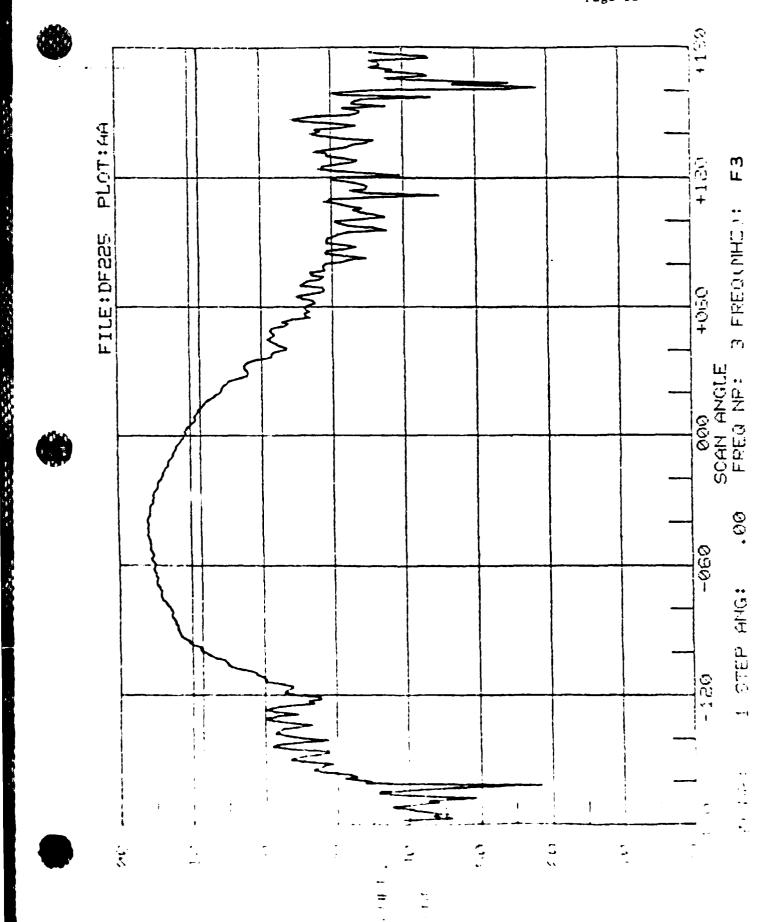


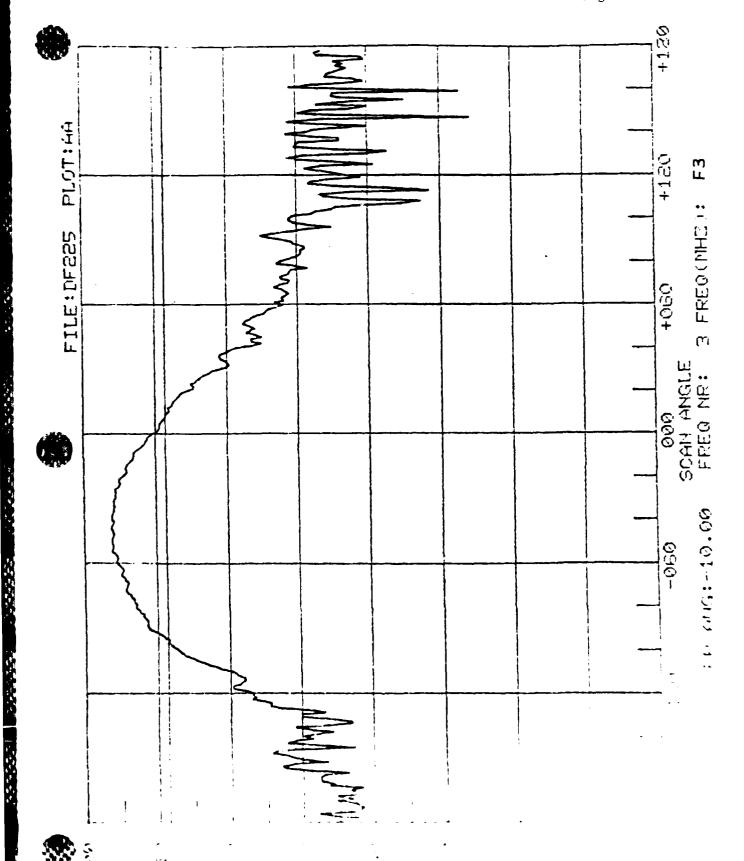






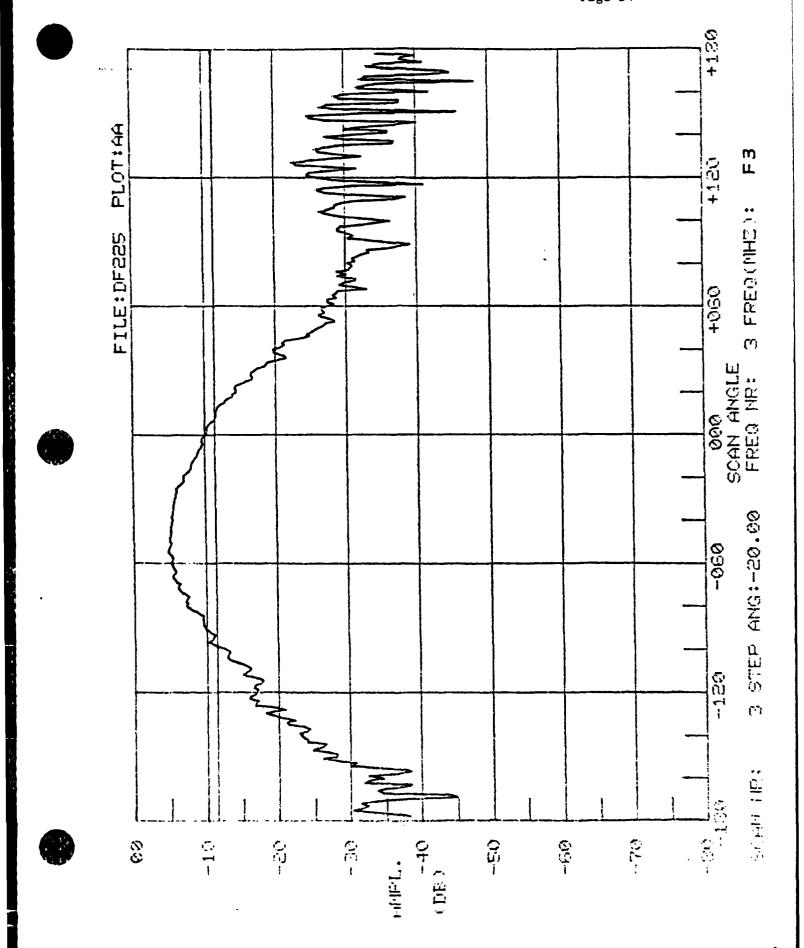


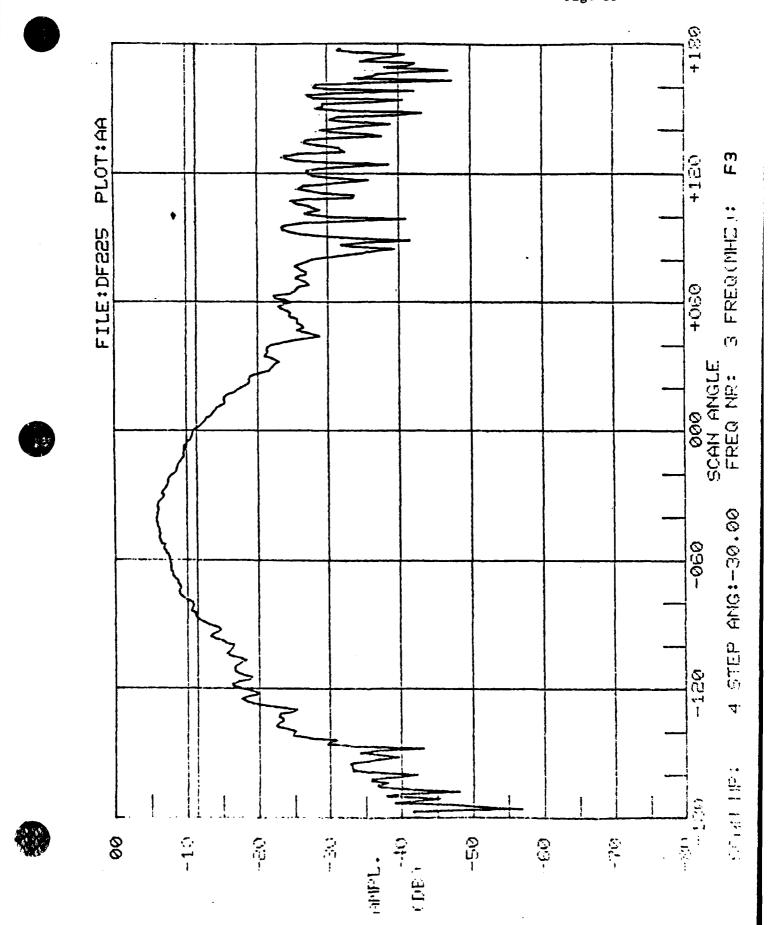


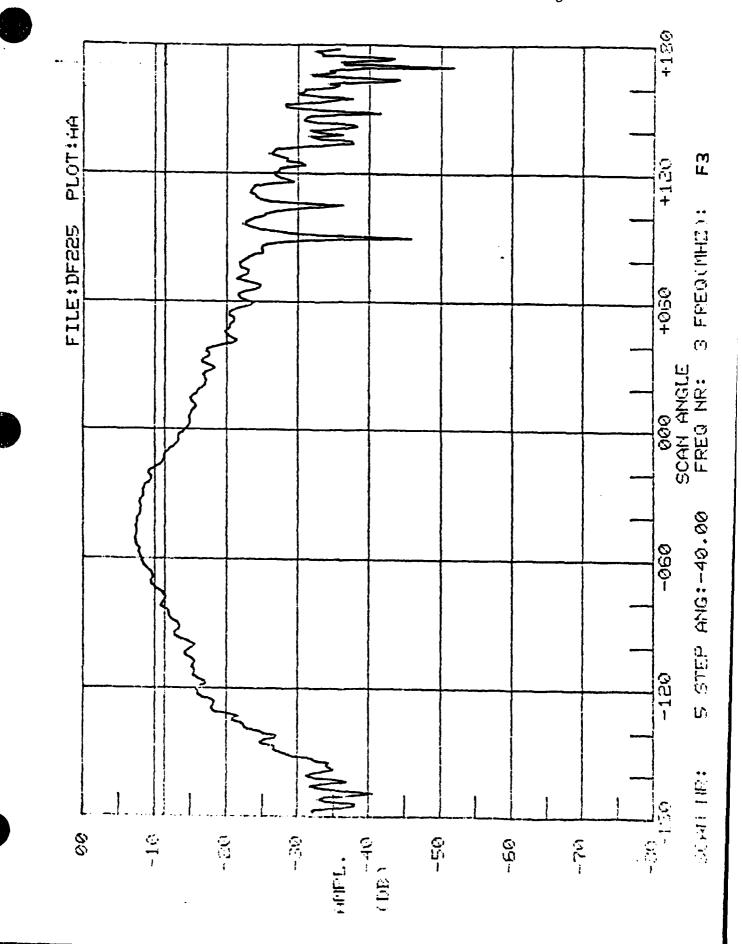


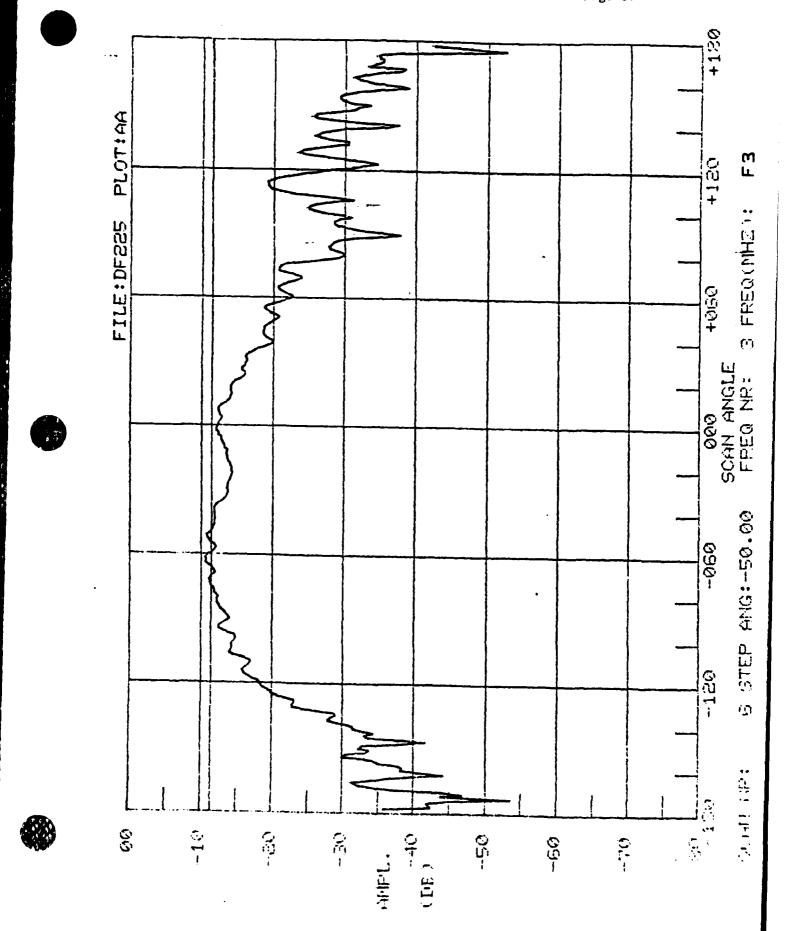
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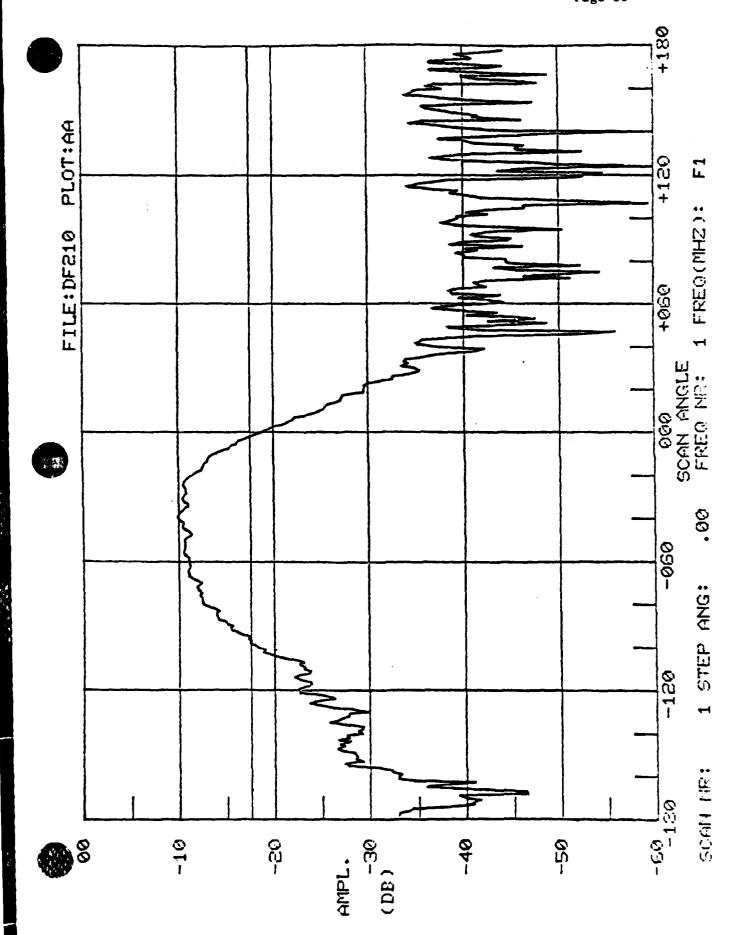


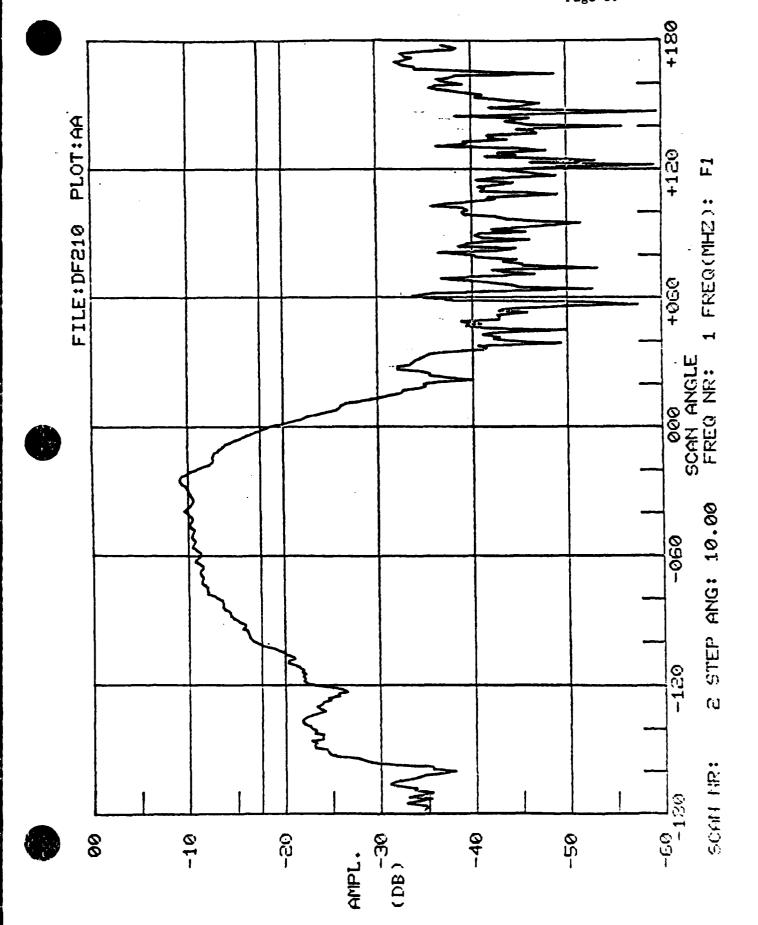


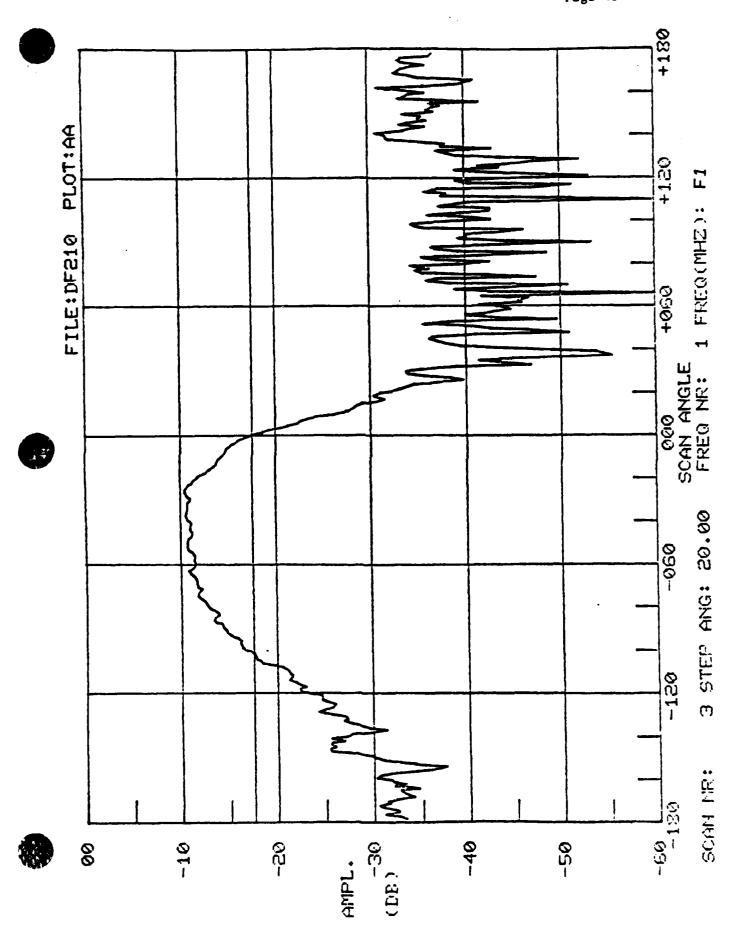


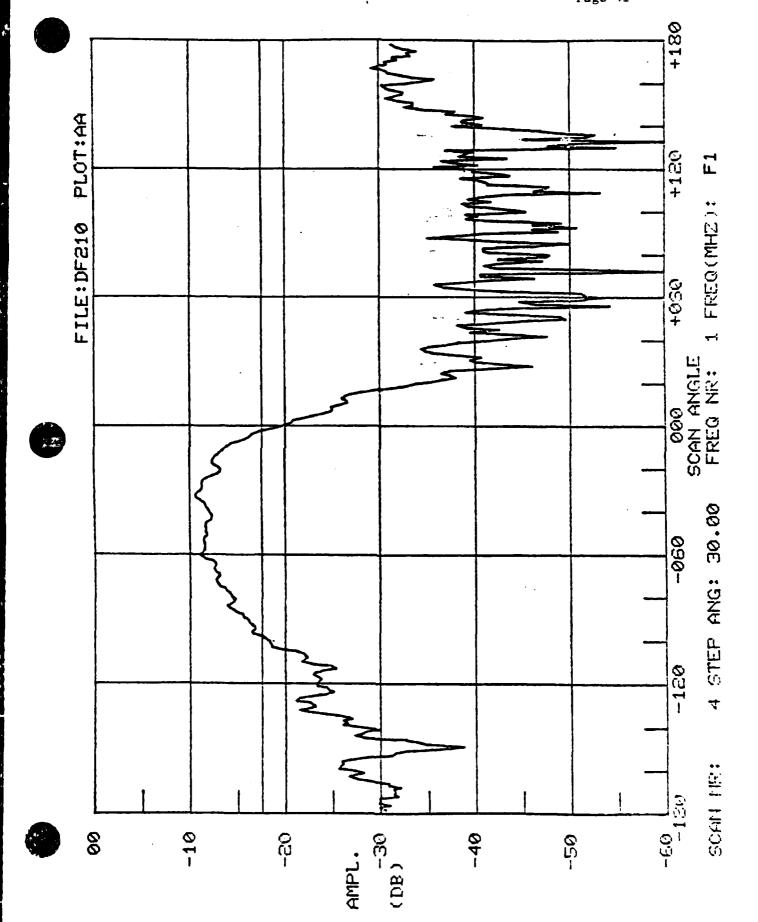


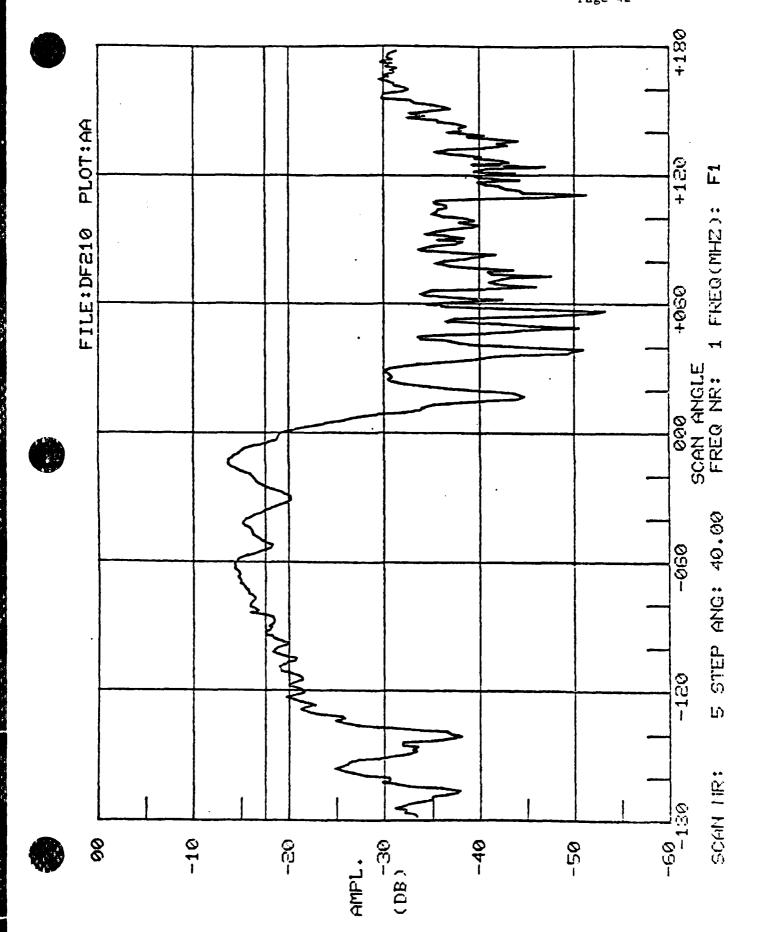


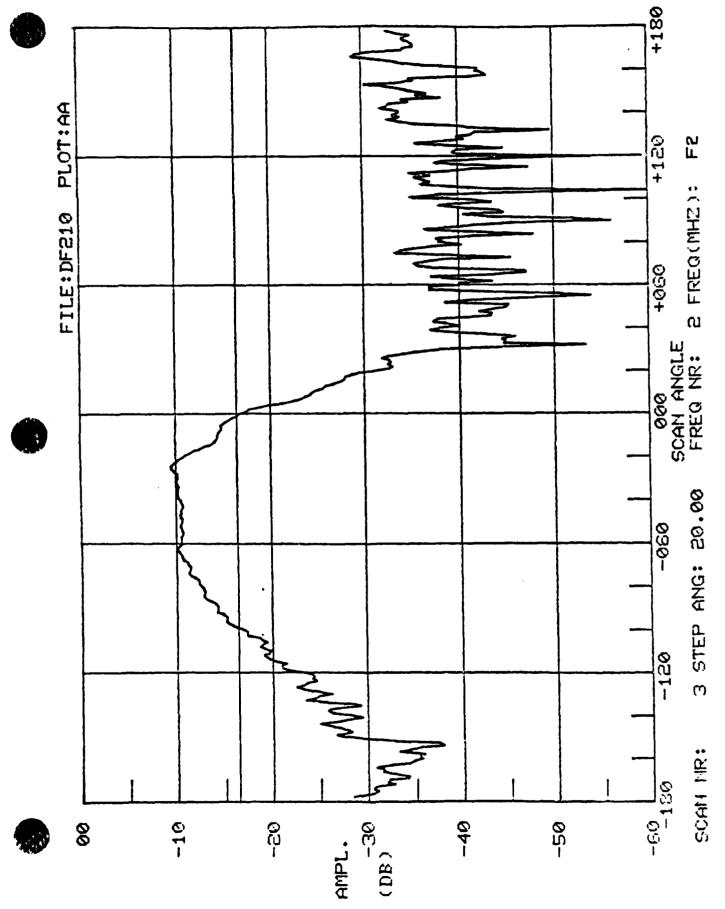


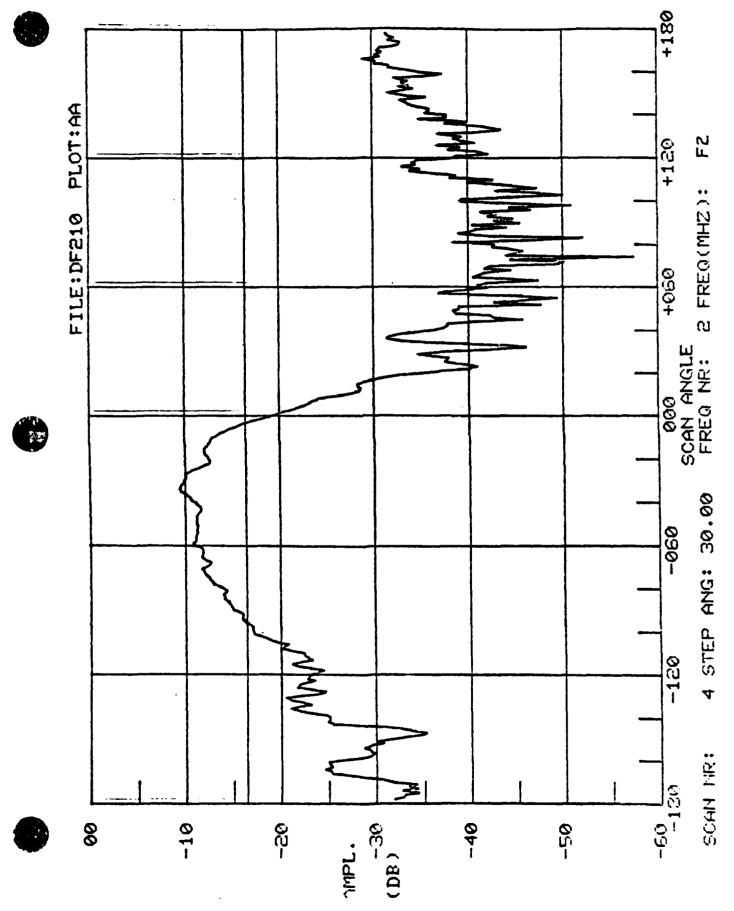


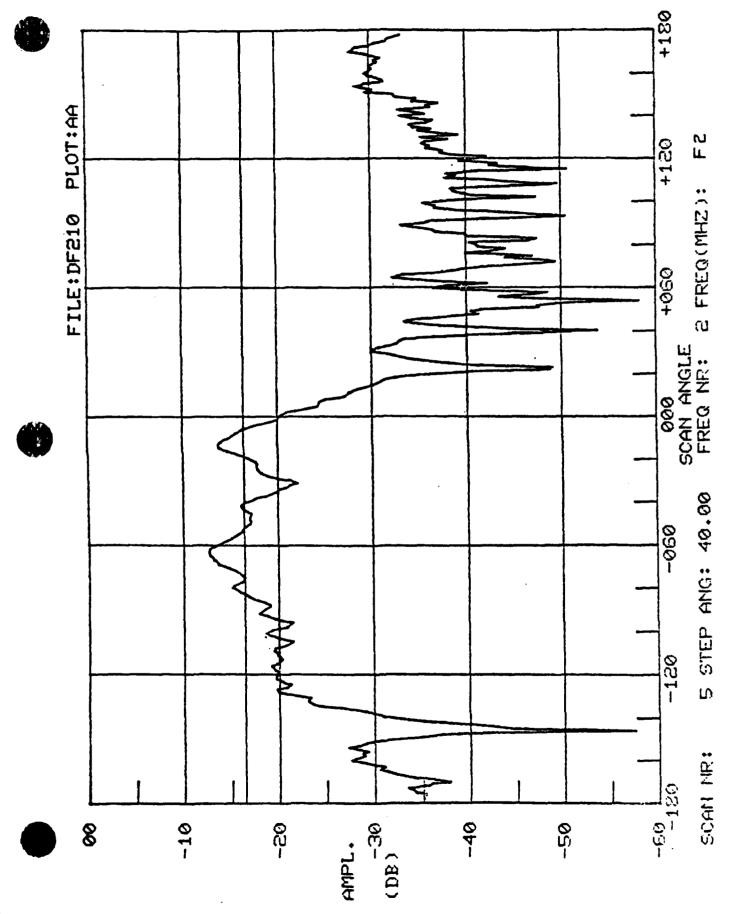


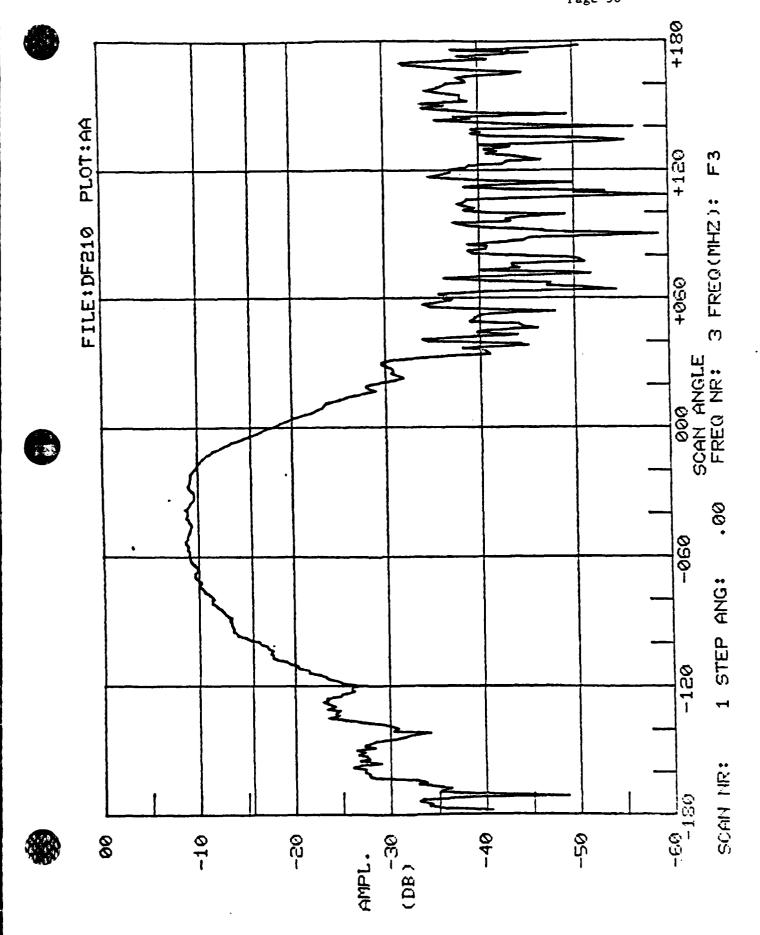


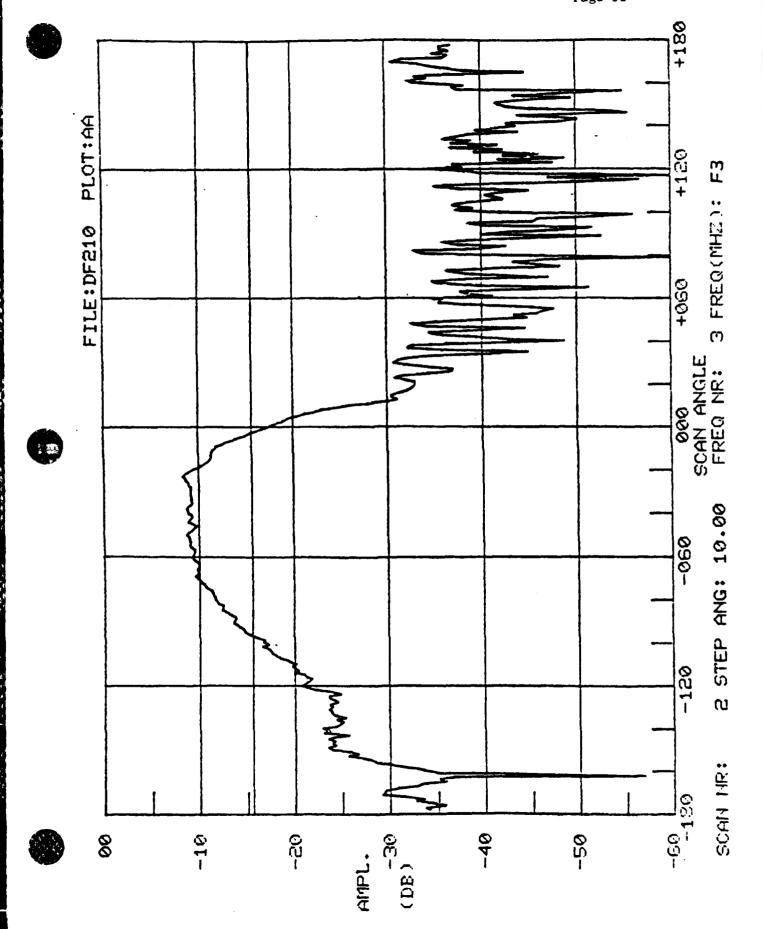


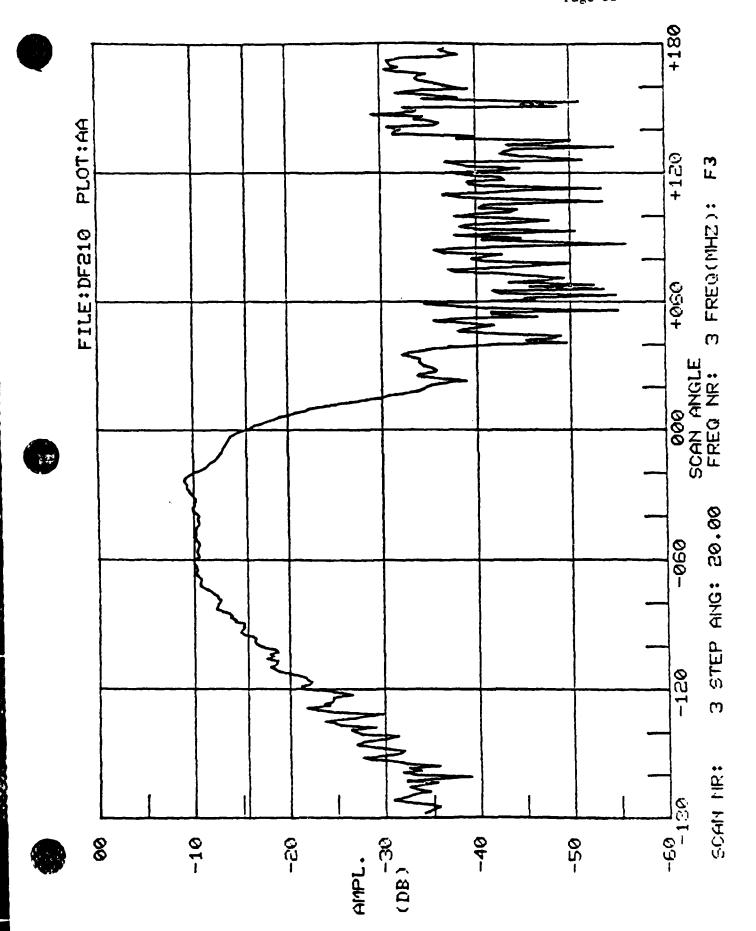




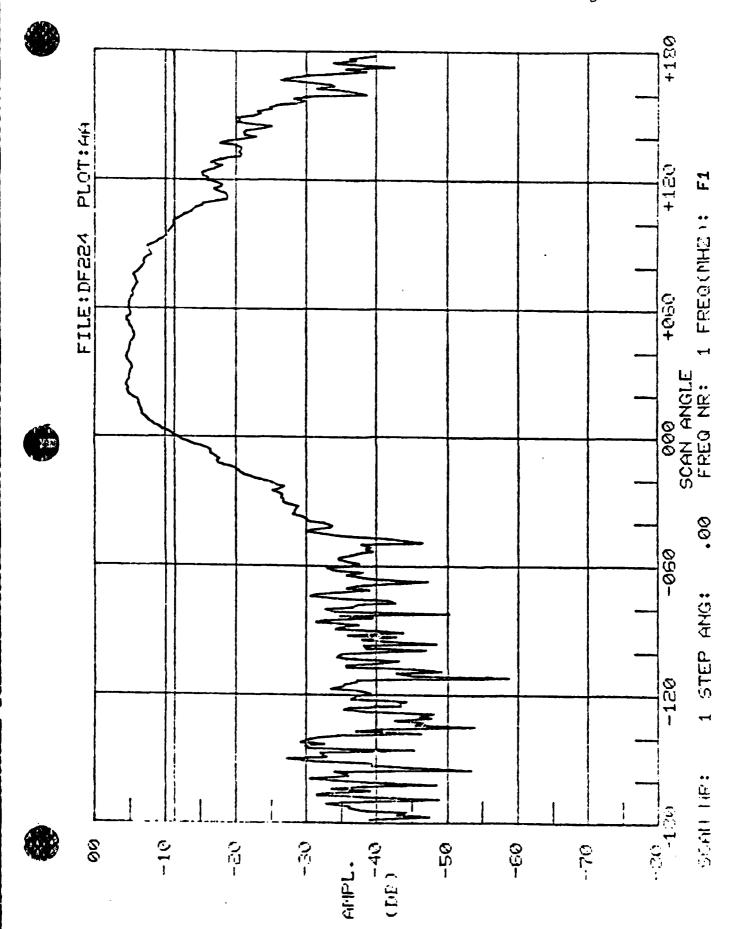


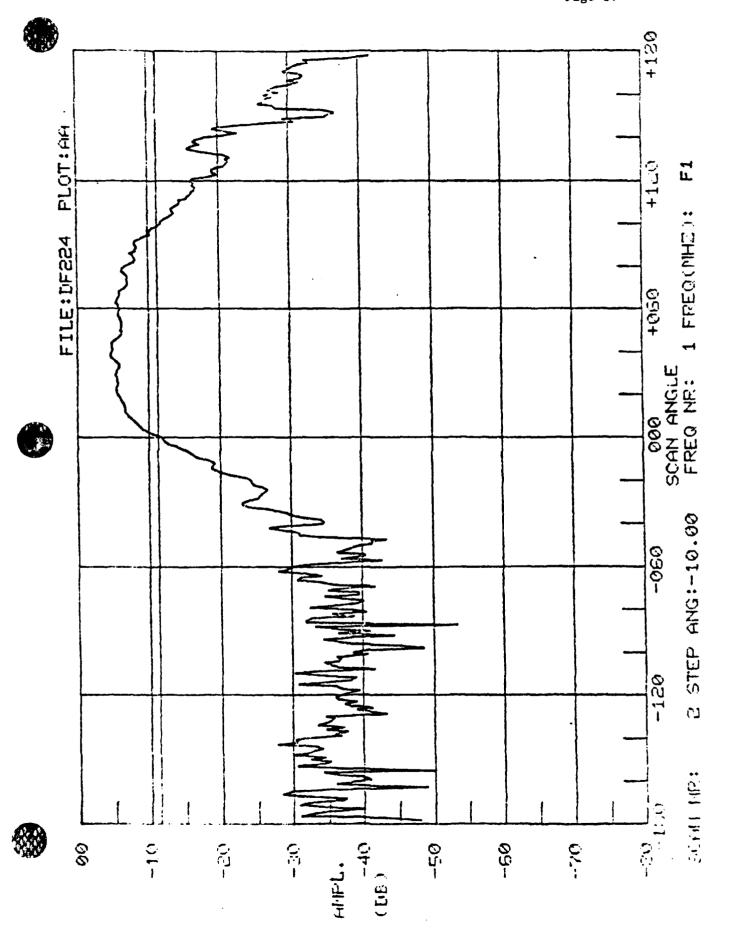




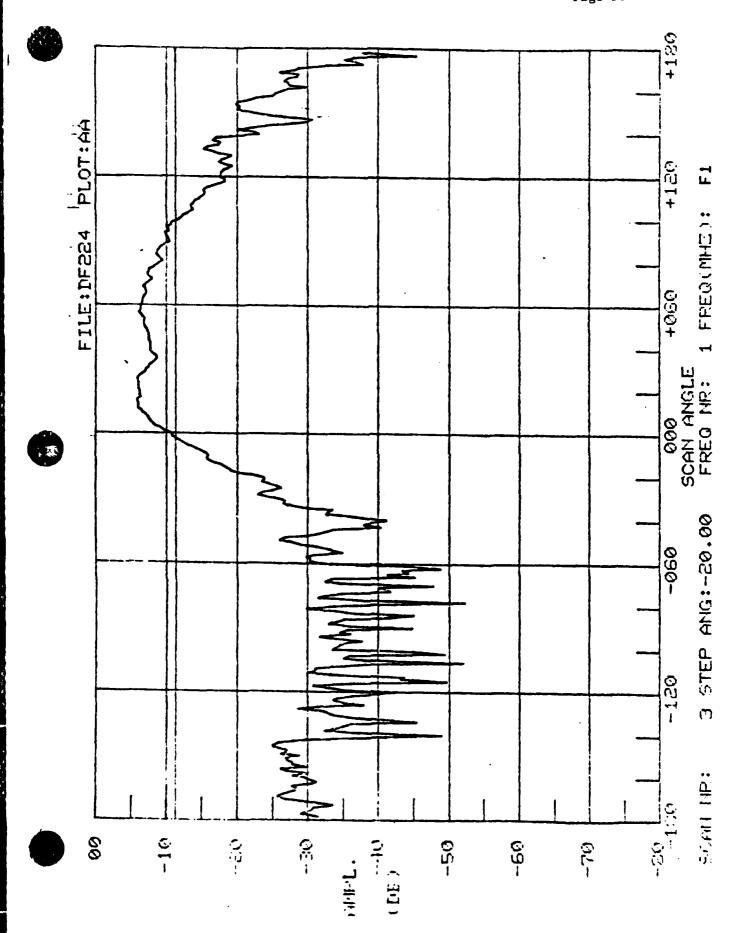


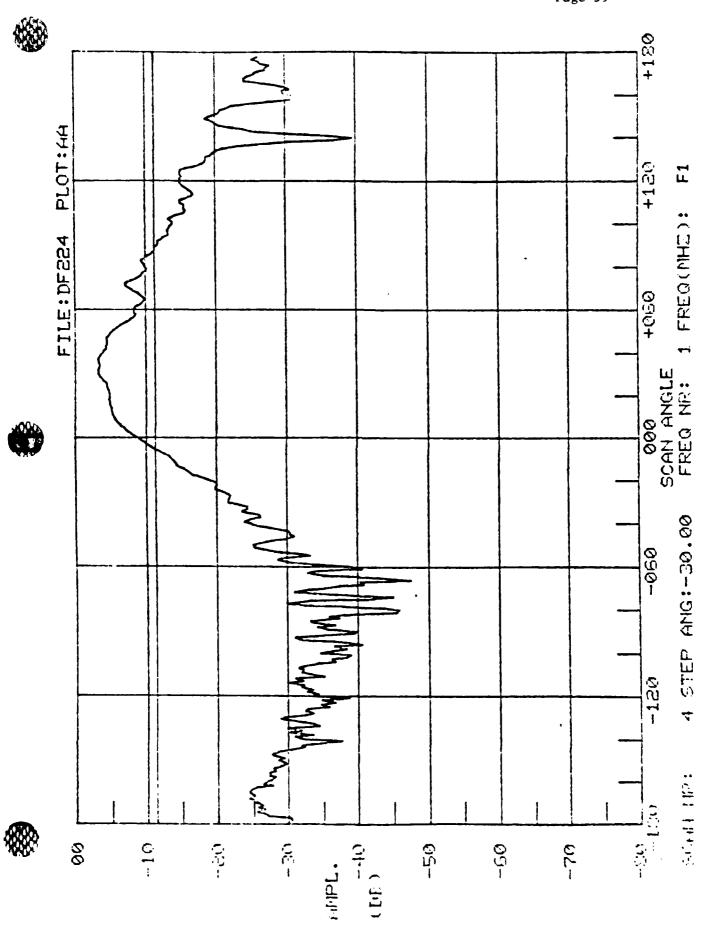
THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

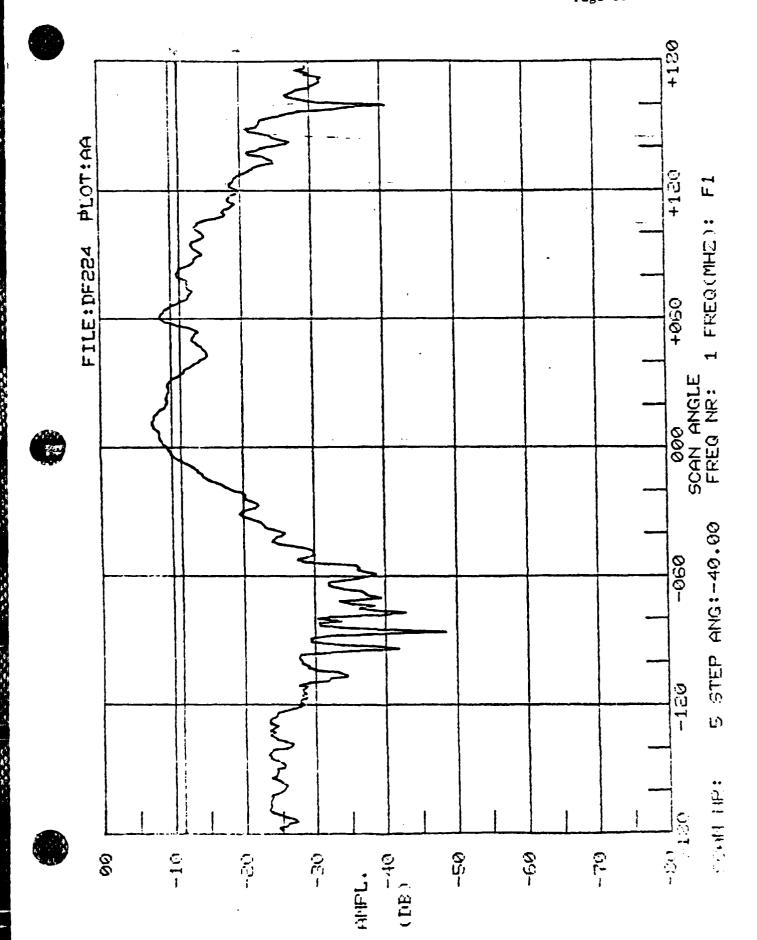


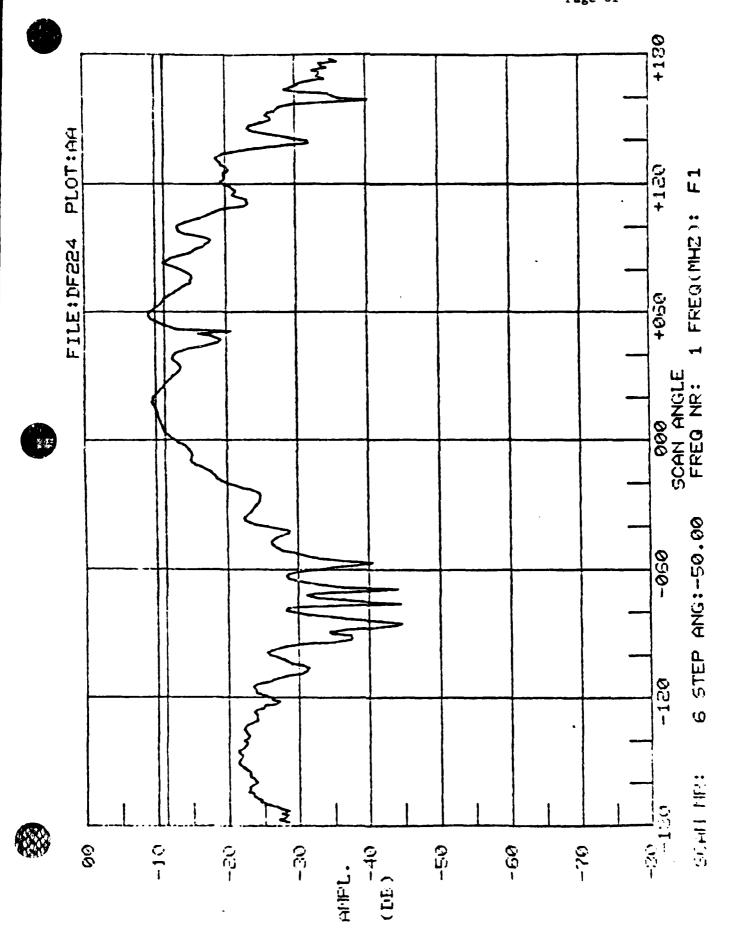


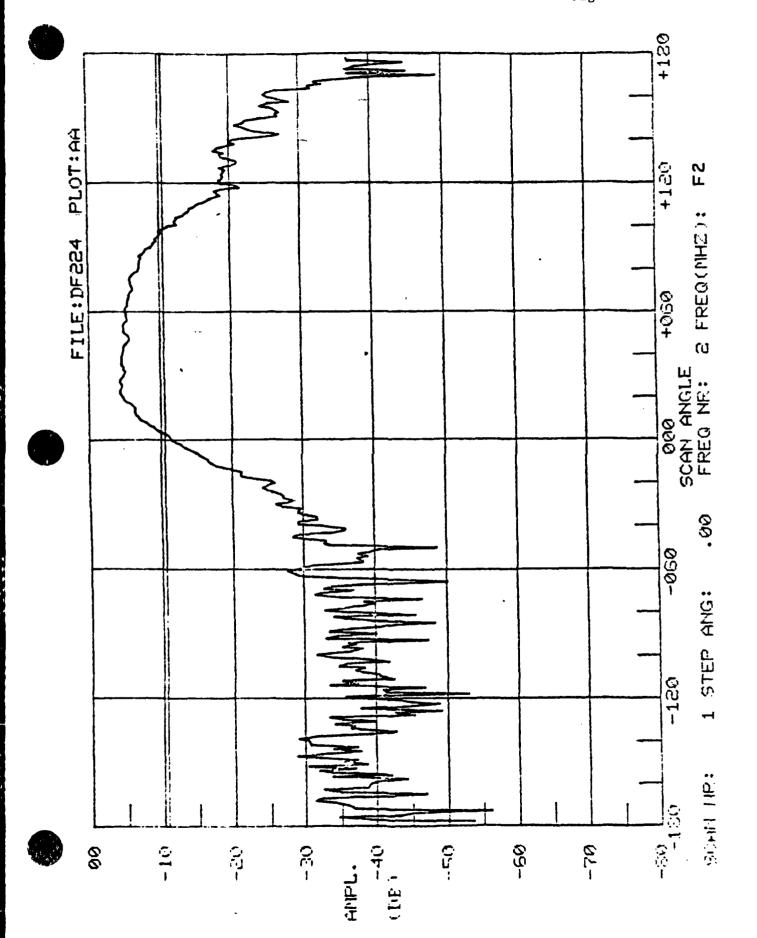
The second second

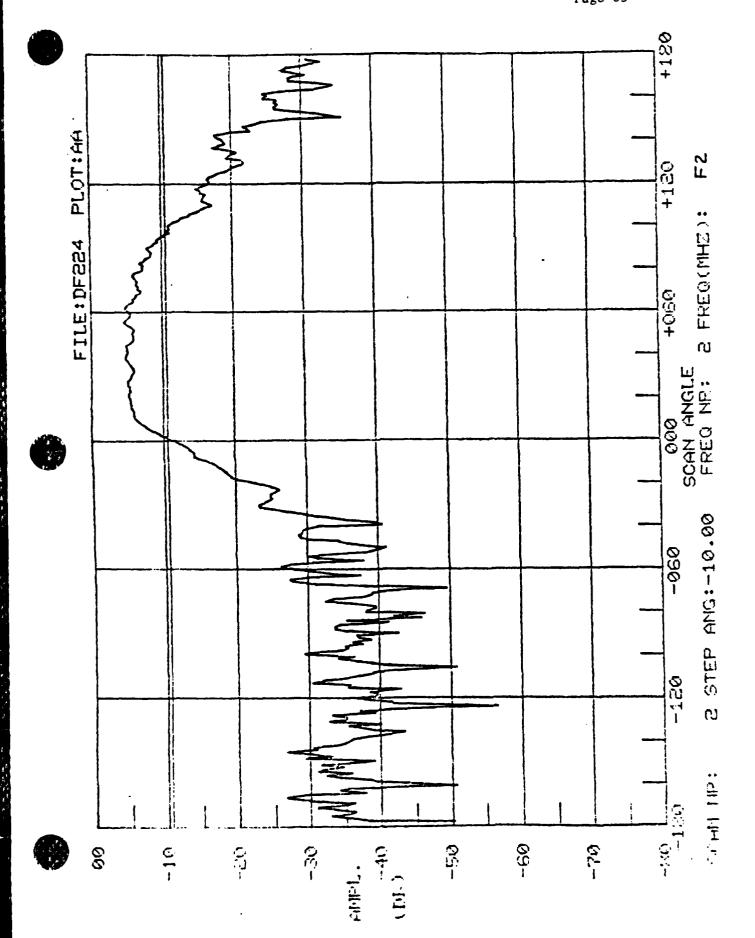


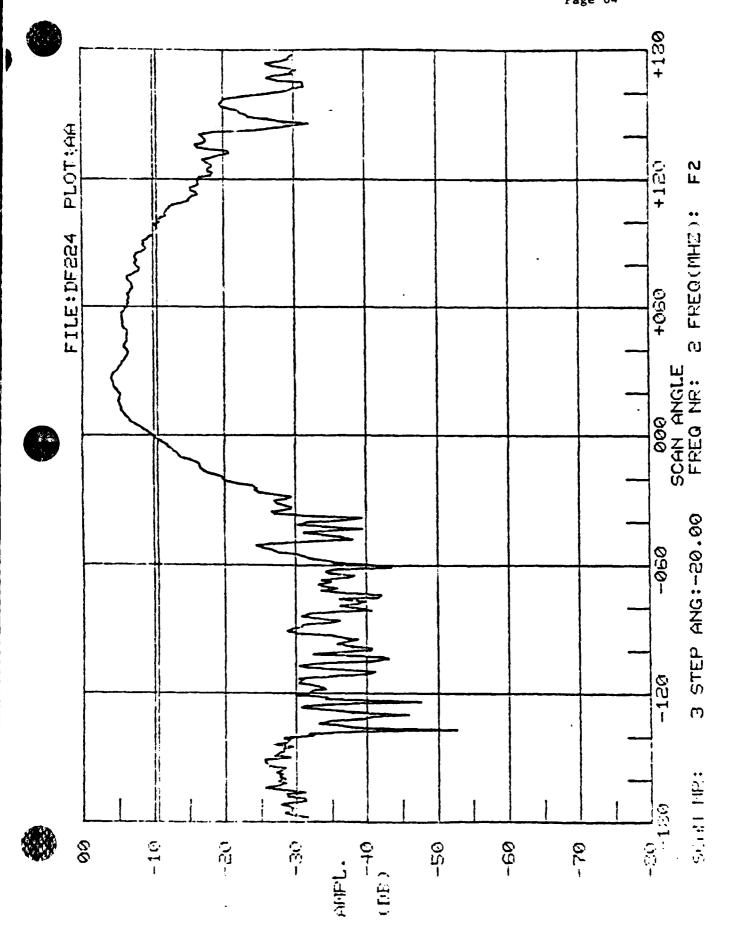


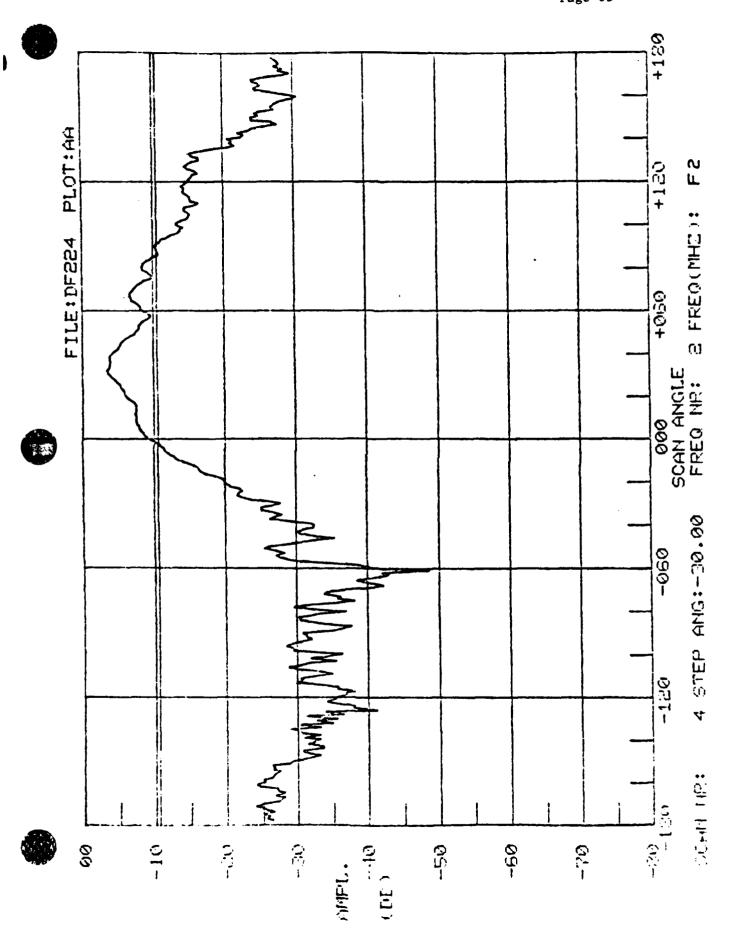


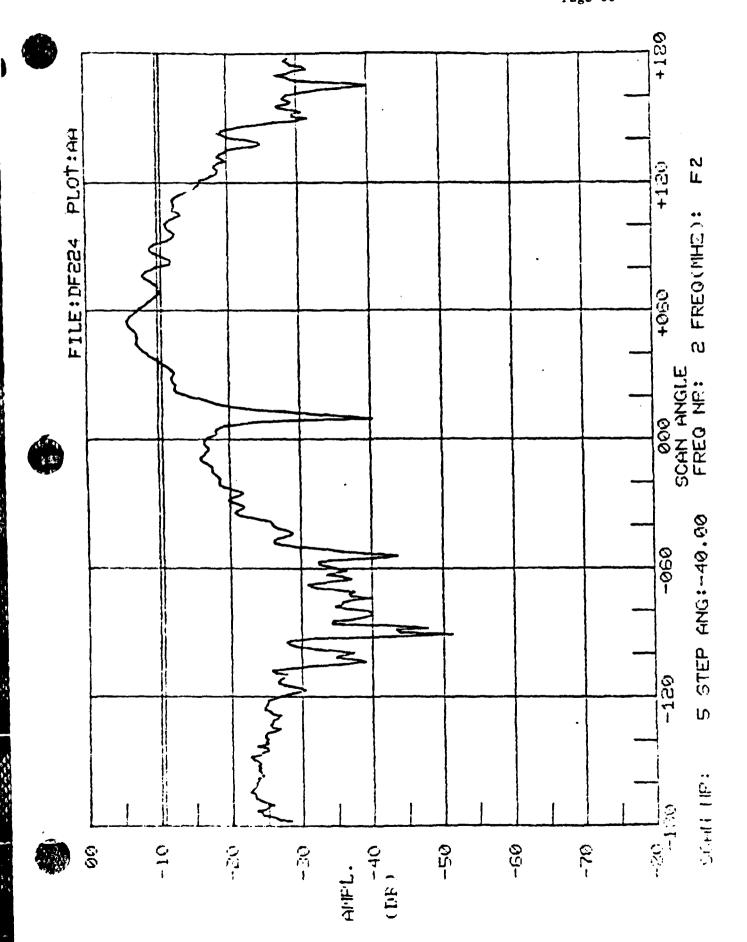


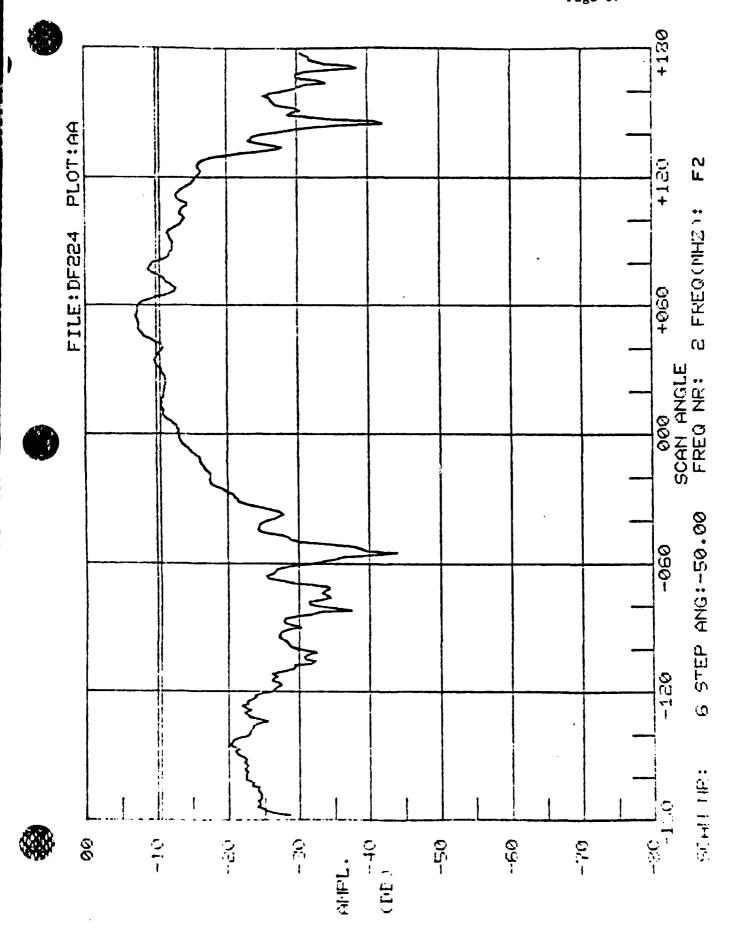


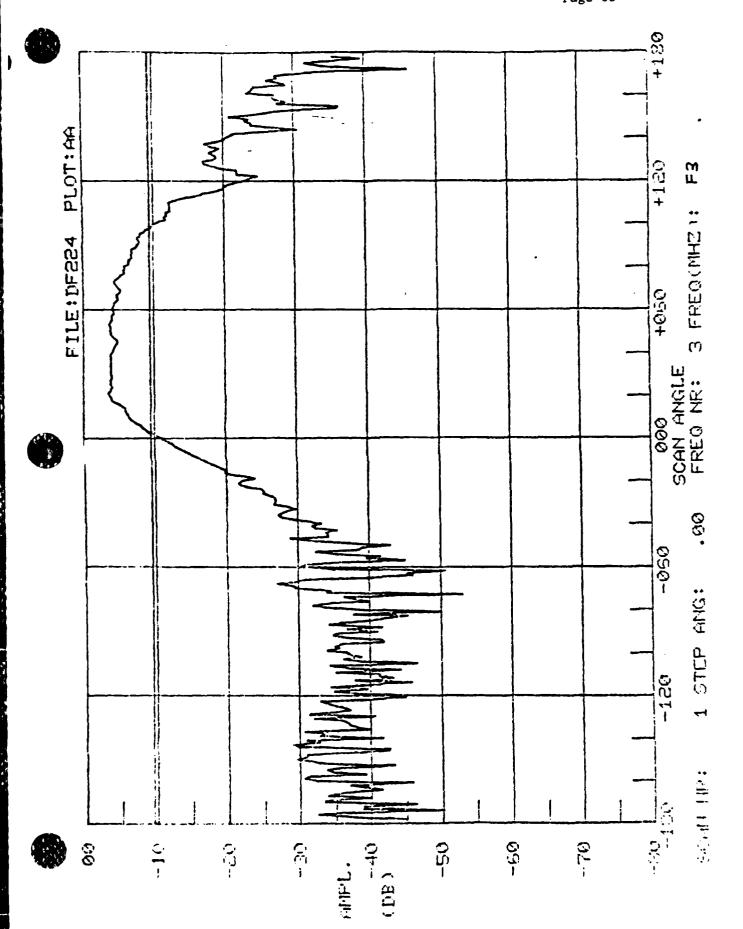


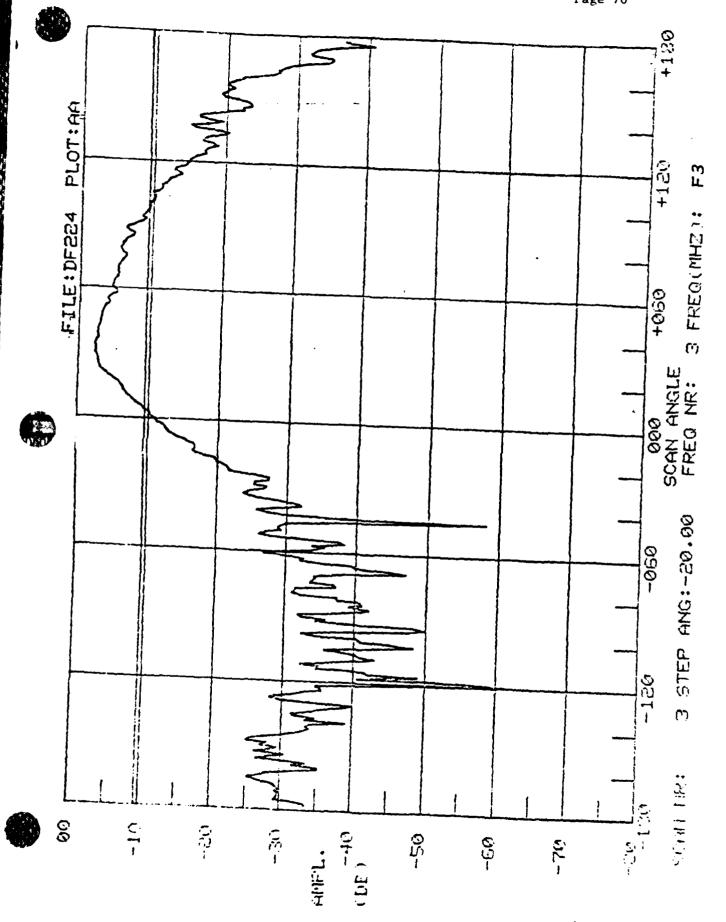


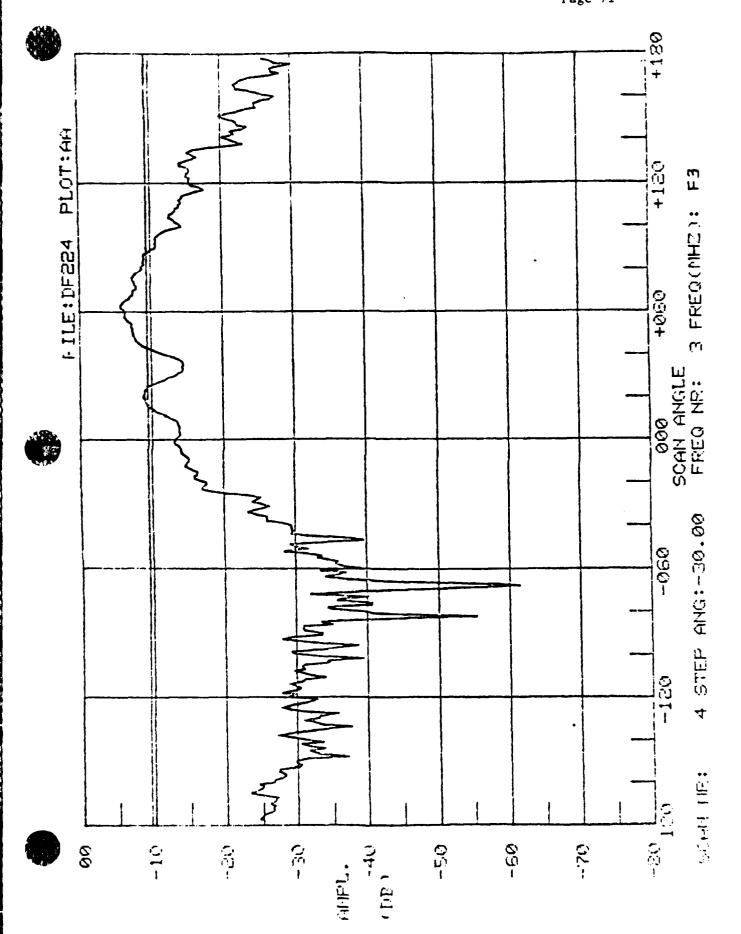


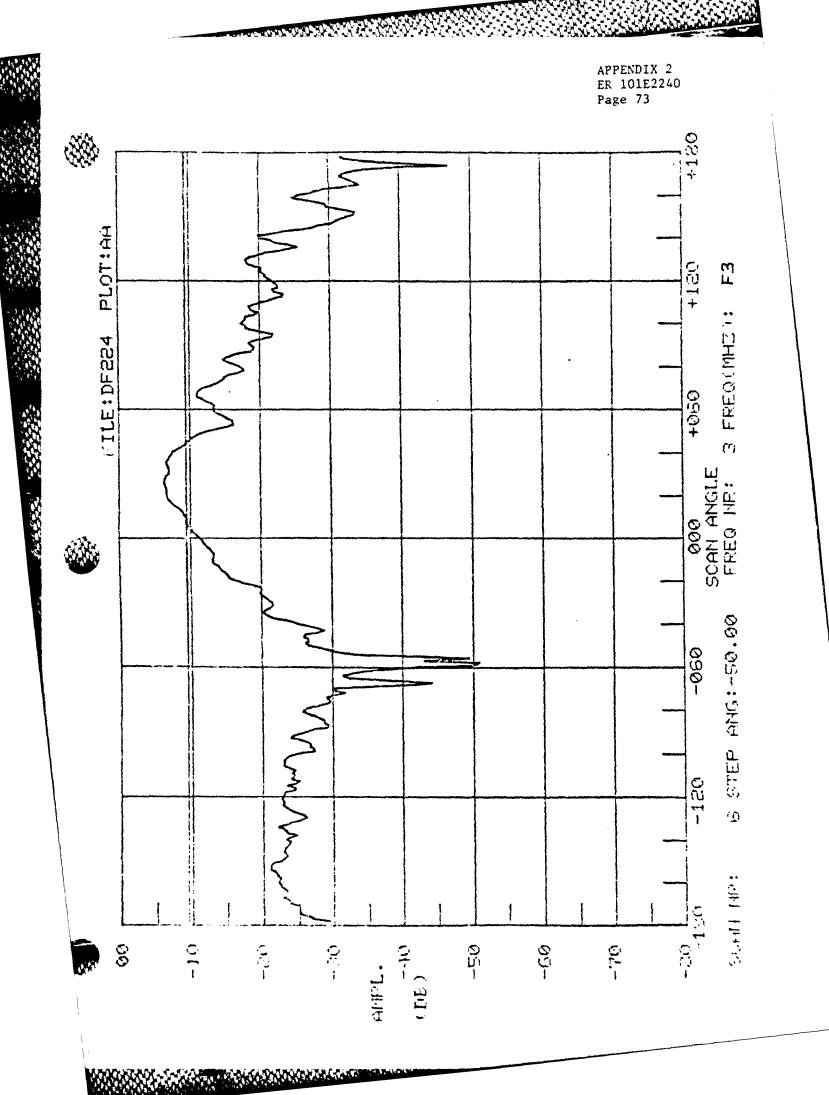














Appendix 3 contains AN/ALQ-156 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in polar plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F1, F2, and F3 and elevations of $+50^{\circ}$ through -50° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

DF201 - Forward antenna, upper hemisphere

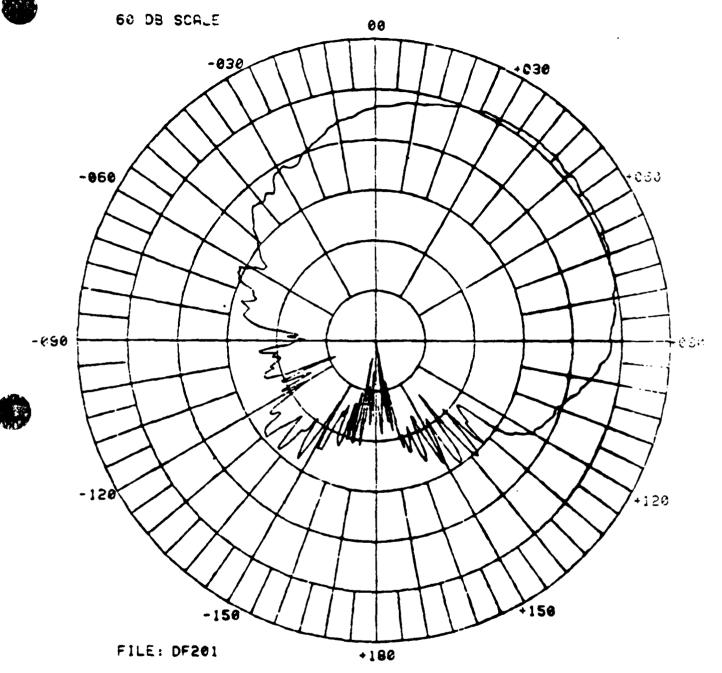
DF225 - Forward antenna, lower hemisphere

DF210 - Aft antenna, upper hemisphere

DF224 - Aft antenna, lower hemisphere.





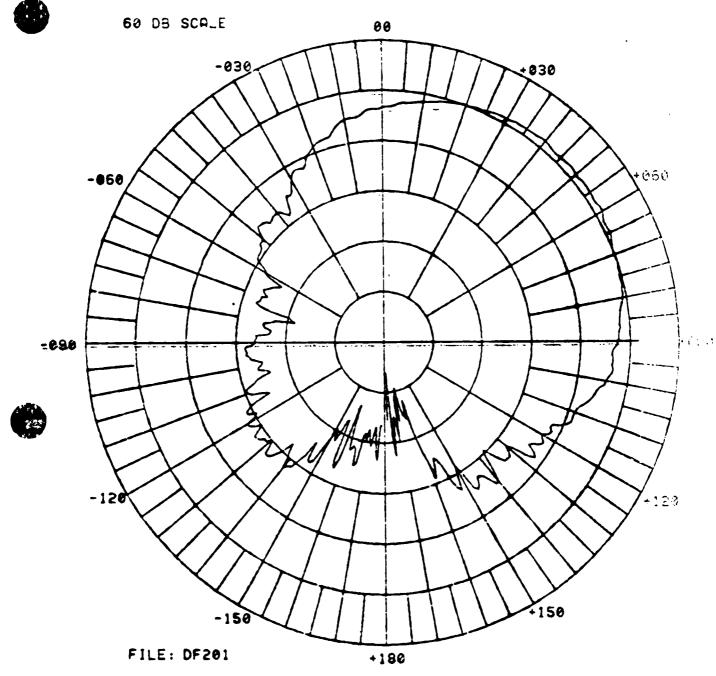


SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F1

CONFIGURATION 1

30 MAY 1984

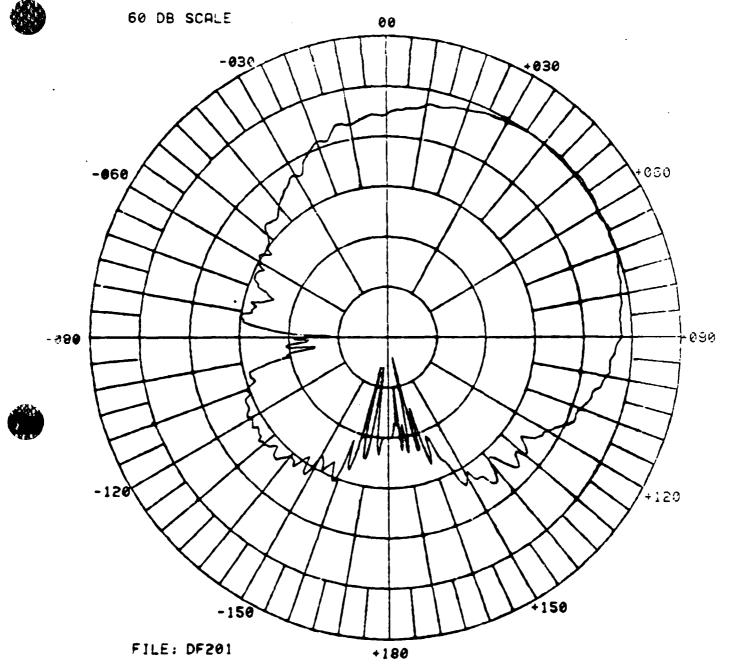


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AR

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F1

CONFIGURATION !

30 MPY 1984

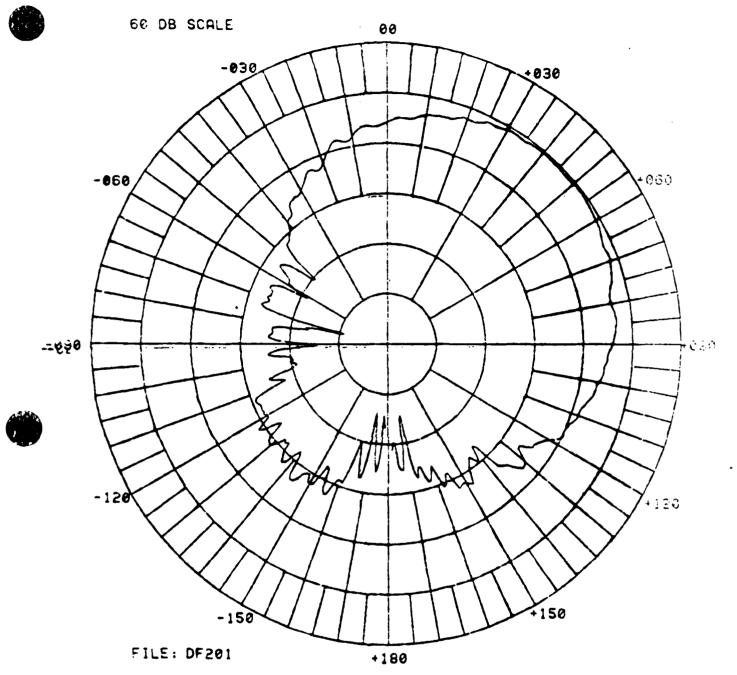


SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ (MHZ): F1

CONFIGURATION 1

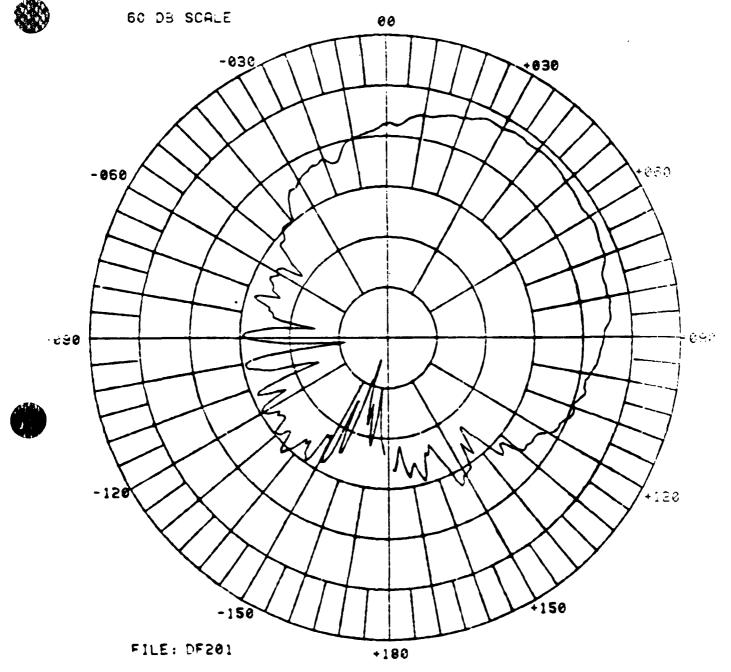
30 MAY 1984



SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AR

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F1

CONFIGURATION 1



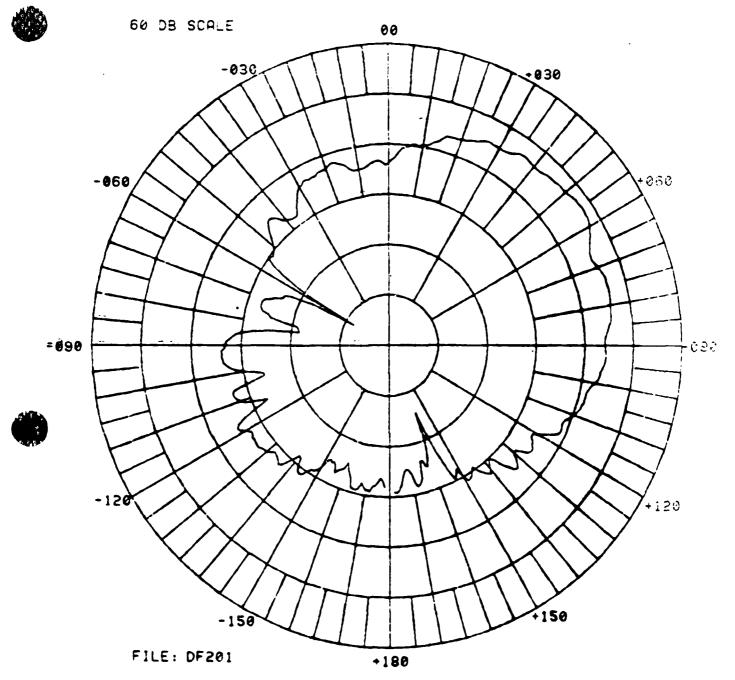
SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F1

CONFIGURATION 1

30 MRY 1984





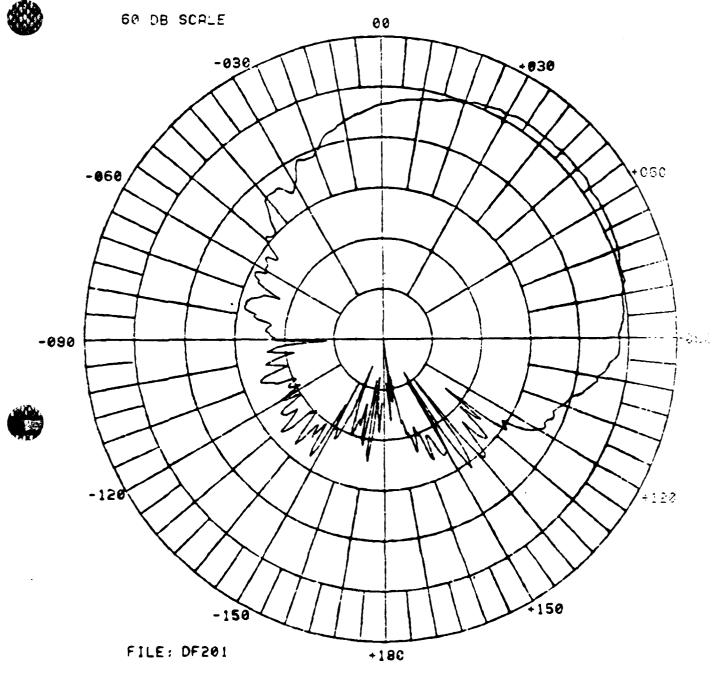
SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: 50

EP ANGLE: 50.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F1

CONFIGURATION 1

30 MPY 1984



SCAN NR: 1 STEF

STEP ANGLE: 0.00

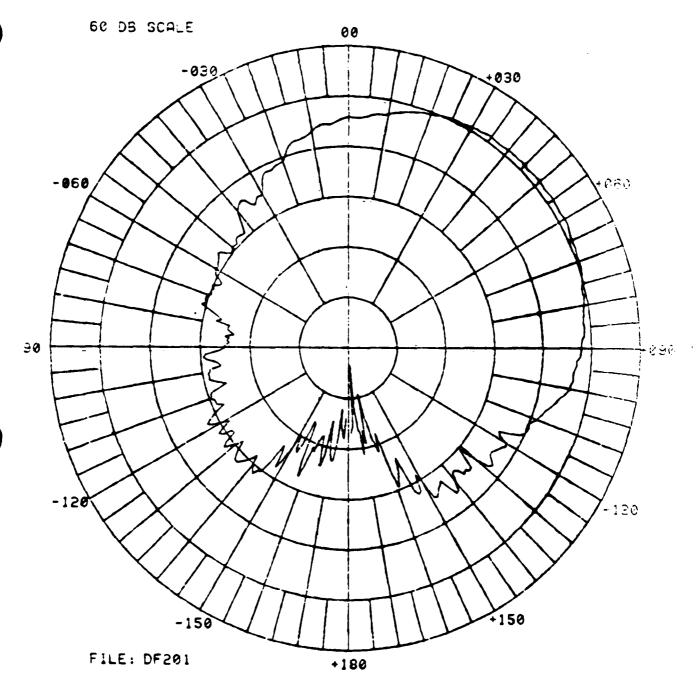
PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2

FREQ(MHZ):

F2

CONFIGURATION 1

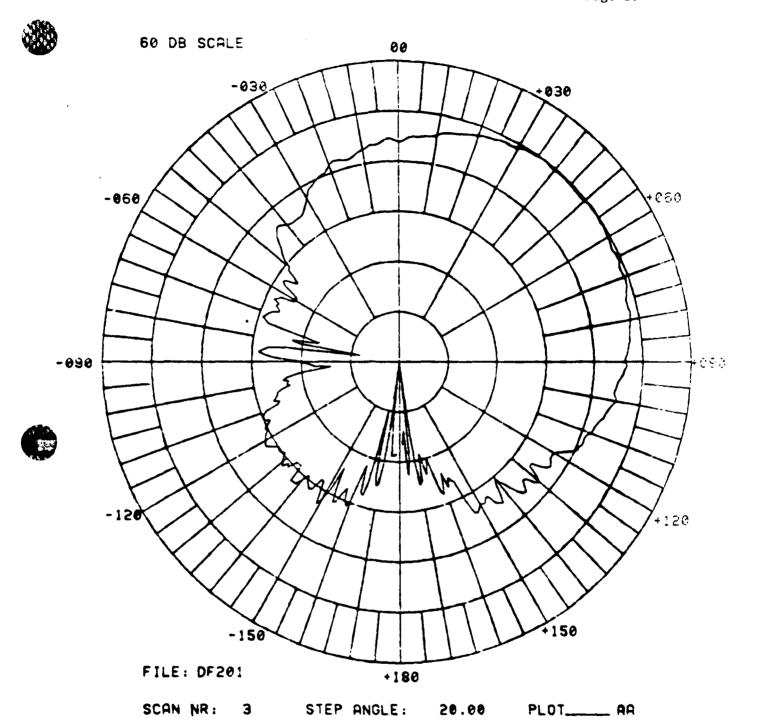


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F2

CONFIGURATION 1

30 MPY 1994



FREQ(MHZ):

F2

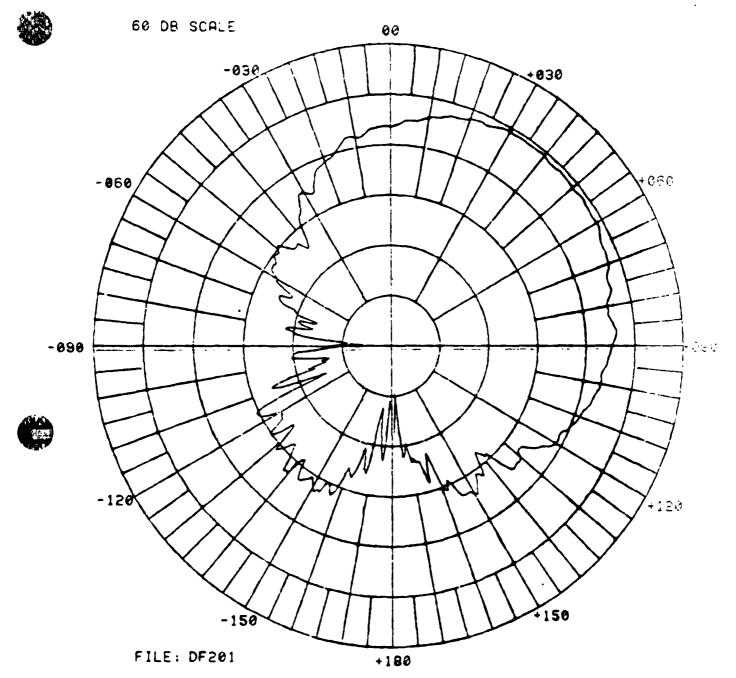
CONFIGURATION 1

2

30 MAY 1984

FREG NR:



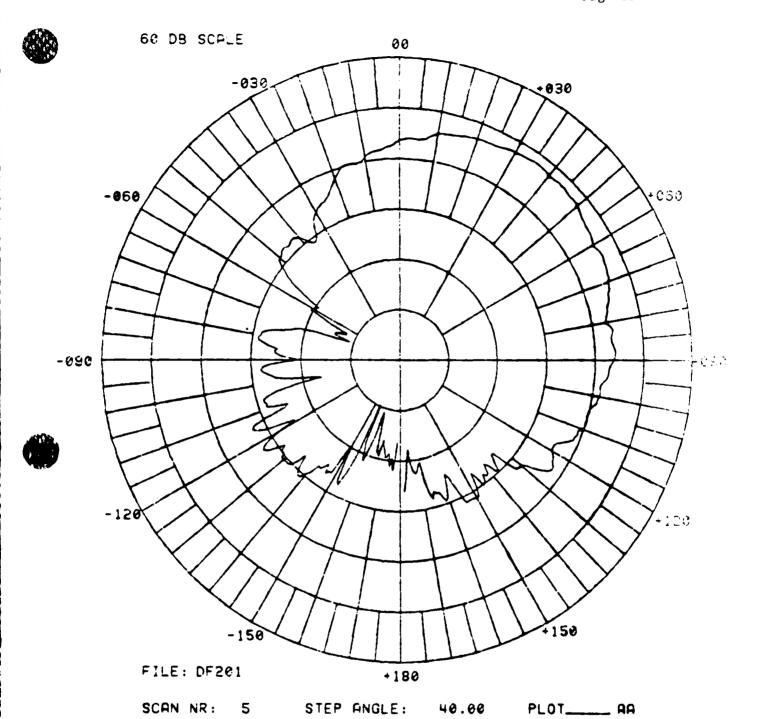


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AR

FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): FZ

CONFIGURATION 1

30 MPY 1984



FREQ(MHZ):

F2

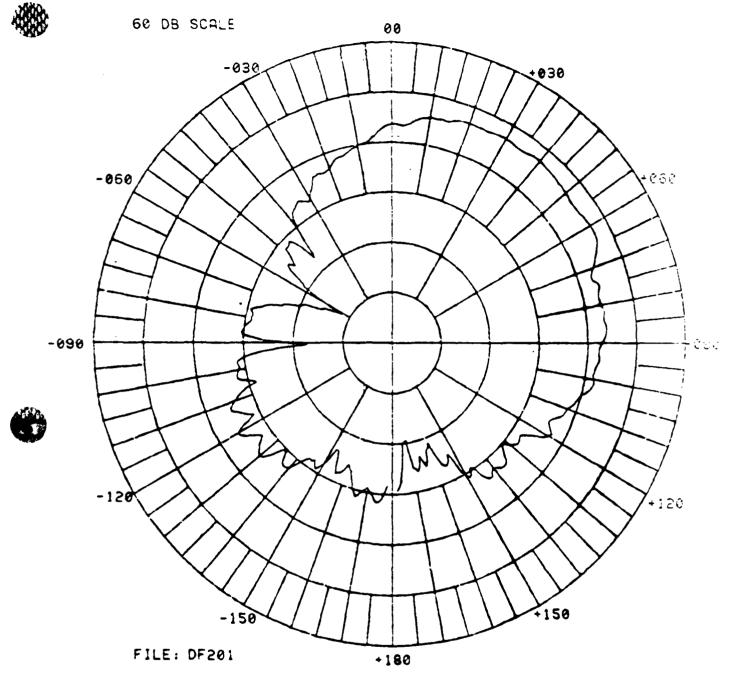
CONFIGURATION 1

2

30 MAY 1984

FREG NR:

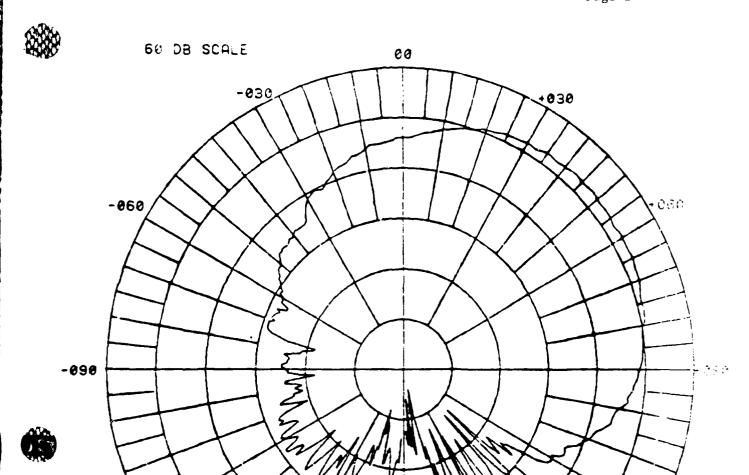




SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: 50.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F2

CONFIGURATION 1



FILE: DF201

SCAN NR: 1

STEP ANGLE:

+180

0.00

PLOT____ AA

+150

+120

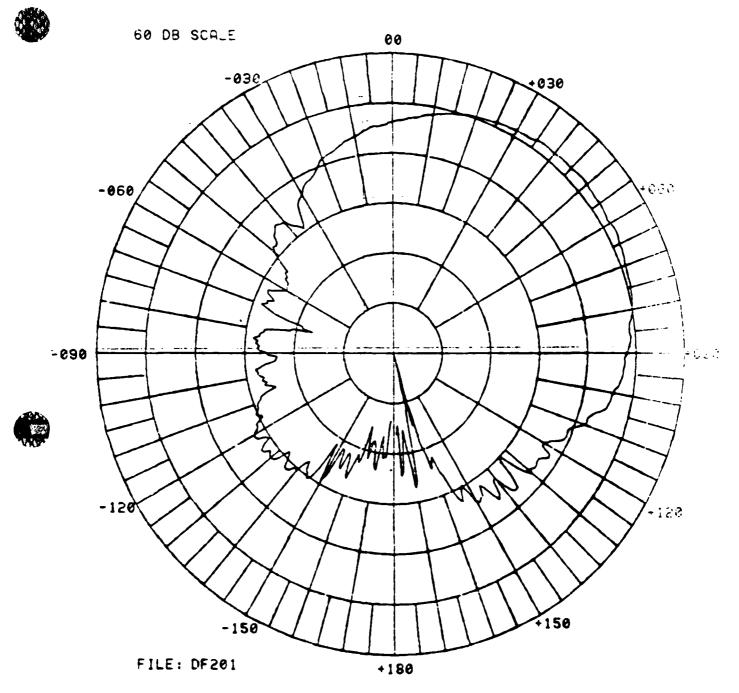
FREQ NR: 3

FREQ(MHZ):

F-3

CONFIGURATION 1

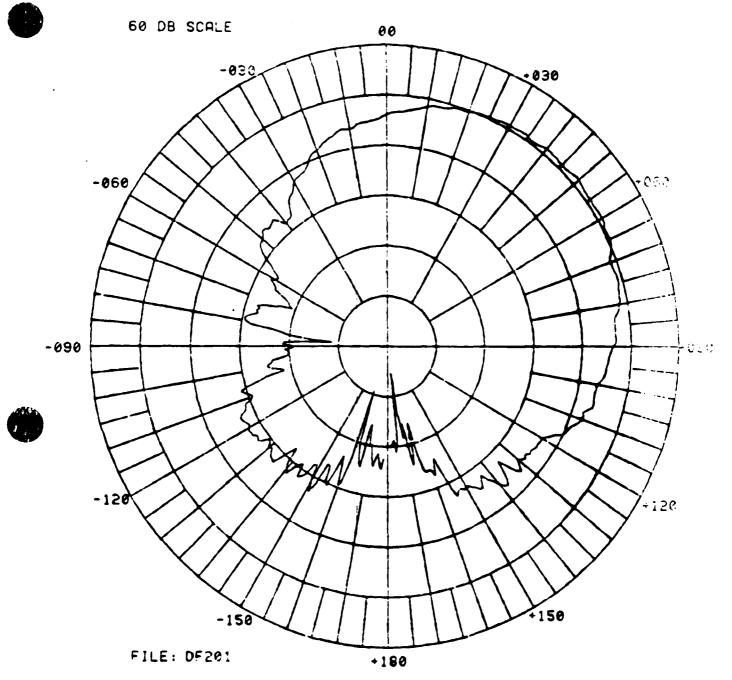




SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 1

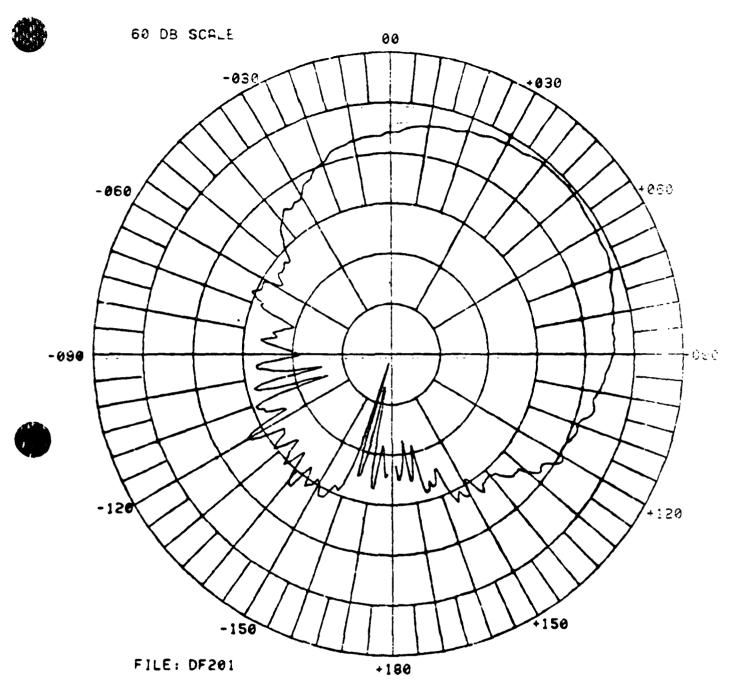


SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION :



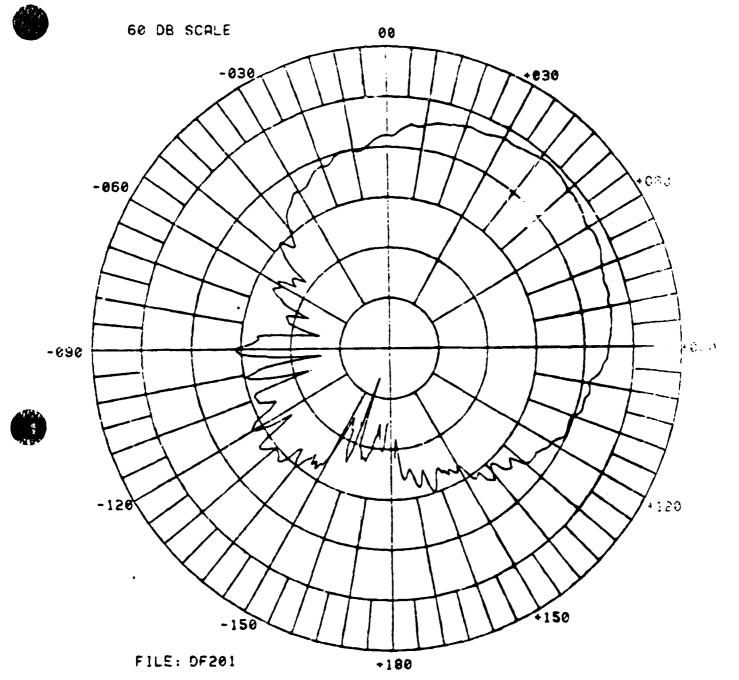


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 1

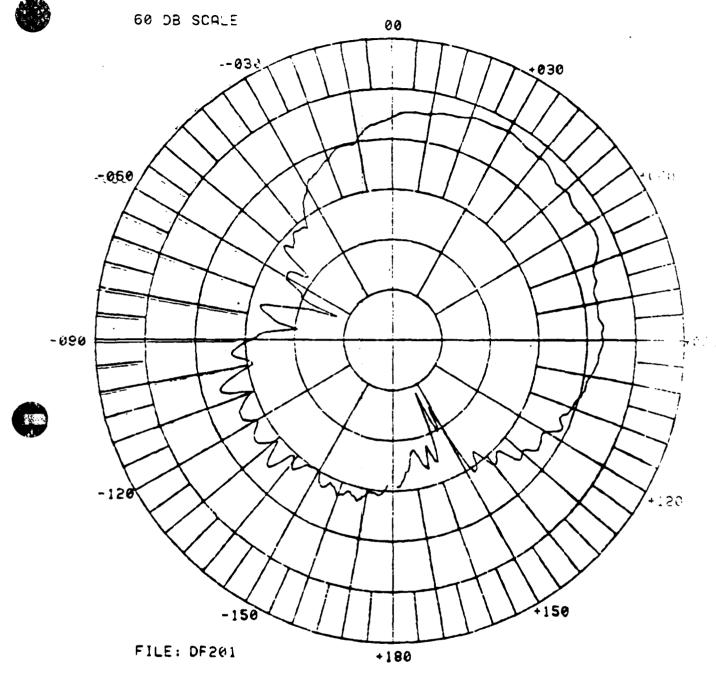




SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 1

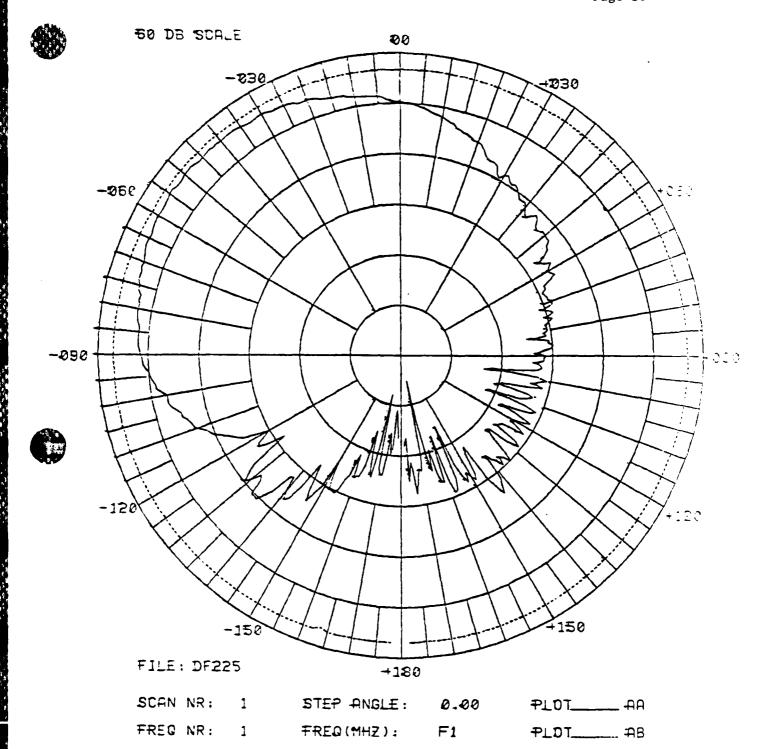


SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: 50.00 PLOT____ AA

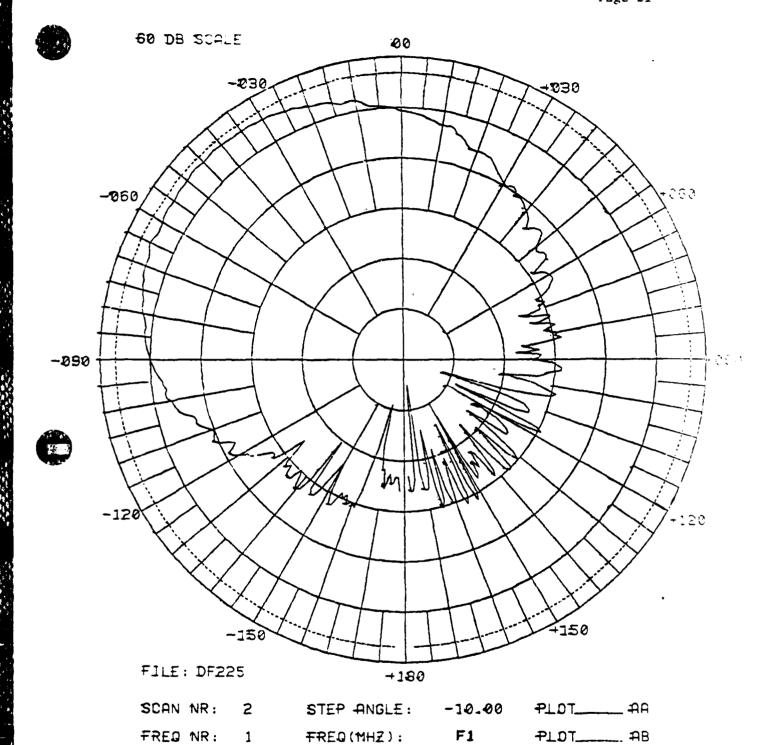
FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 1

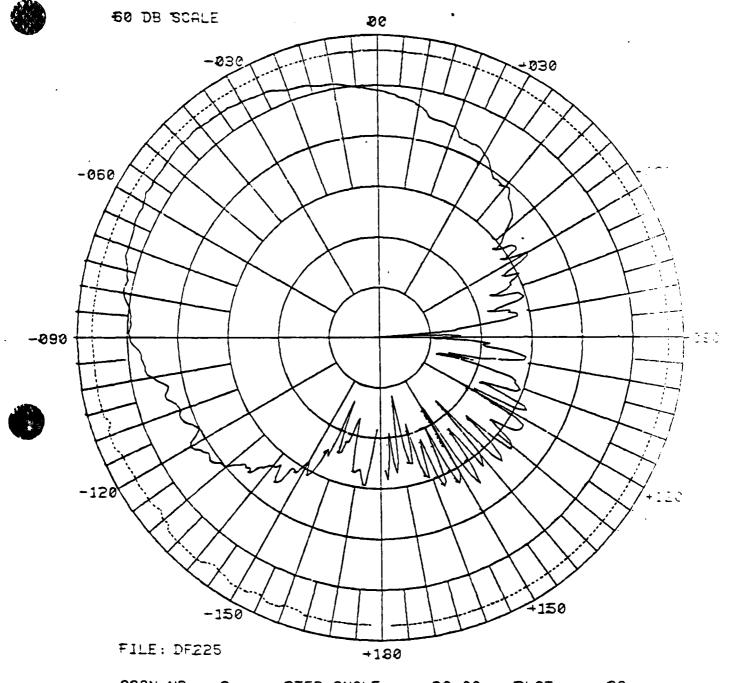




CONFIGURATION 8



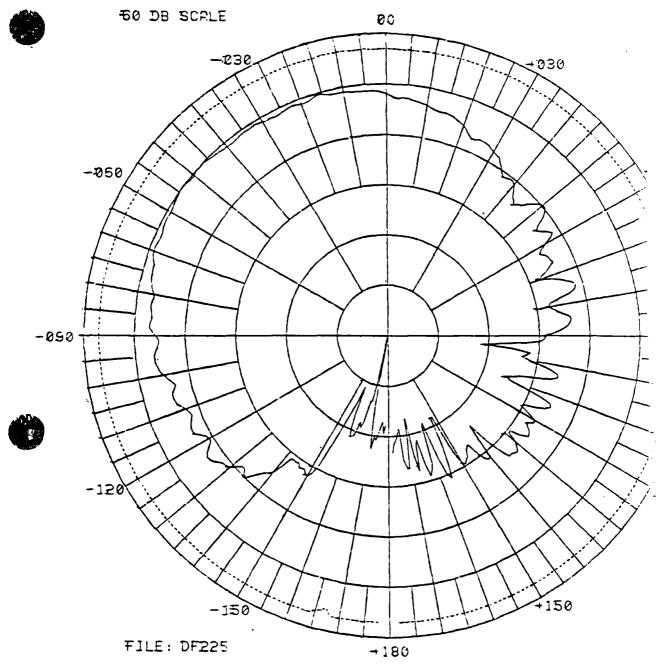
CONFIGURATION 8



SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: -20.00 PLOT_____AA
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F1 PLOT____AB

CONFIGURATION 8

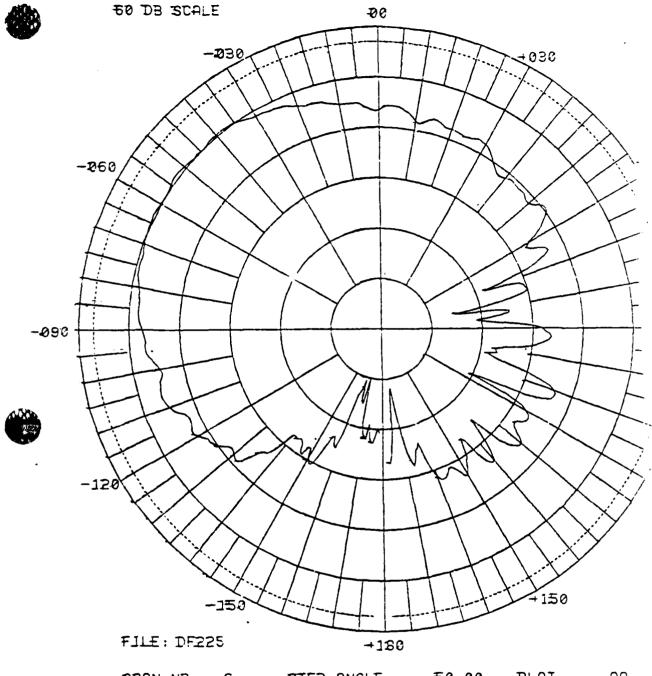




SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: -40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F1 PLOT_____AB

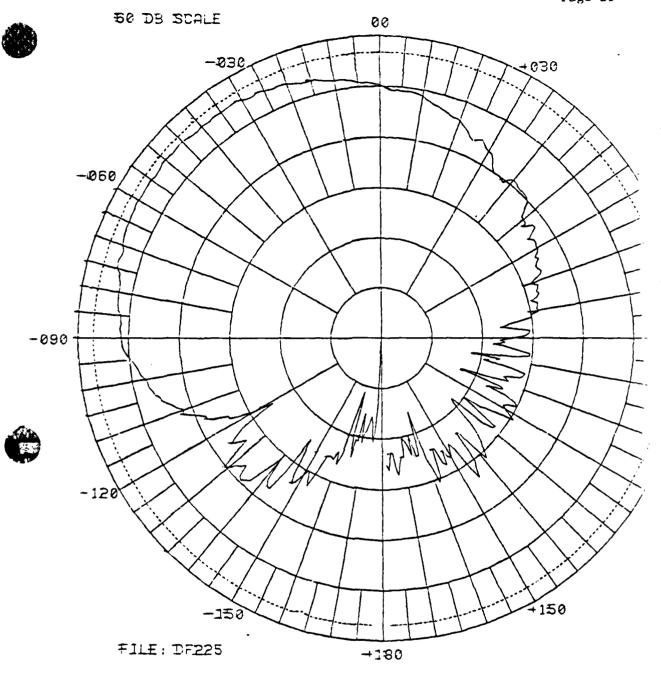
DONFIGURATION 8



SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: -50.00 PLOT____ AA

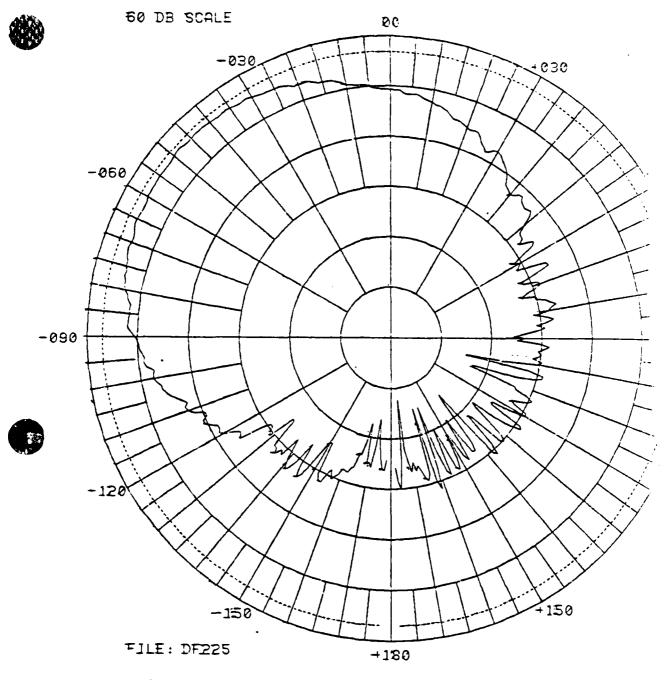
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F1 PLOT AB

CONFIGURATION 8



SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLDT____AA
FRED NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F2 PLOT____AB

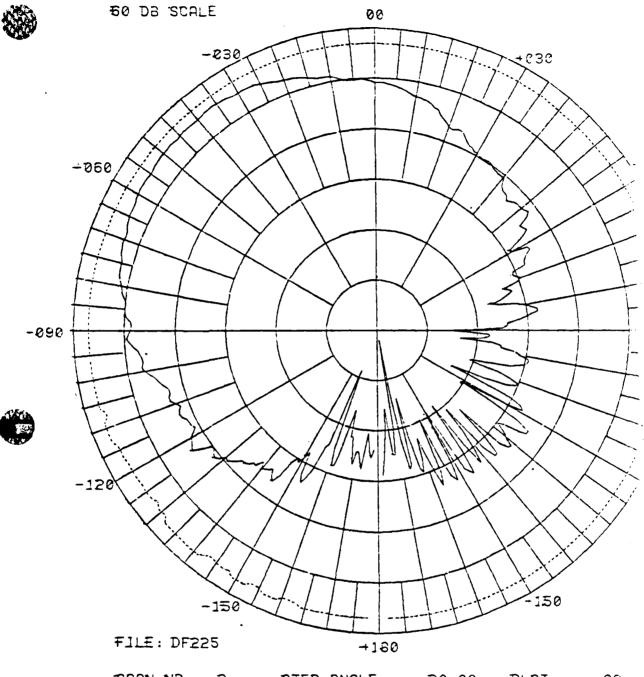
CONFIGURATION 8



SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.00 PLOT____ AA
FREO NR: 2 FREO(MHZ): F2 PLOT____ AB

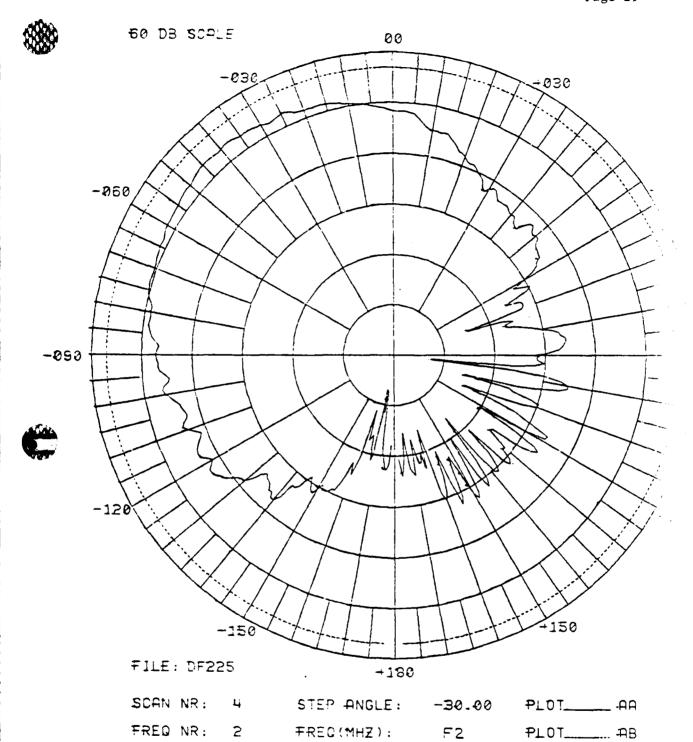
CONFIGURATION 8





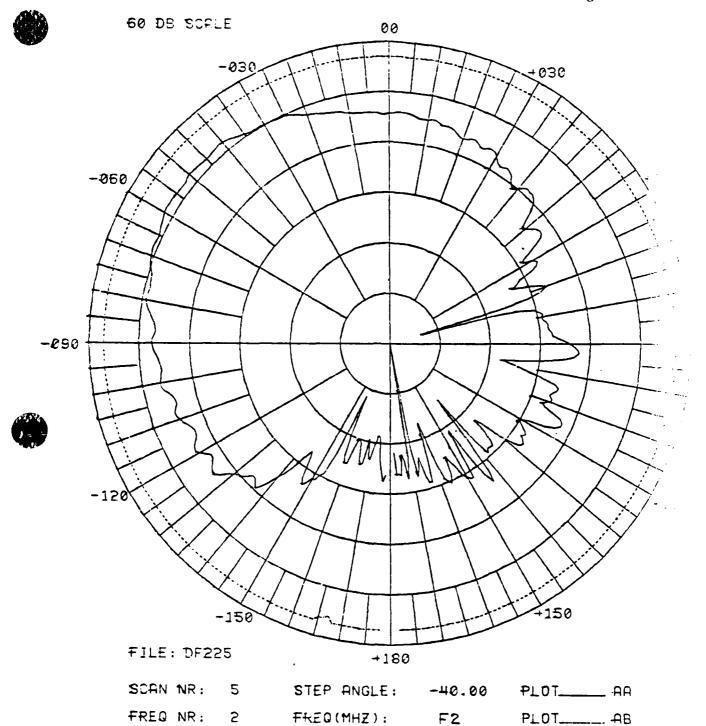
SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: +20.00 PLOT_____ AA
FRED NR: 2 FRED(MHZ): F2 PLOT_____ A5

CONFIGURATION 8

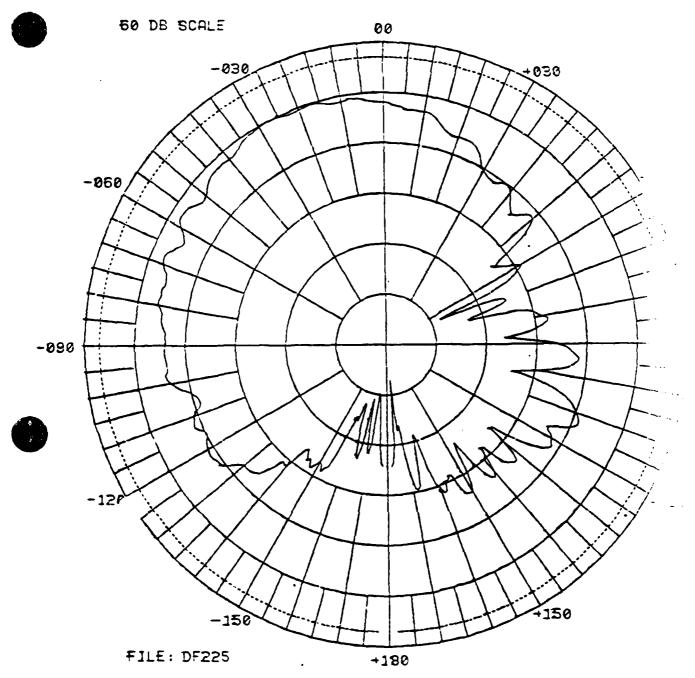


CONFIGURATION 8





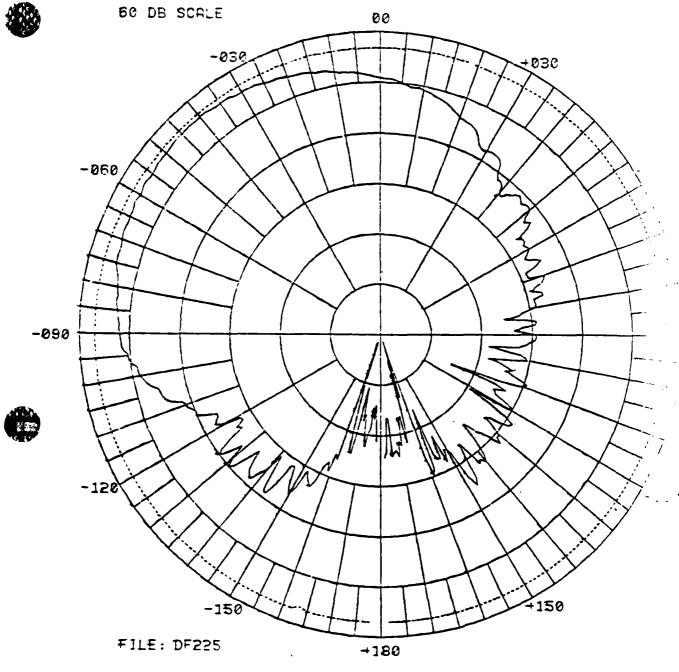
CONFIGURATION 8



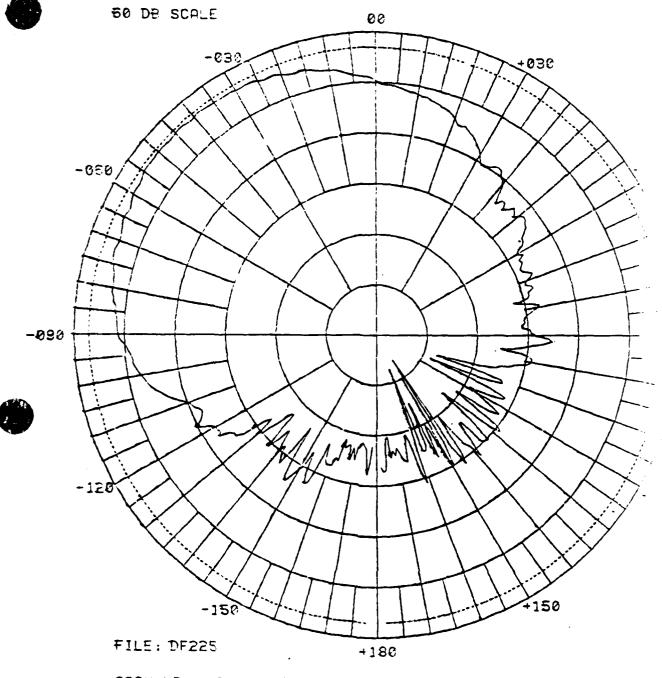
SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: -50.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F2 PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 8



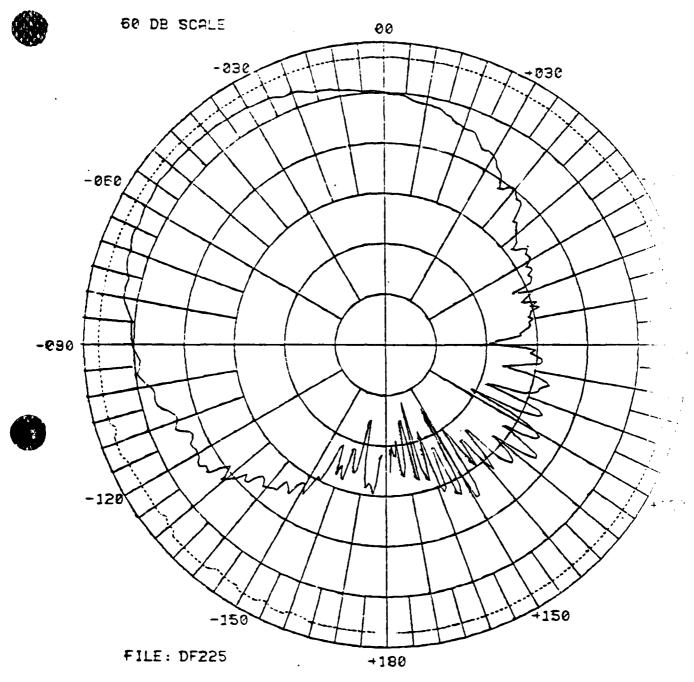
CONFIGURATION 8



SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3 PLOT_____ AB

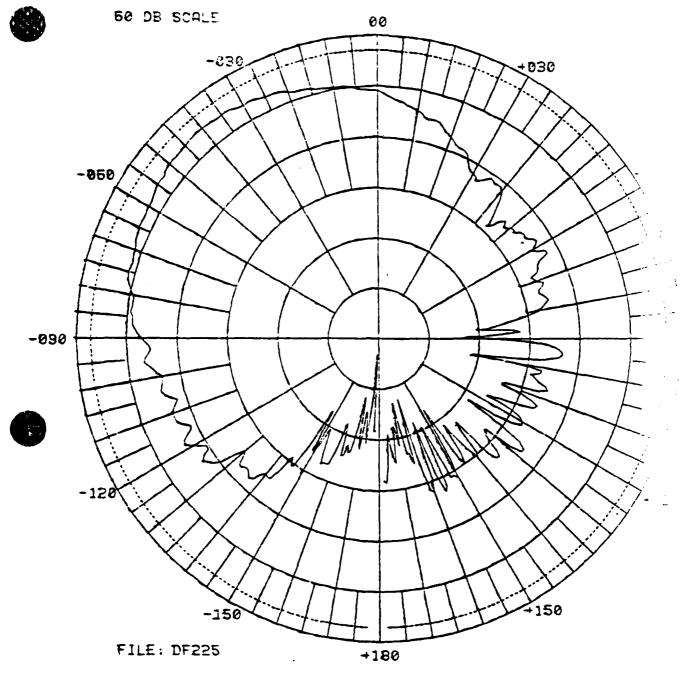
CONFIGURATION 8



SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: -20.00 PLDT____ AA

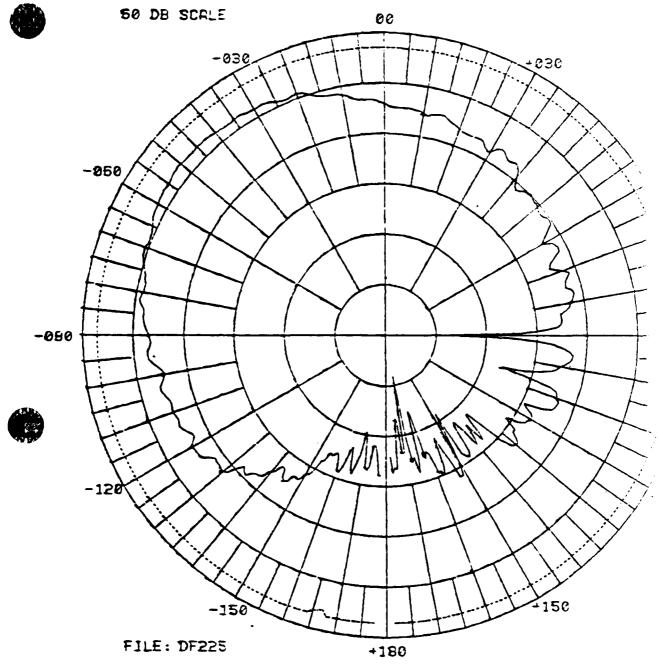
FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3 PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 8

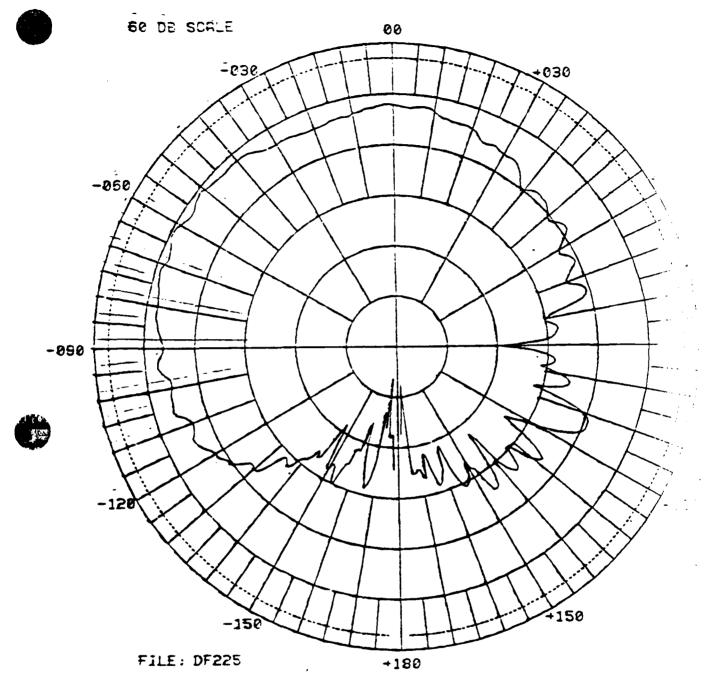


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: -30.00 PLOT____ AA
FREG NR: 3 FREG(MHZ): F3 PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 8



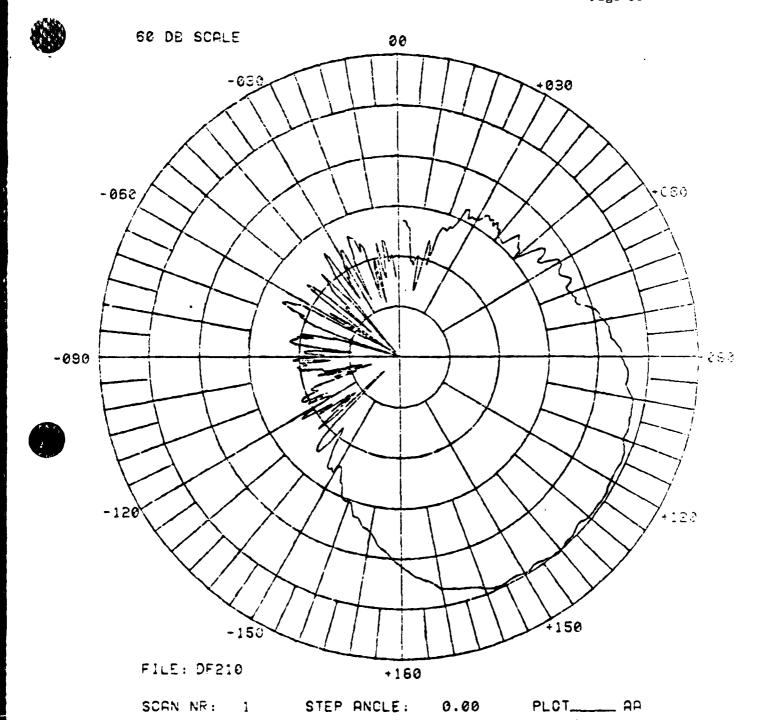
CONFIGURATION 8



SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: -50.00 PLOT AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3 PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 8



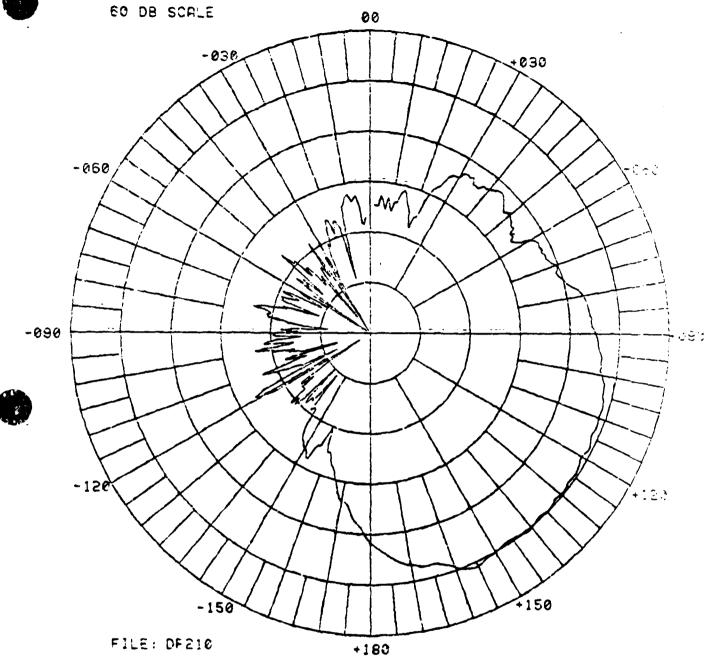
FREG(MHZ):

F1

CONFIGURATION 4

7 JUN 1984

FREG NR: 1



SCAN NR: 2

STEP ANGLE:

10.00

PLOT____ AA

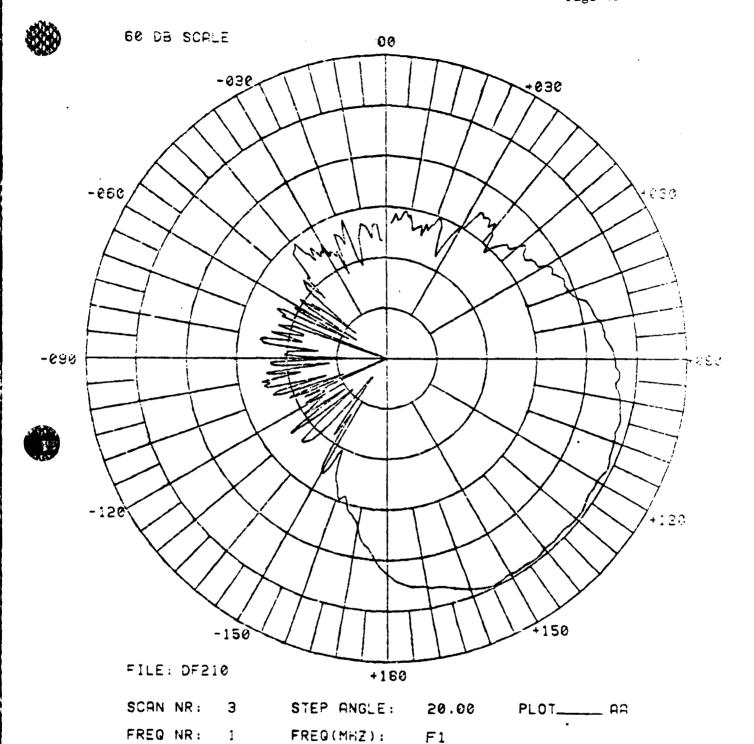
FREG NR: 1

FREG(MHZ):

F1

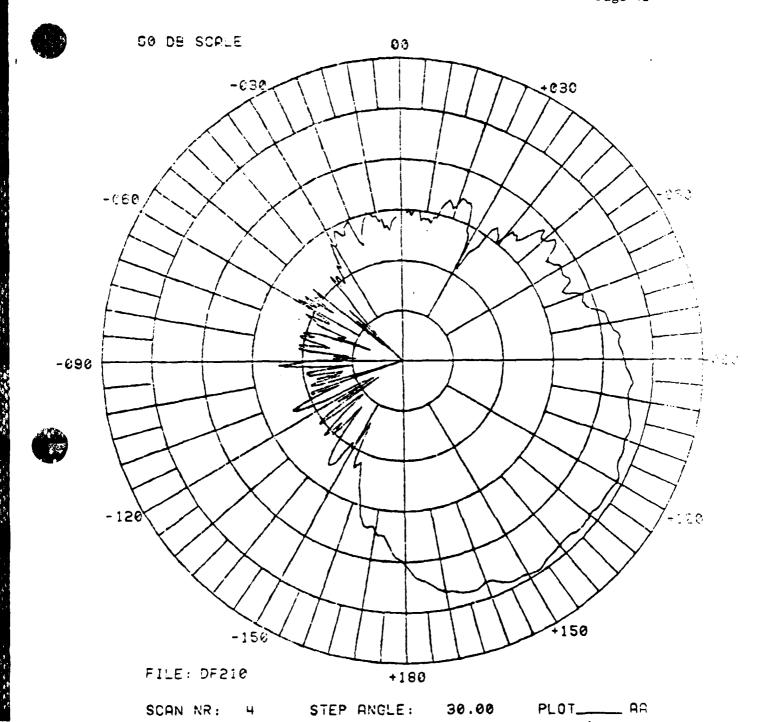
CONFIGURATION 4

7 JUN 1984



CONFIGURATION 4

7 JUN 1984



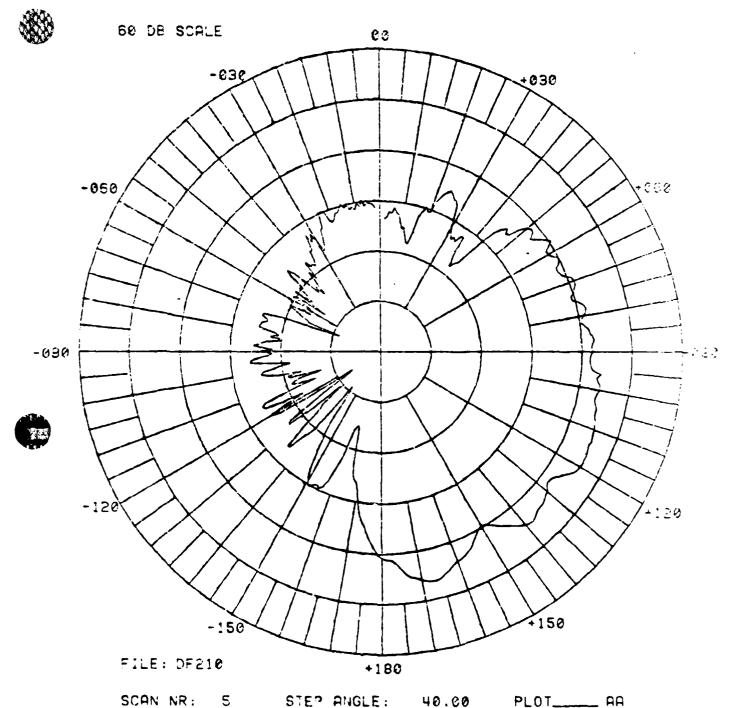
F1 .

COMFIGURATION 4

FREG NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ):

7 JUN 1984

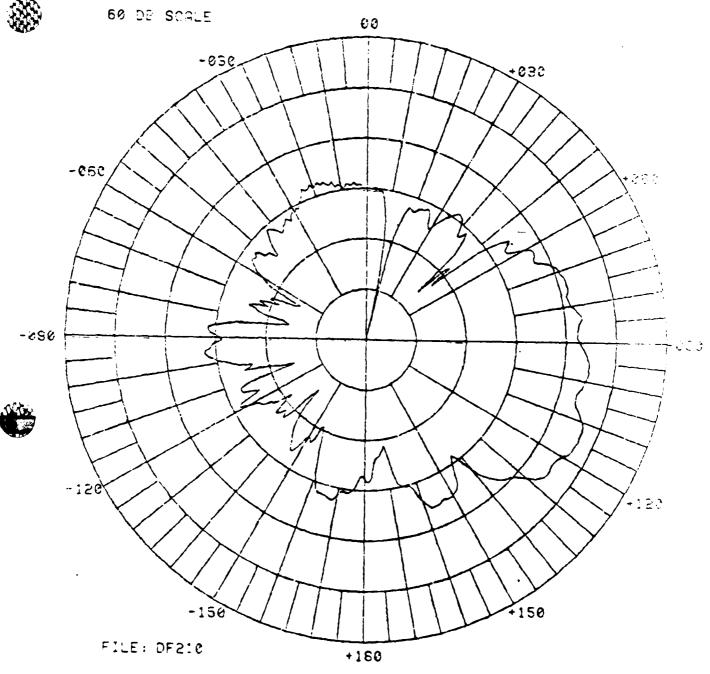




SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PL FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F1

COMFIGURATION 4

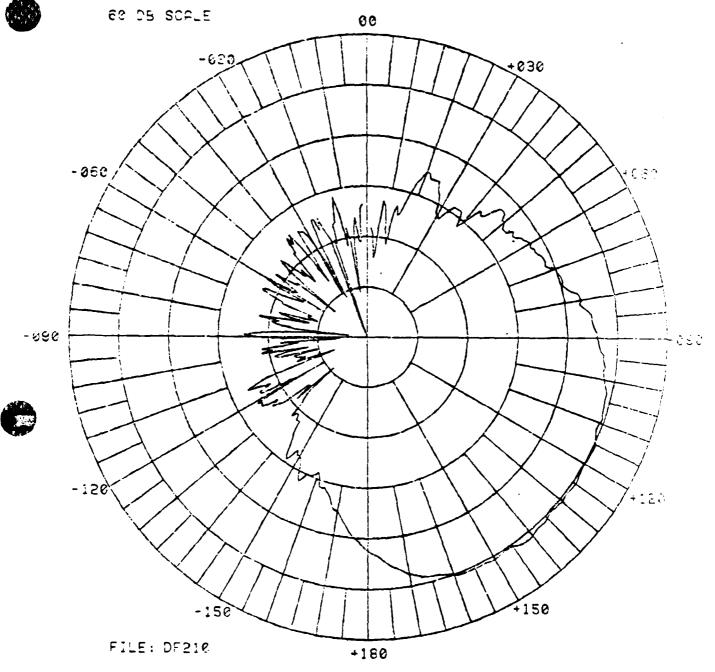




SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: 50.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(NHZ): F1

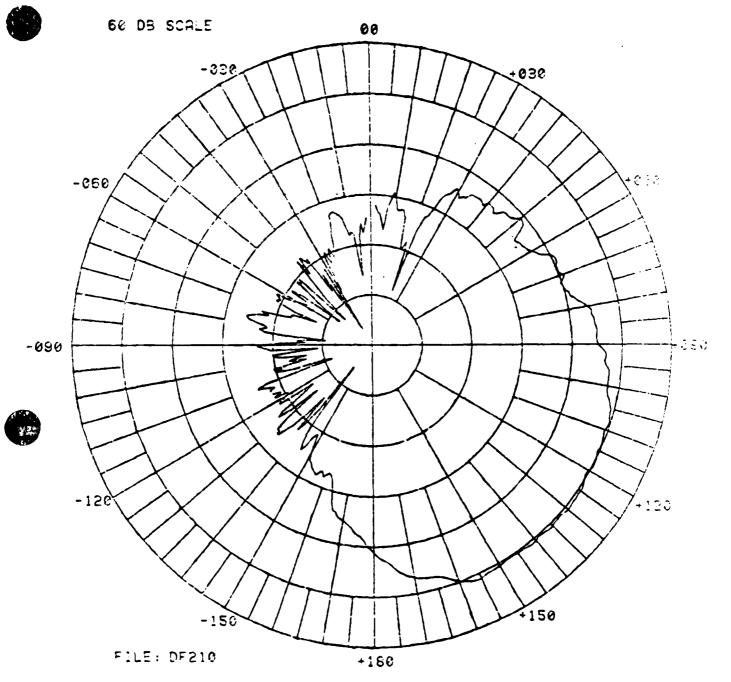
CONFIGURATION 4



SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): F2

CONFIGURATION 4



SCAN NR: 2

STEP ANGLE:

10.00

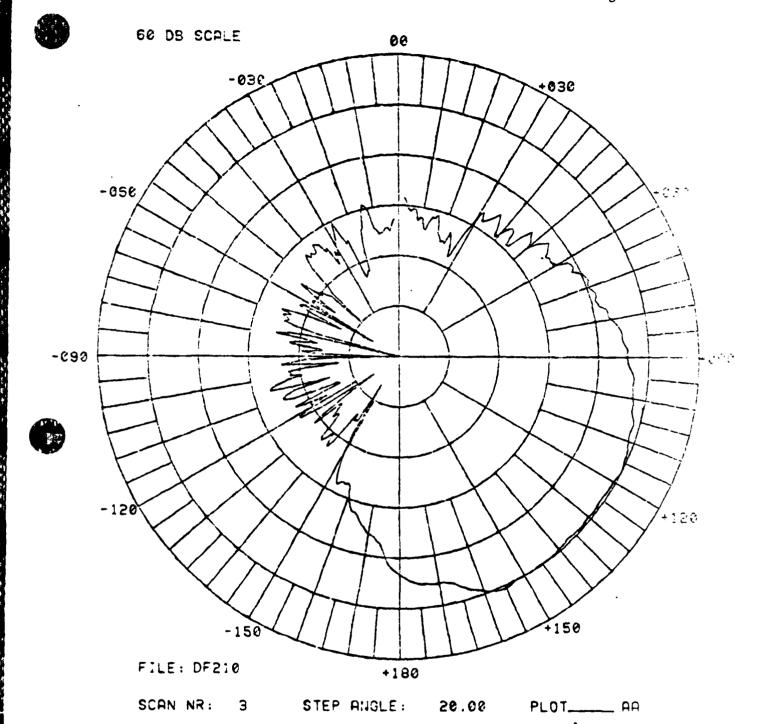
PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2

FREG(MHZ):

F2

CONFIGURATION 4



FREG(MHZ):

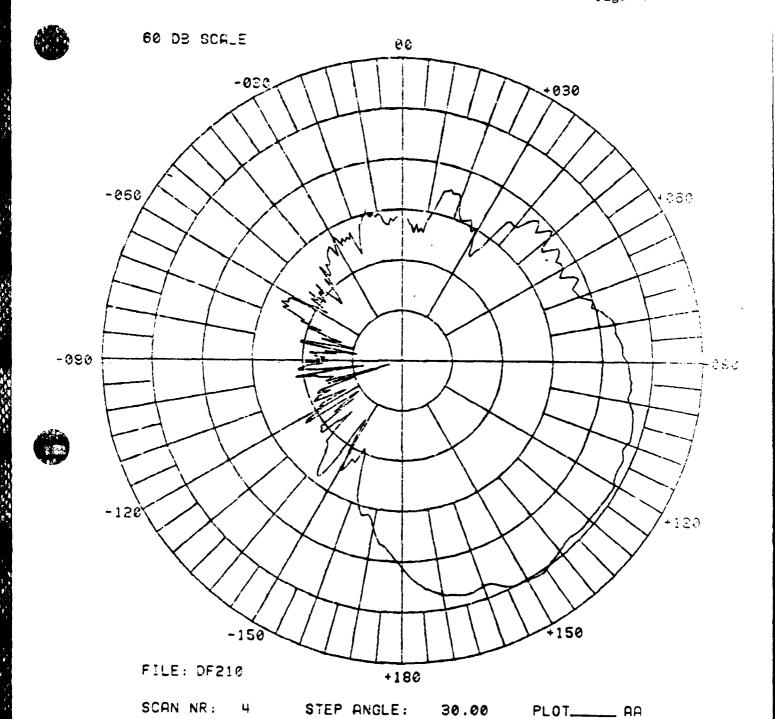
F2

CONFIGURATION 4

2

7 JUN 1984

FREQ NR:

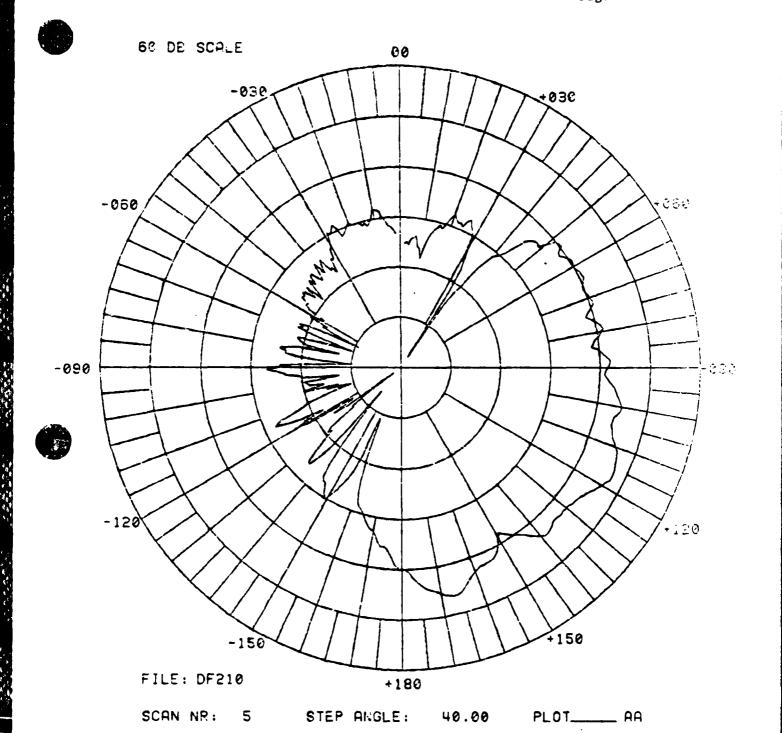


FREG(MHZ):

F2

CONFIGURATION 4

FREG NR: 2

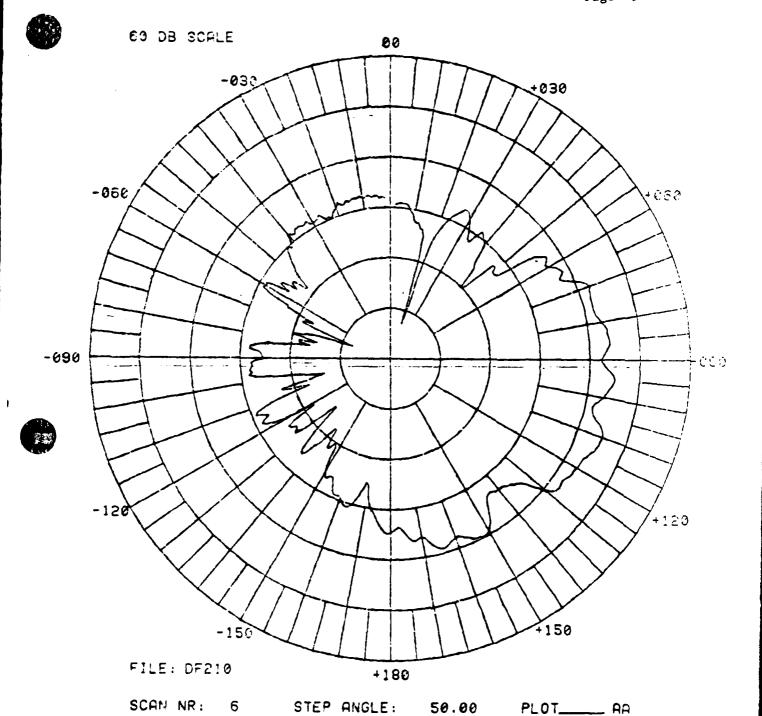


FREG(MHZ):

FZ

CONFIGURATION 4

FREG NR: 2



FREQ(MHZ):

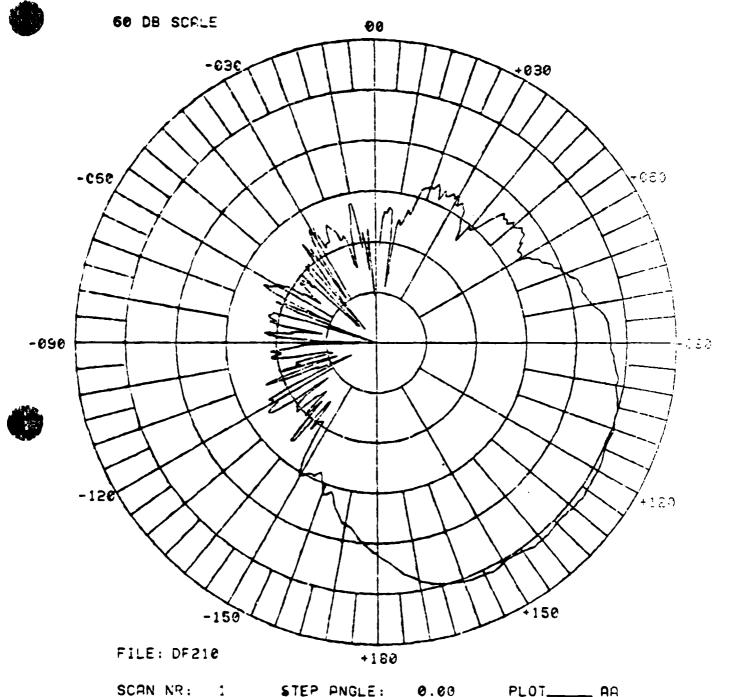
F 2

CONFIGURATION 4

5

7 JUN 1984

FREQ NR:



STEP PNGLE:

0.63

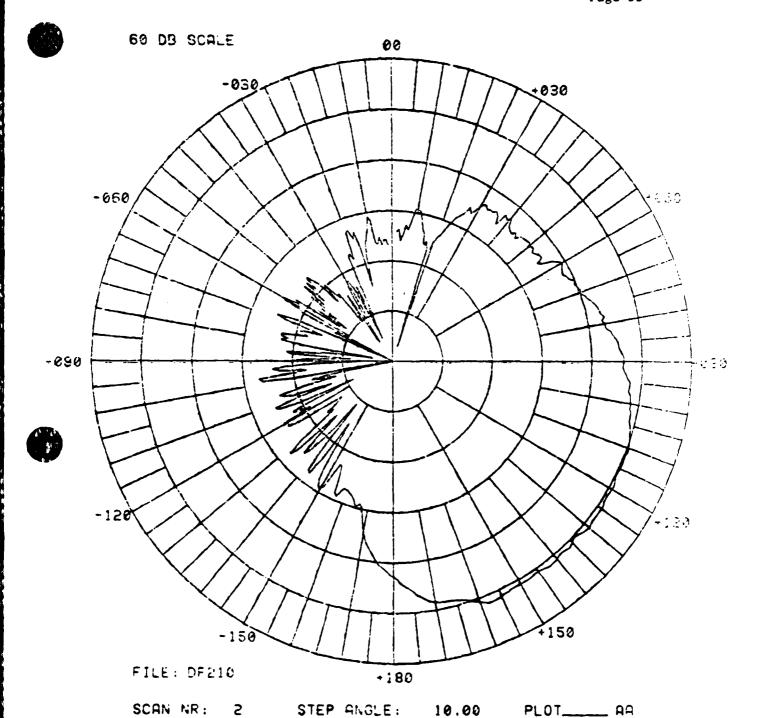
PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3

FREC(MHZ):

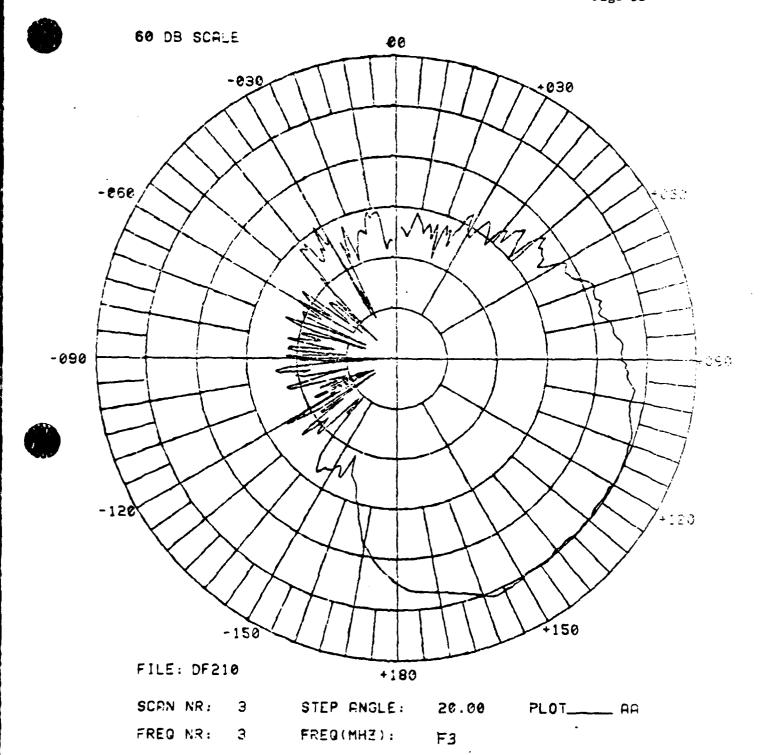
F3

CONFIGURATION 4

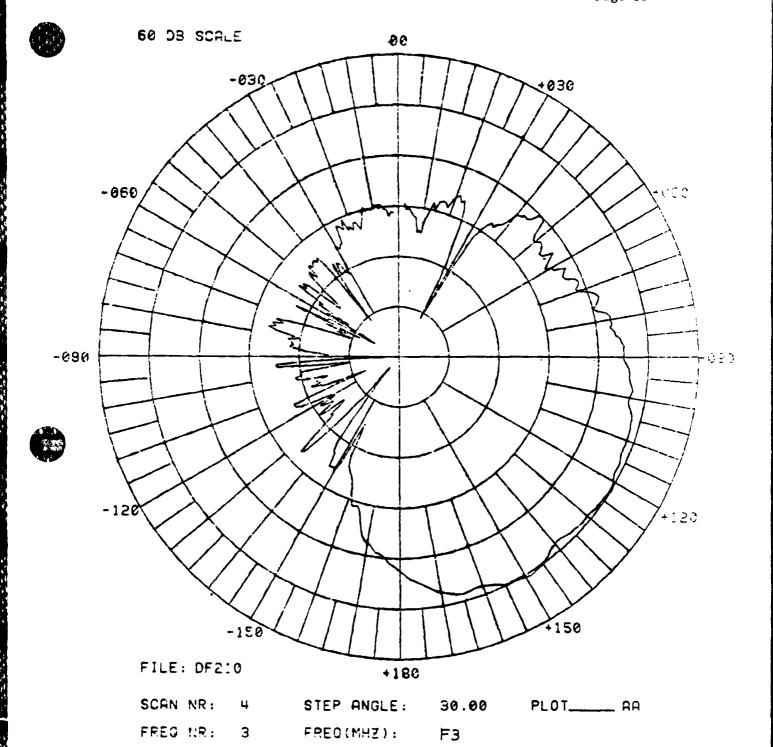


FREG NR: 3 FREG(MMZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 4

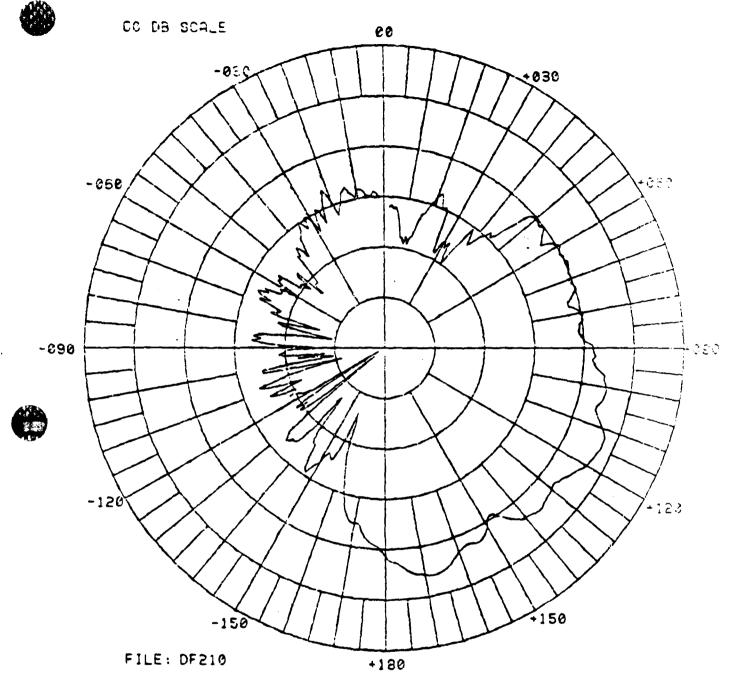


CONFIGURATION 4



CONFIGURATION 4

7 JUN 199-



SCAN NR: 5

STEP ANGLE:

40.00

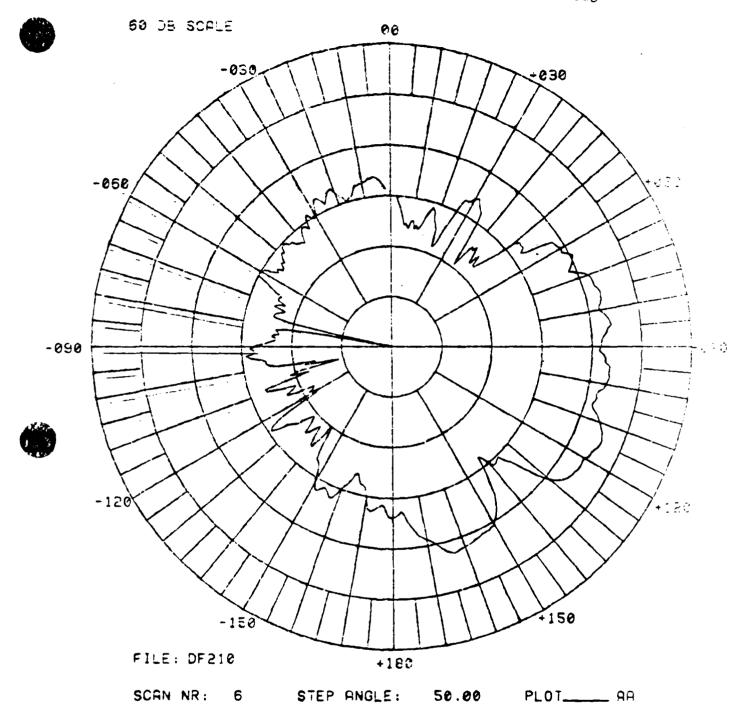
PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3

FREQ(MHZ):

F3

CONFIGURATION 4



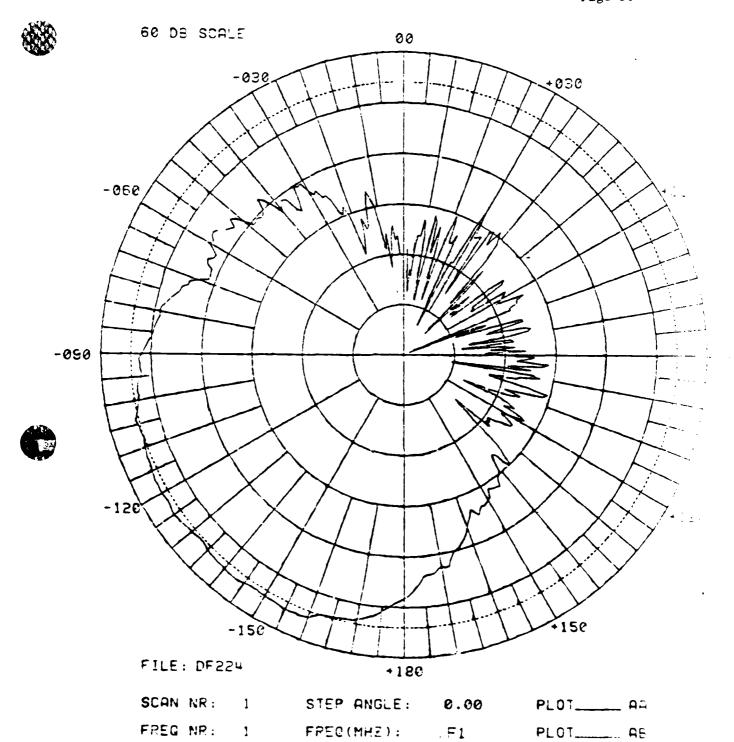
FREQ(MHZ): F3

3

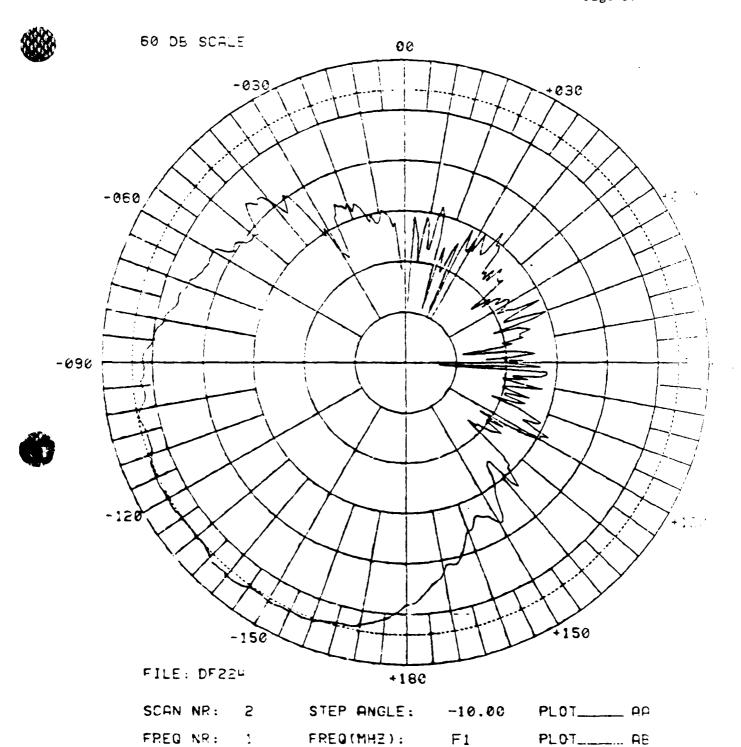
7 JUN 1984

CONFIGURATION 4

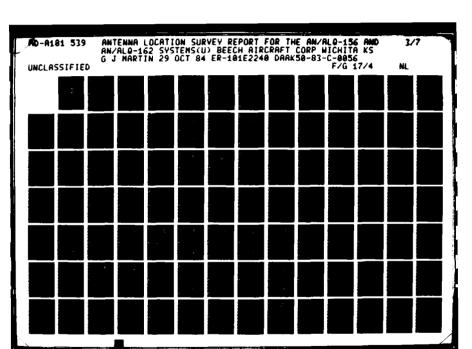
FREQ NR:



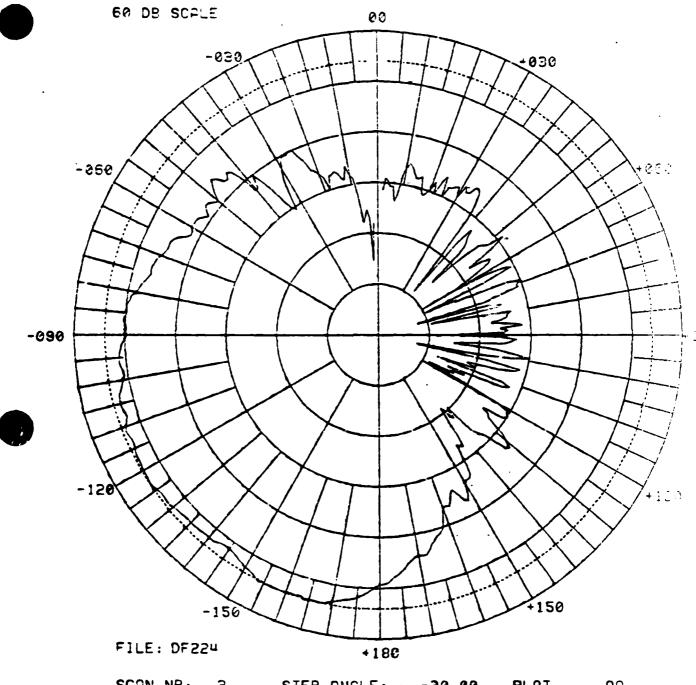








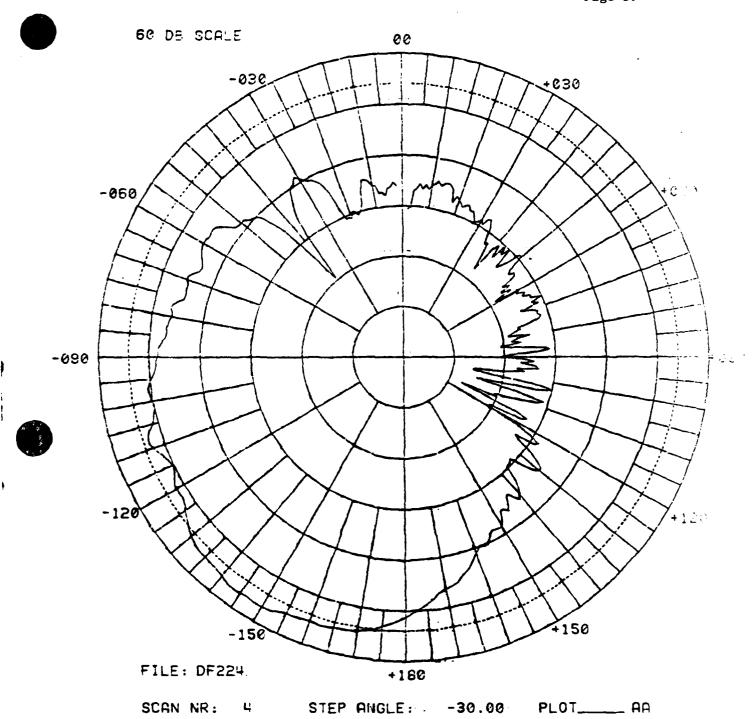




SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: -20.00 PLOT____ AA

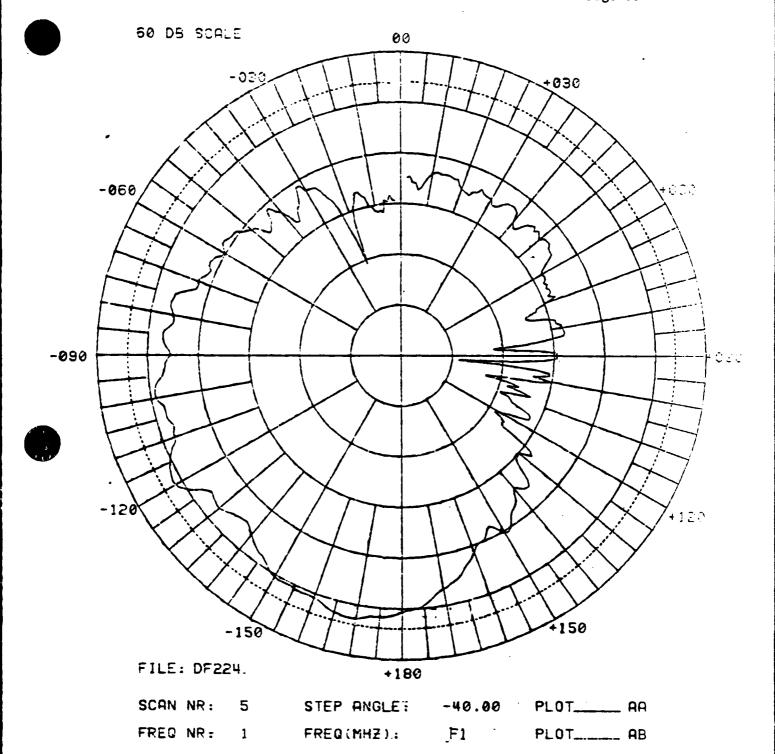
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F1 PLOT_____ AB

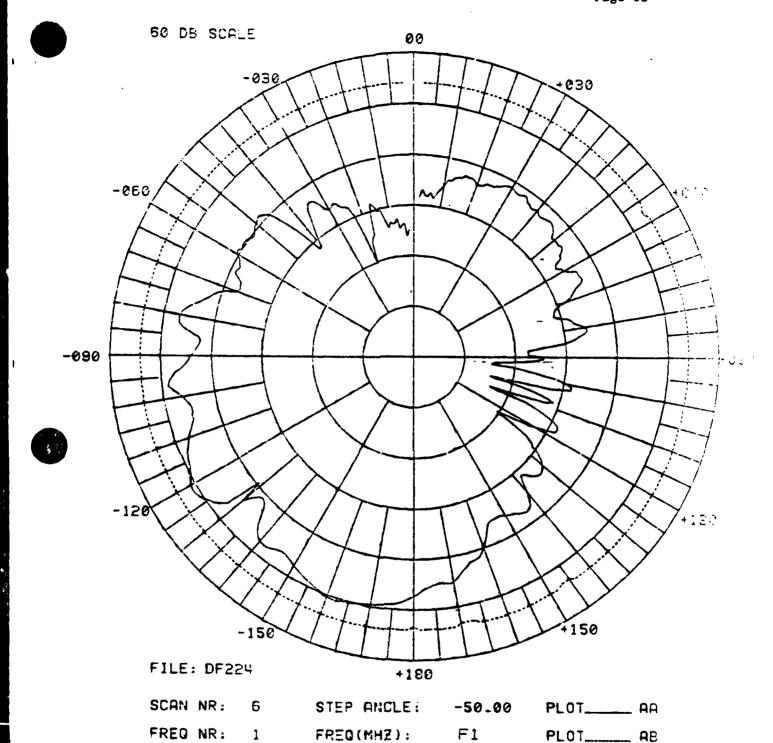
PLOT____ AB



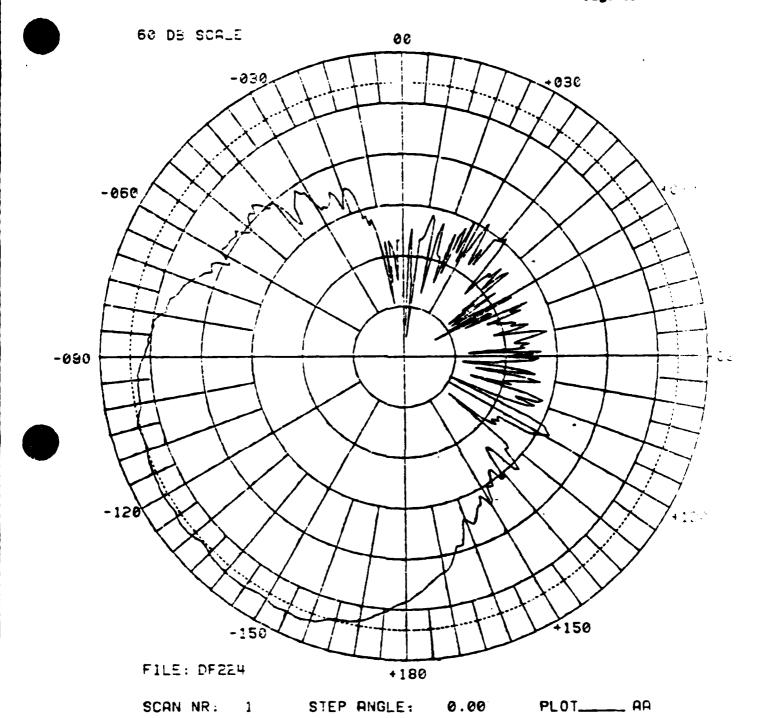
3 JUL 1984 CONF 7

FREQ NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F1



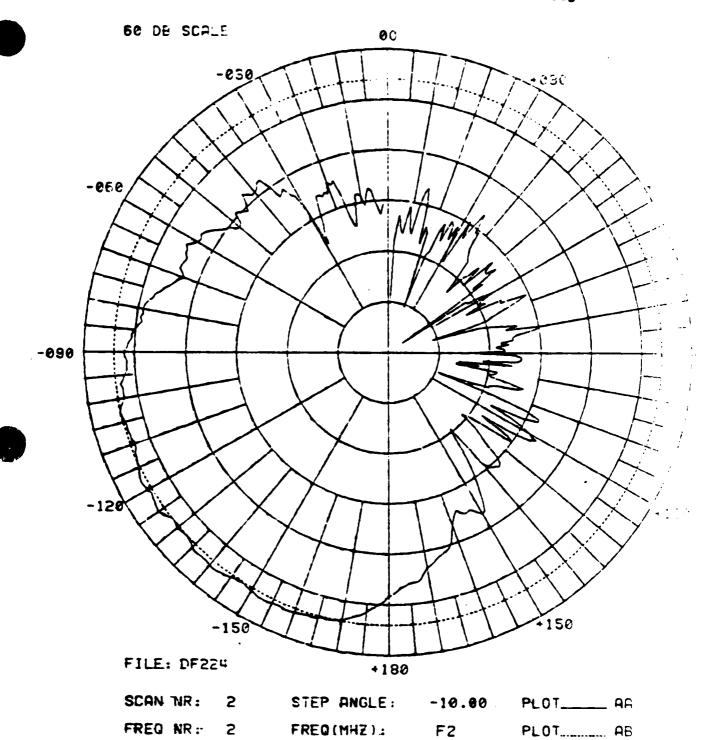


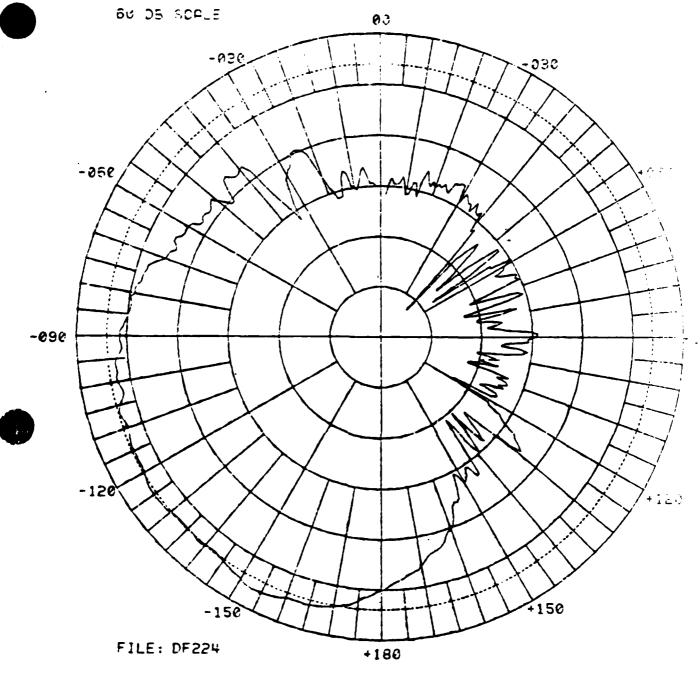
PLOT____ AB



3 JUL 1884 CONF 7

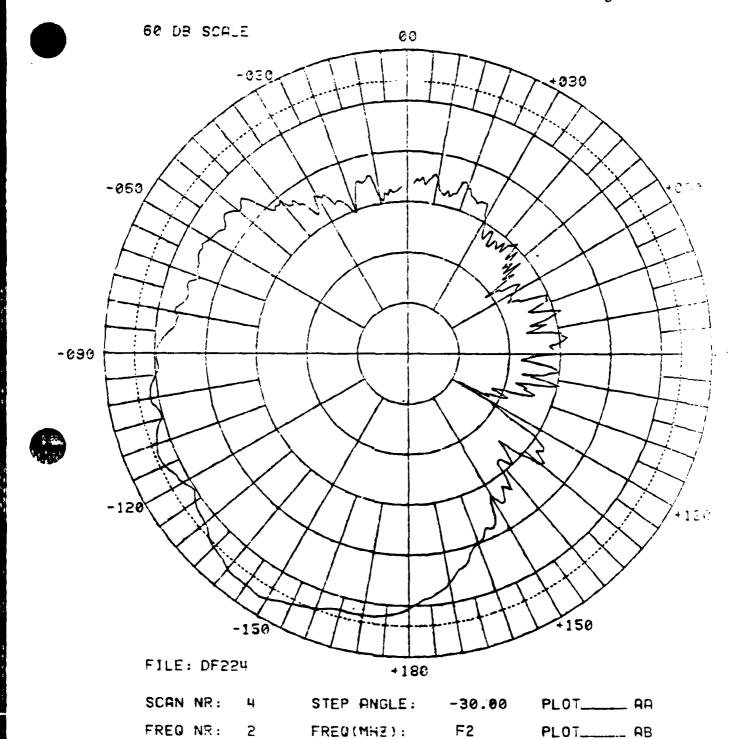
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHE): F2

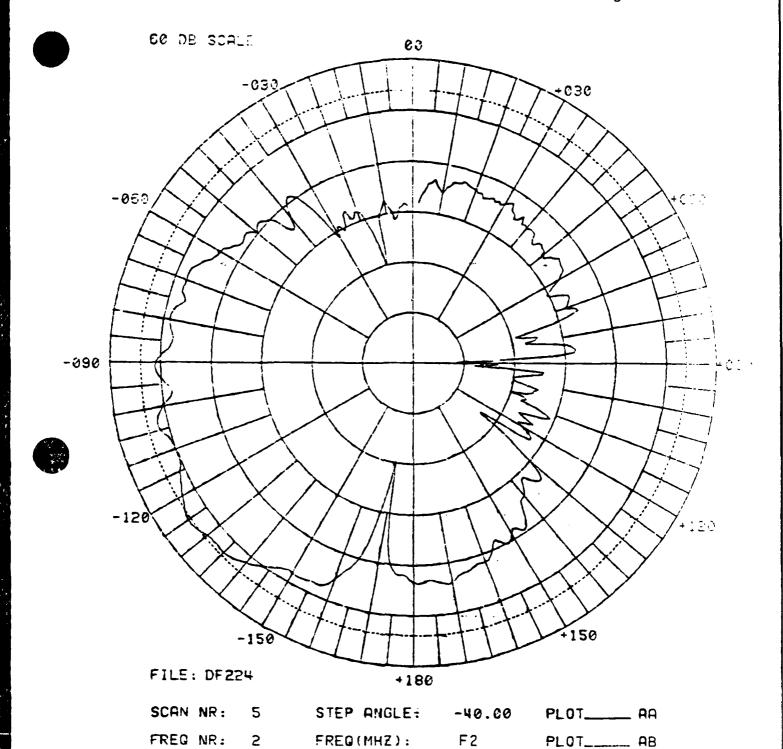




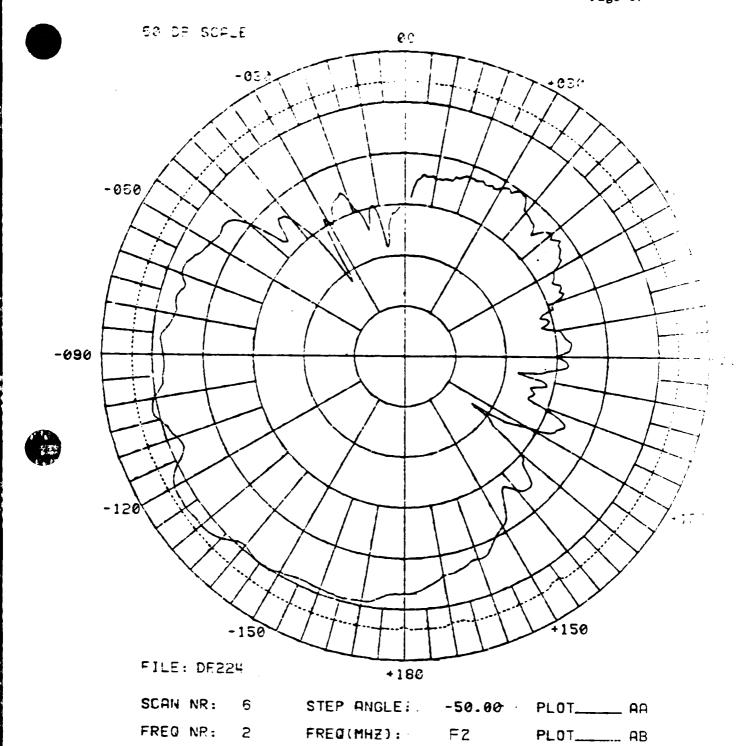
SCAN NR: 3 STEP RIGLE: -20.00 PLOT____ AA

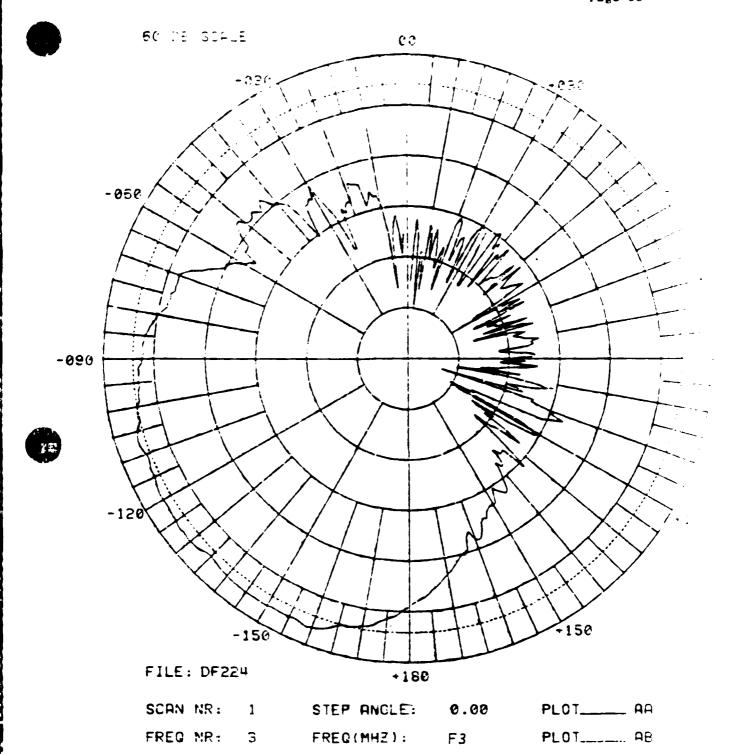
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F2 PLOT_____AB



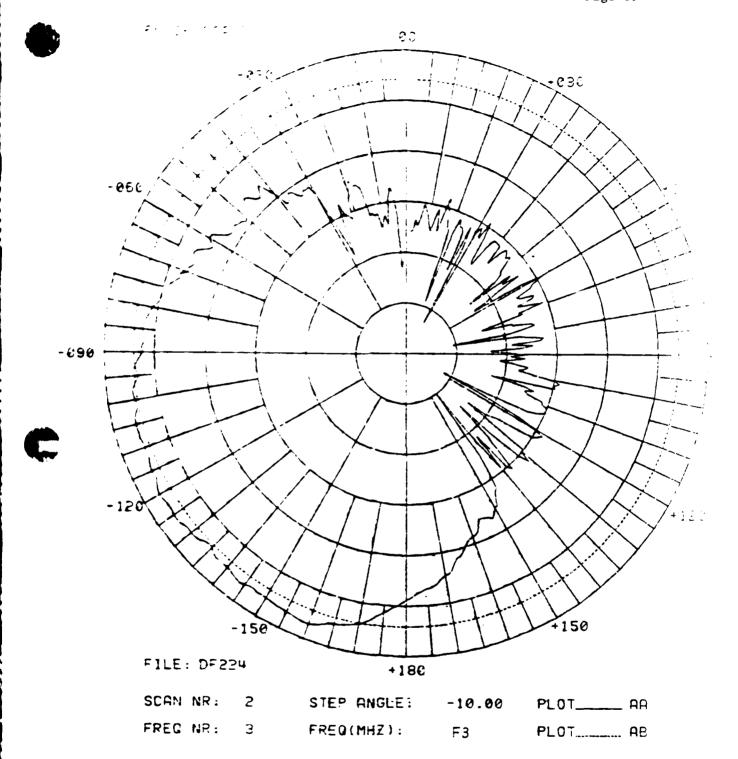


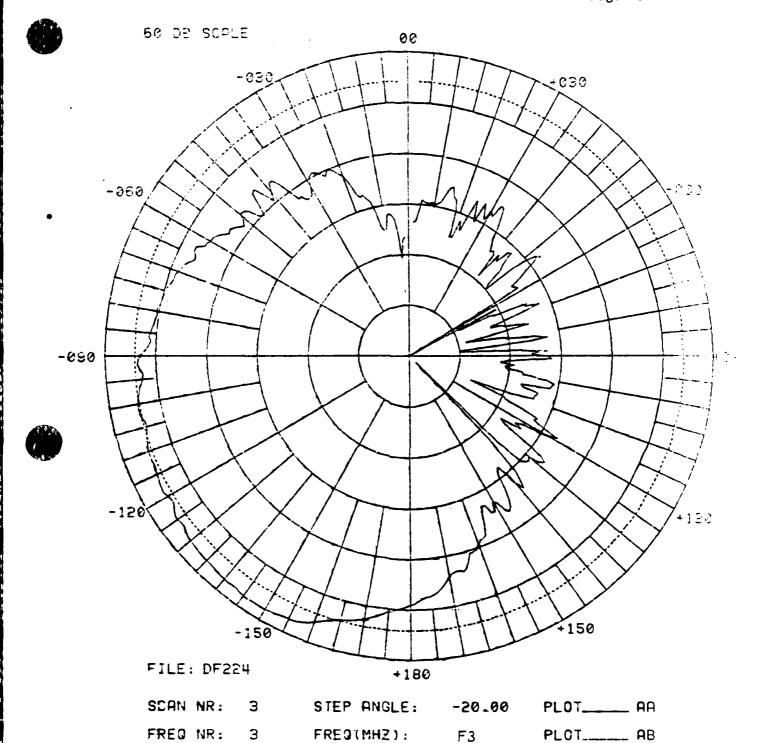


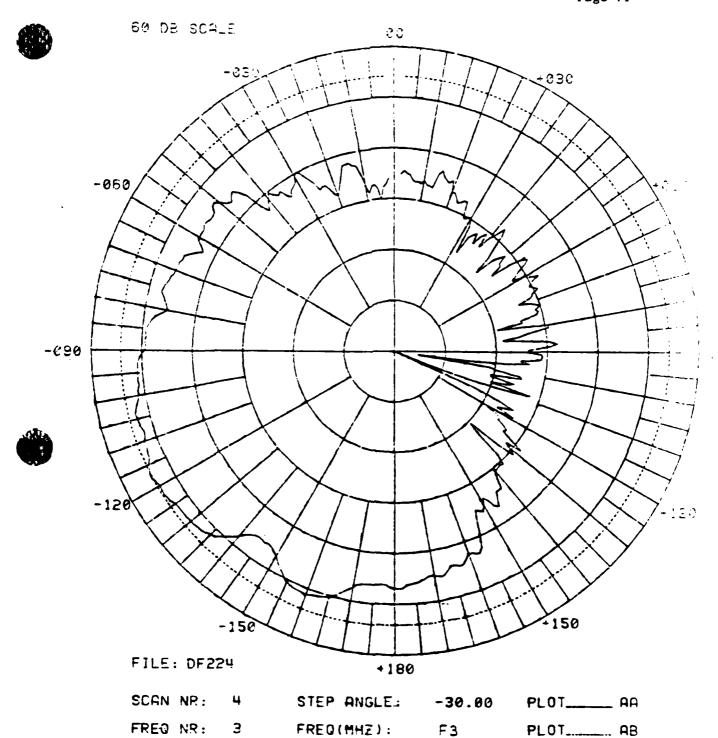


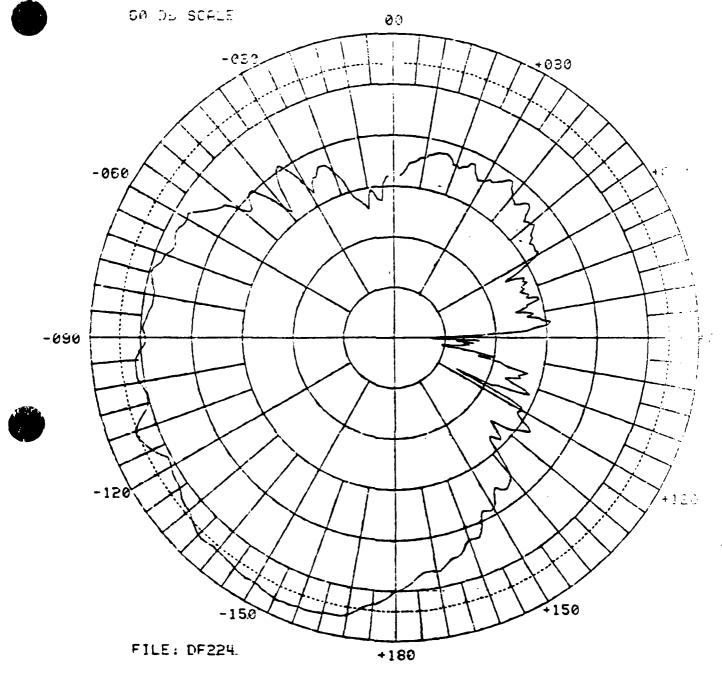




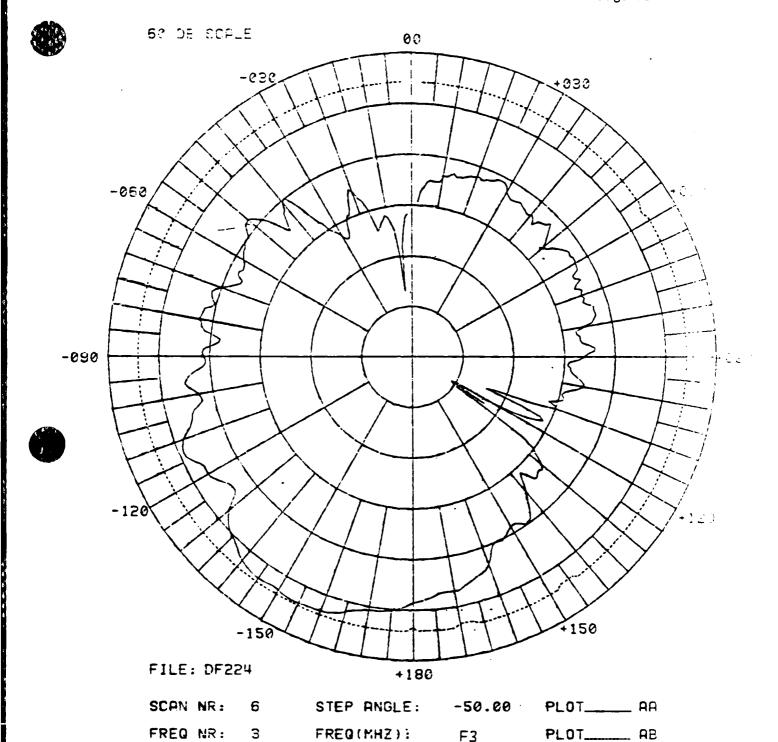








SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: -40.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3 PLOT____ AB



FREQ NR: 3

Engineering Report



Appendix 4 contains AN/ALQ-162 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in rectangular plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F4, F5, and F6 and elevations of $+40^{\circ}$ through -40° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

DF202 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere

DF203 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

DF226 - Forward antenna, lower hemisphere

DF227 -- Forward antenna, lower hemisphere horizon

DF241 -- Aft antenna, upper hemisphere

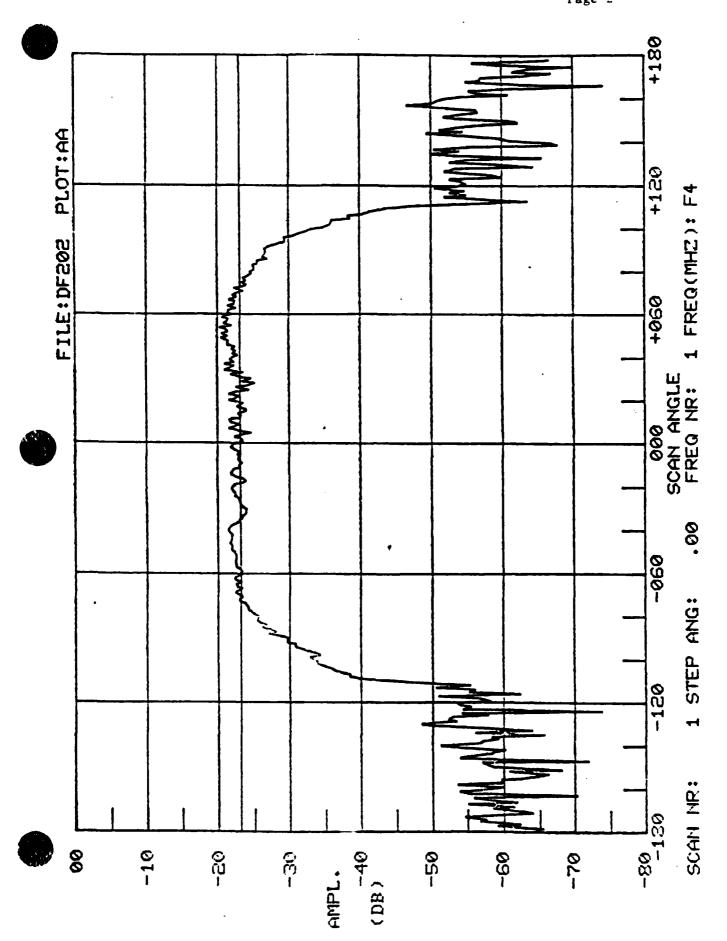
DF242 -- Aft antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

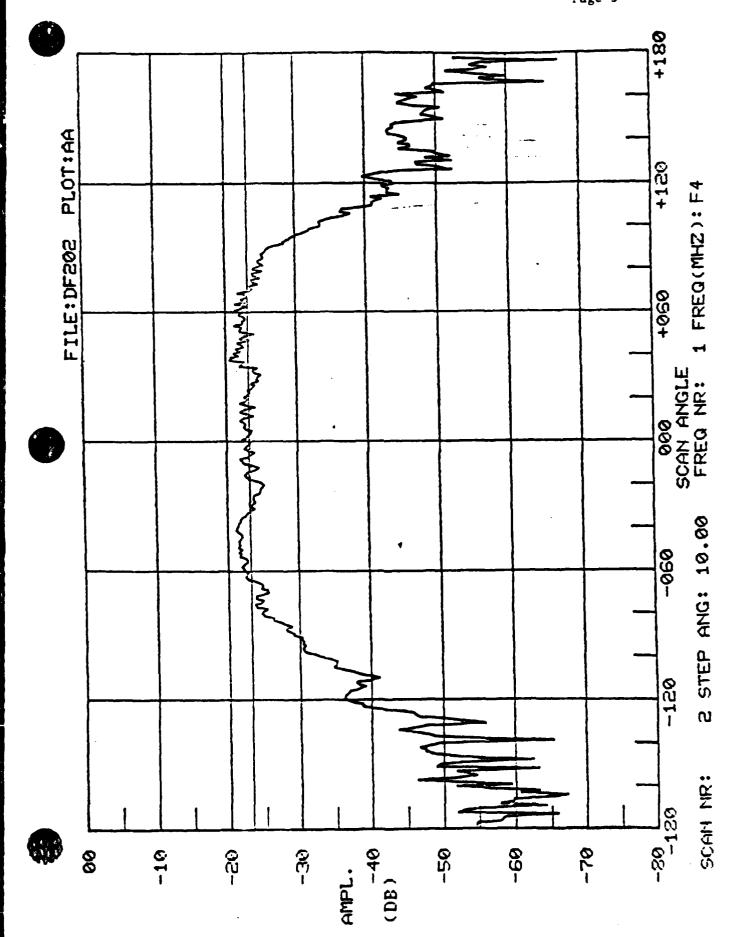
DF222 - Aft antenna, lower hemisphere

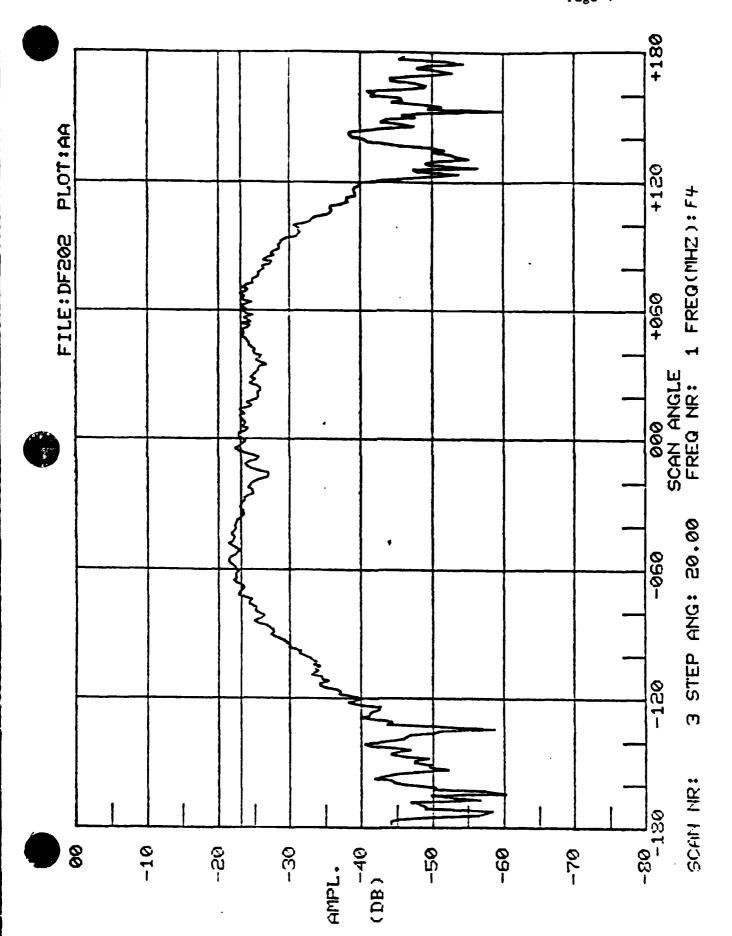
DF223 -- Aft antenna, lower hemisphere horizon.

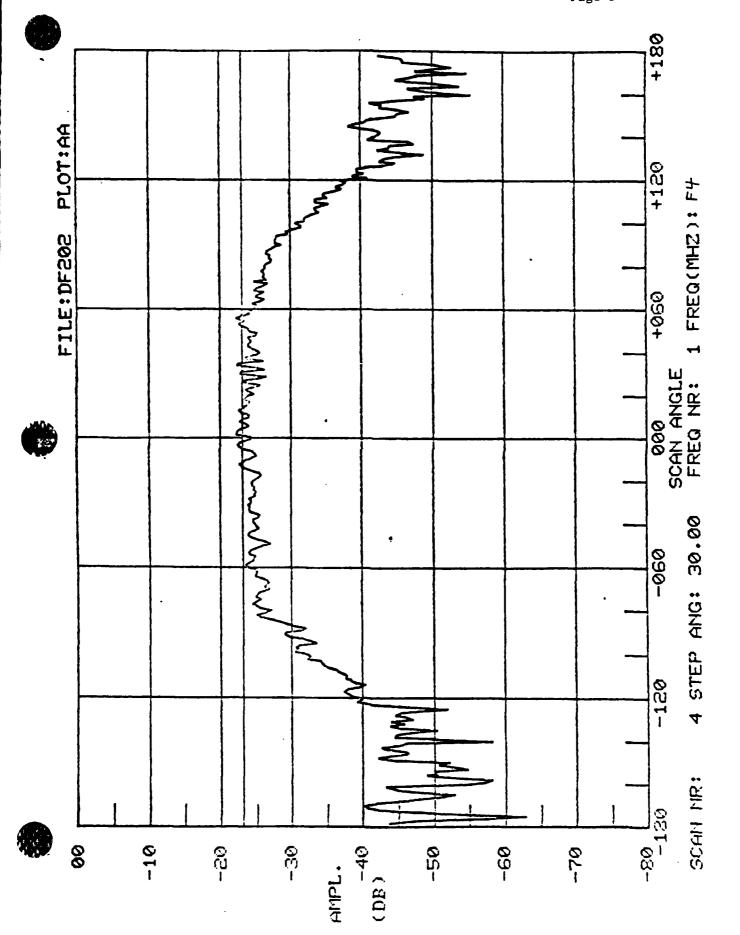


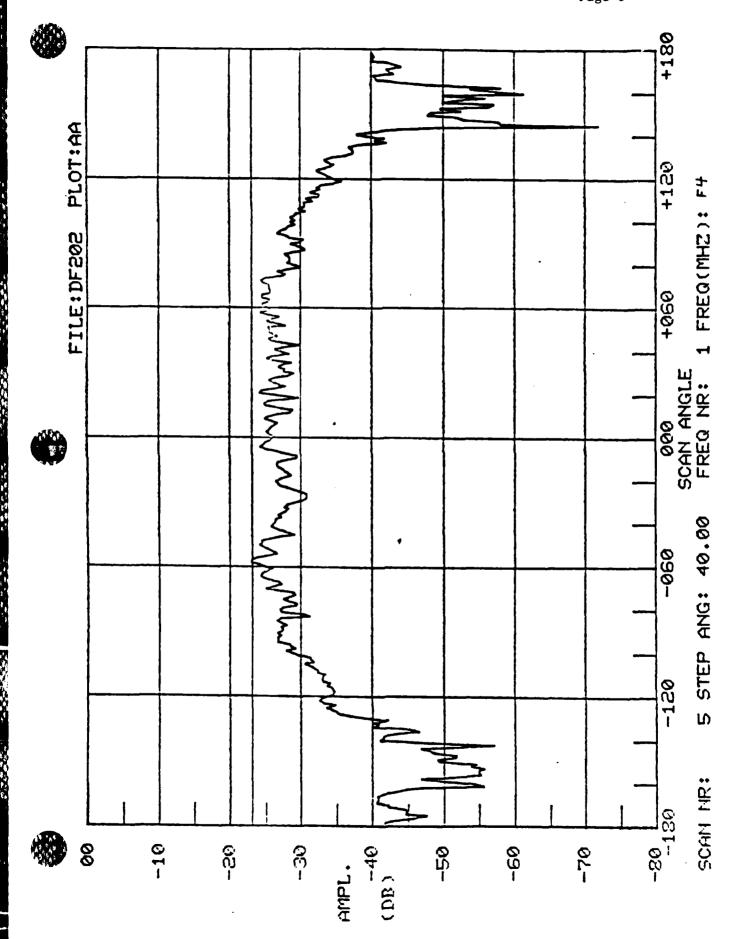




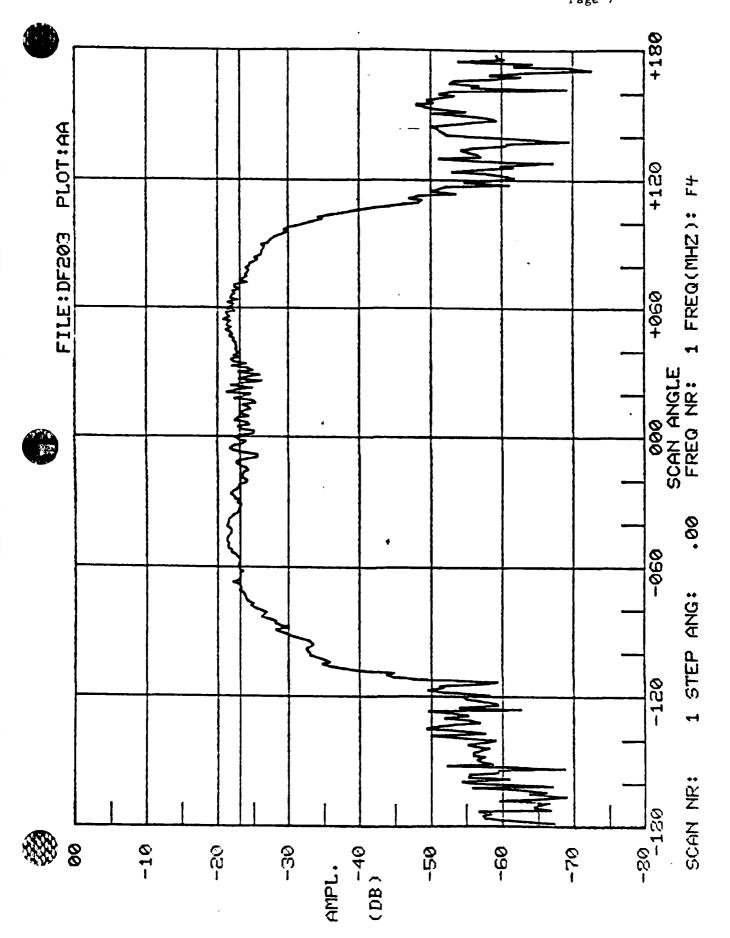


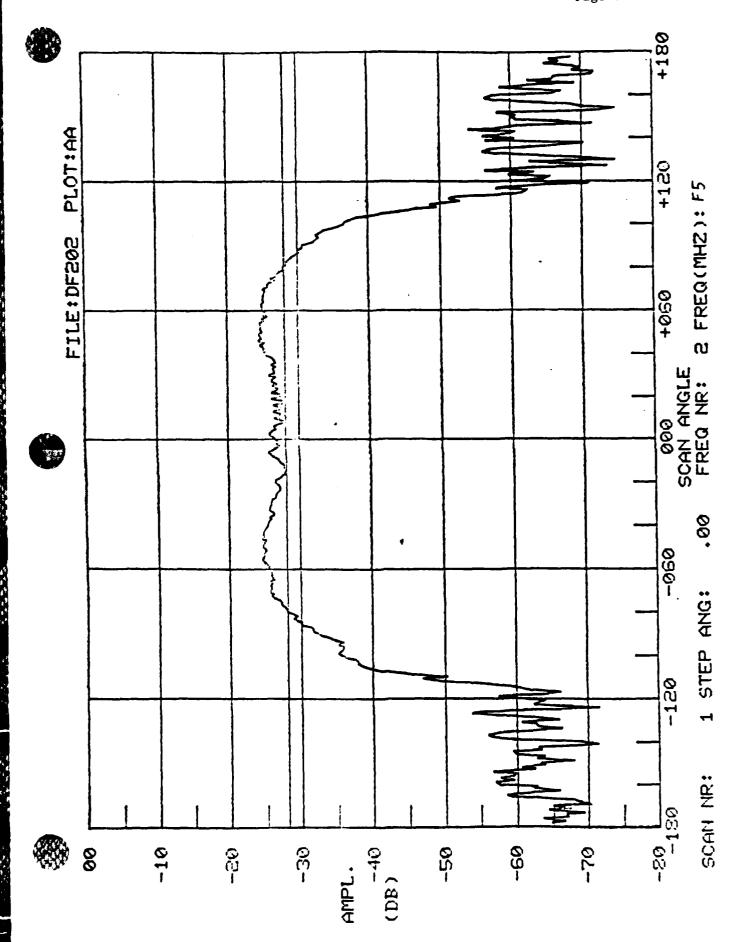




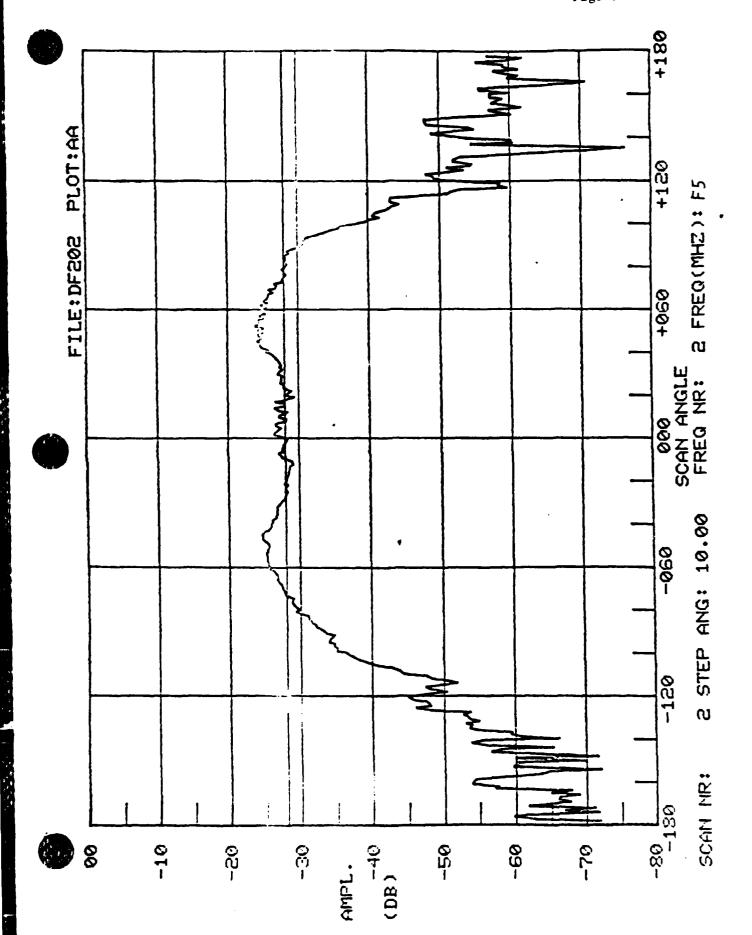


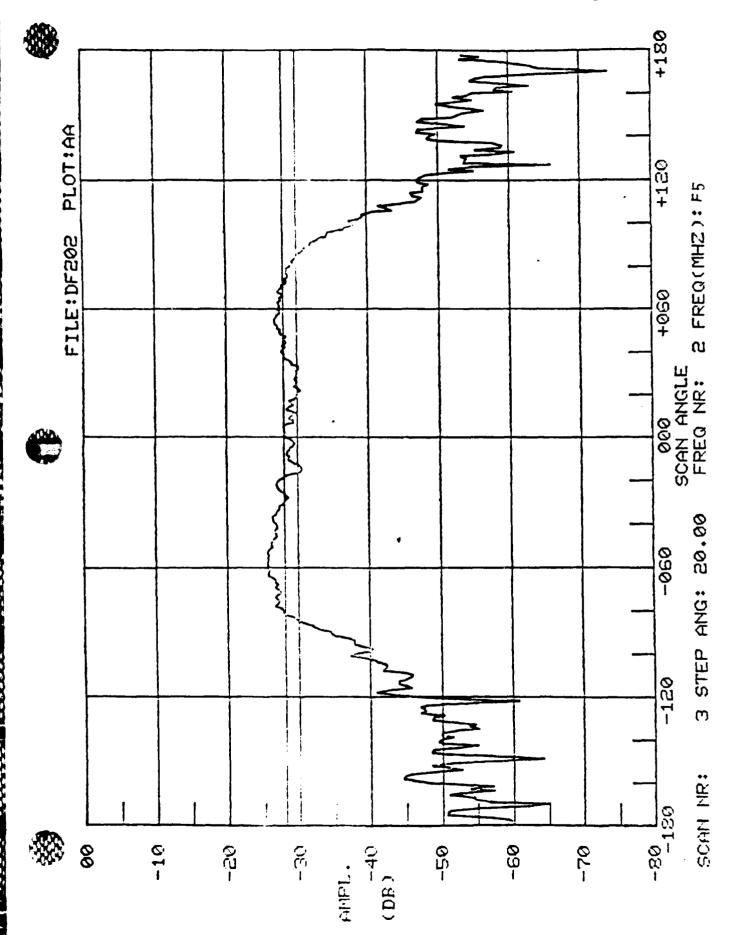
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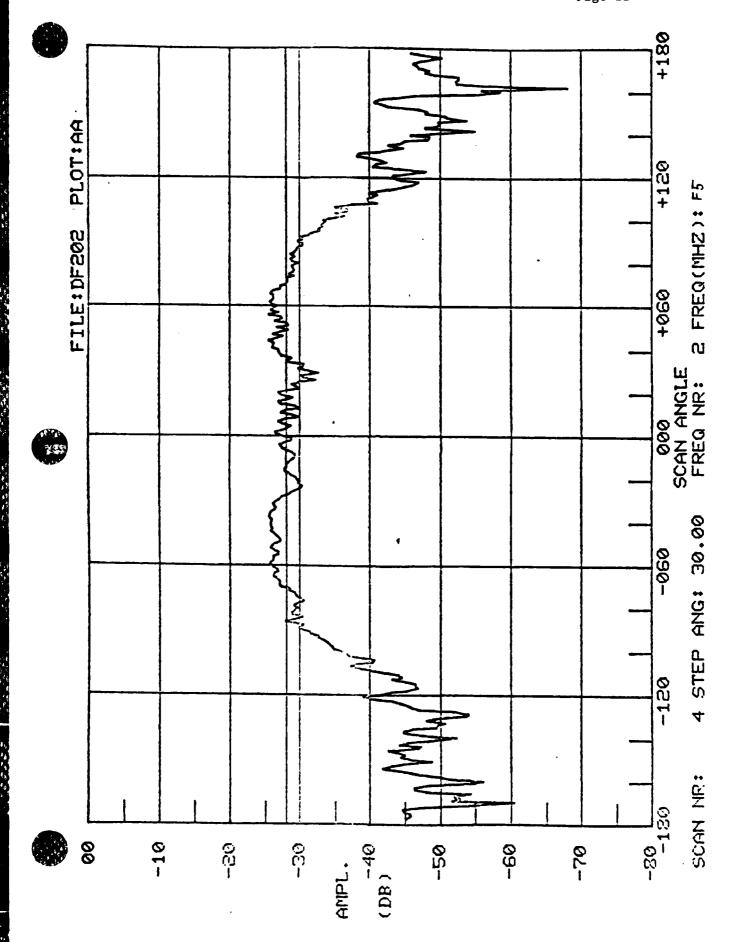


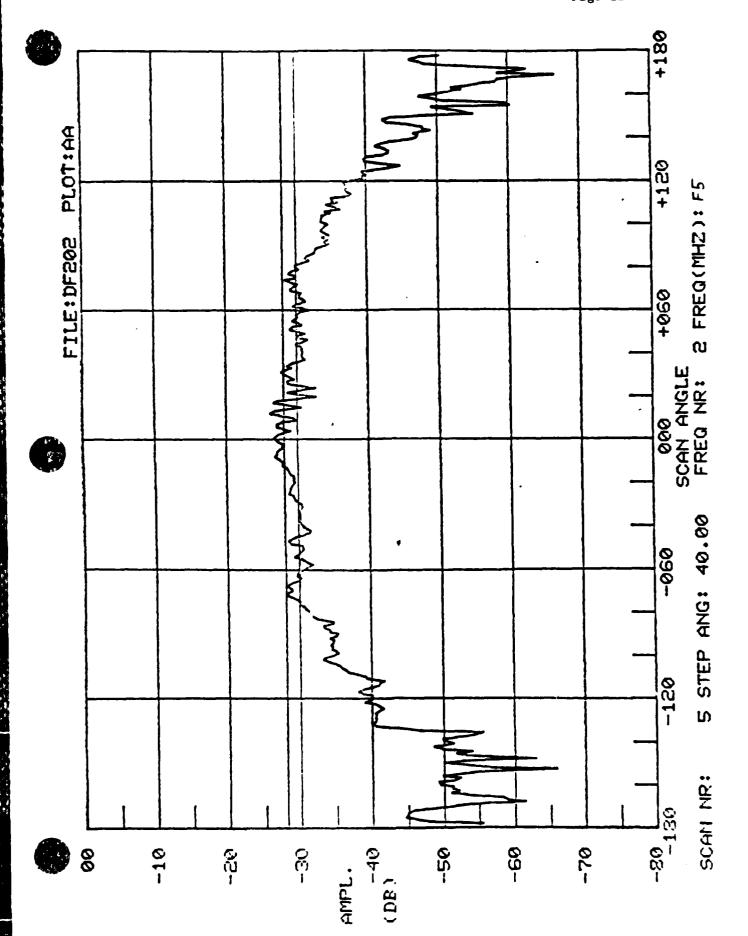


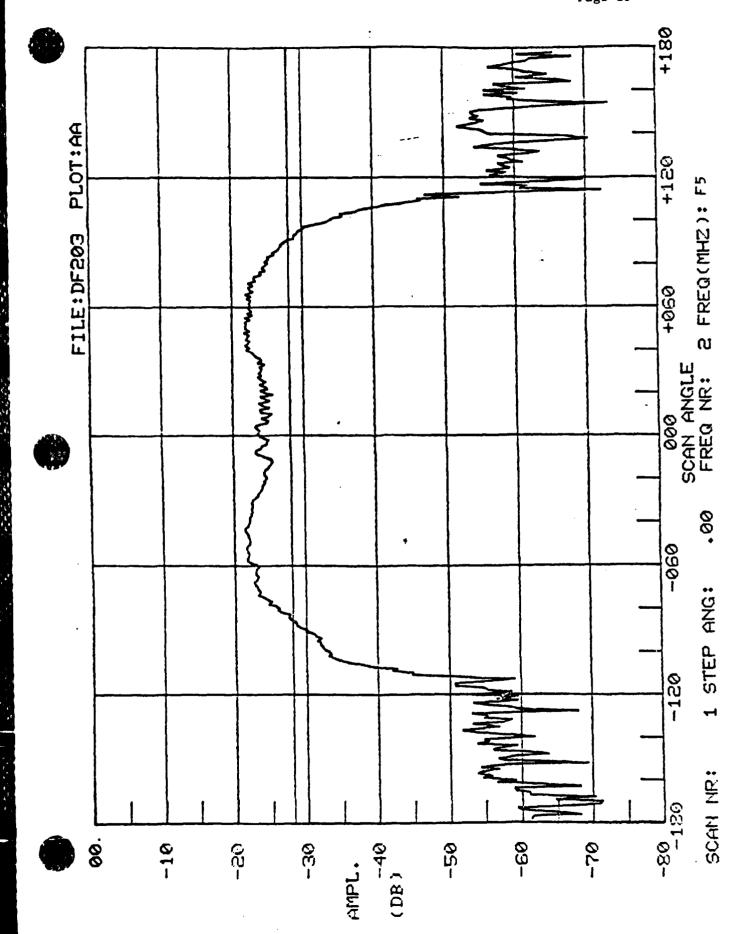
and control of the transfer of the state of

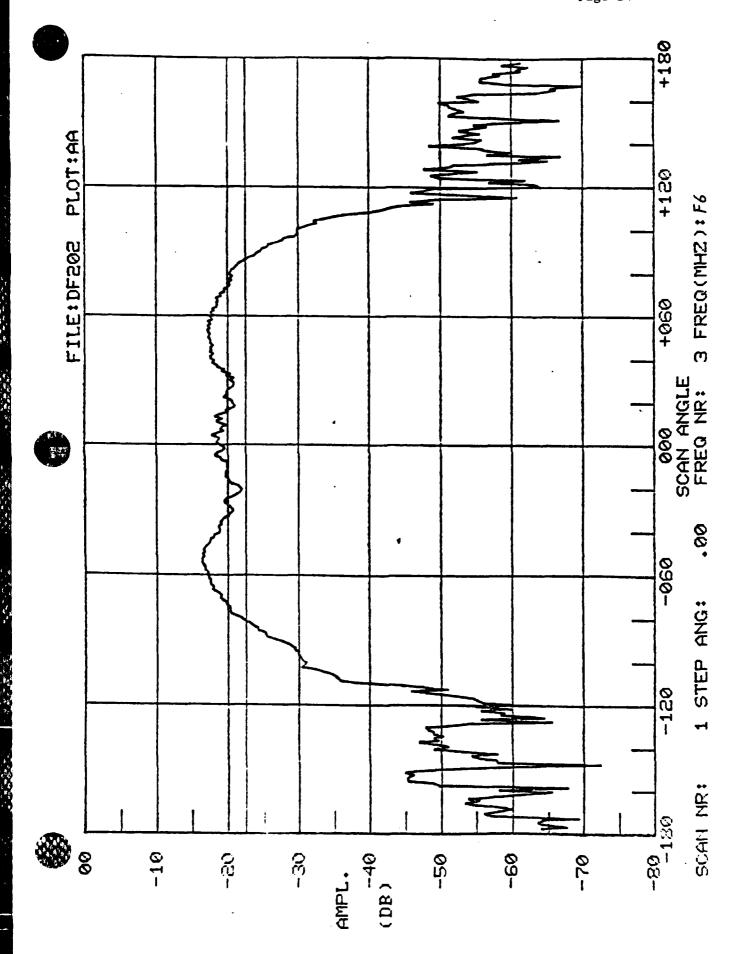


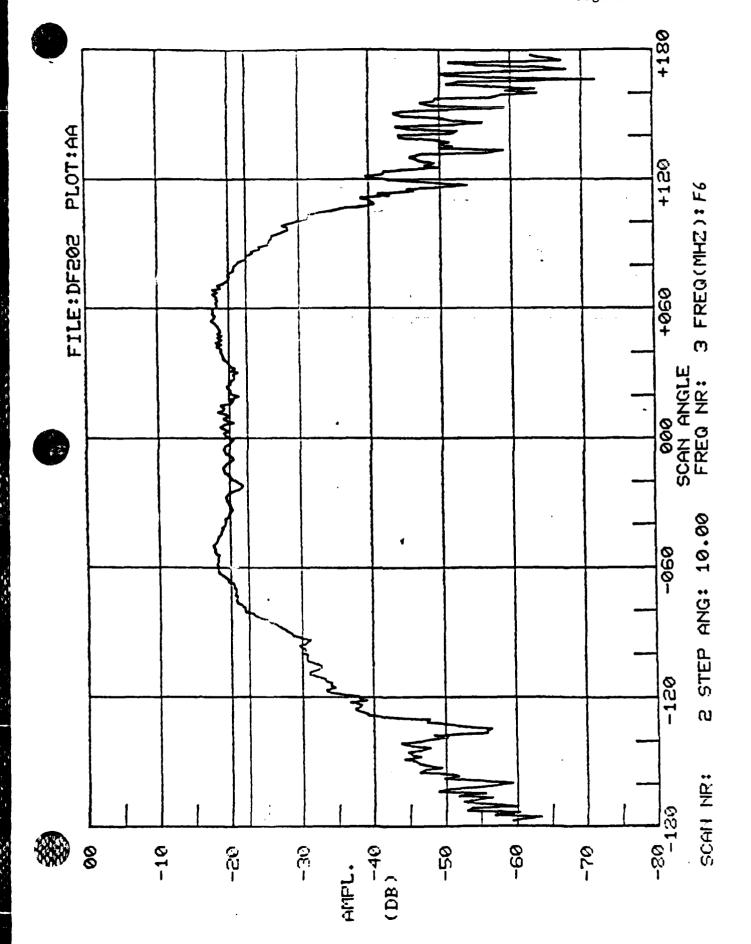


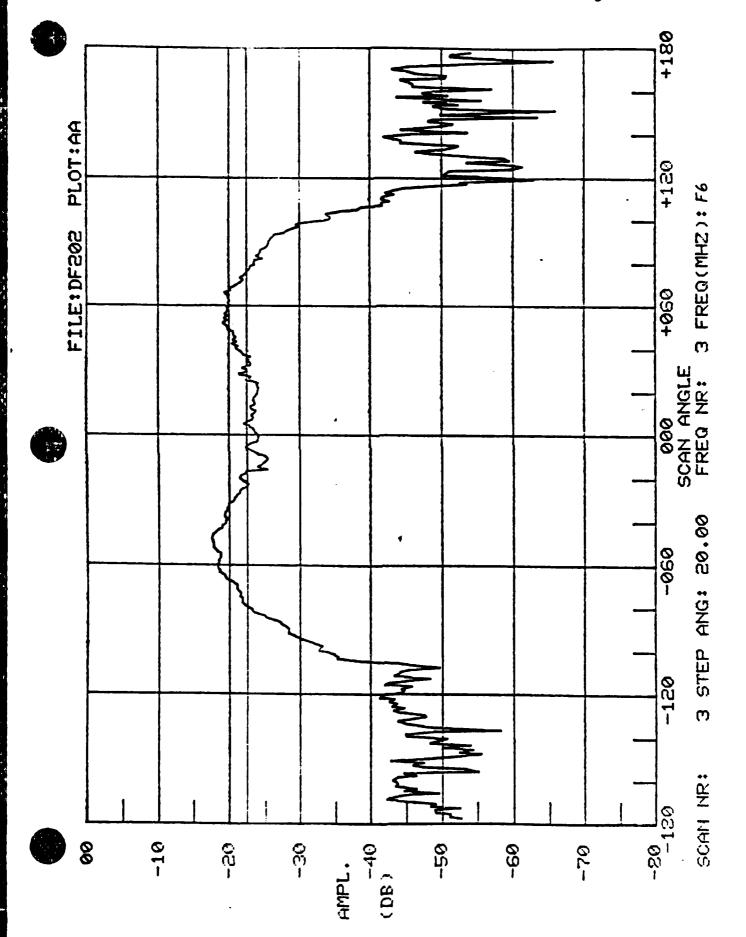


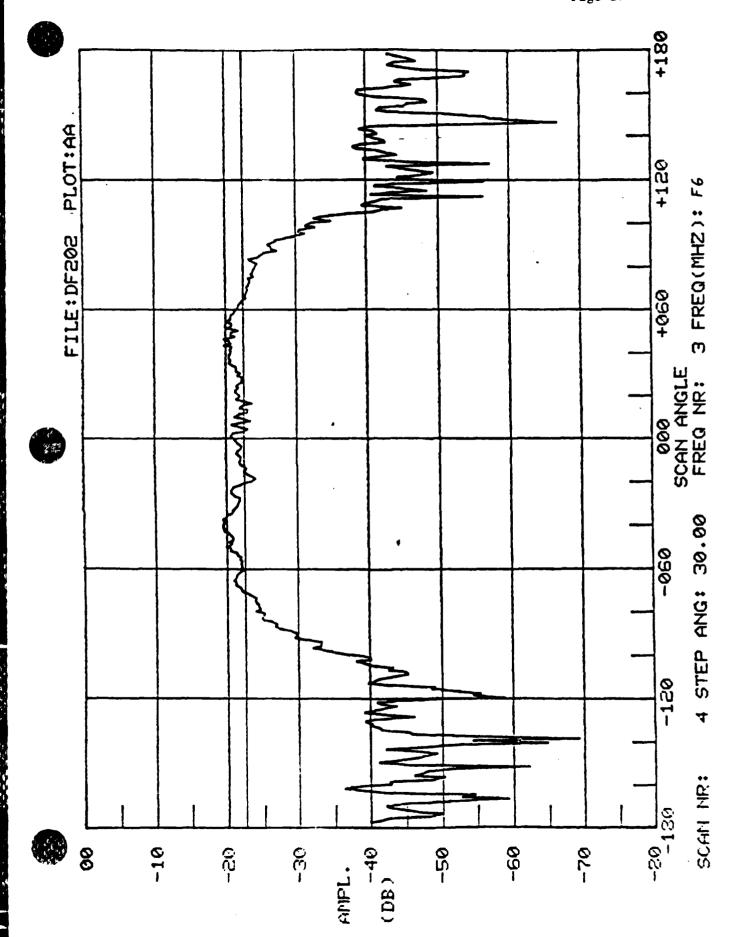


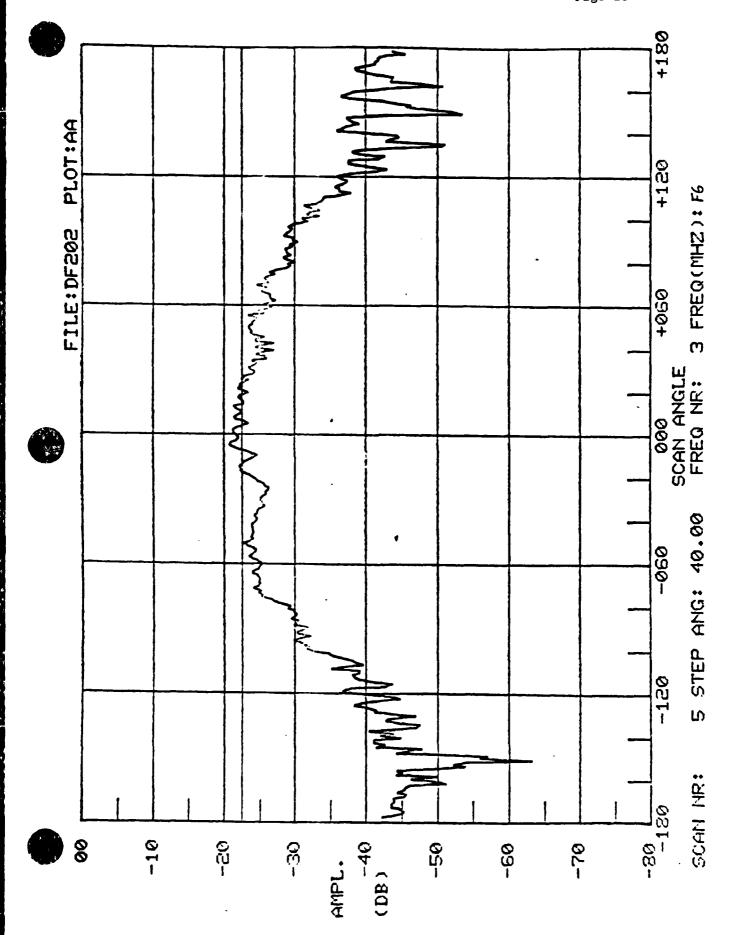


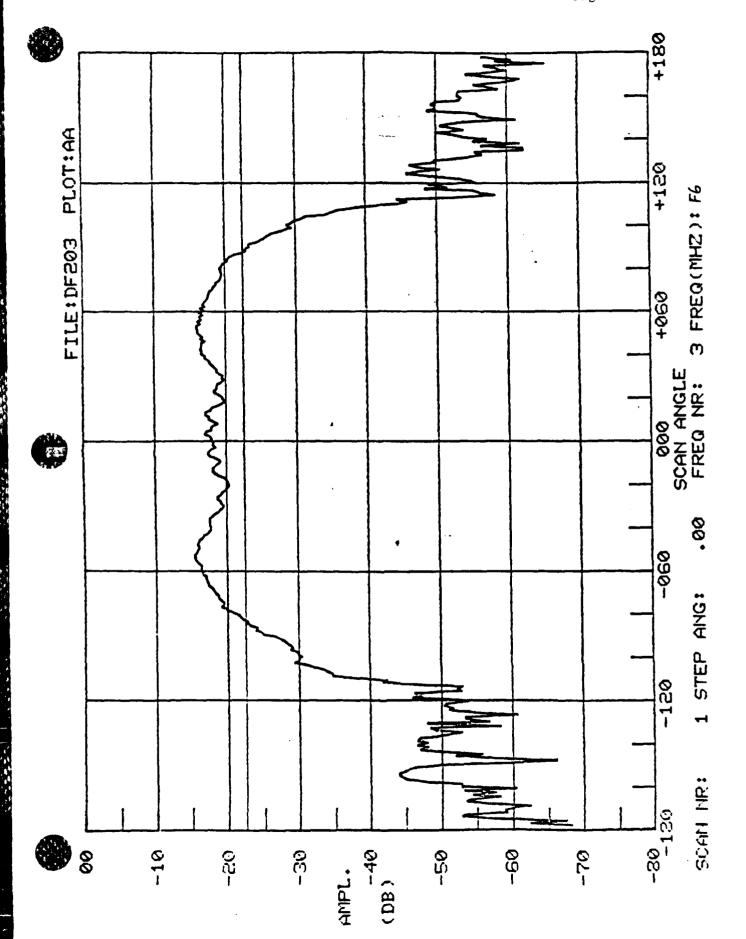




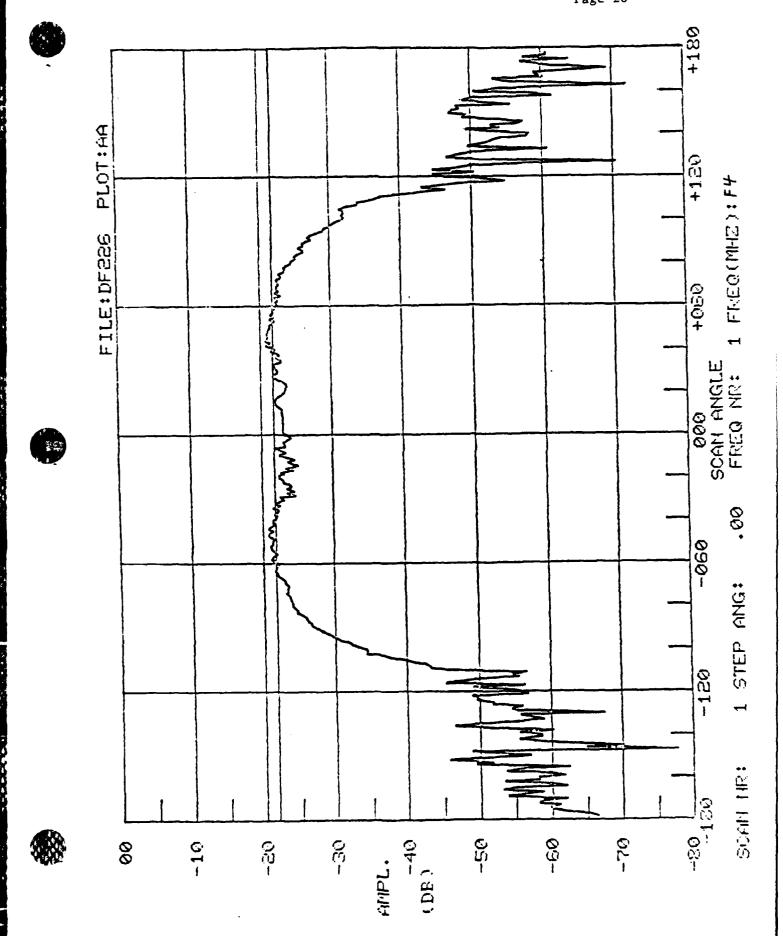


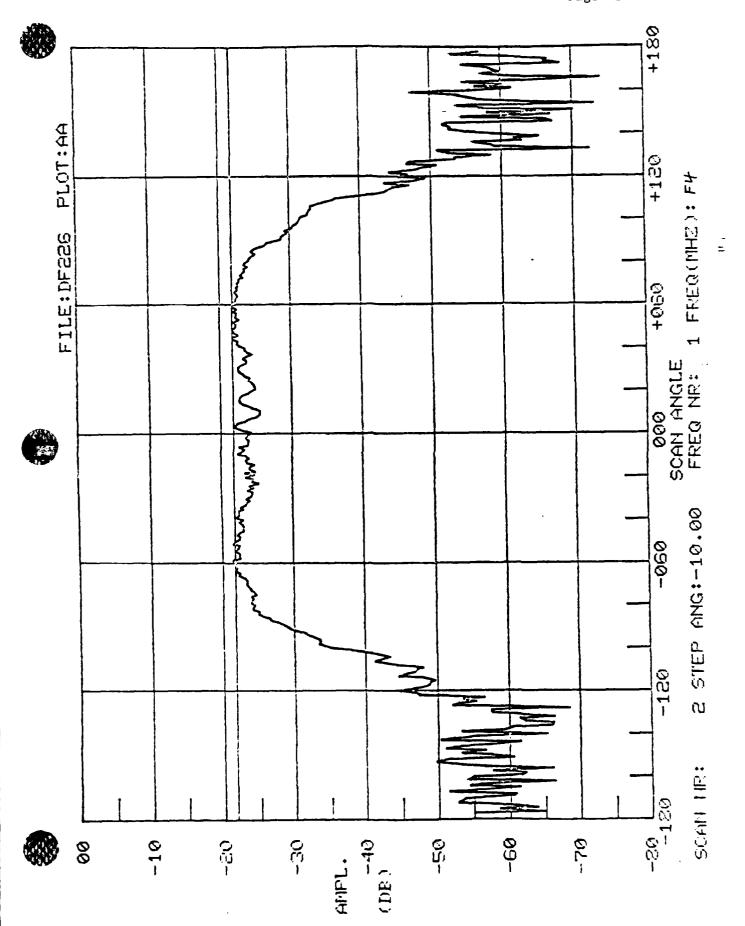


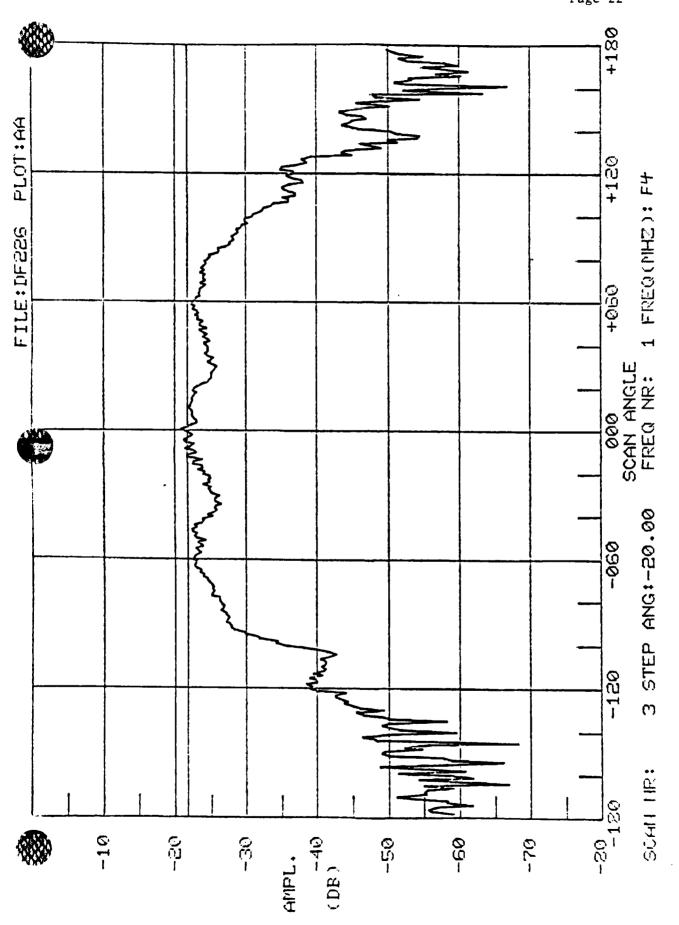


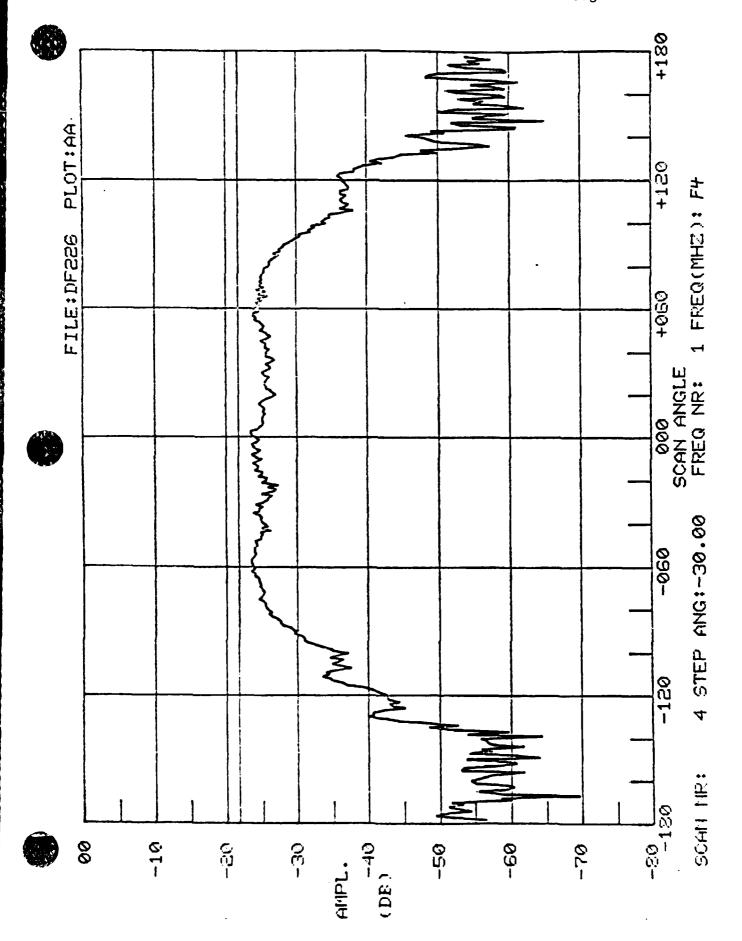


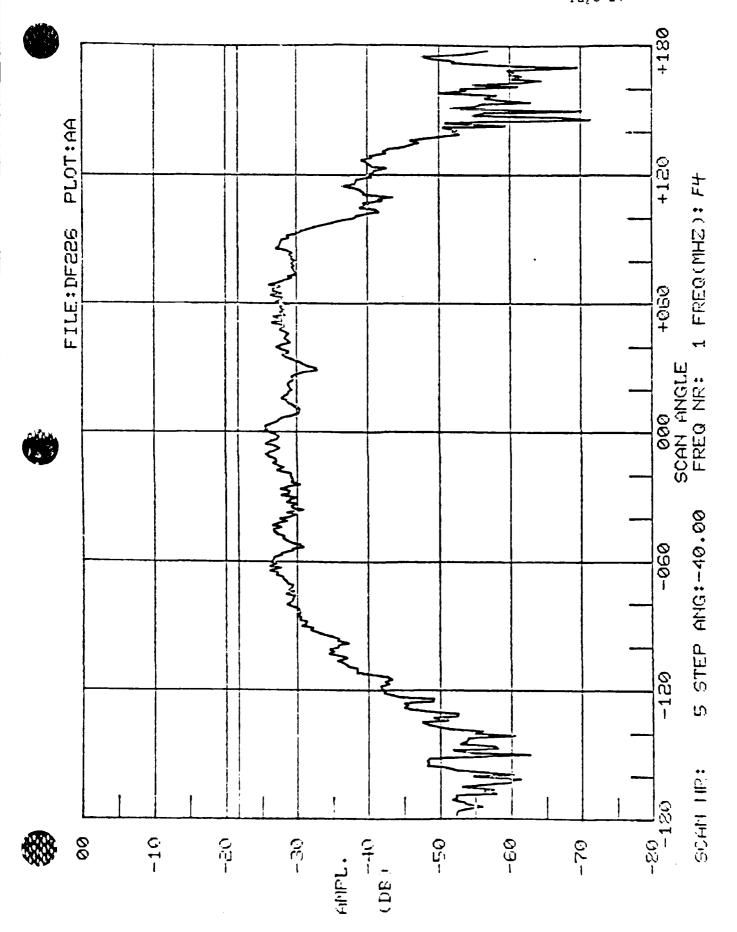
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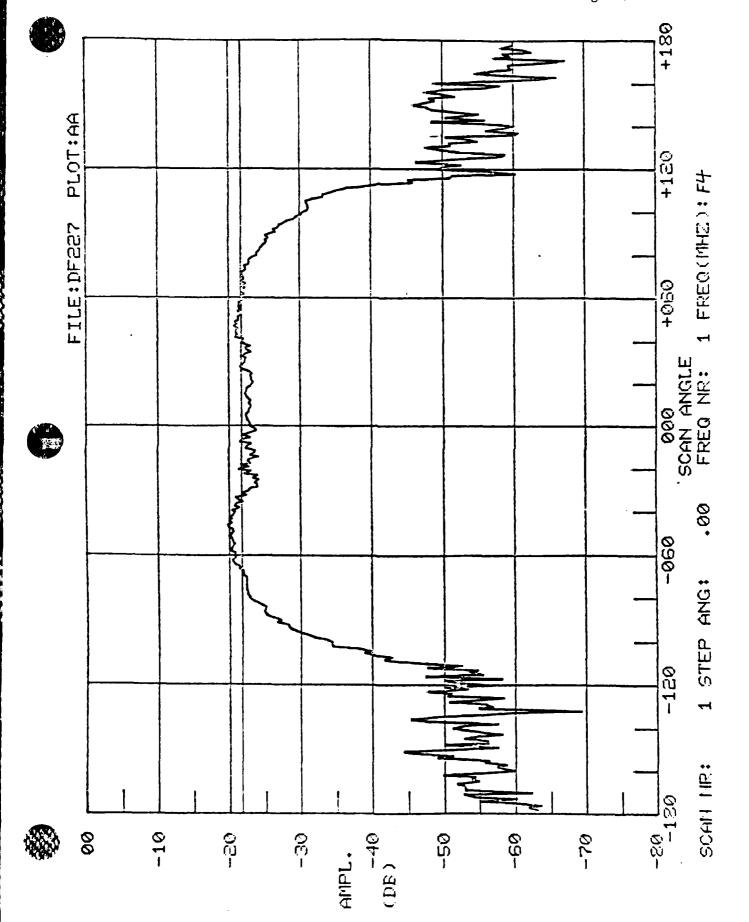




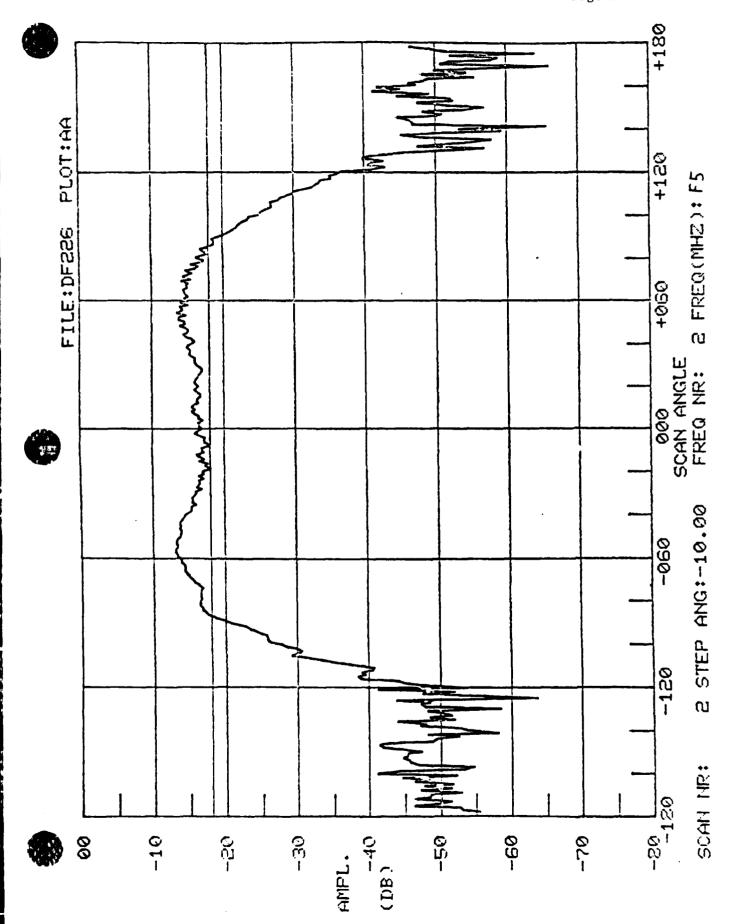


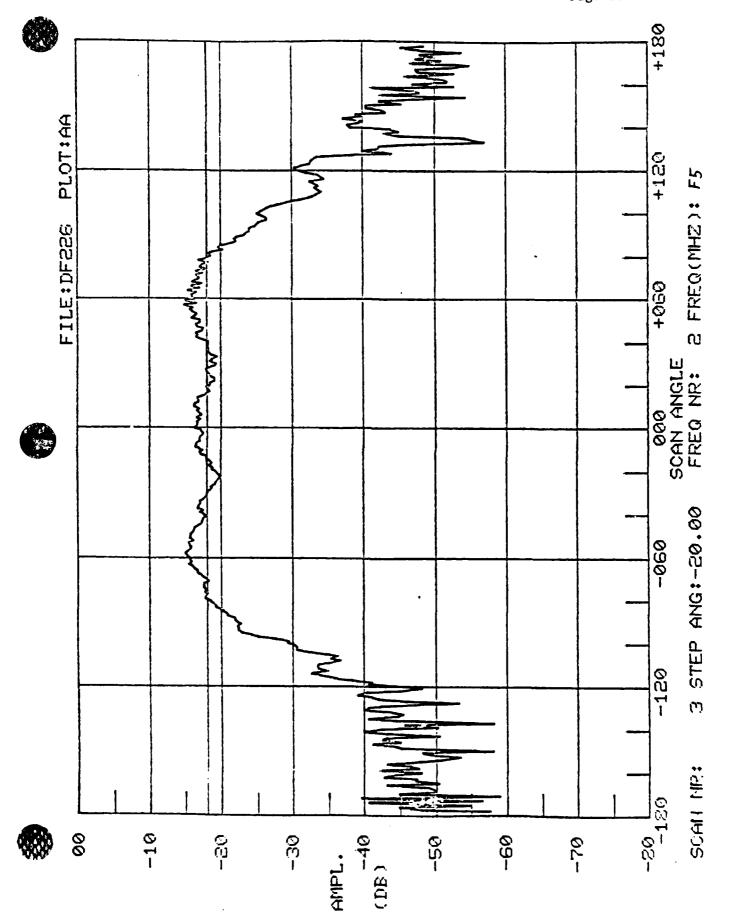


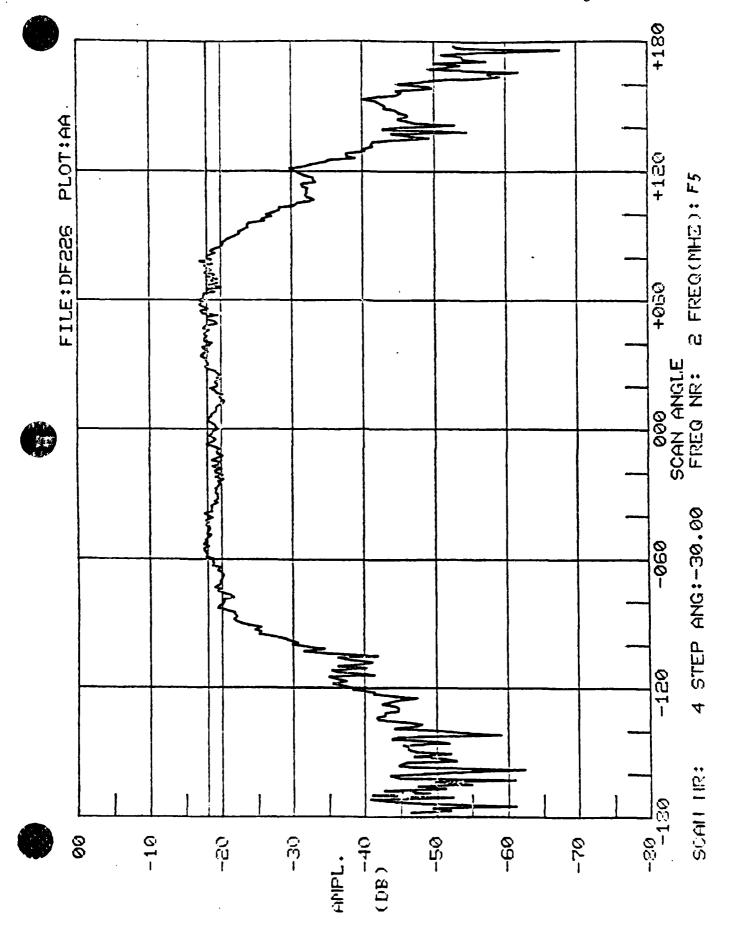




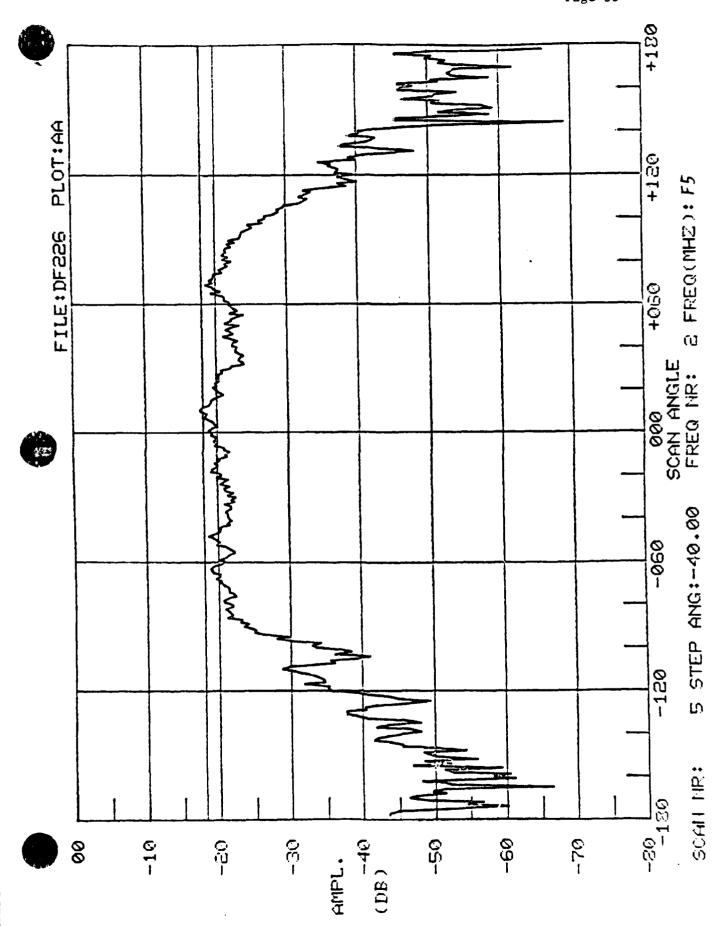
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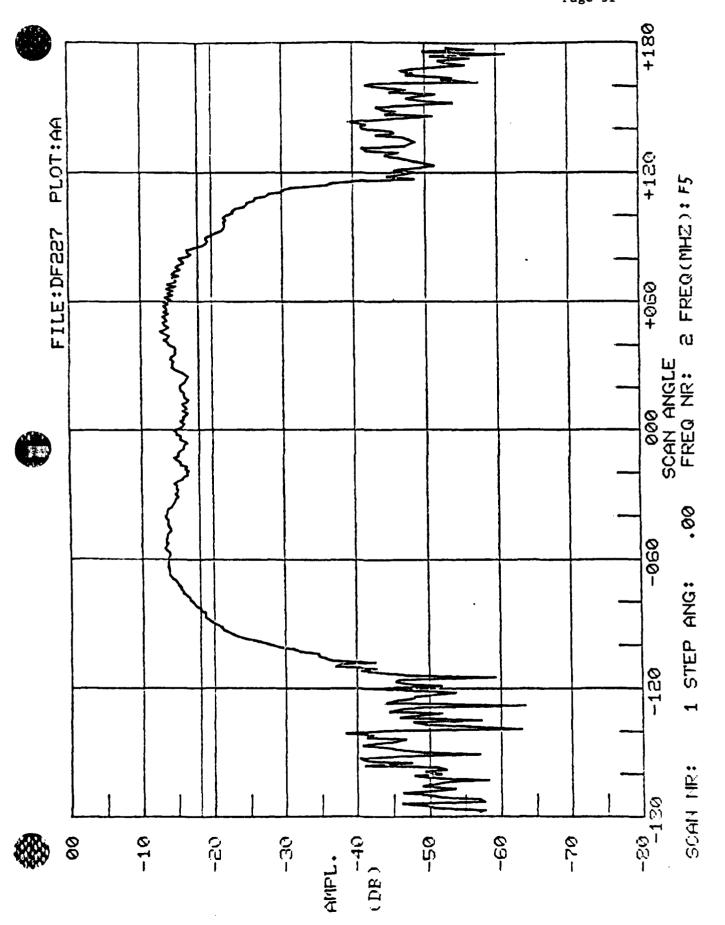


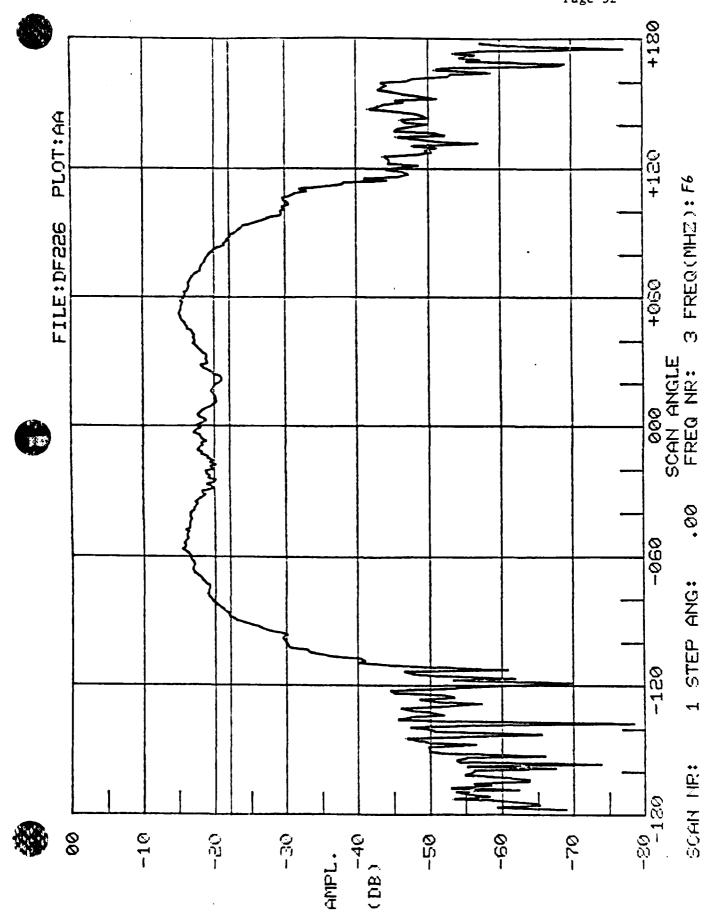


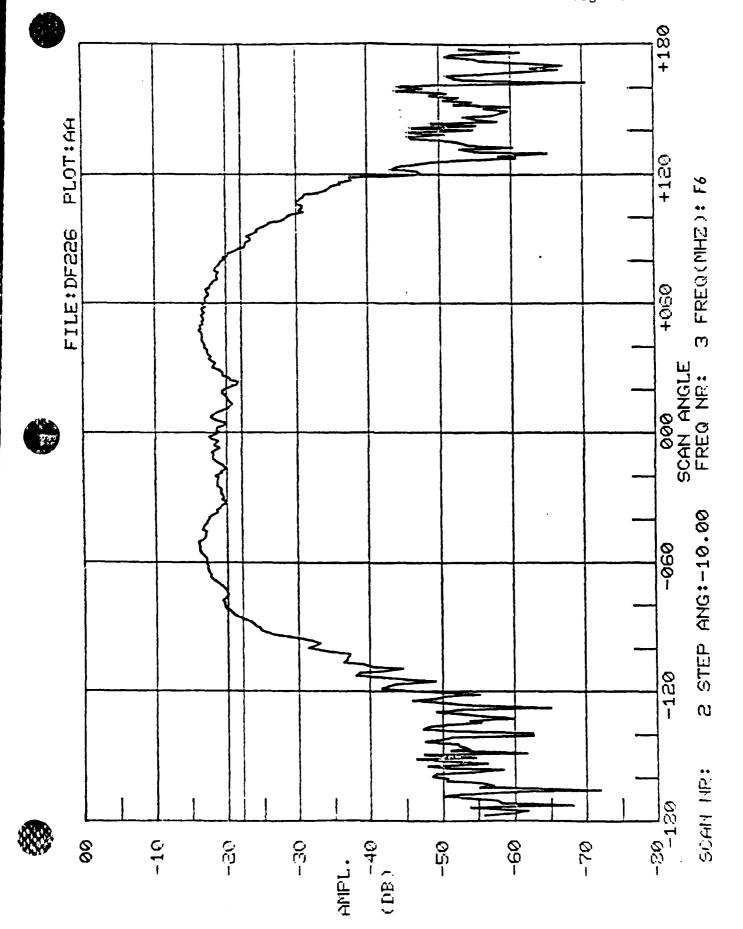


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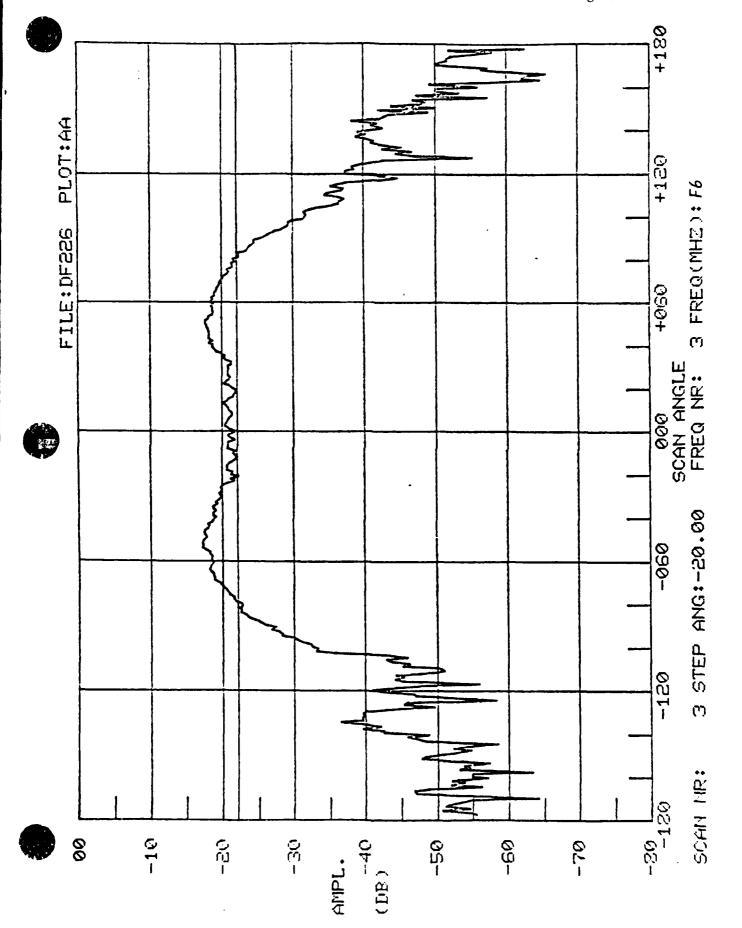


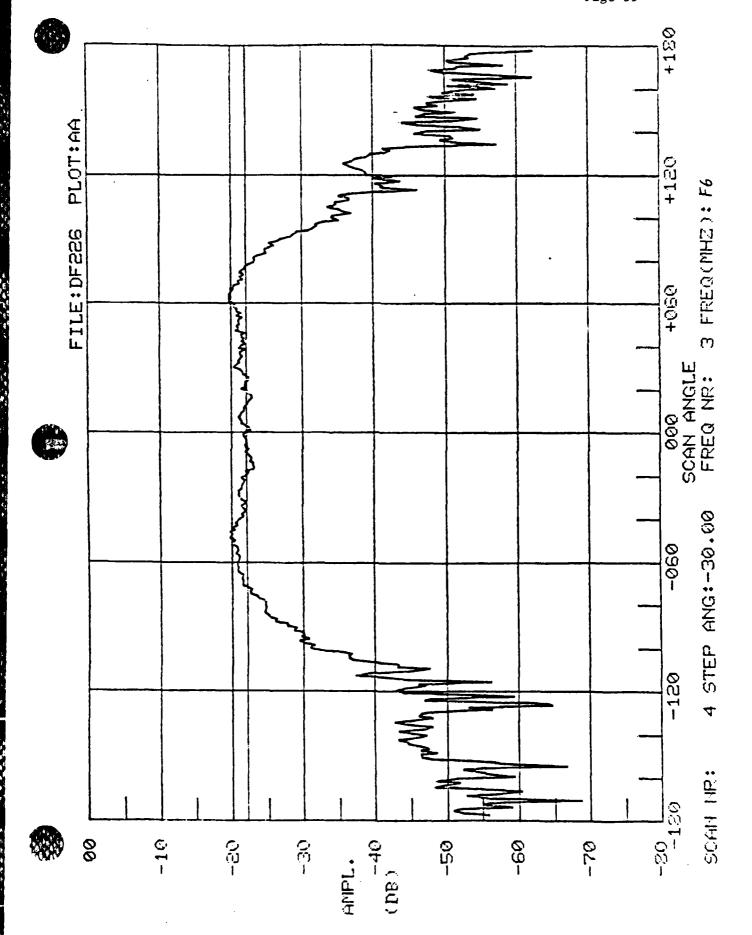


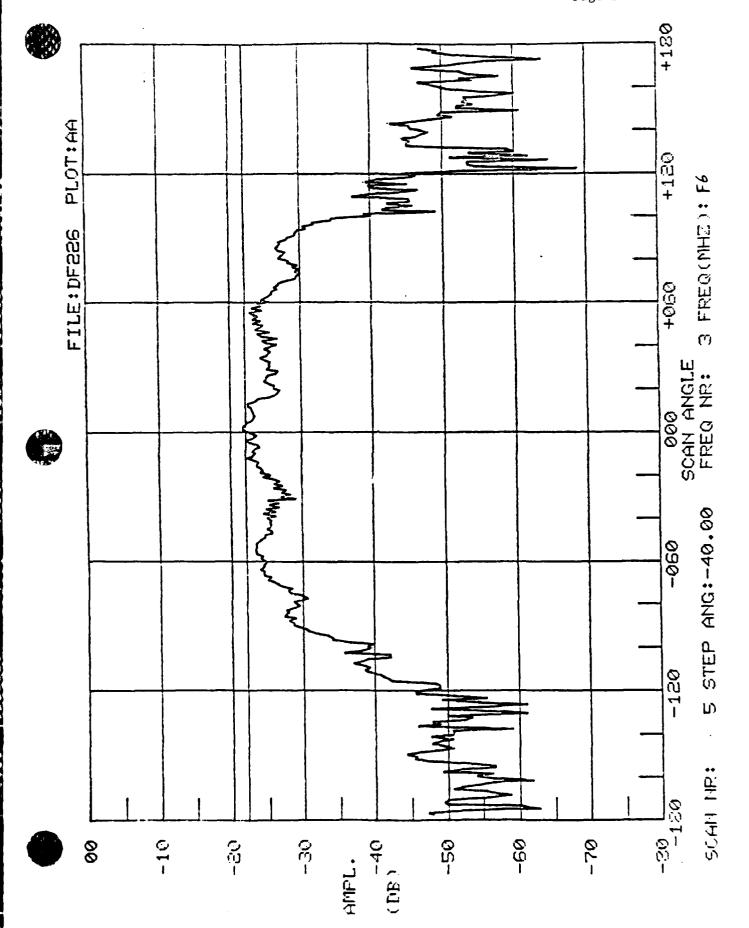


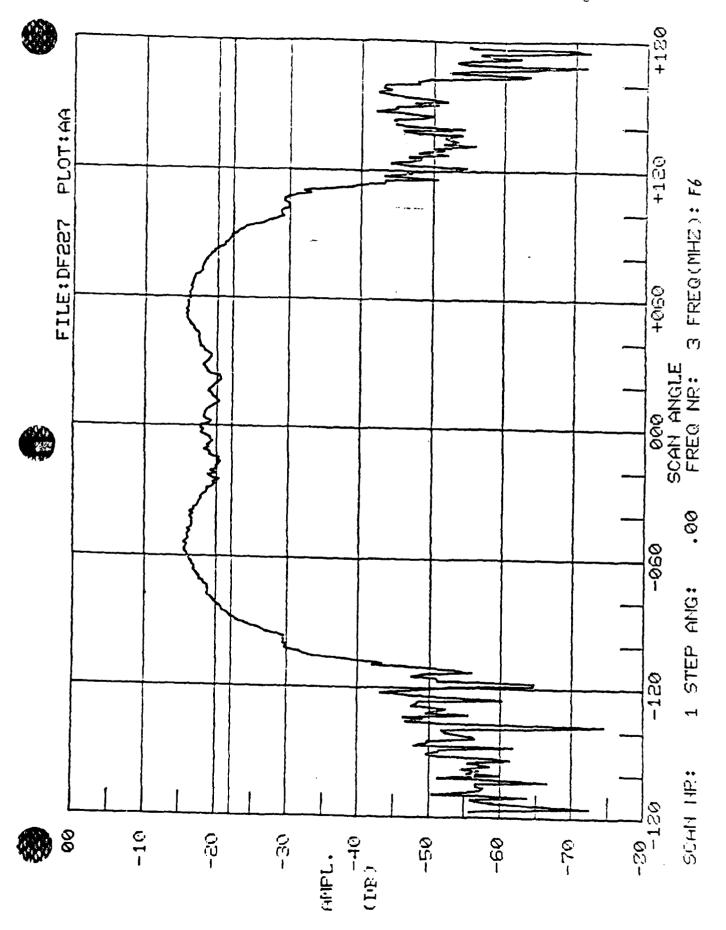


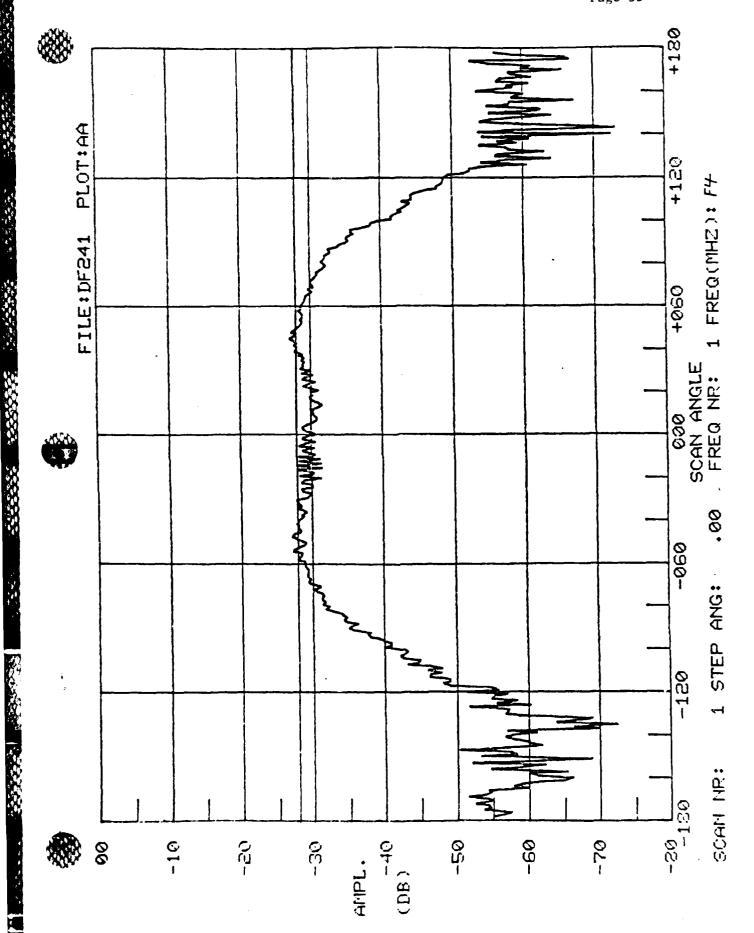
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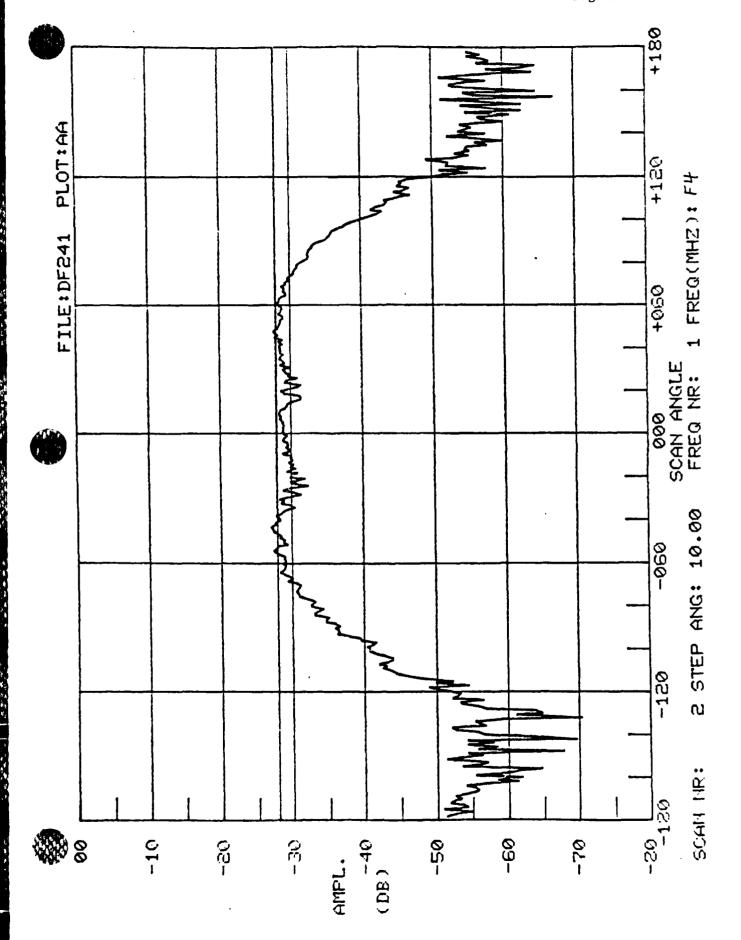


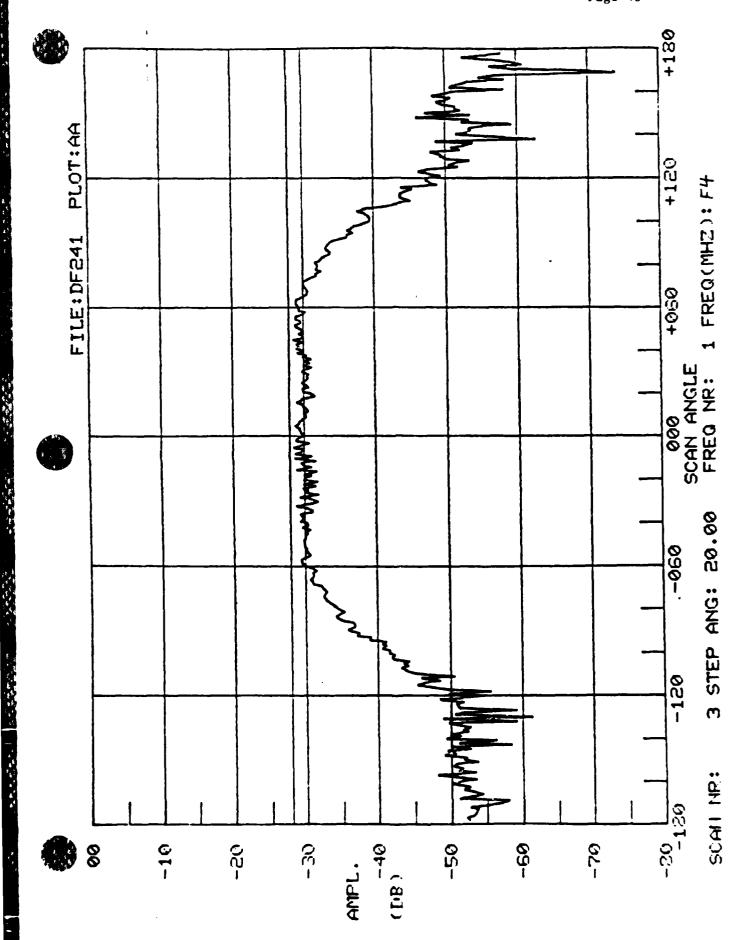


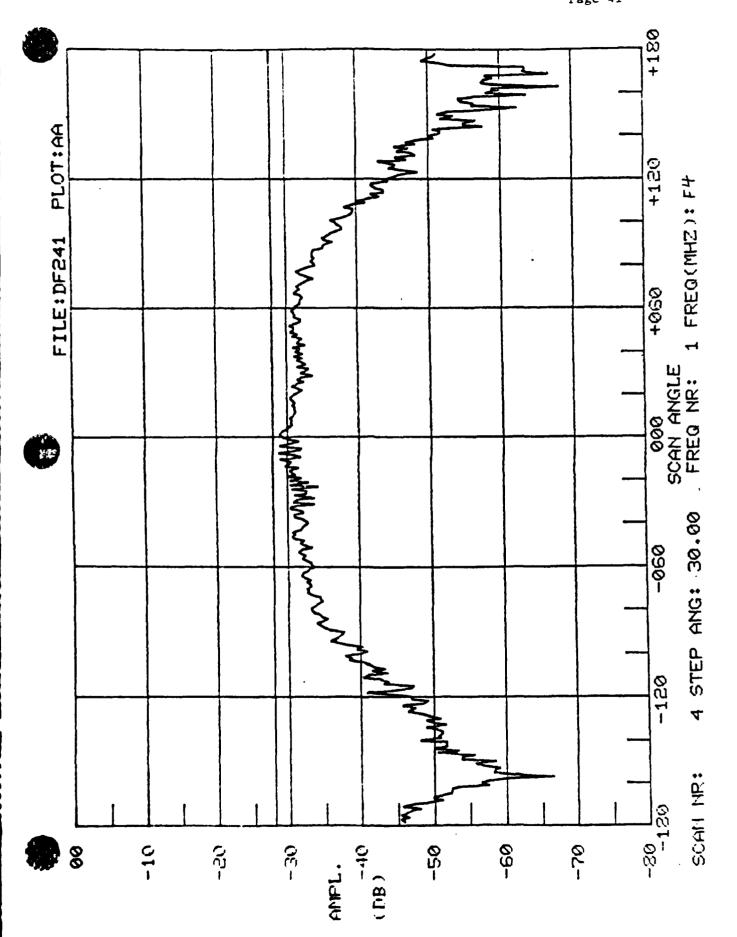


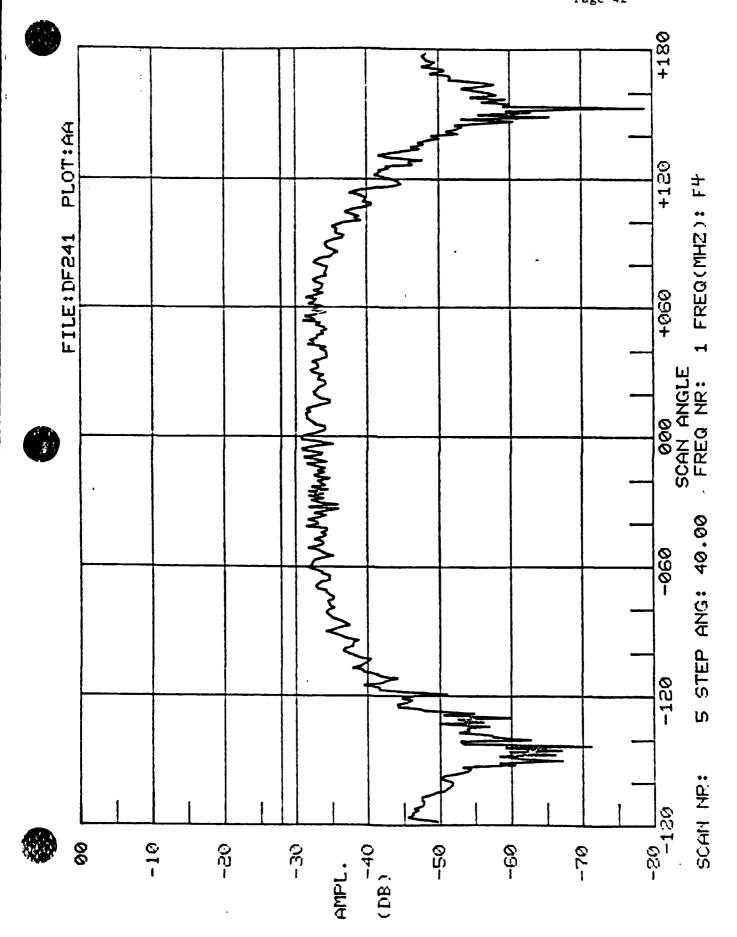


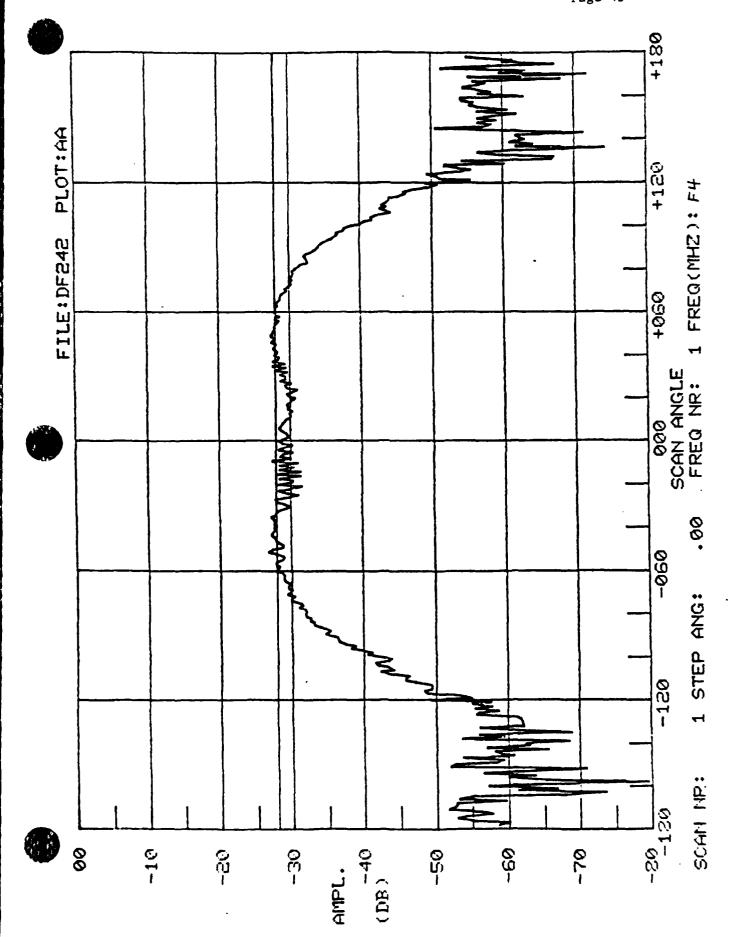


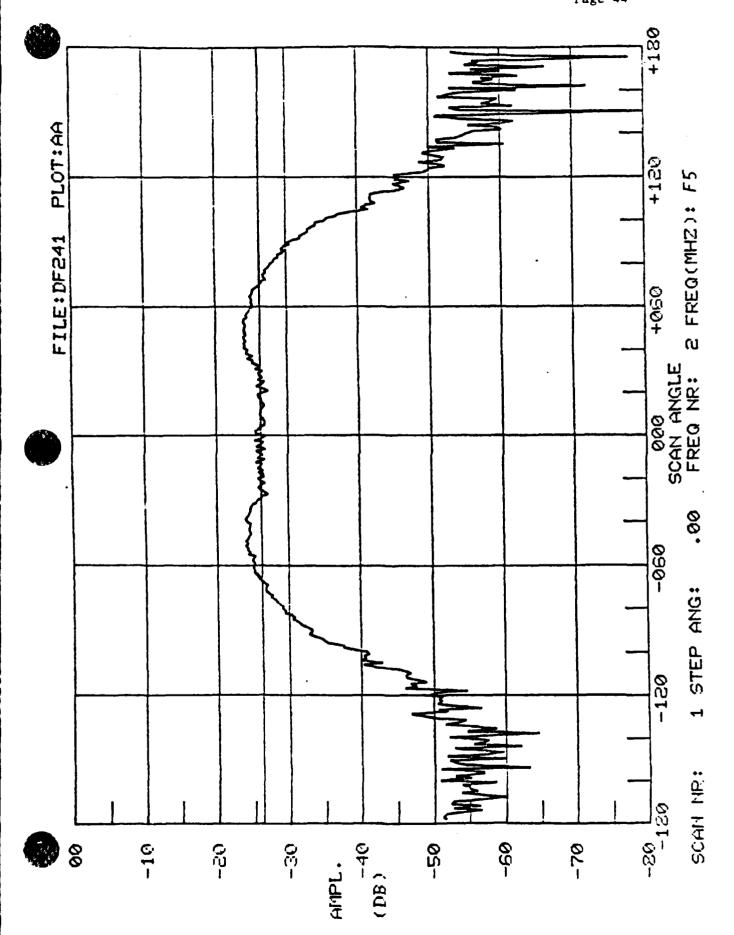


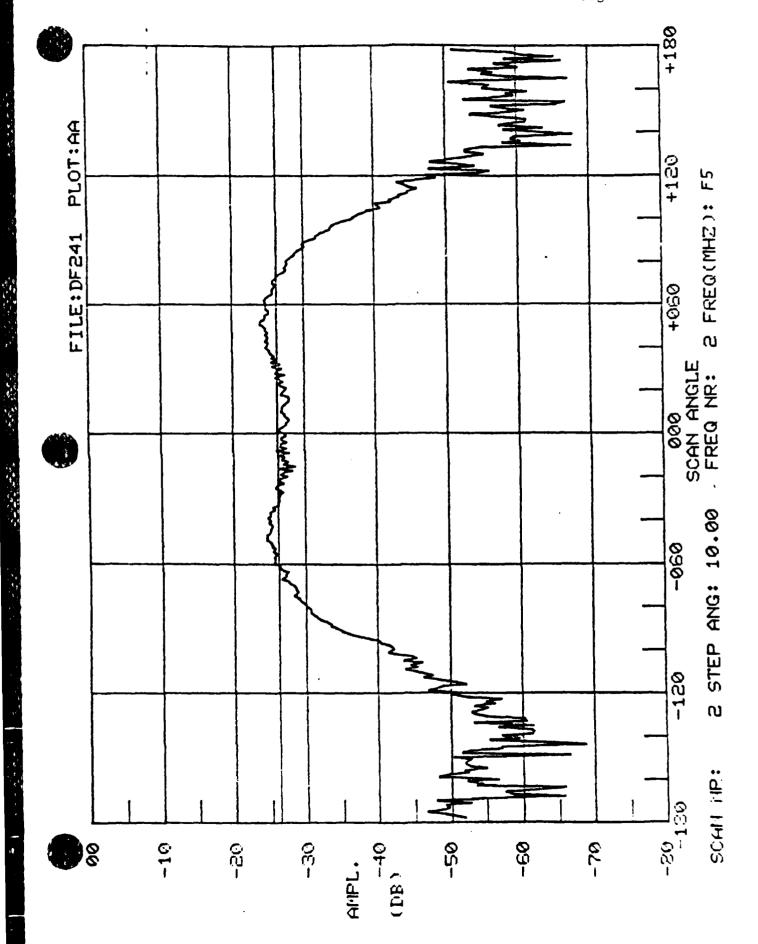


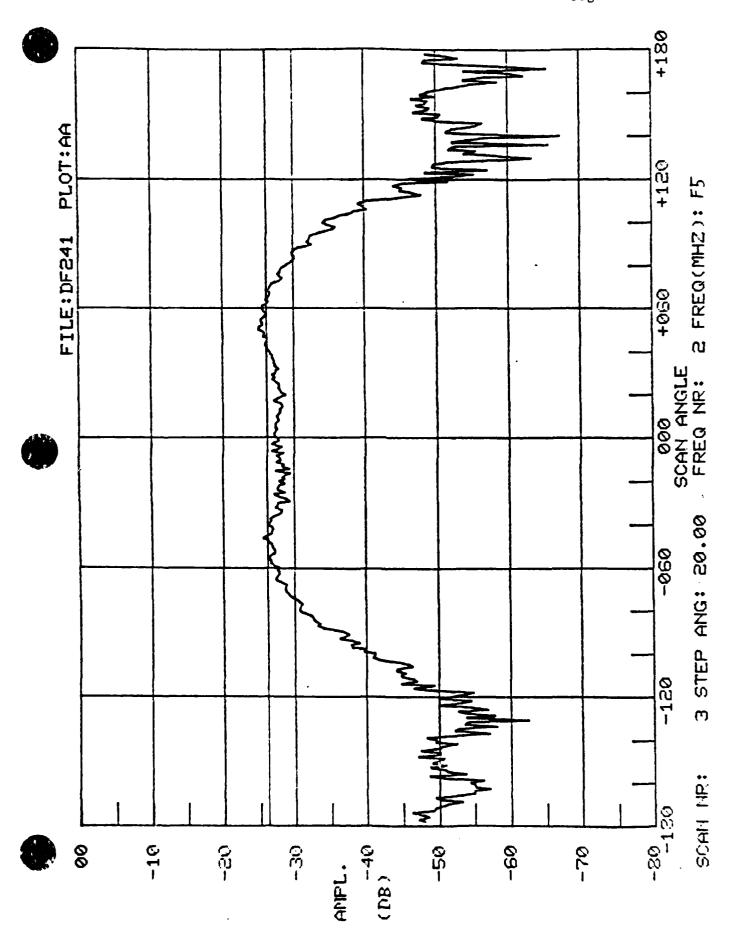


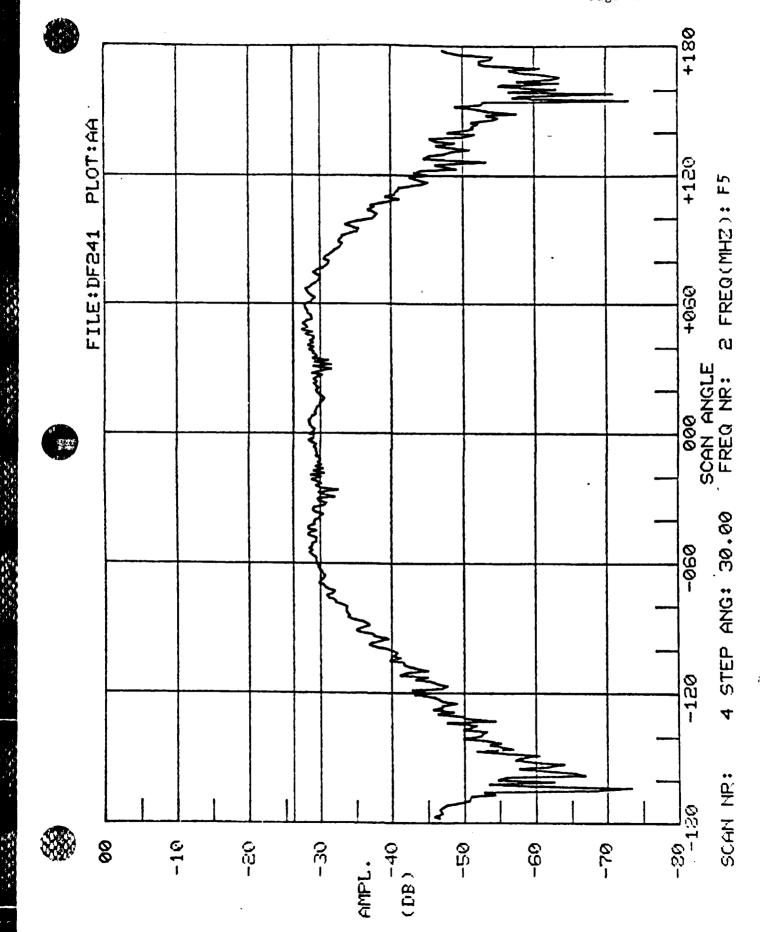


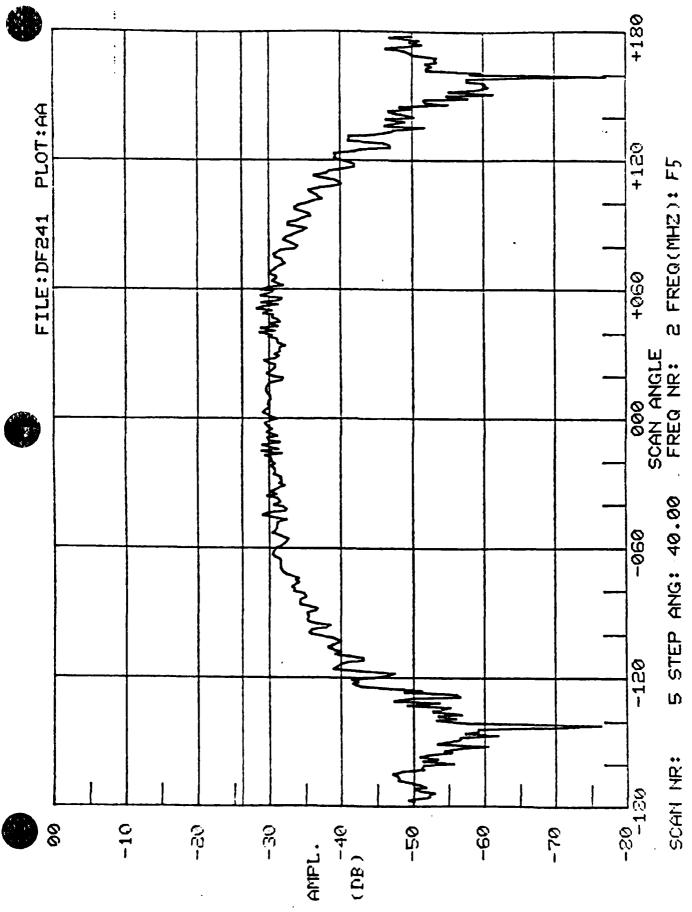




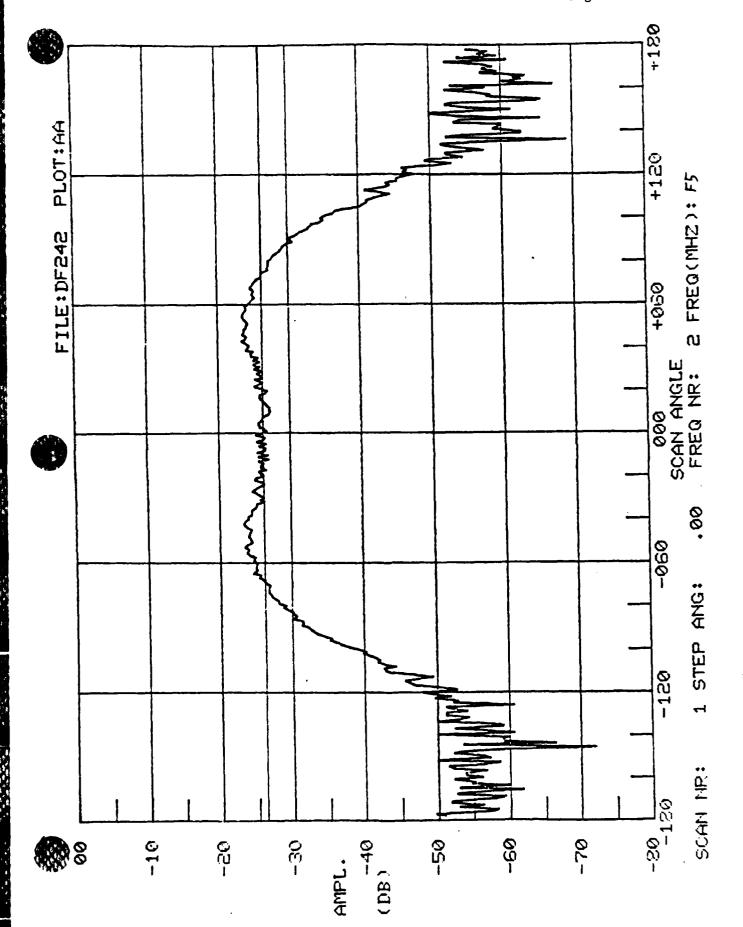


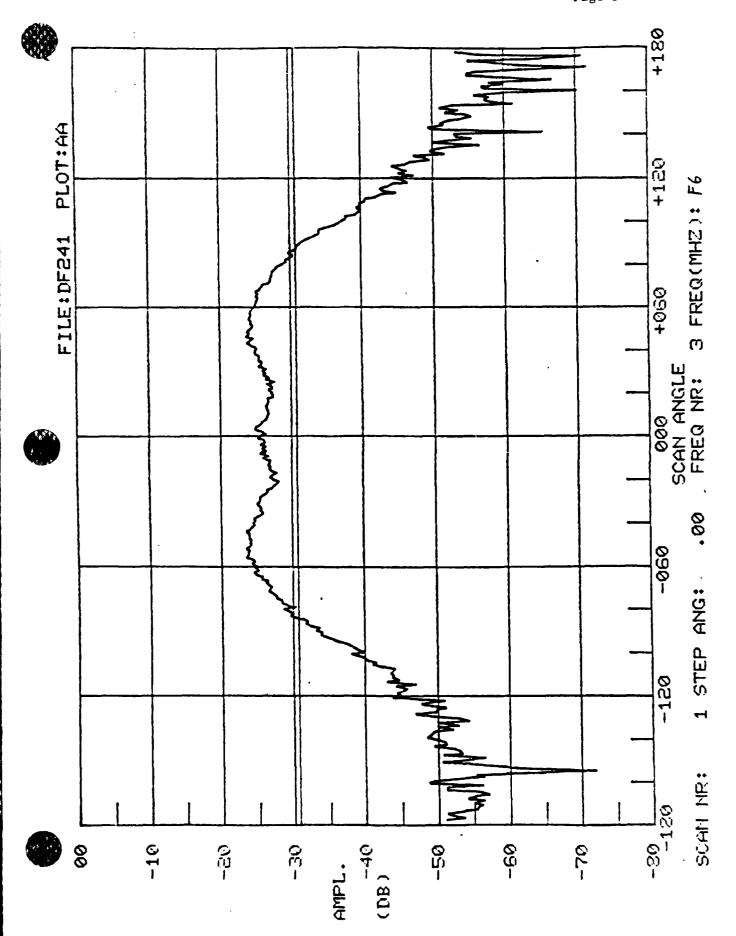


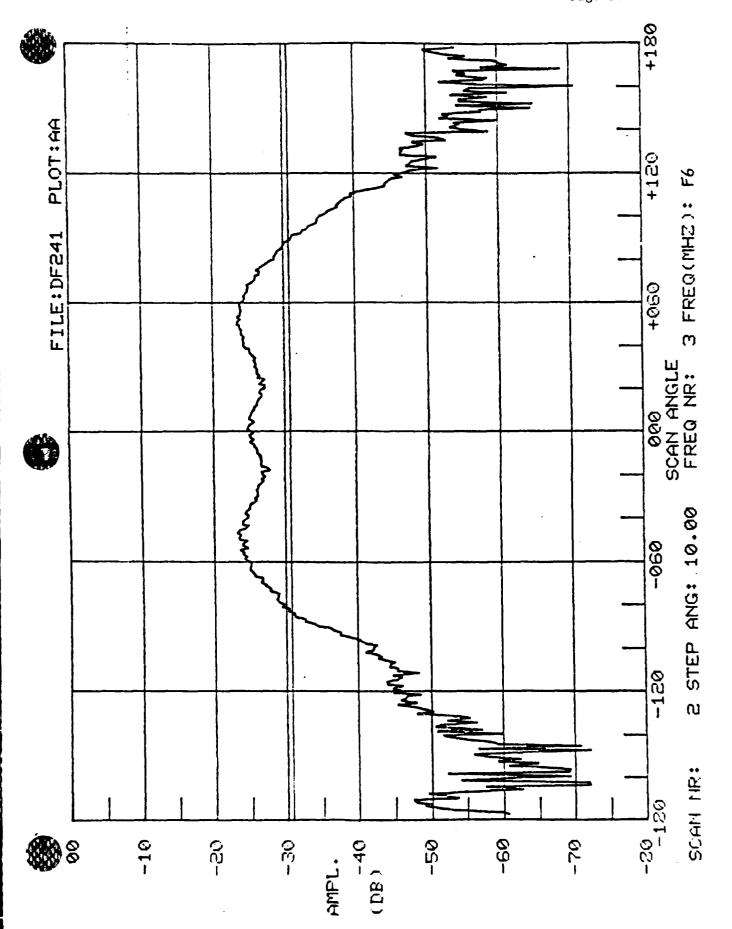


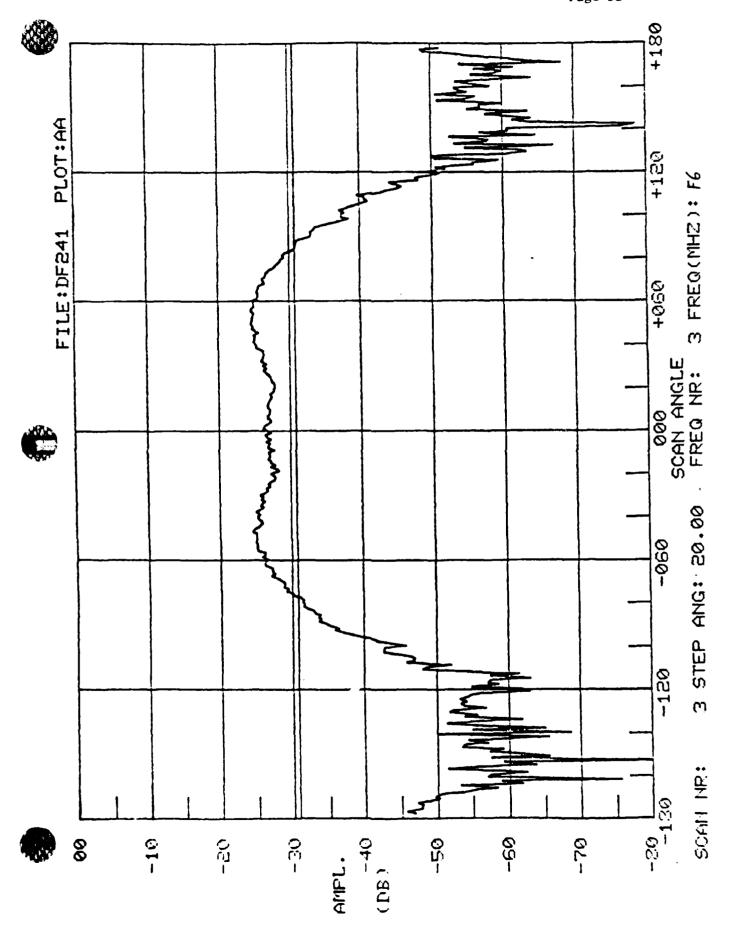


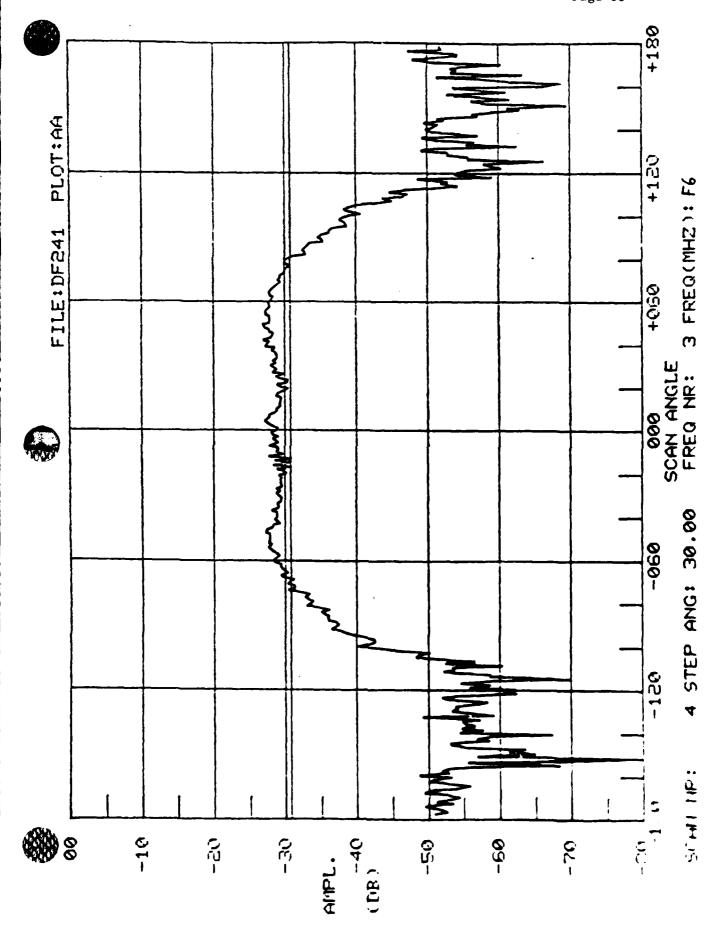
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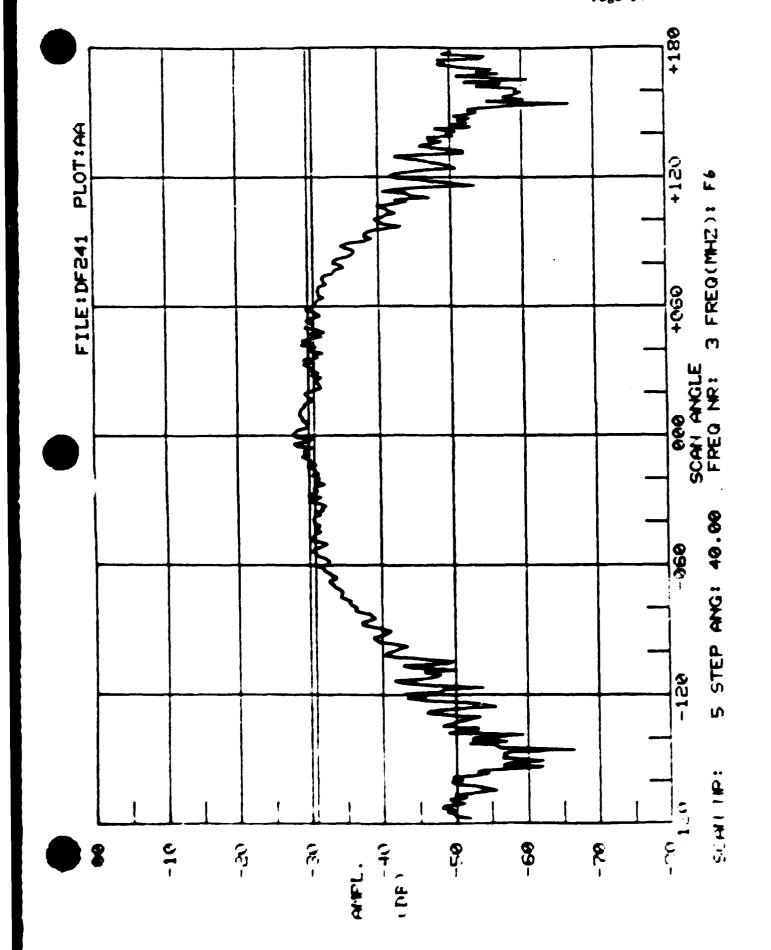


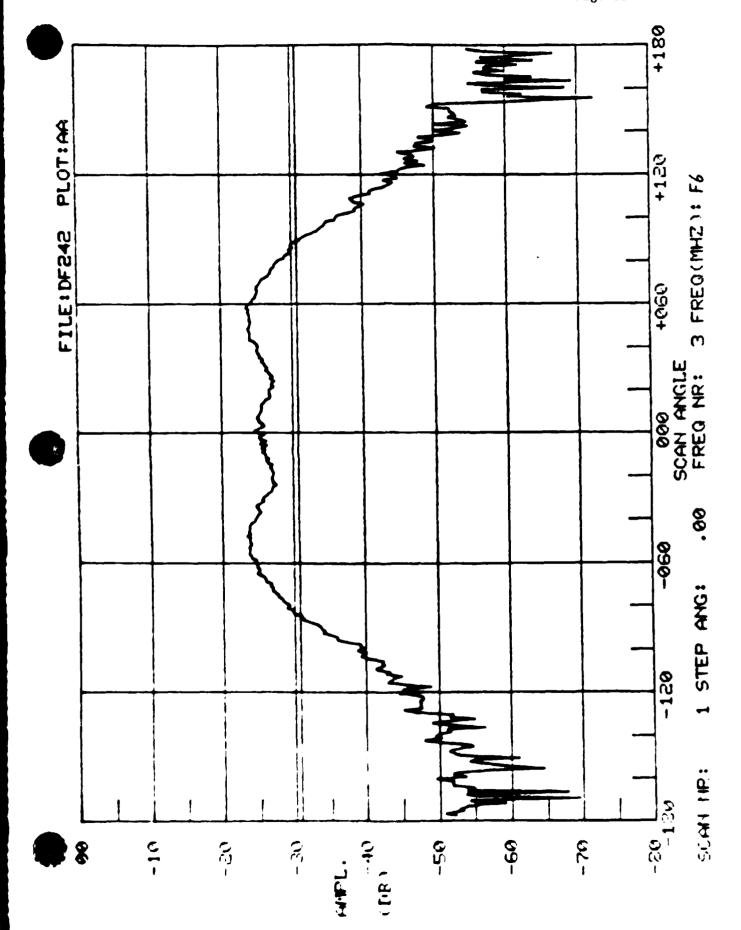


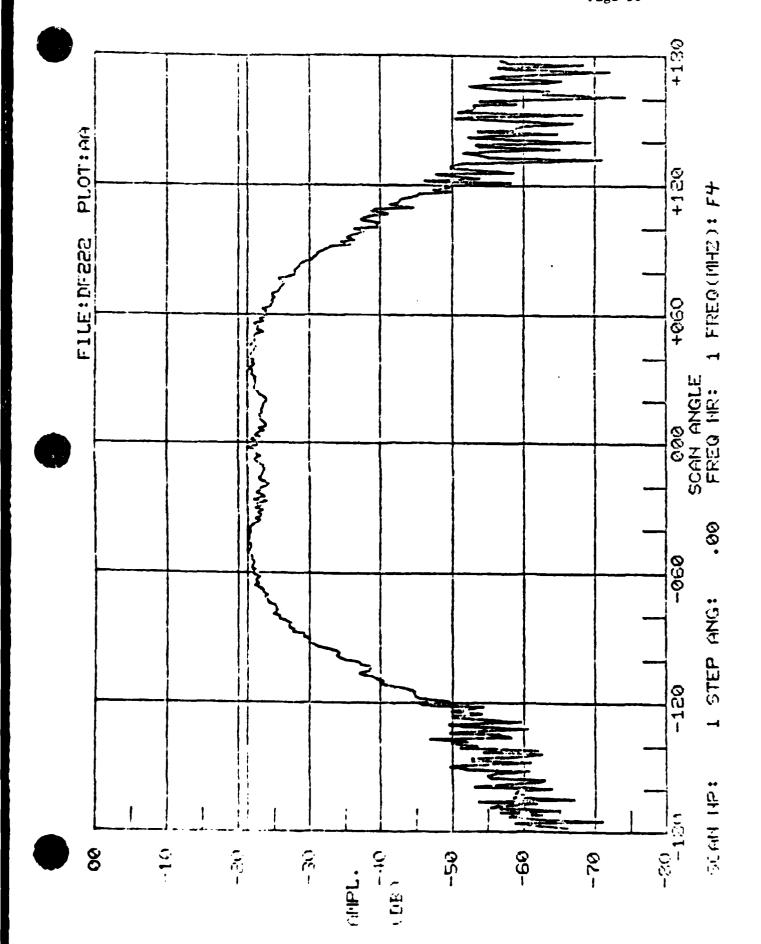


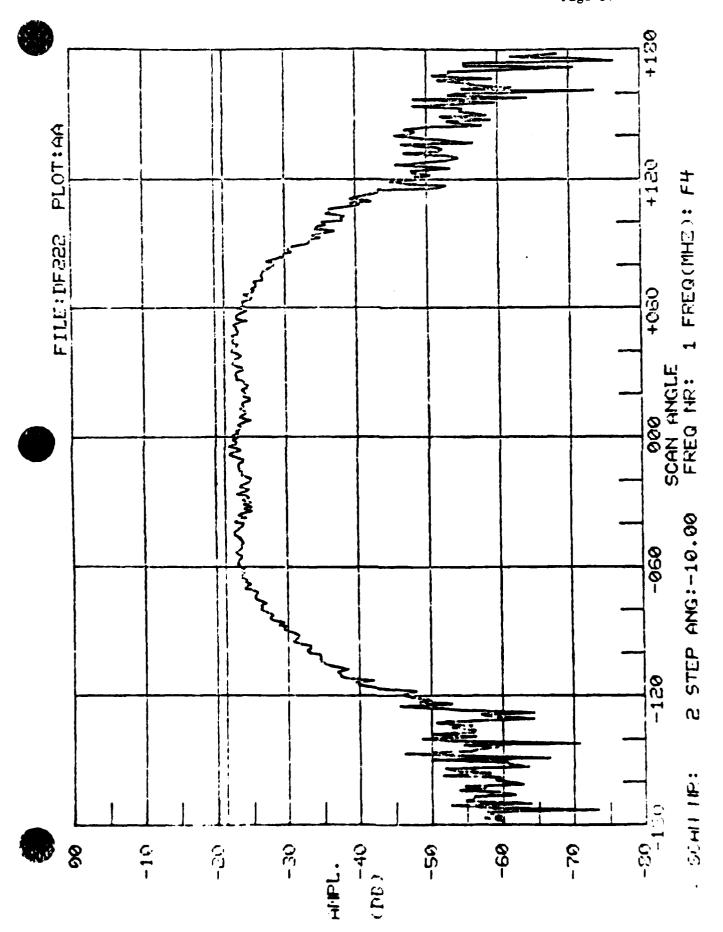


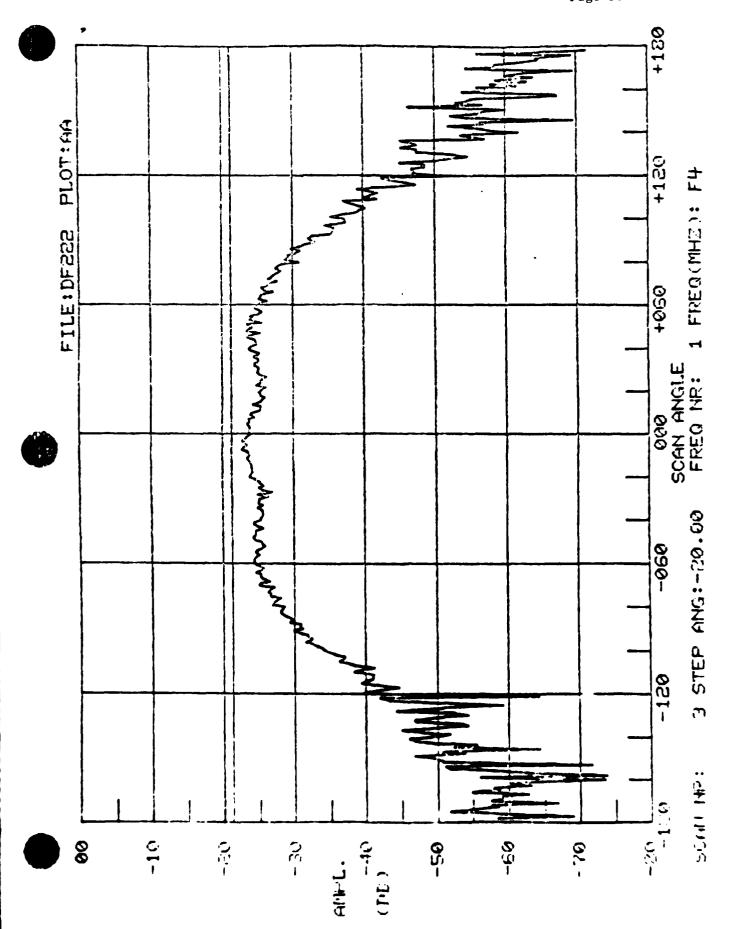


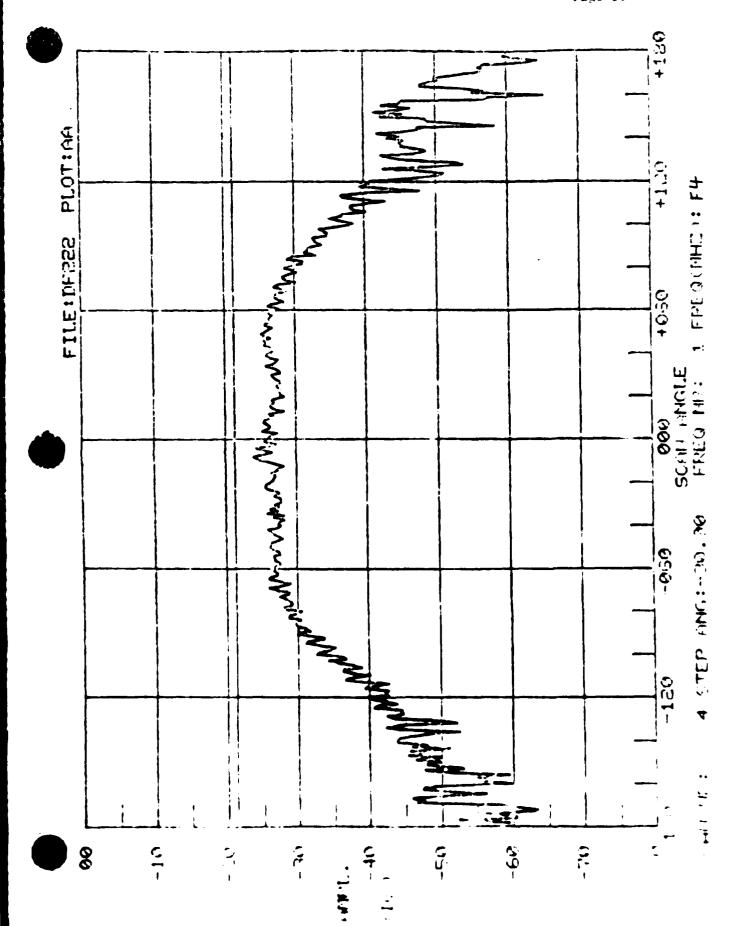


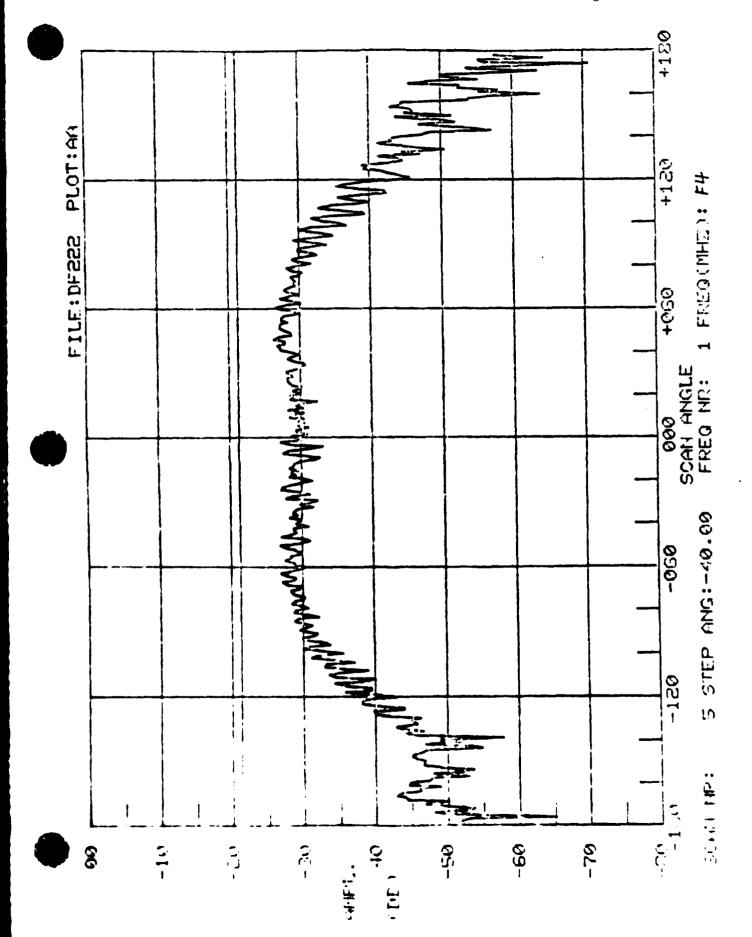


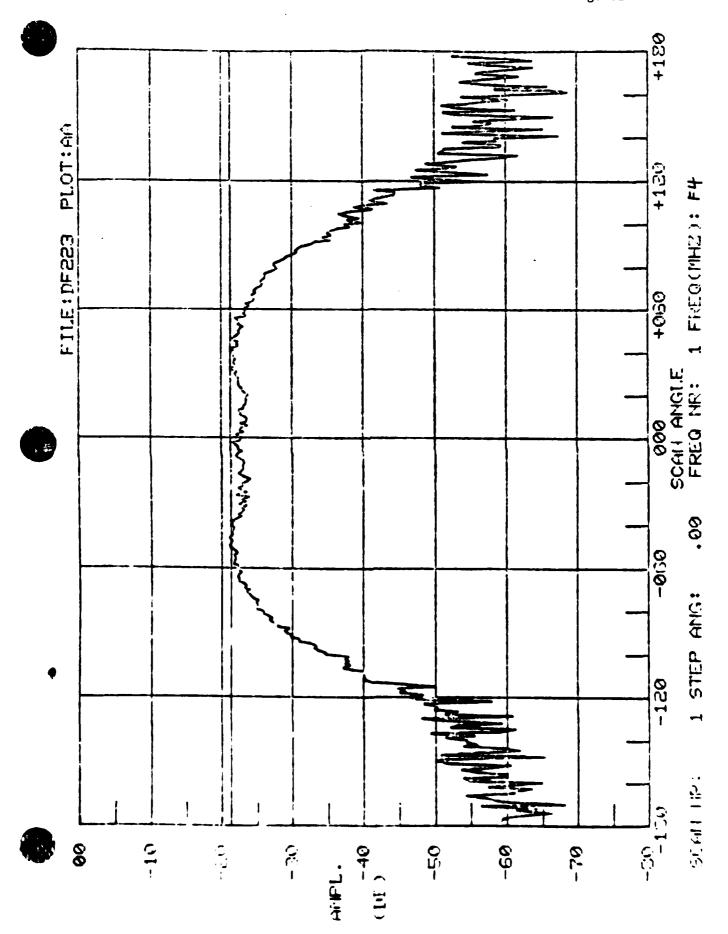


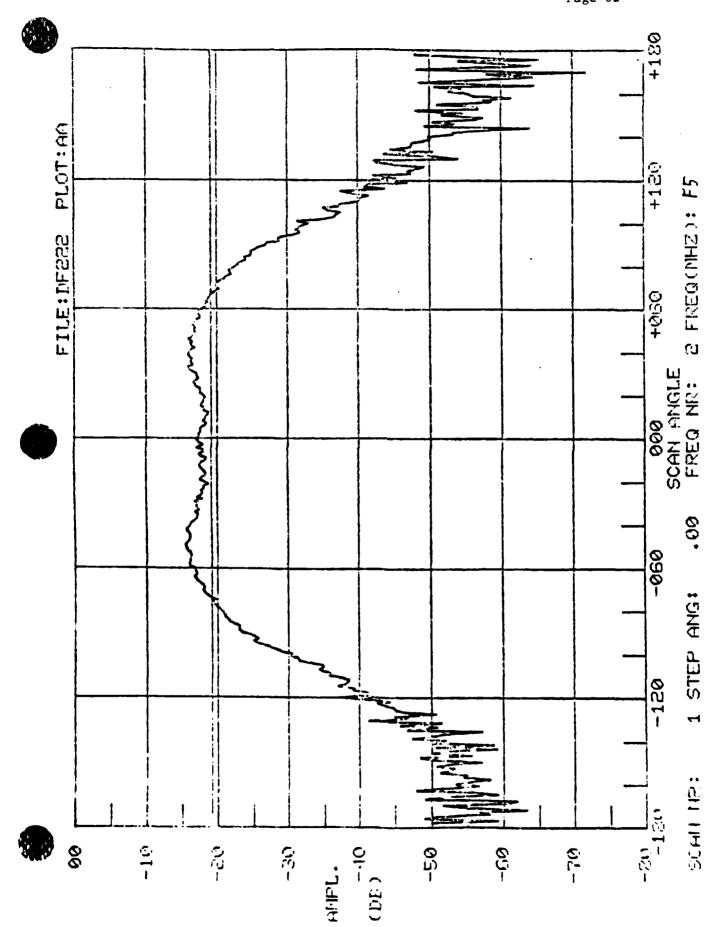


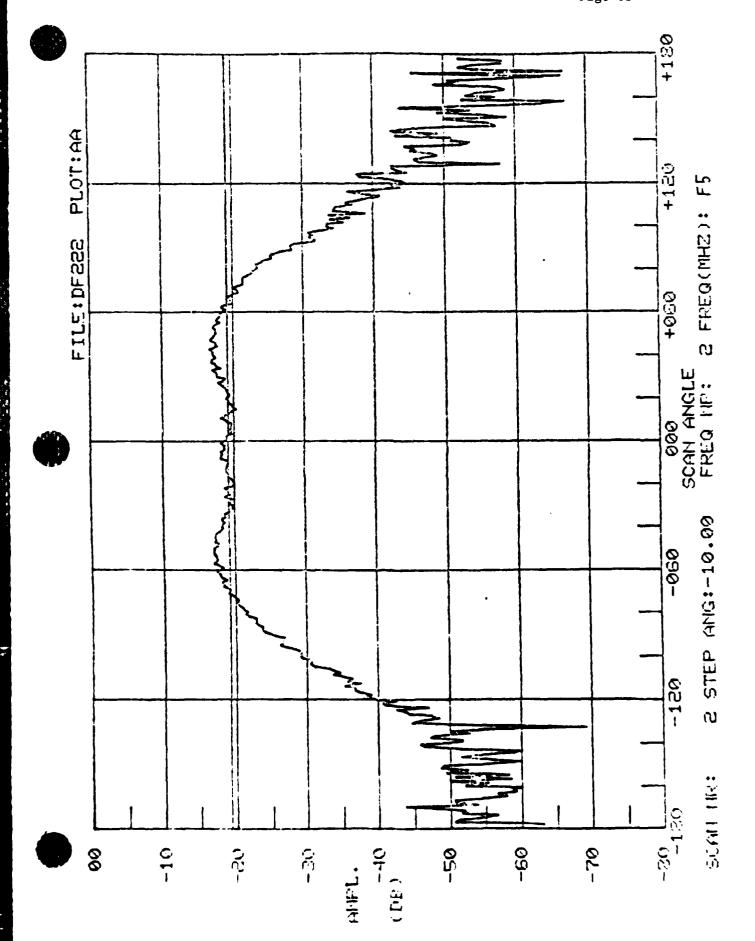


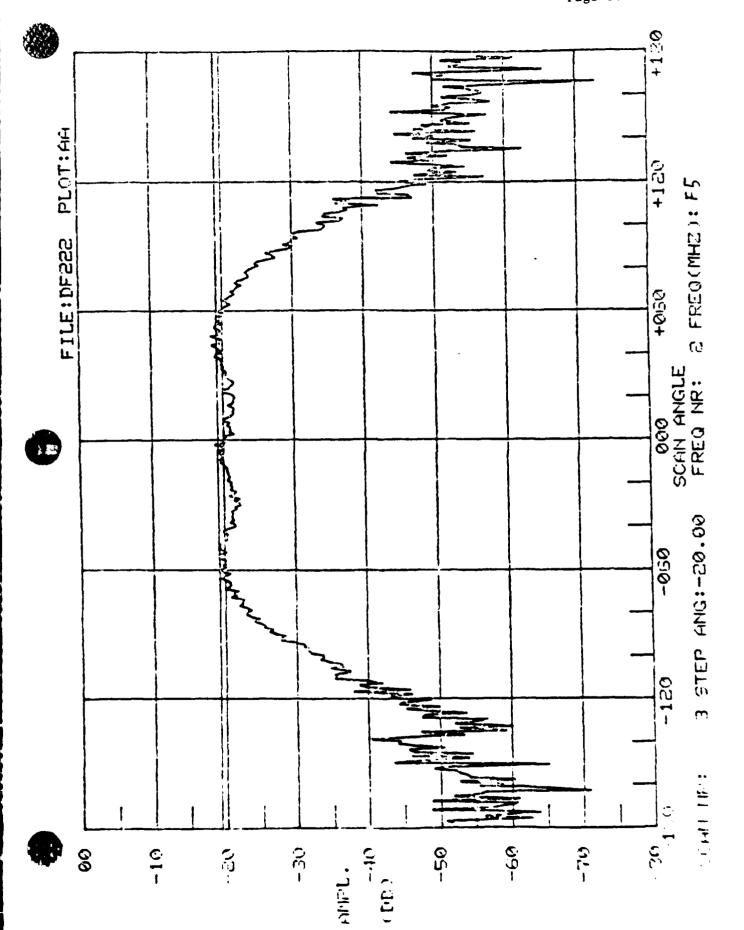


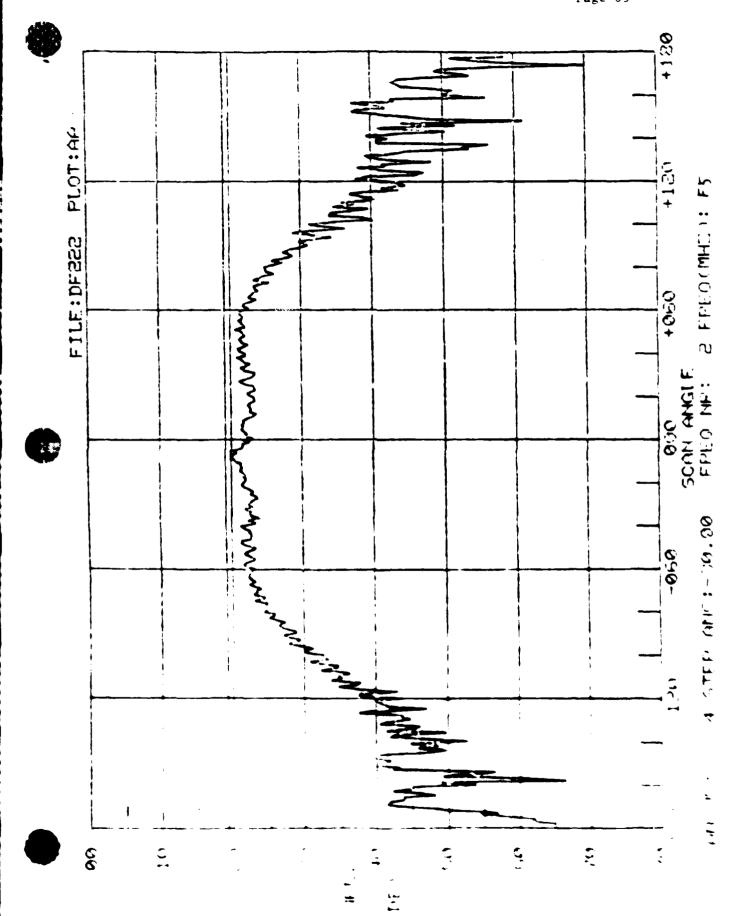


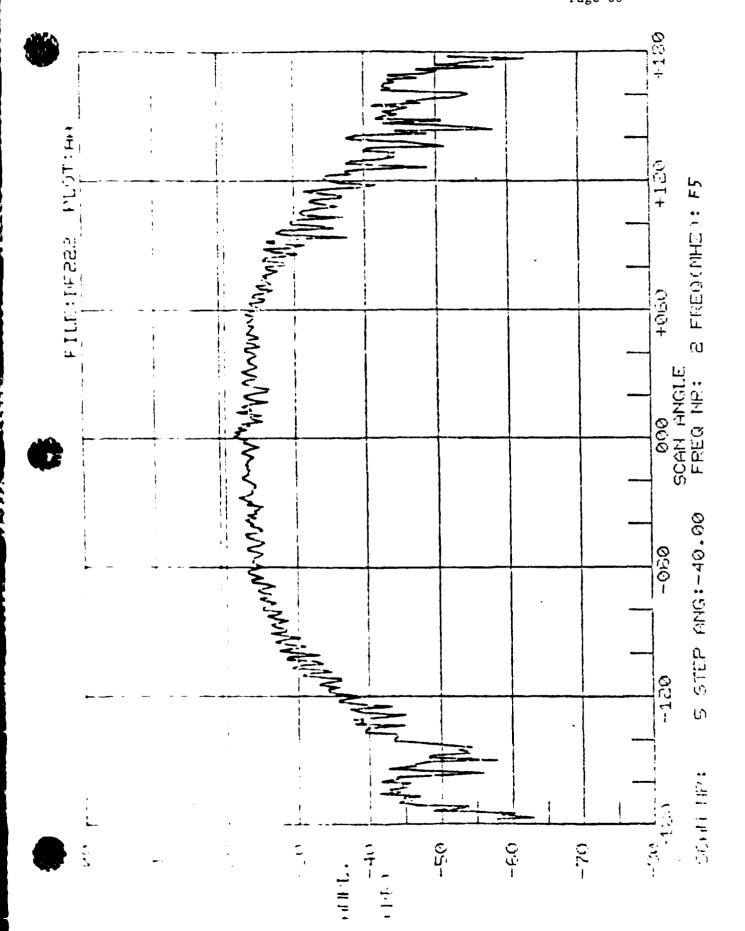


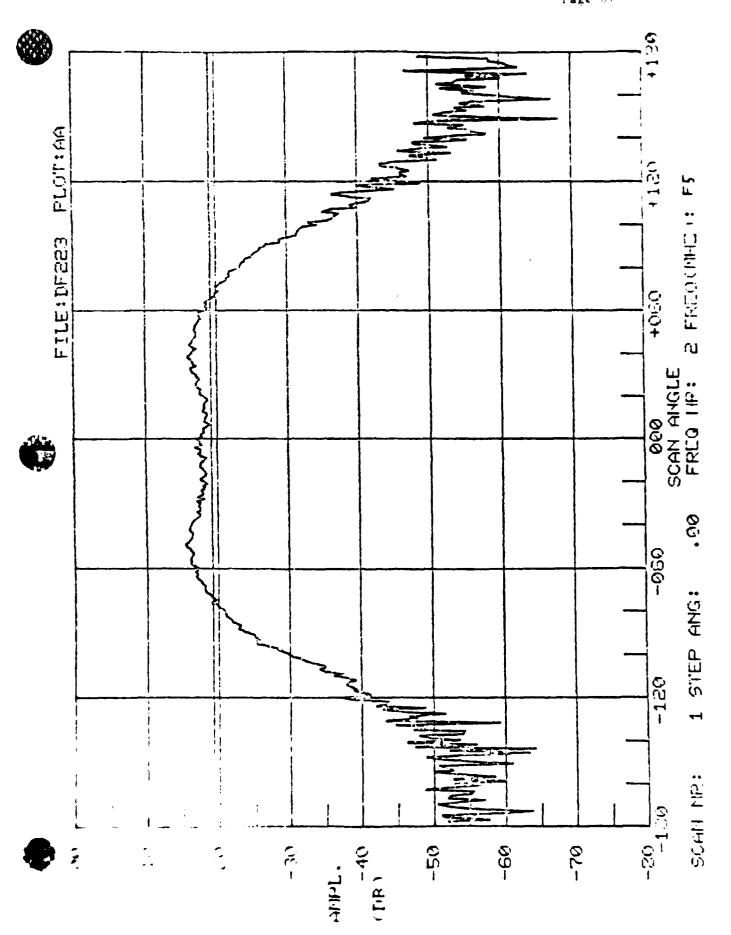


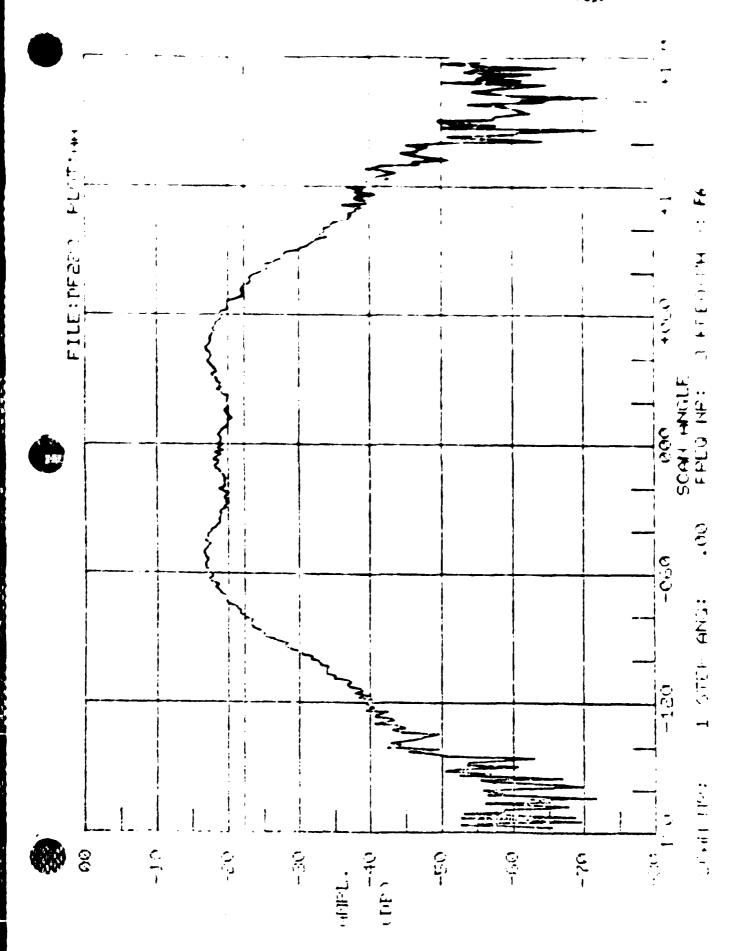


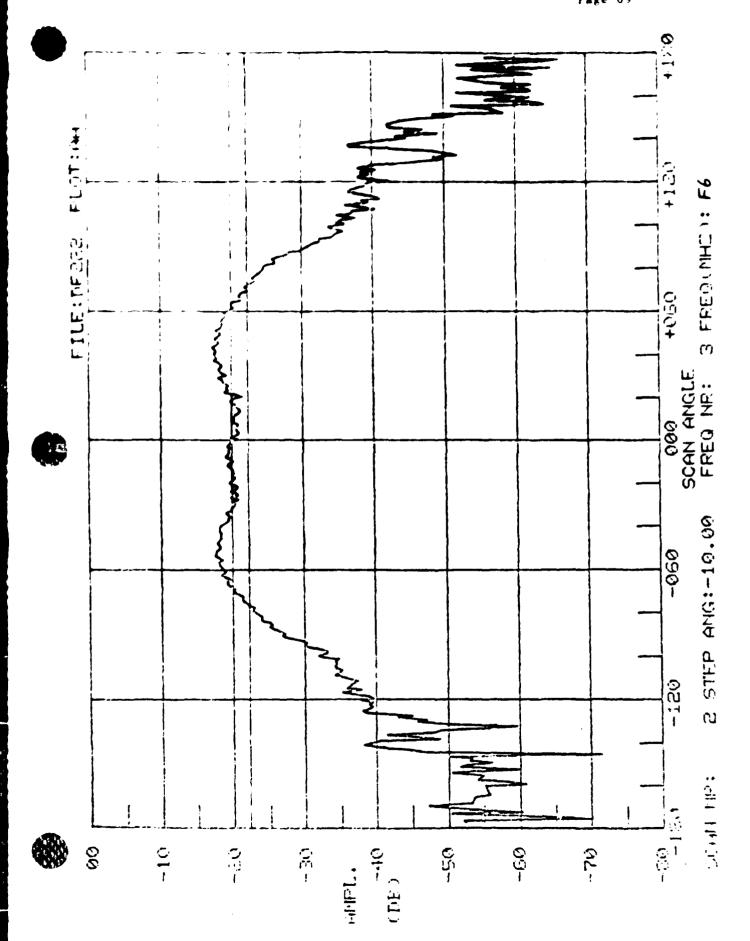


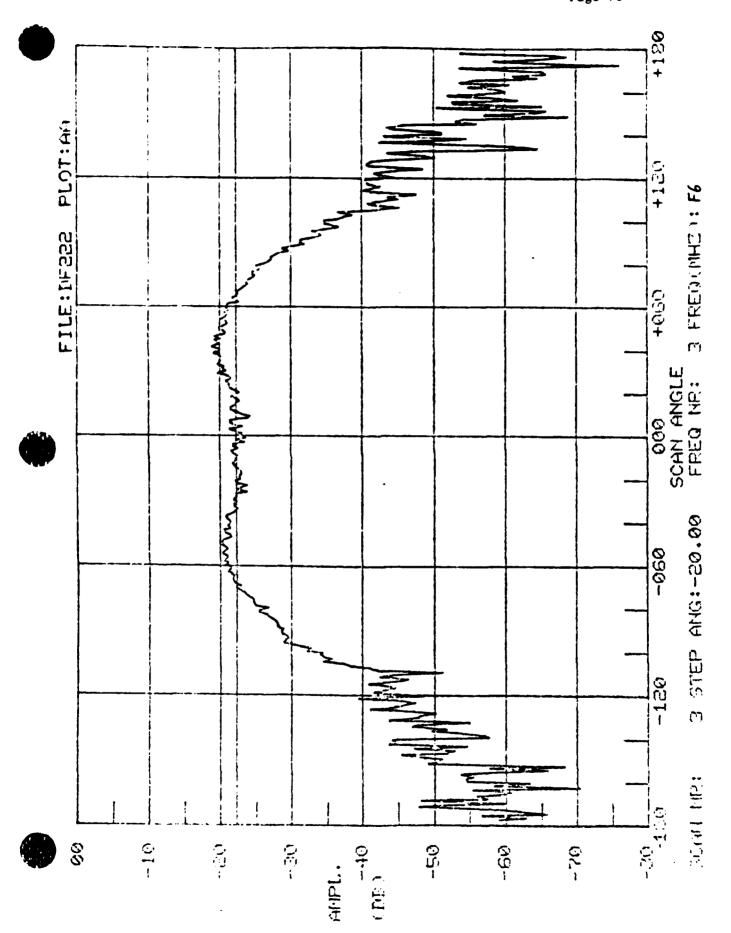


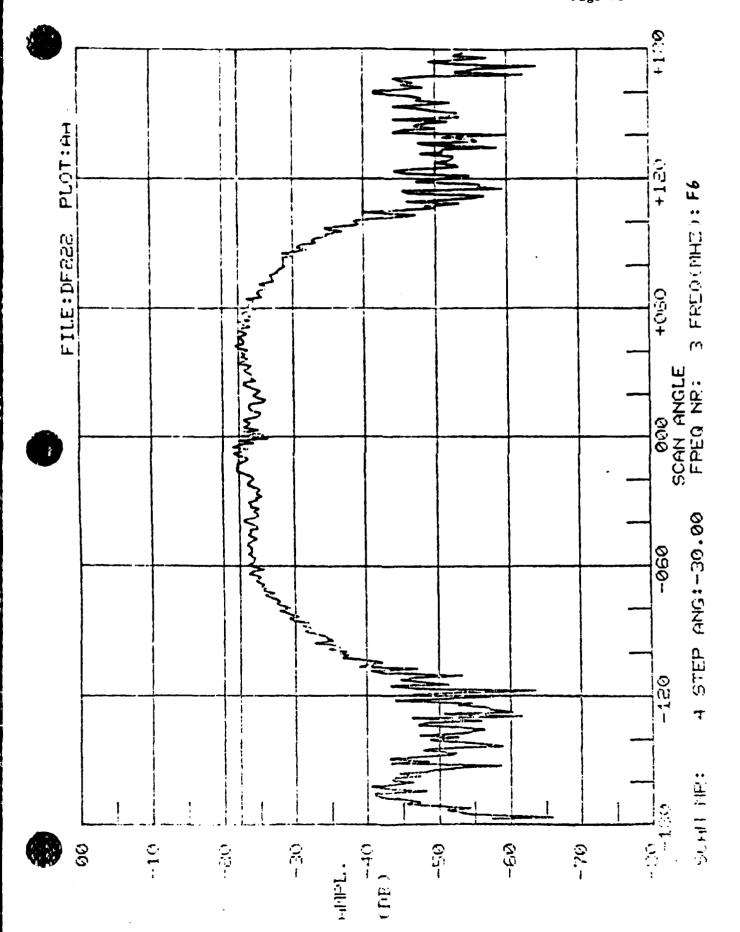


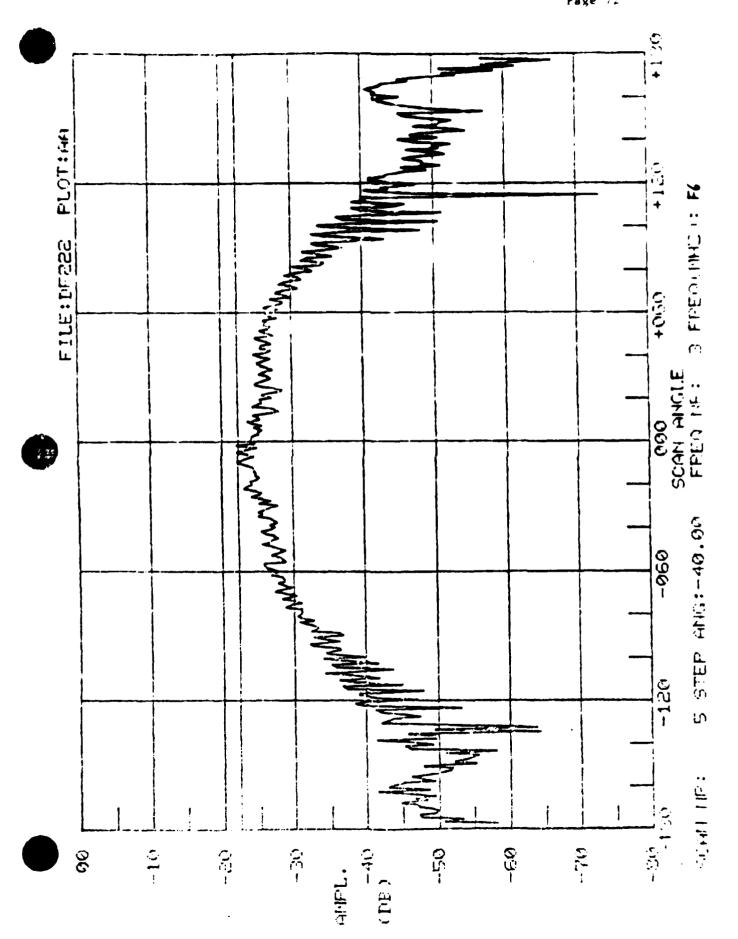


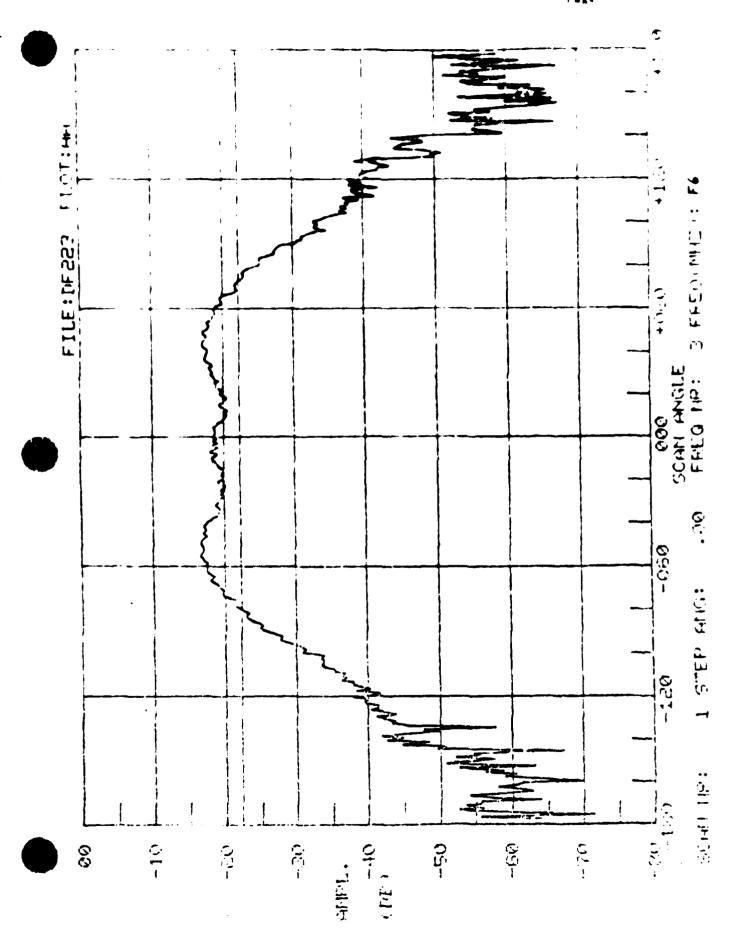














Engineering Report

APPENDIX 5 ER 101E2240 Page 1



Appendix 5 contains AM/ALQ-162 antenns patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in rectangular plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F7, F8, and F9 and elevations of +40° through -40° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

DF205 - Forward entenna, upper hemisphere

DF206 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

DF228 - Forward antenna, lower hemisphere

DF229 -- Forward antenna, lower hemisphere horizon

DF239 -- Aft entenna, upper hemisphere

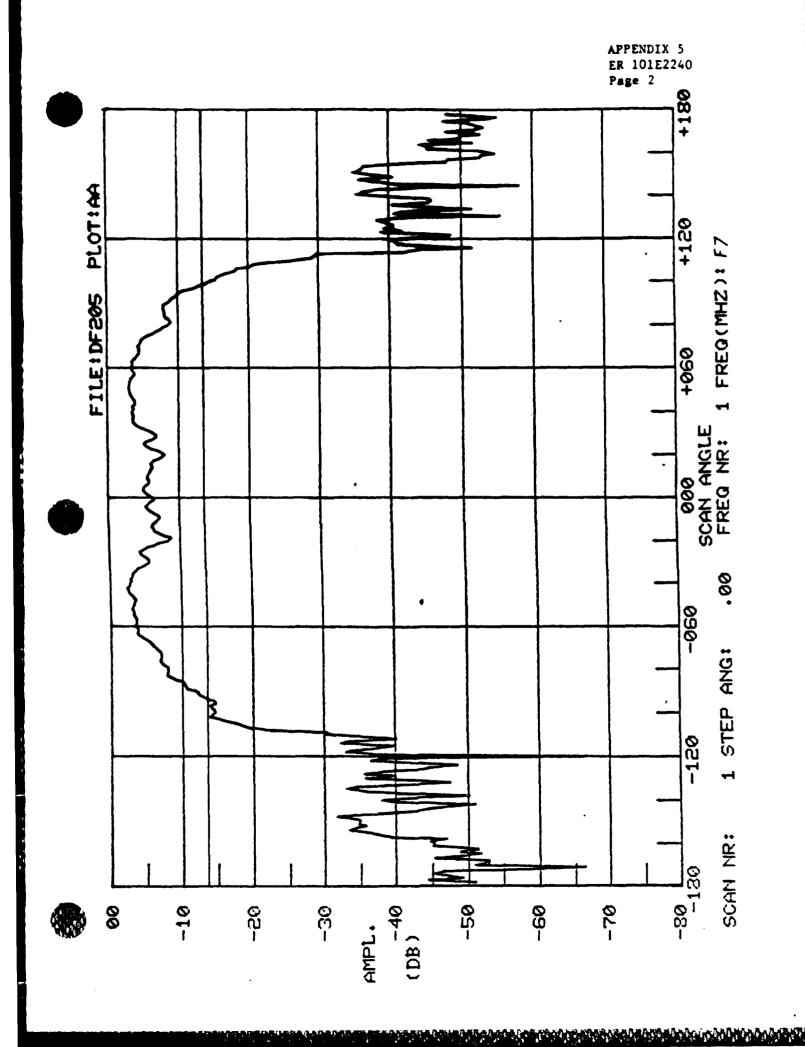
DF240 -- Aft antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

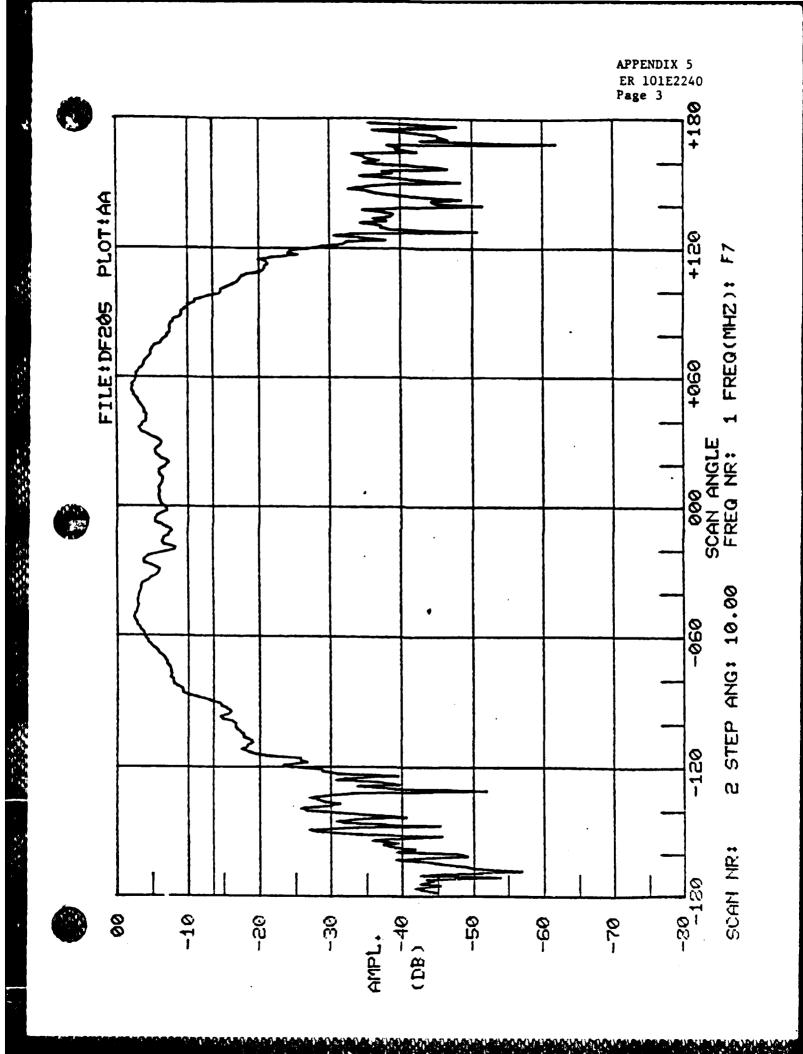
DF236 - Aft antenna, lower hemisphere

DF237 -- Aft antenna, lower hemisphere horizon.

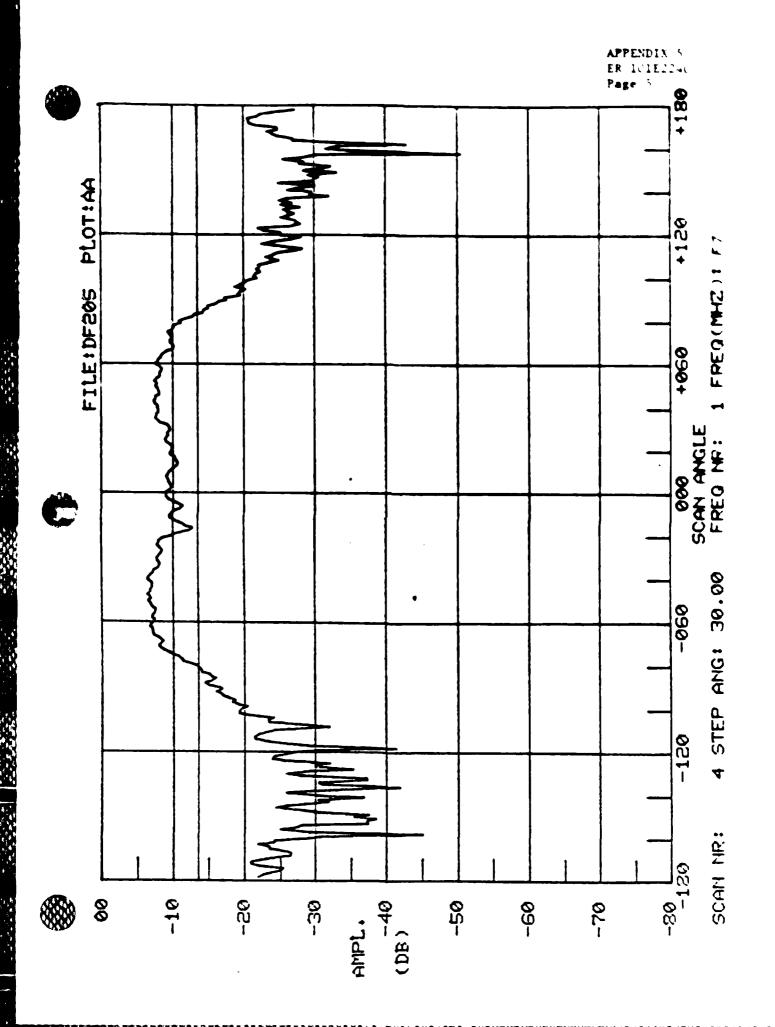


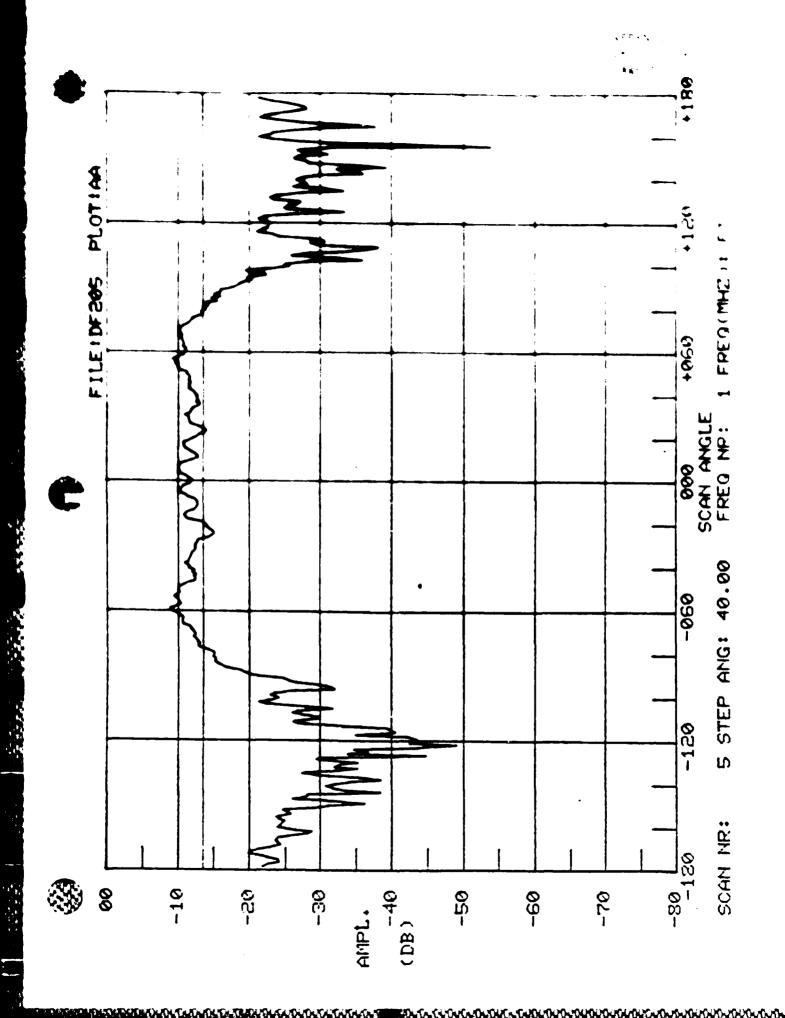


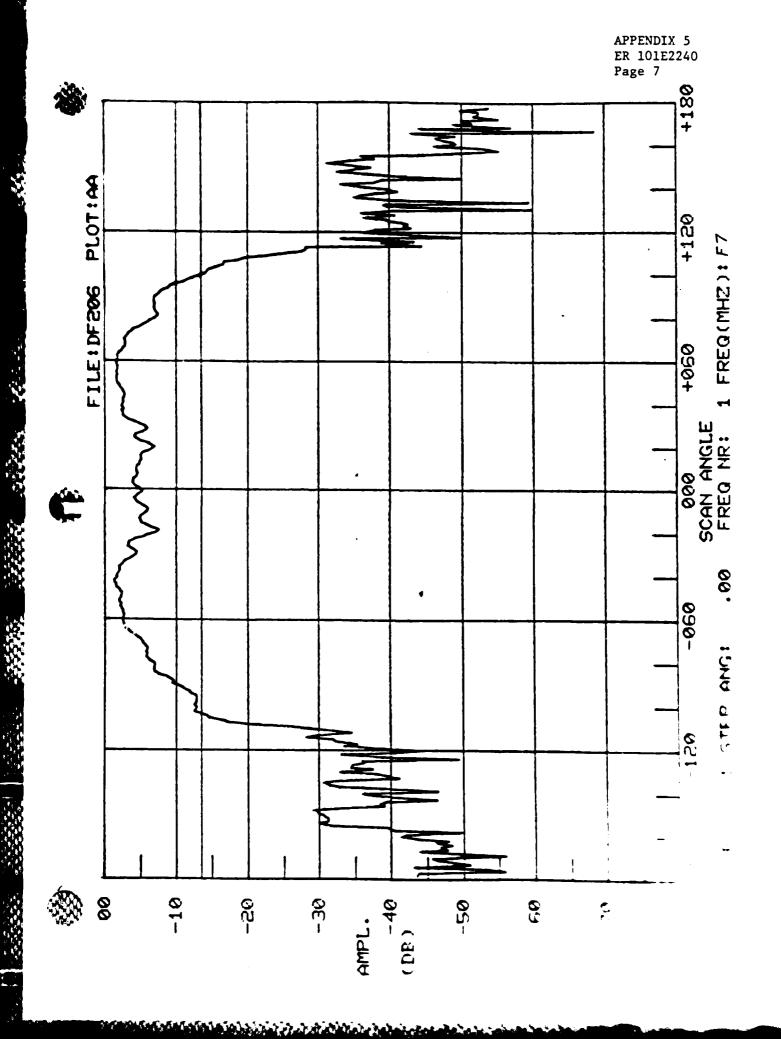


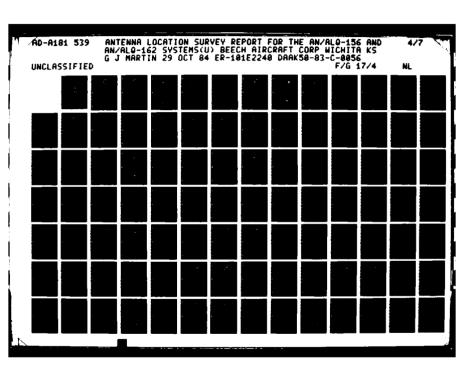


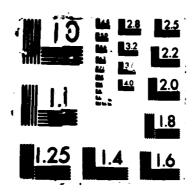
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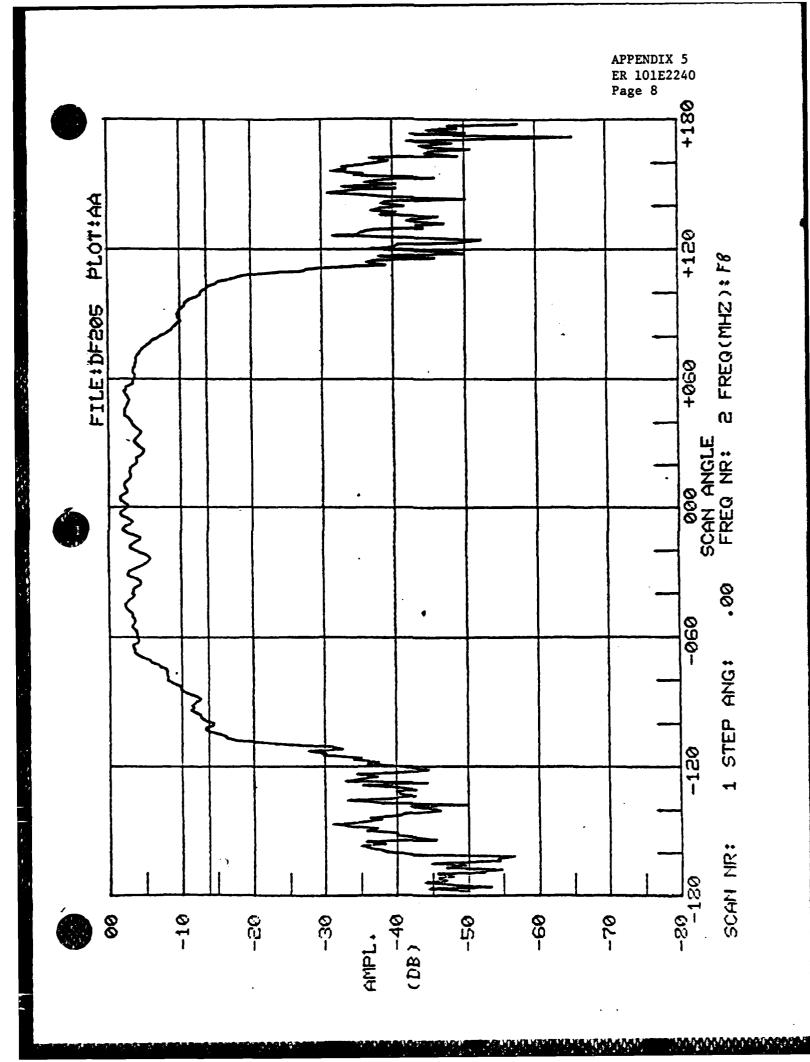


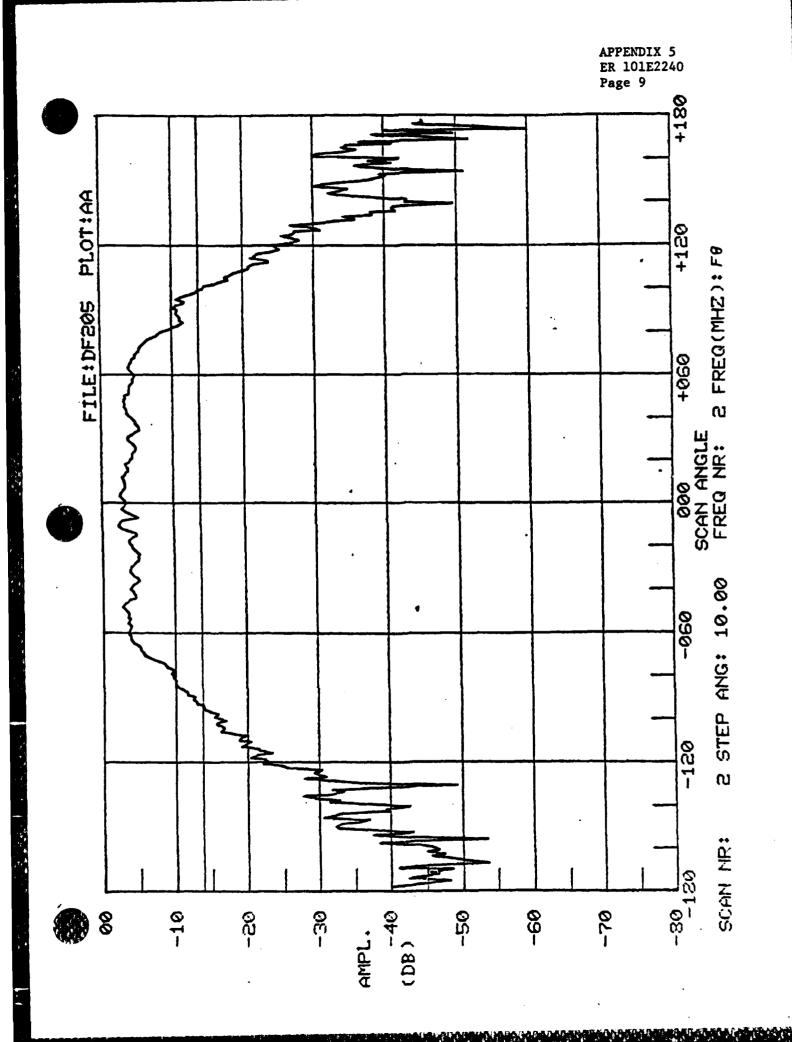


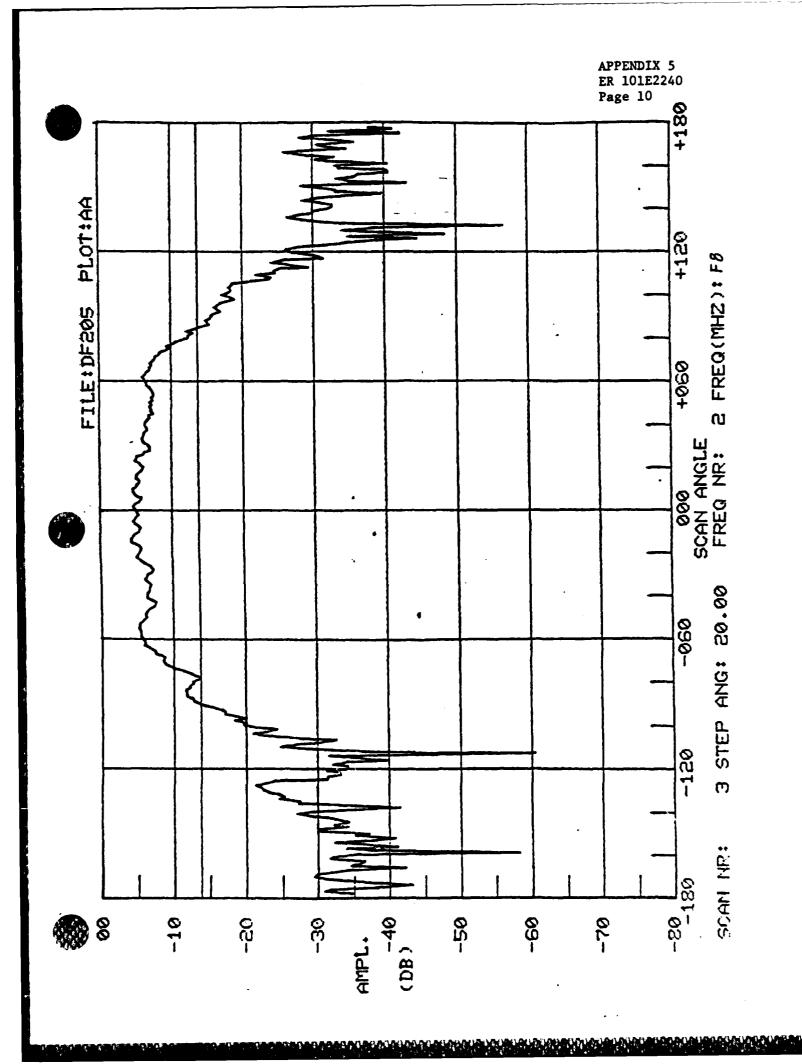


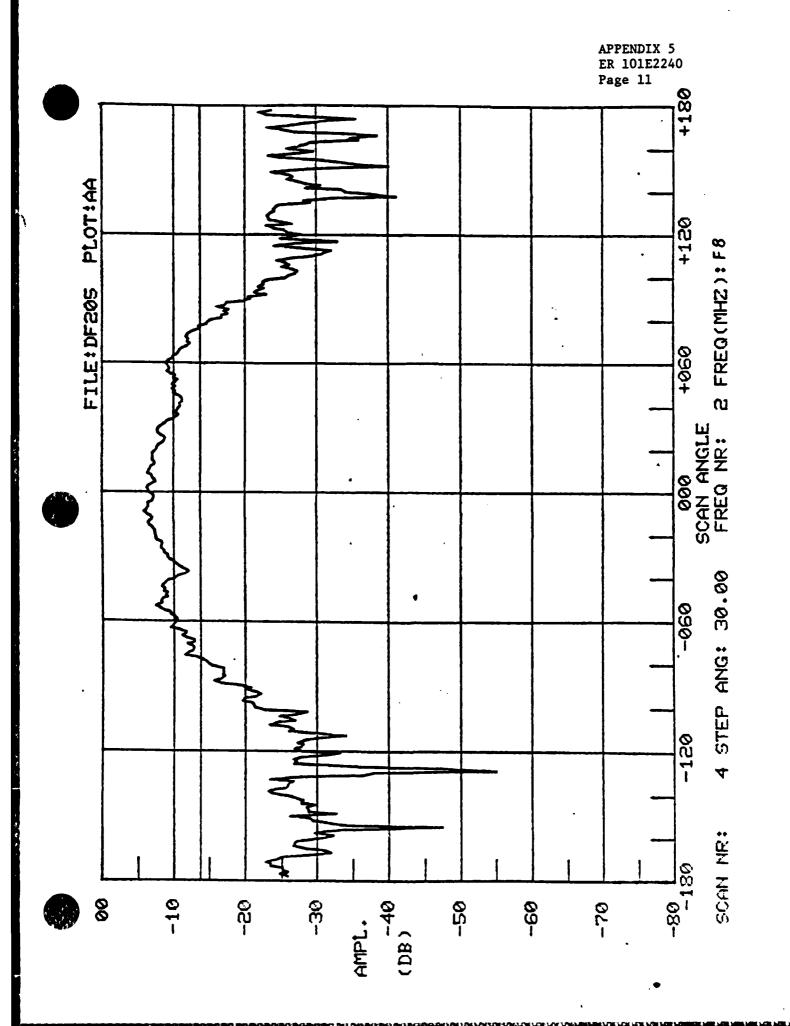


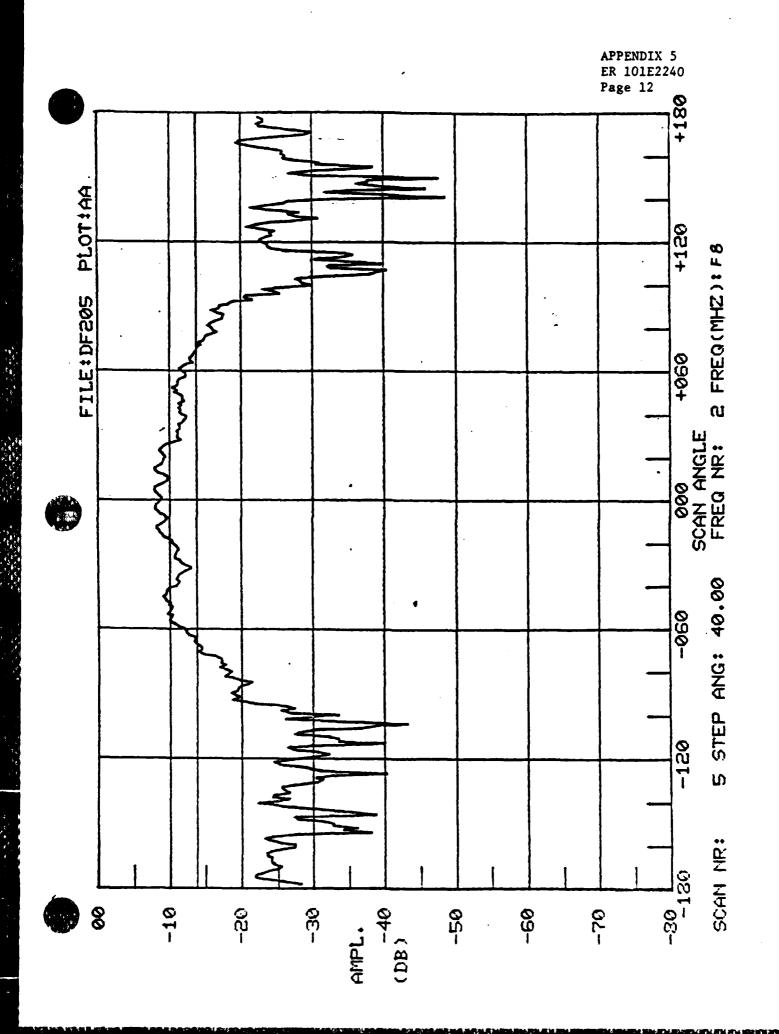


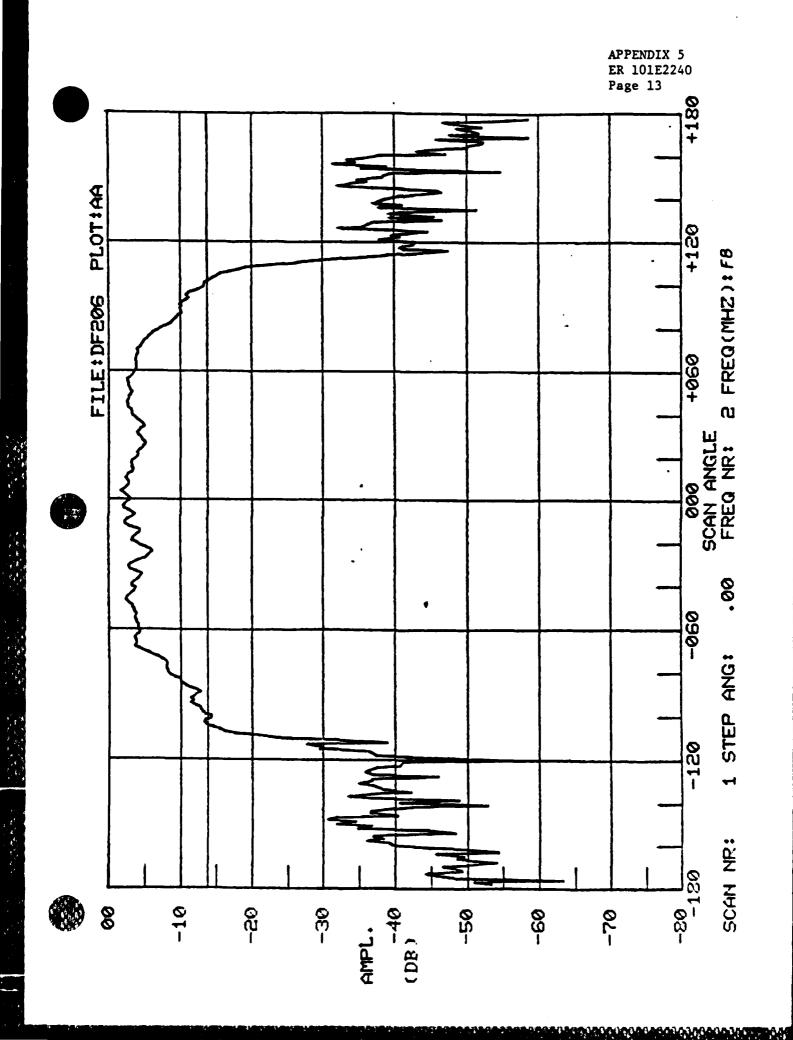


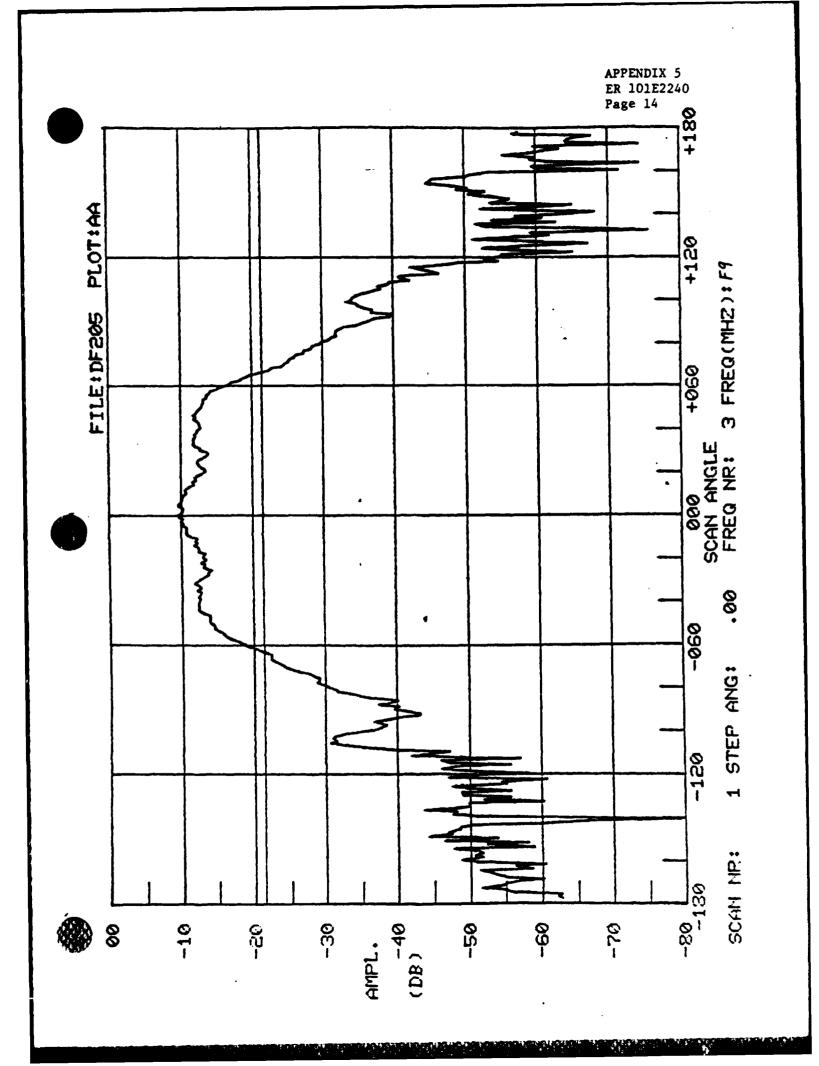


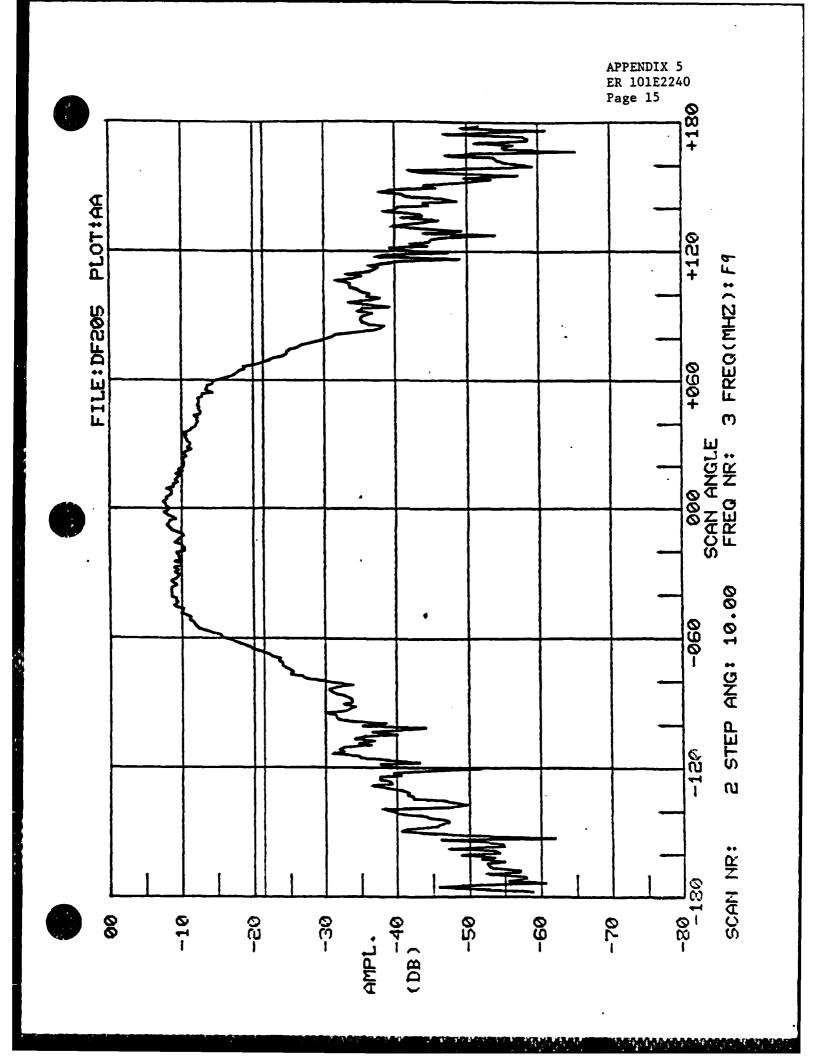


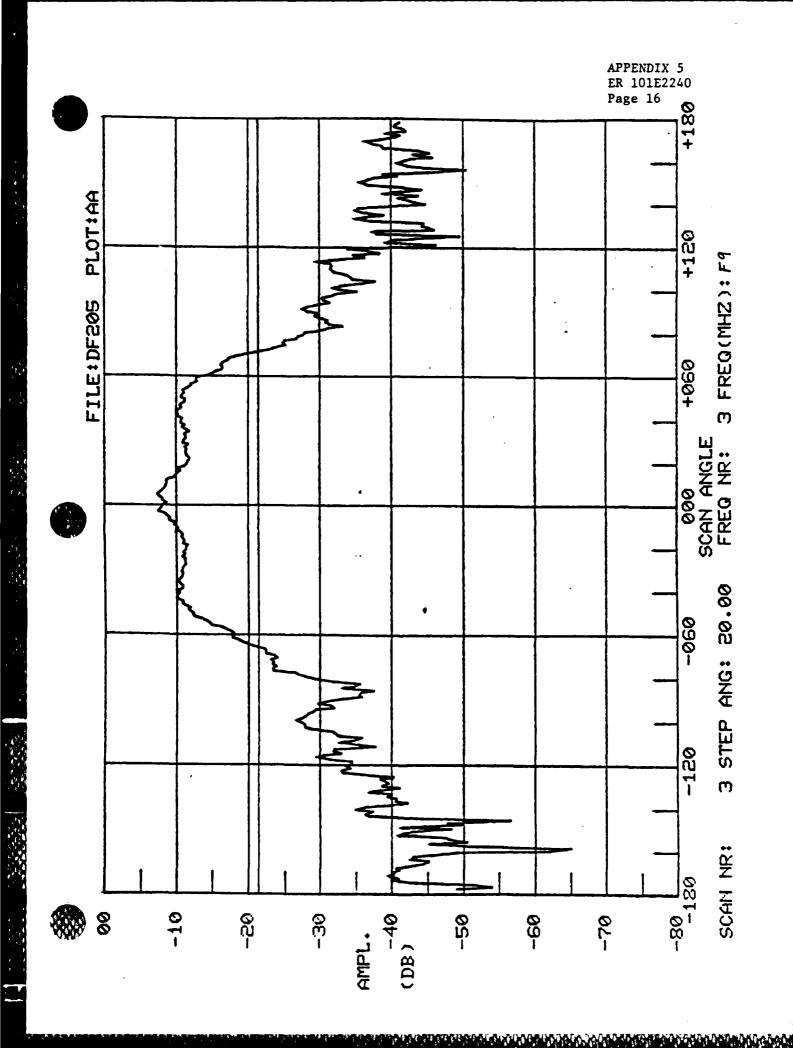


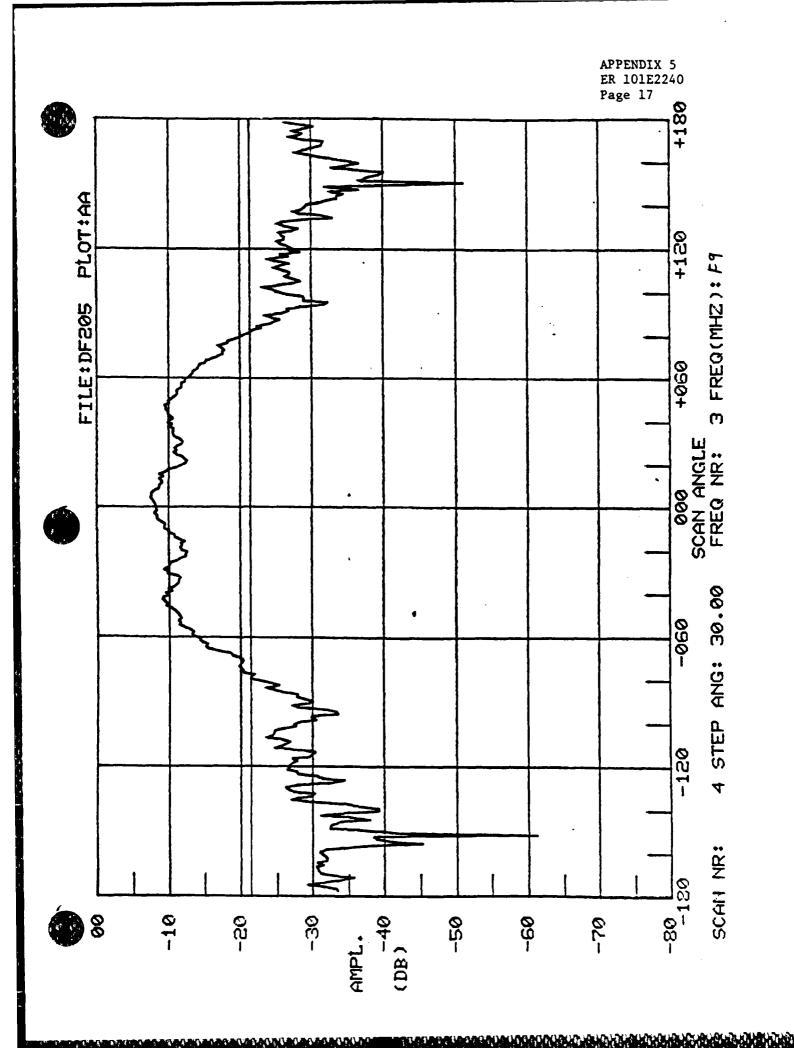


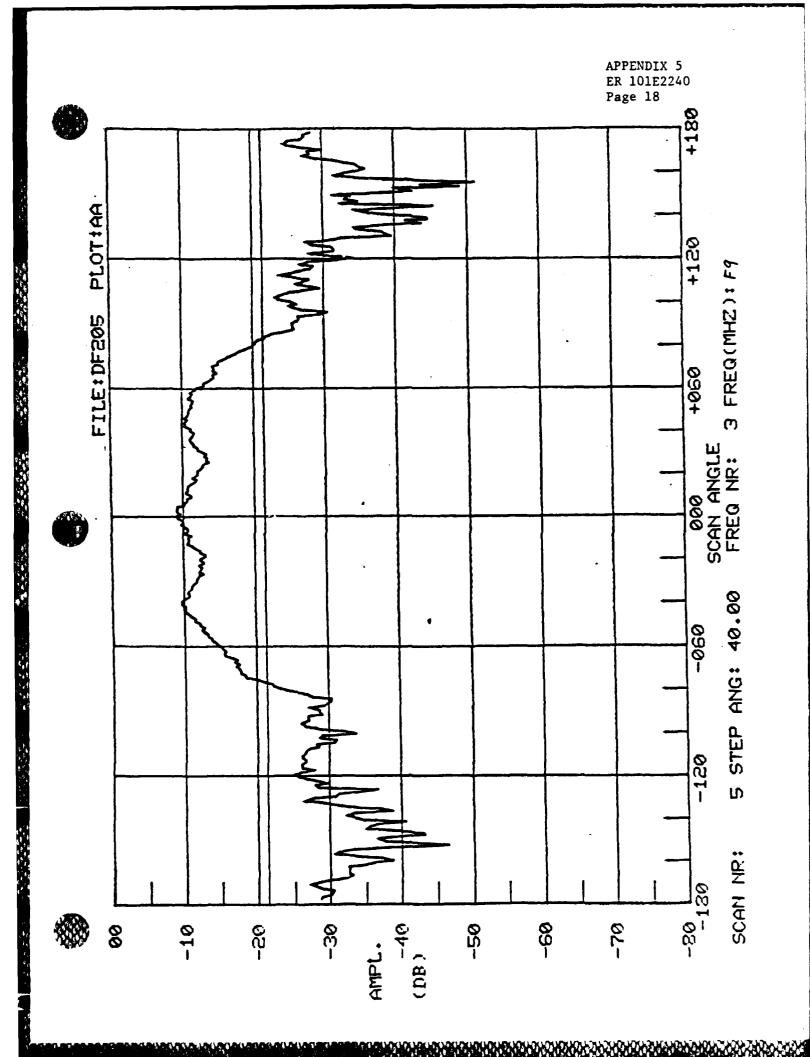


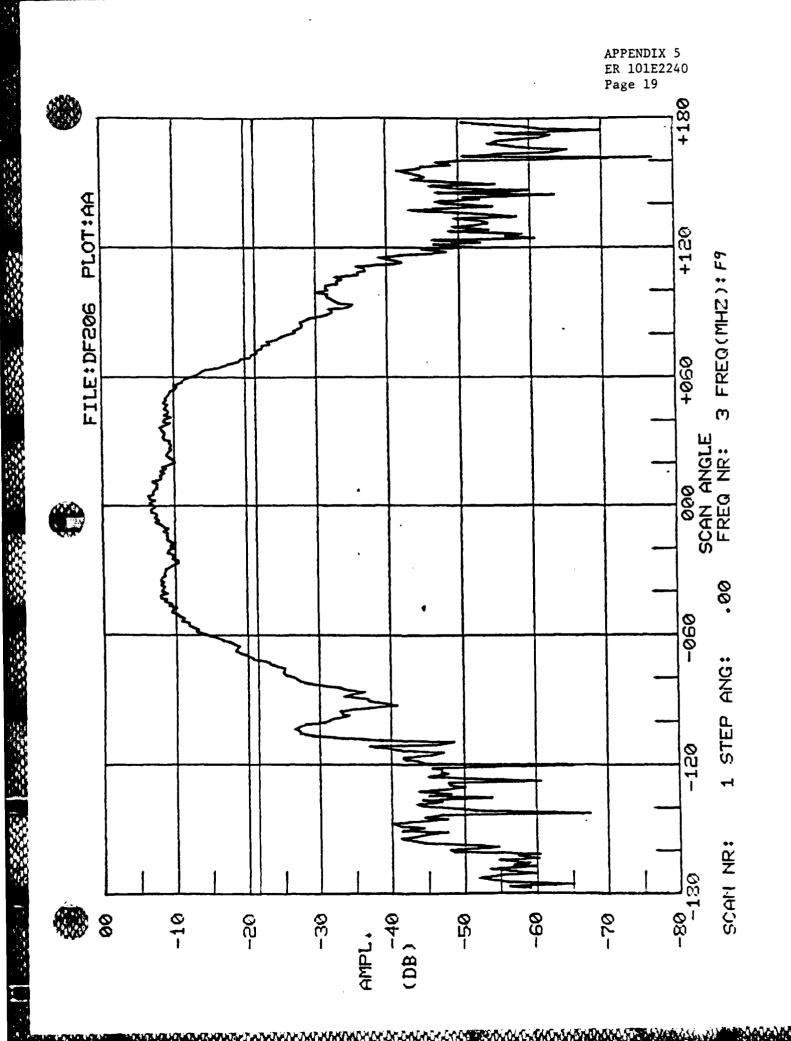


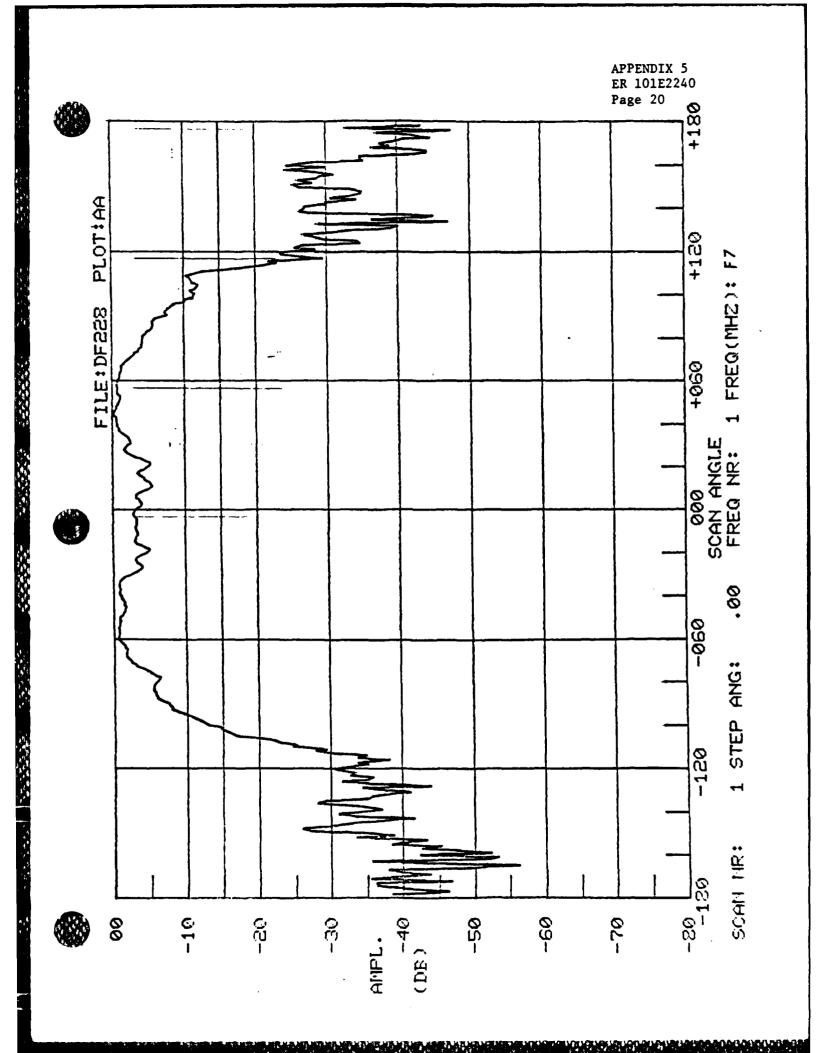


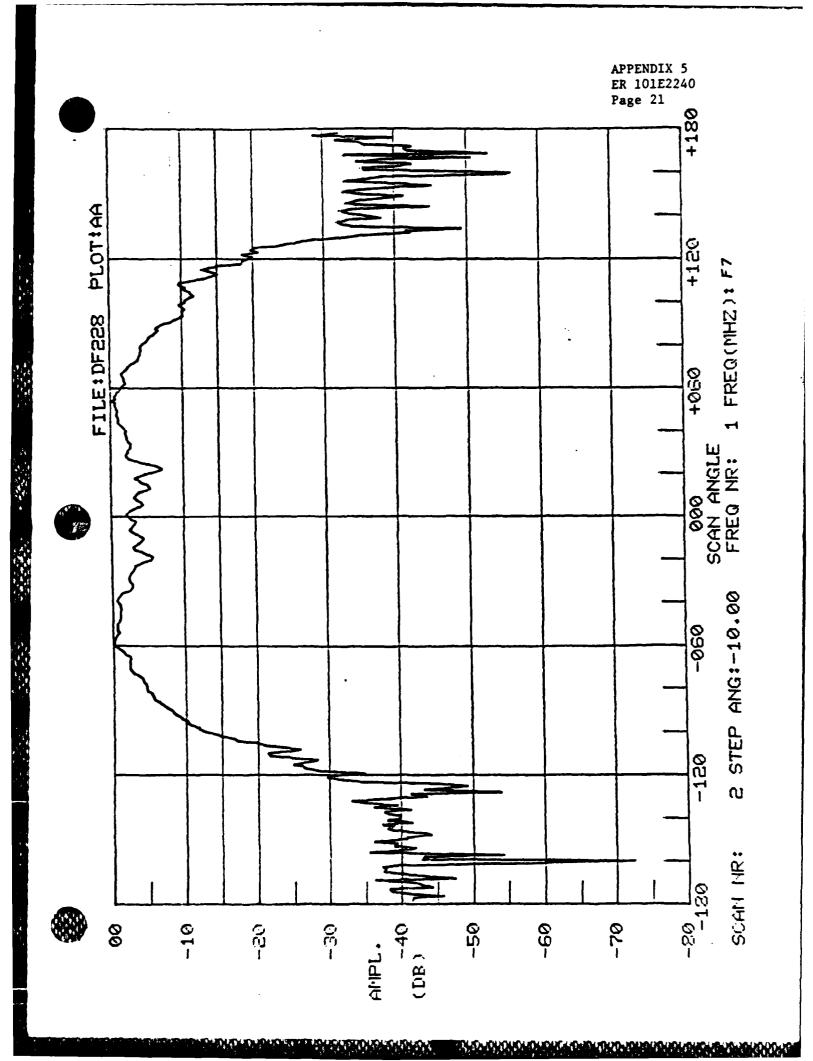


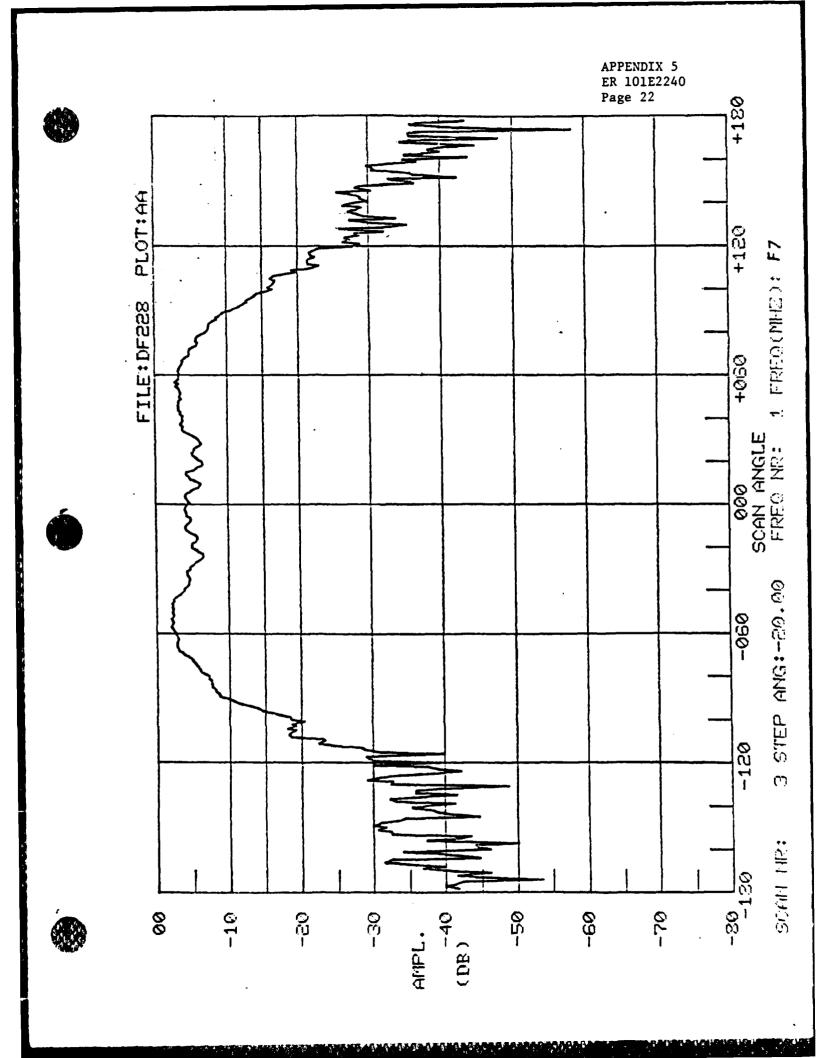


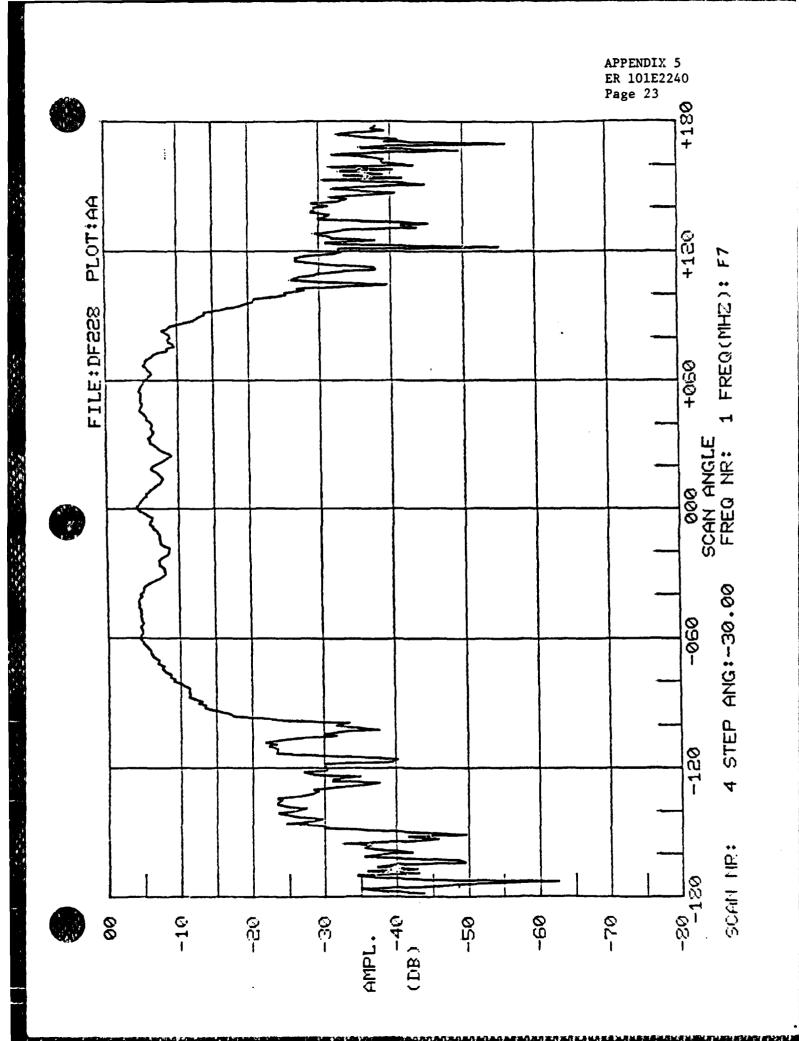


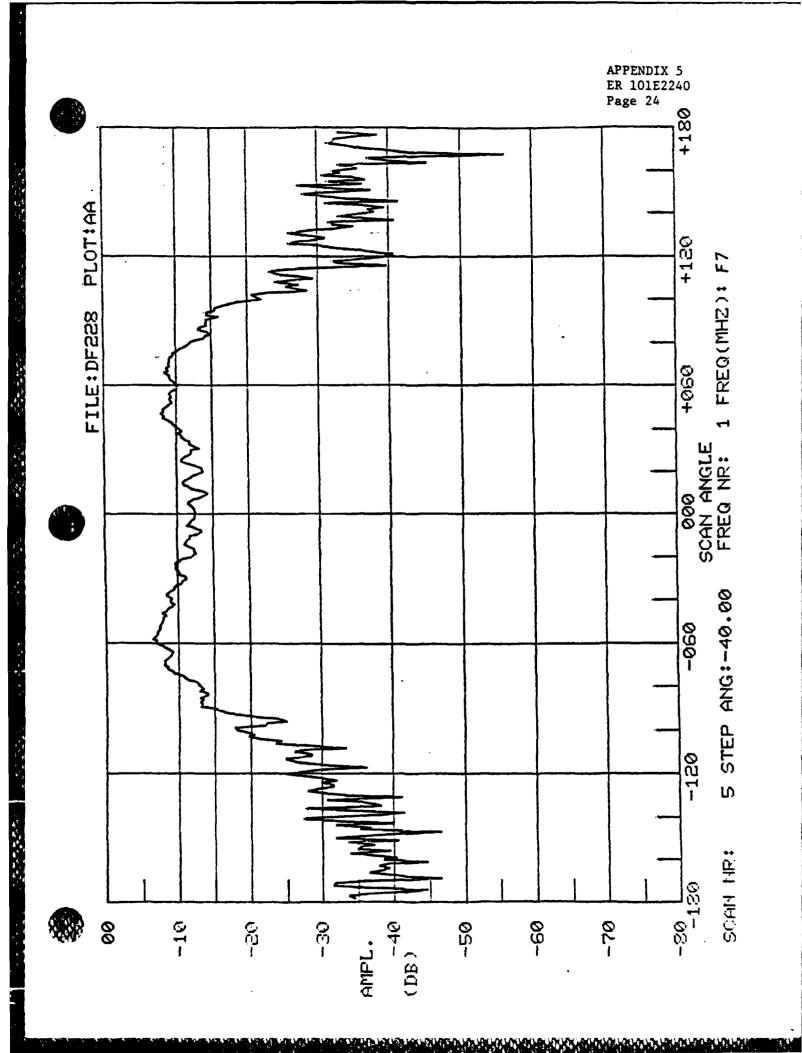


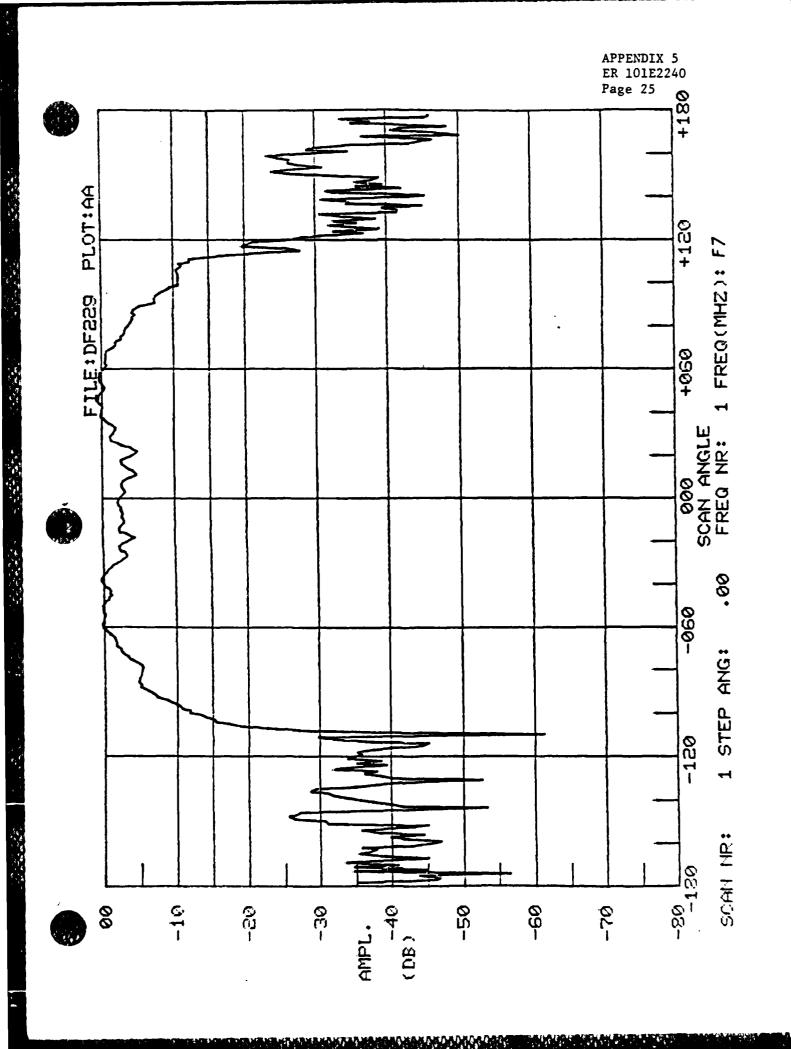


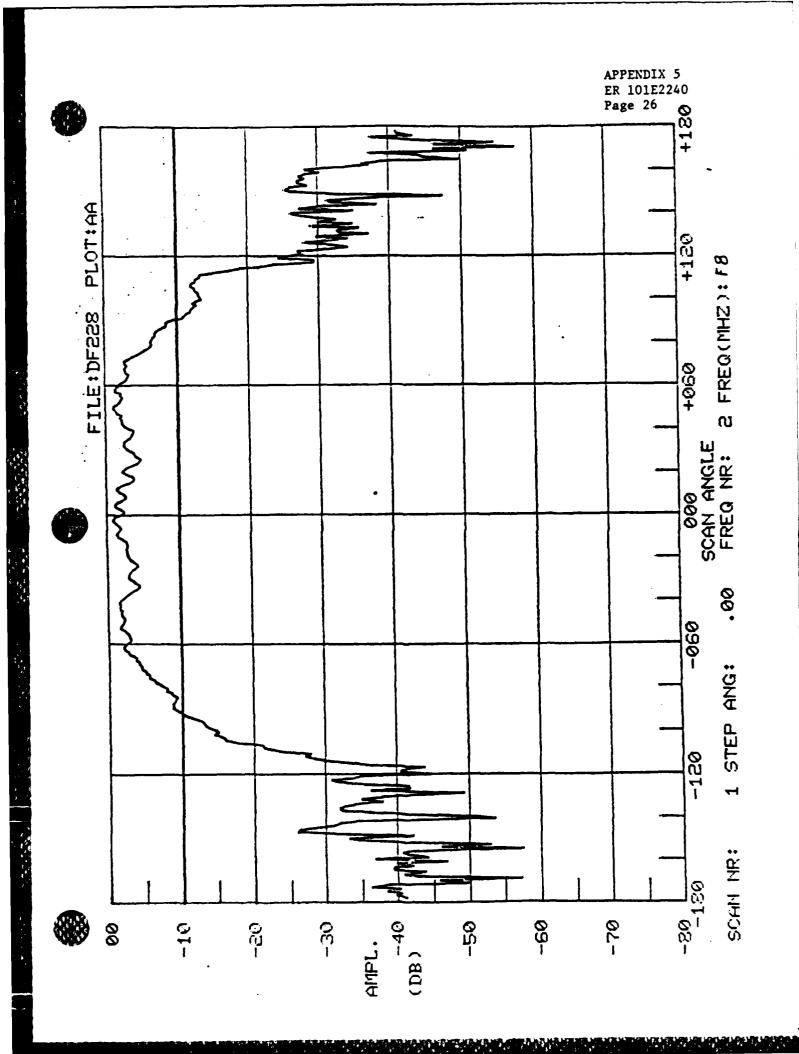


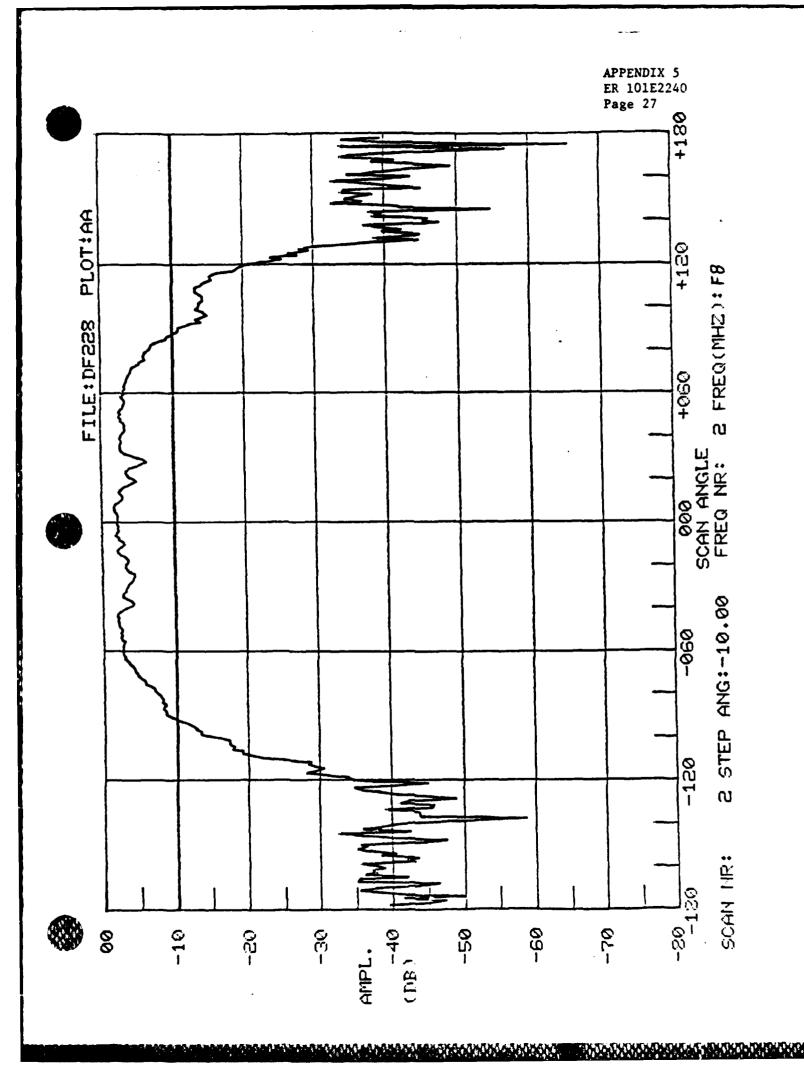


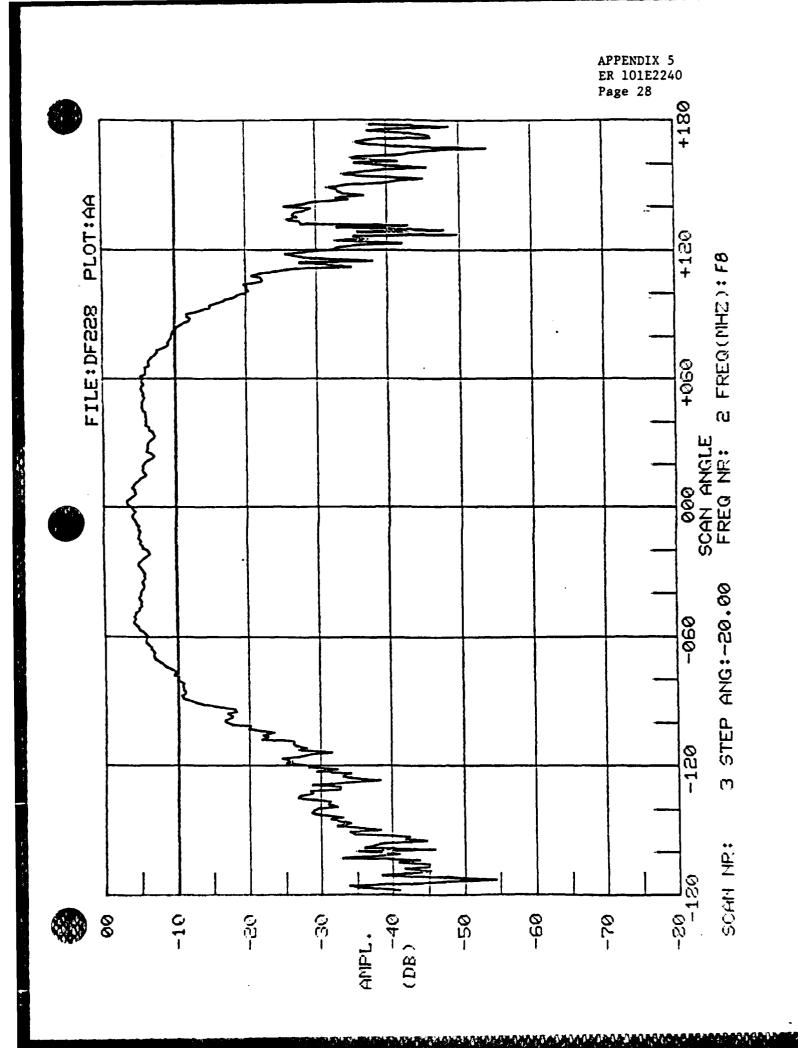


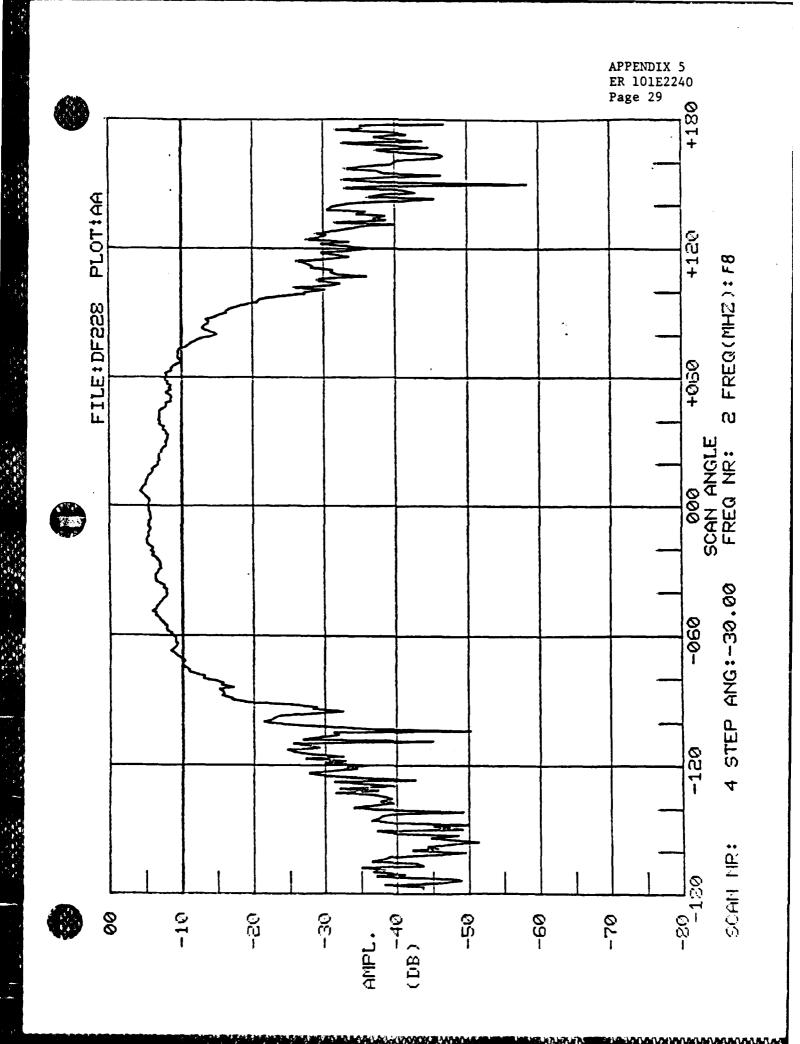


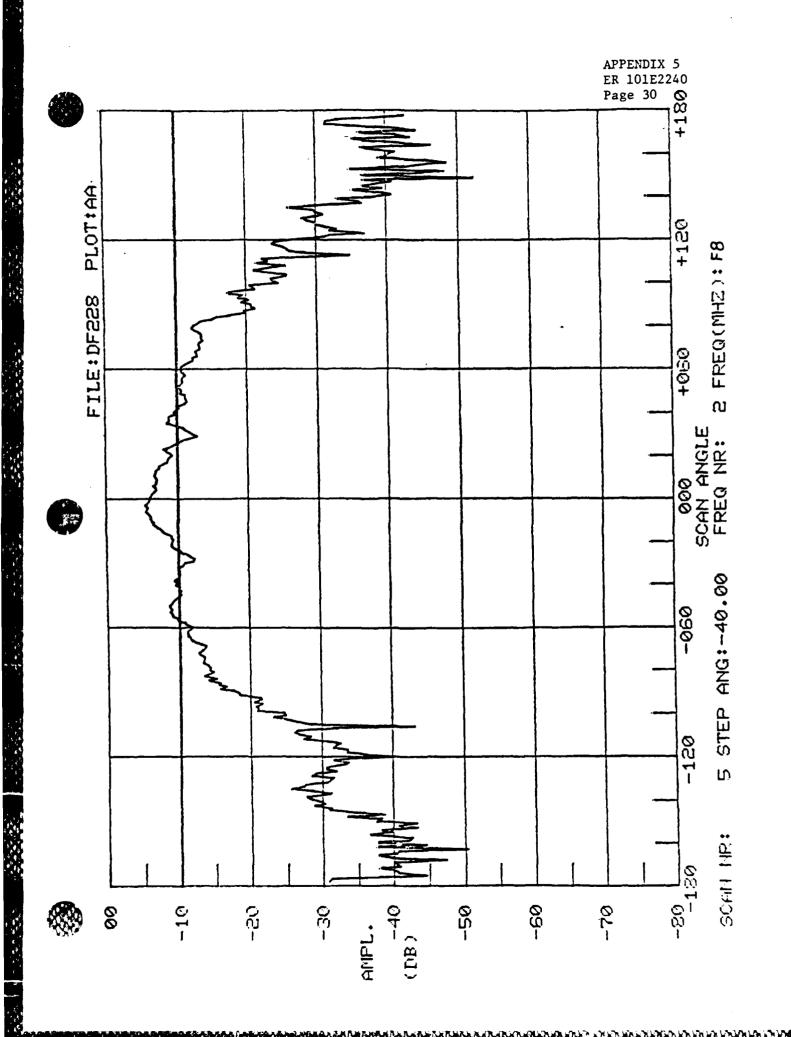


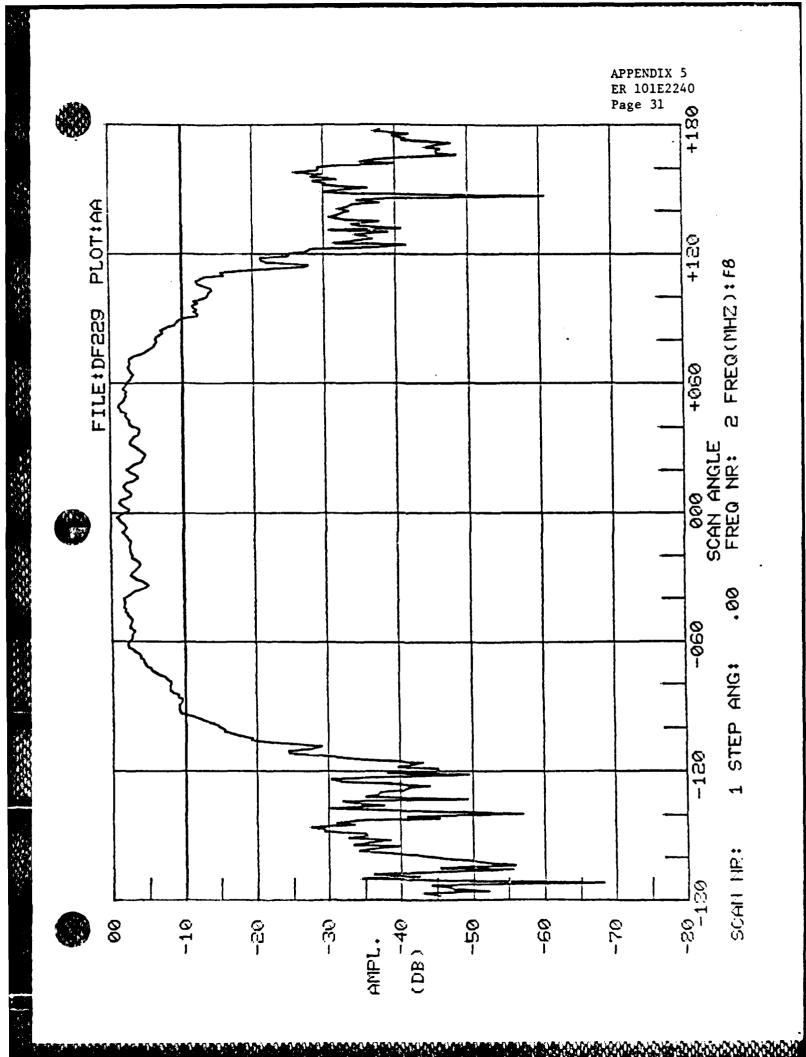


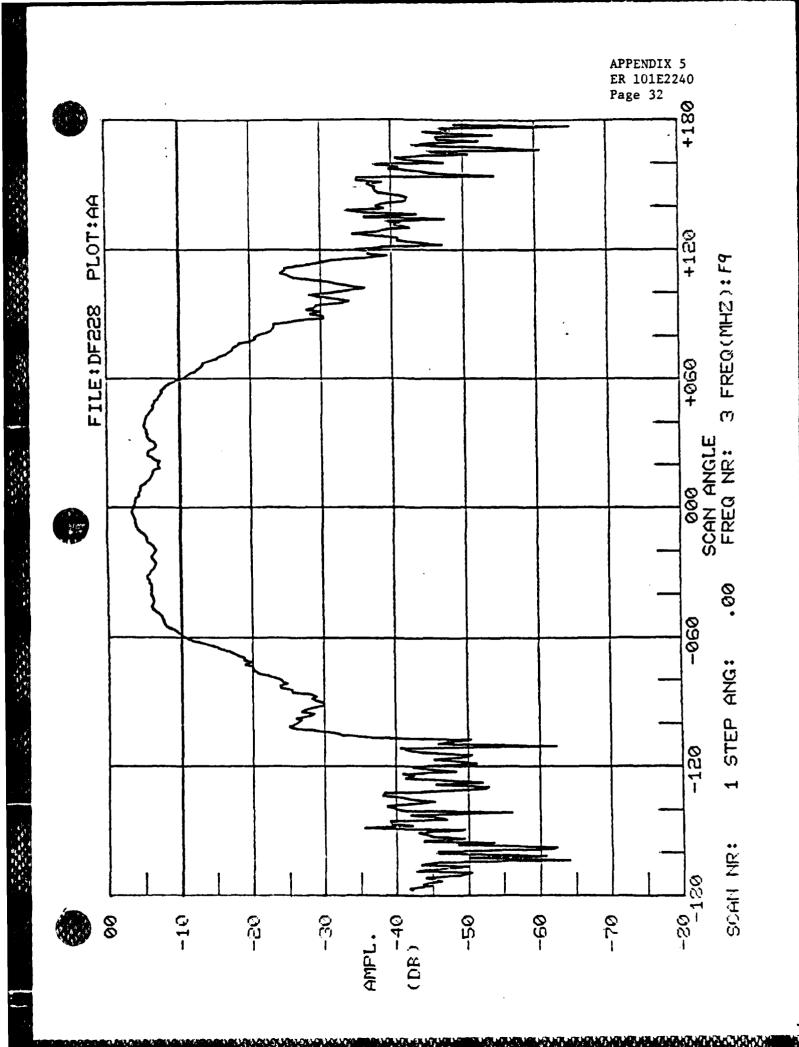


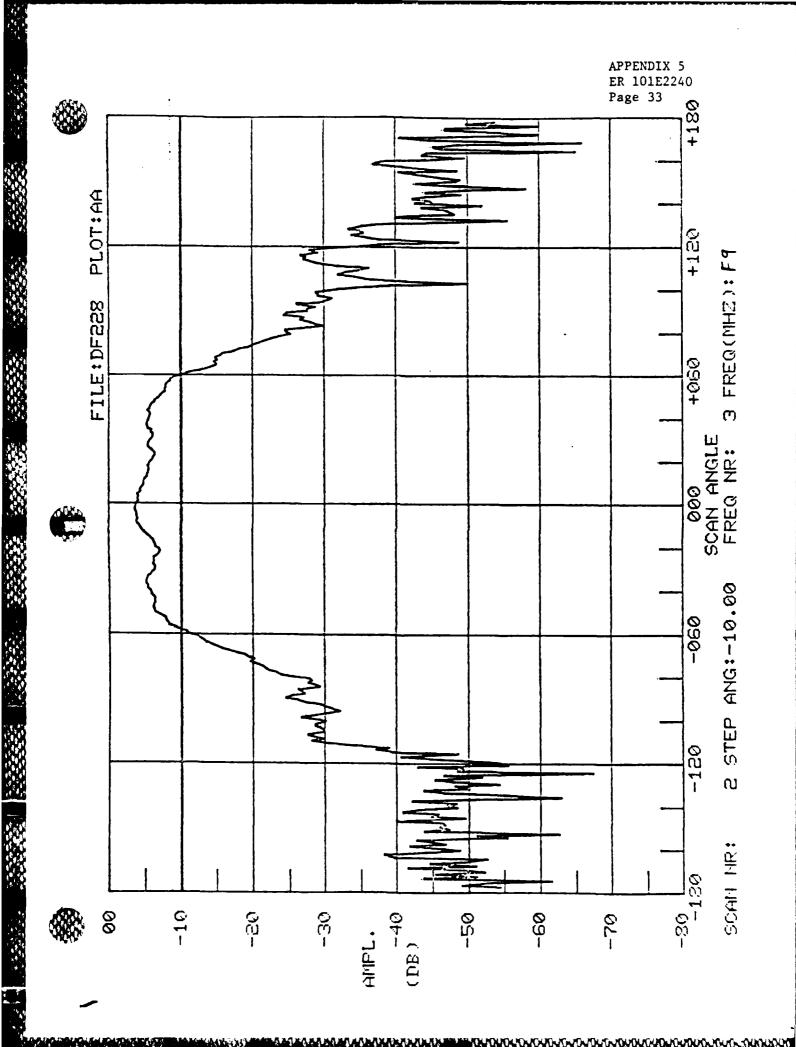


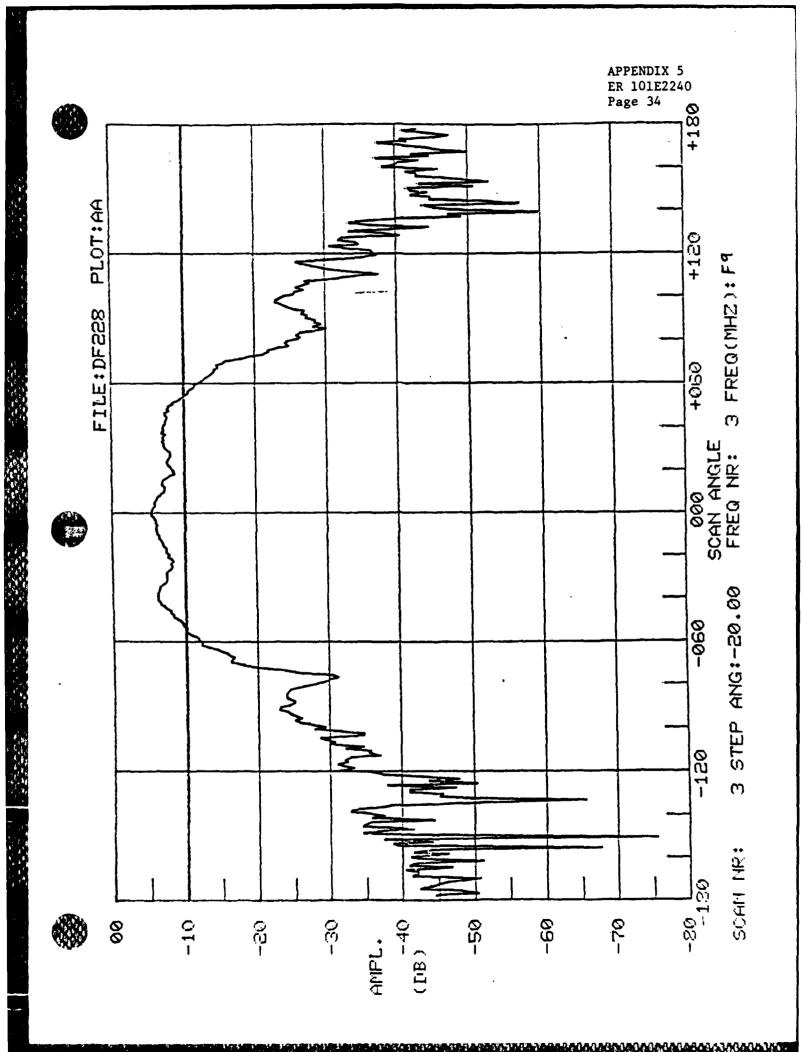


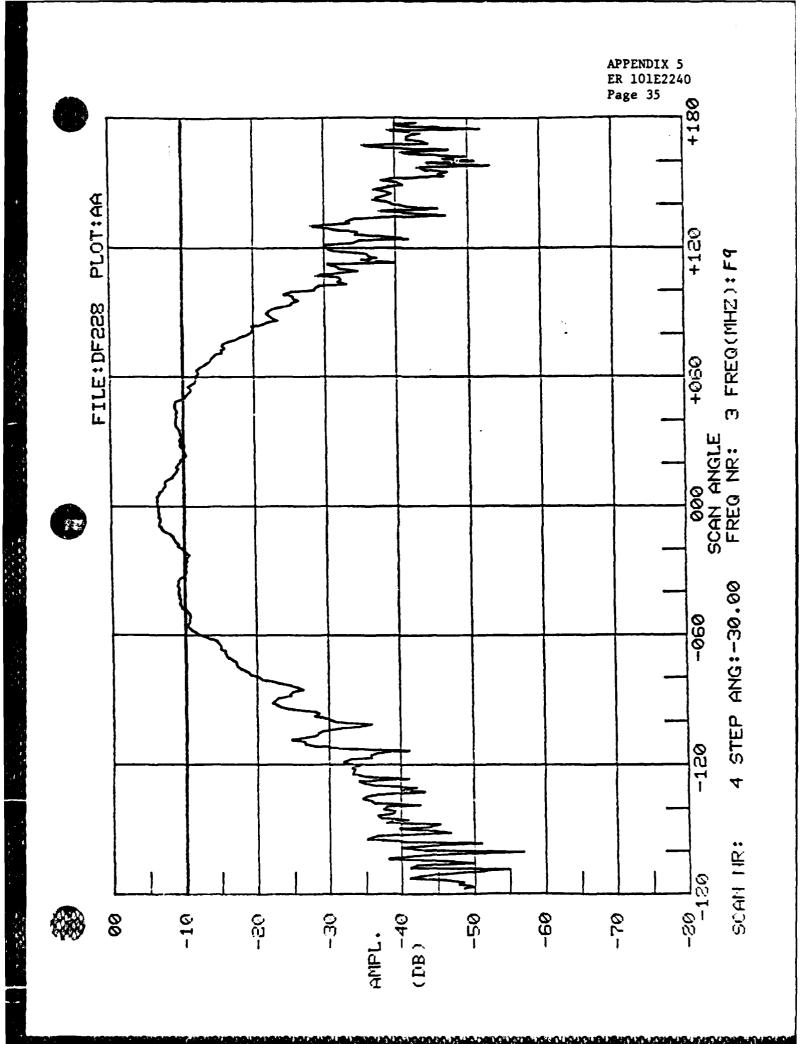


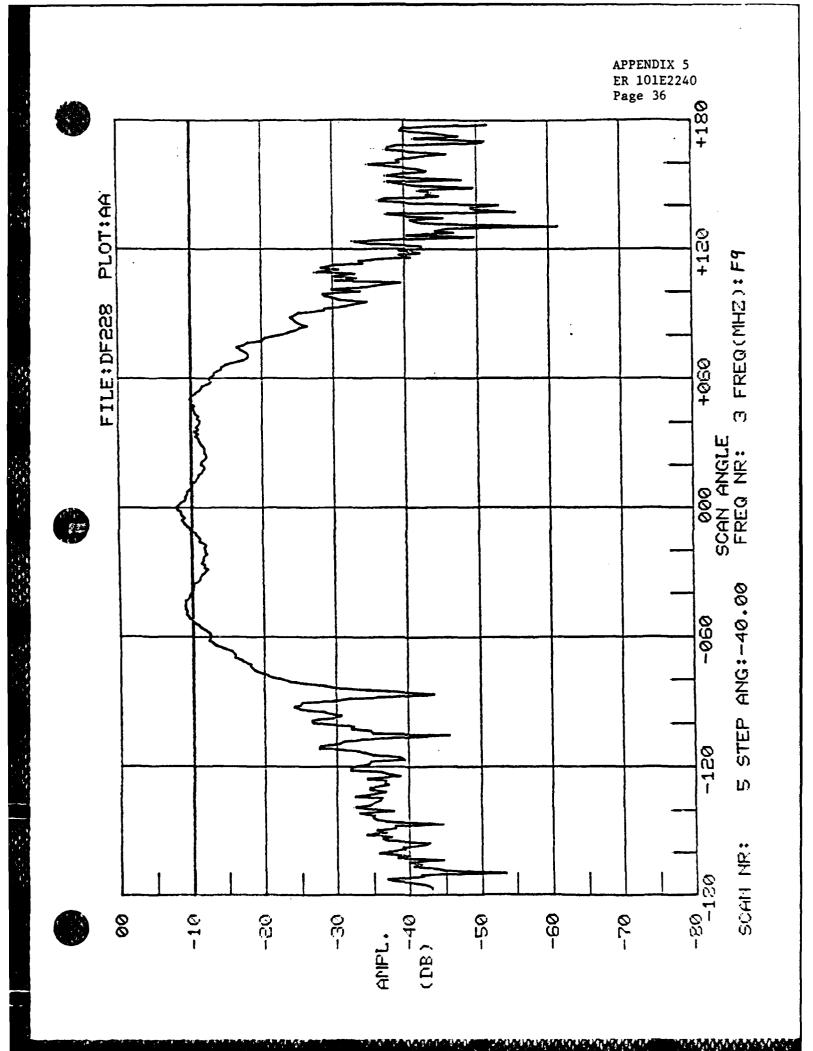


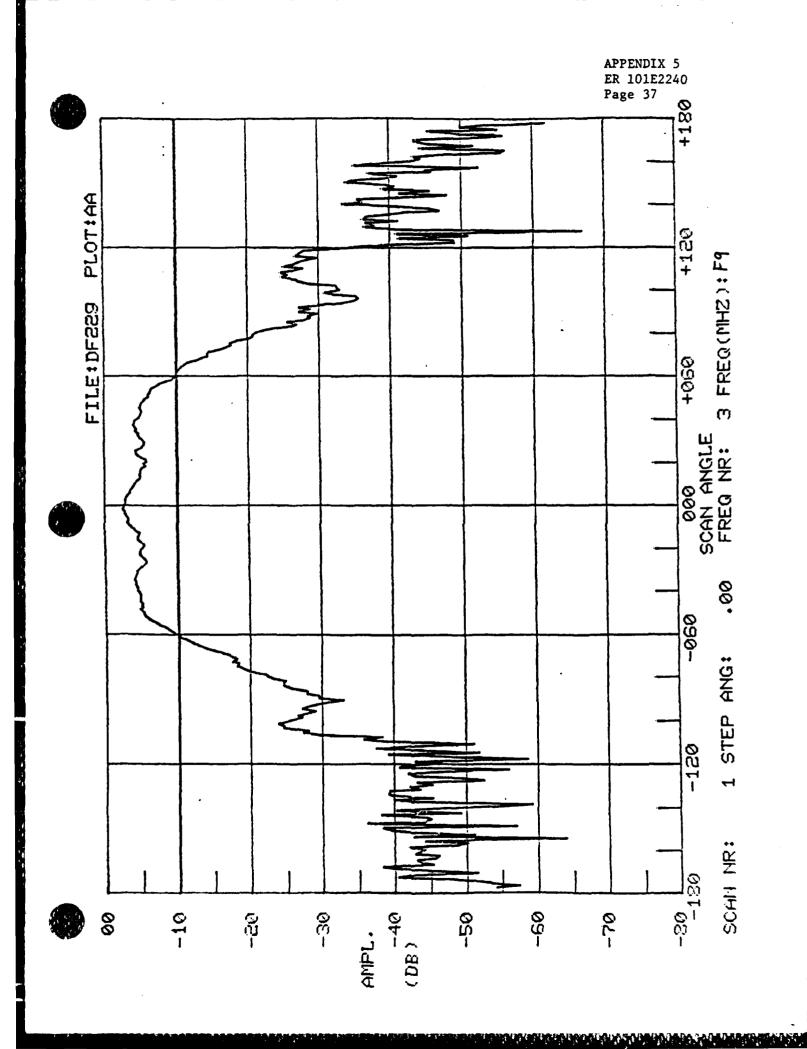


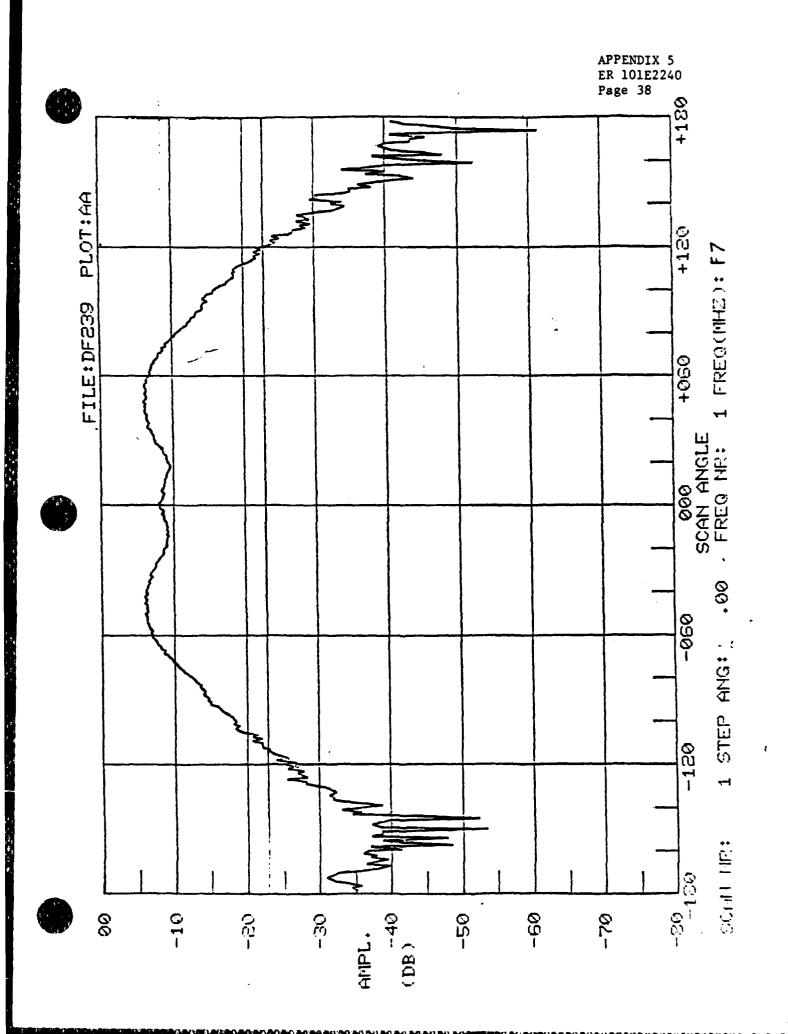


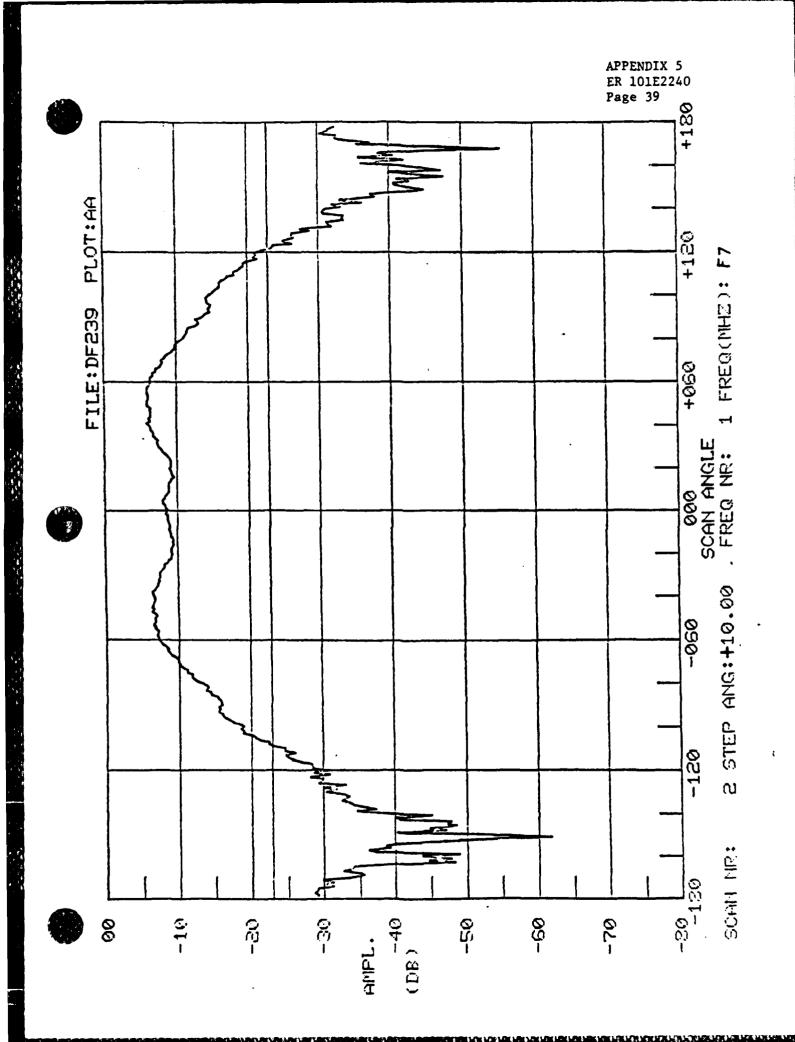


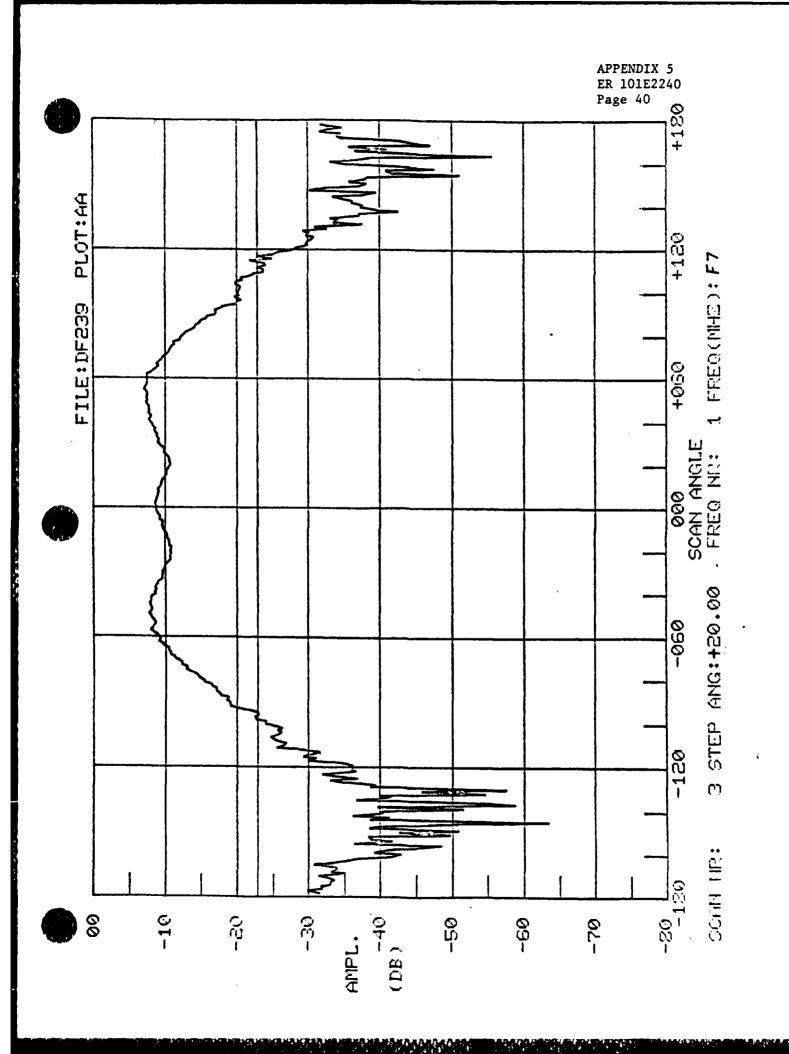


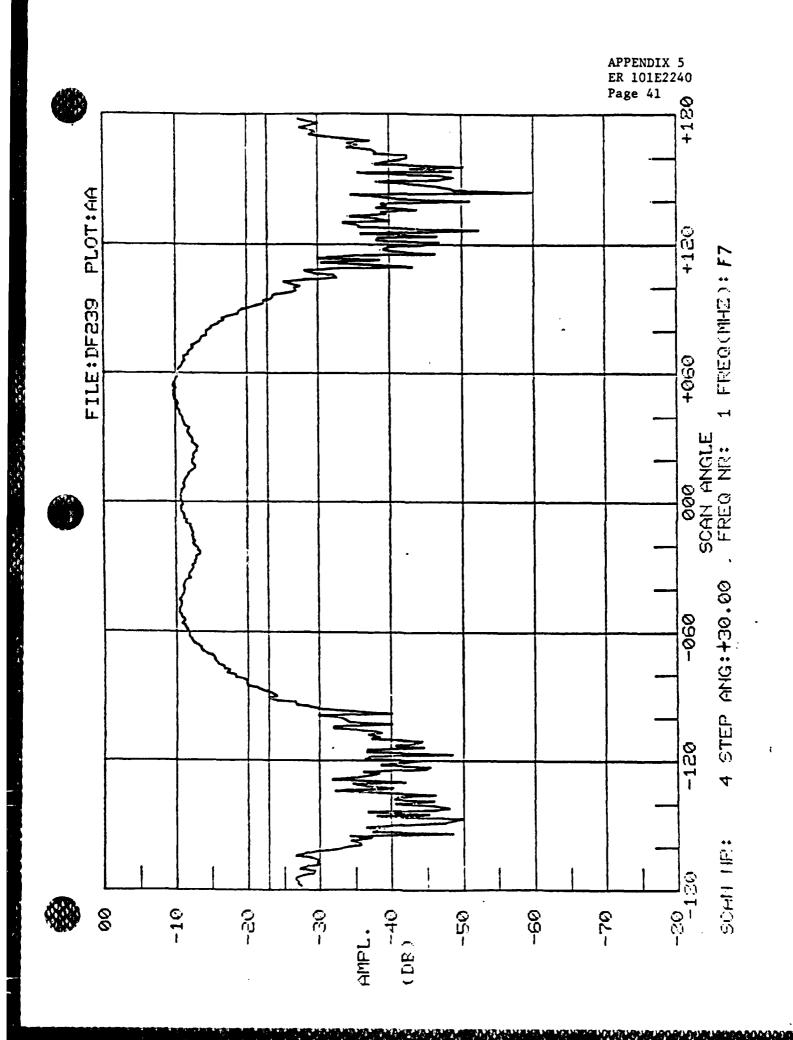


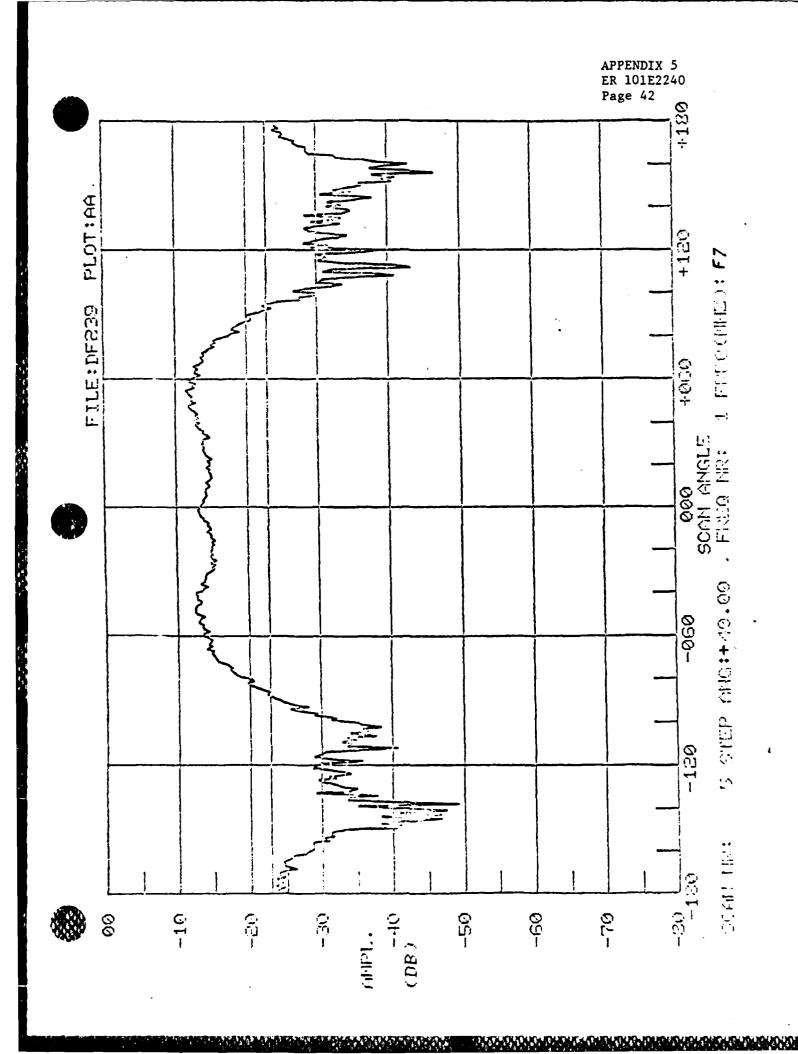


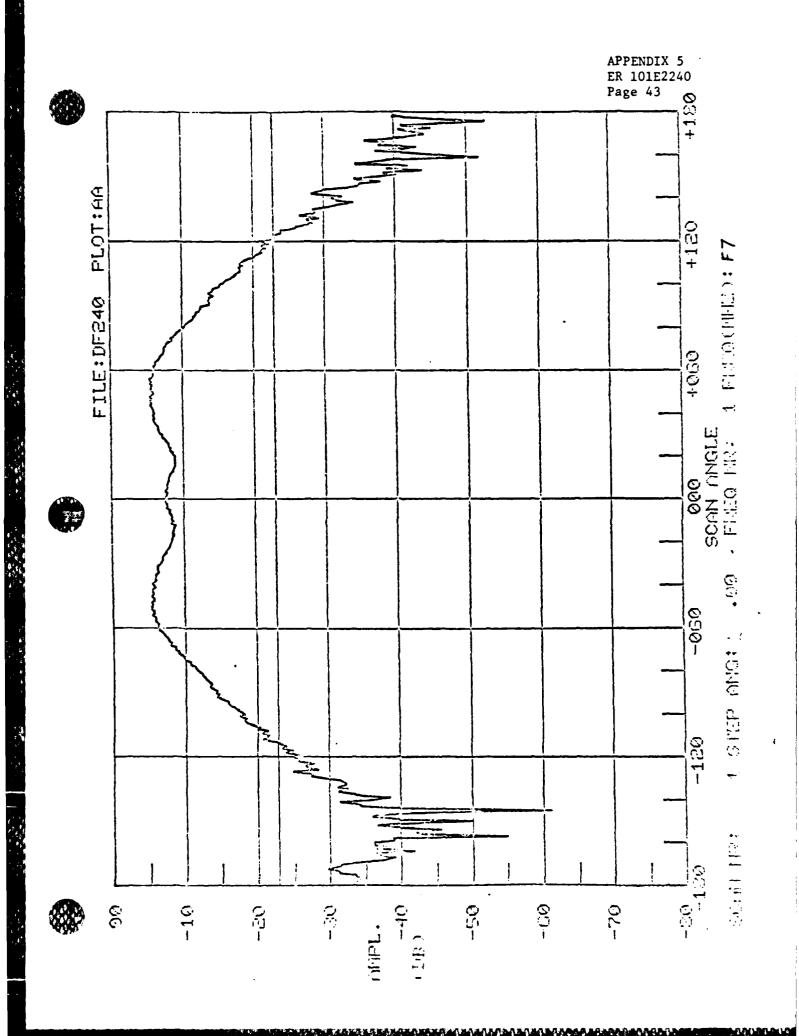


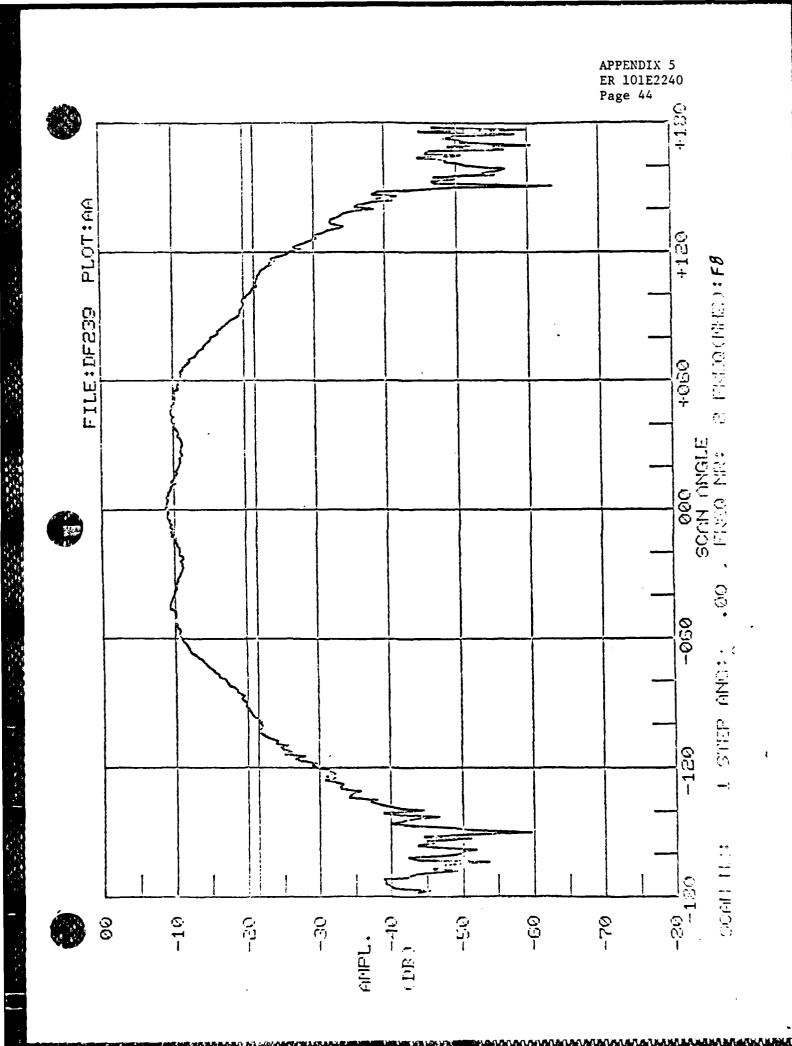


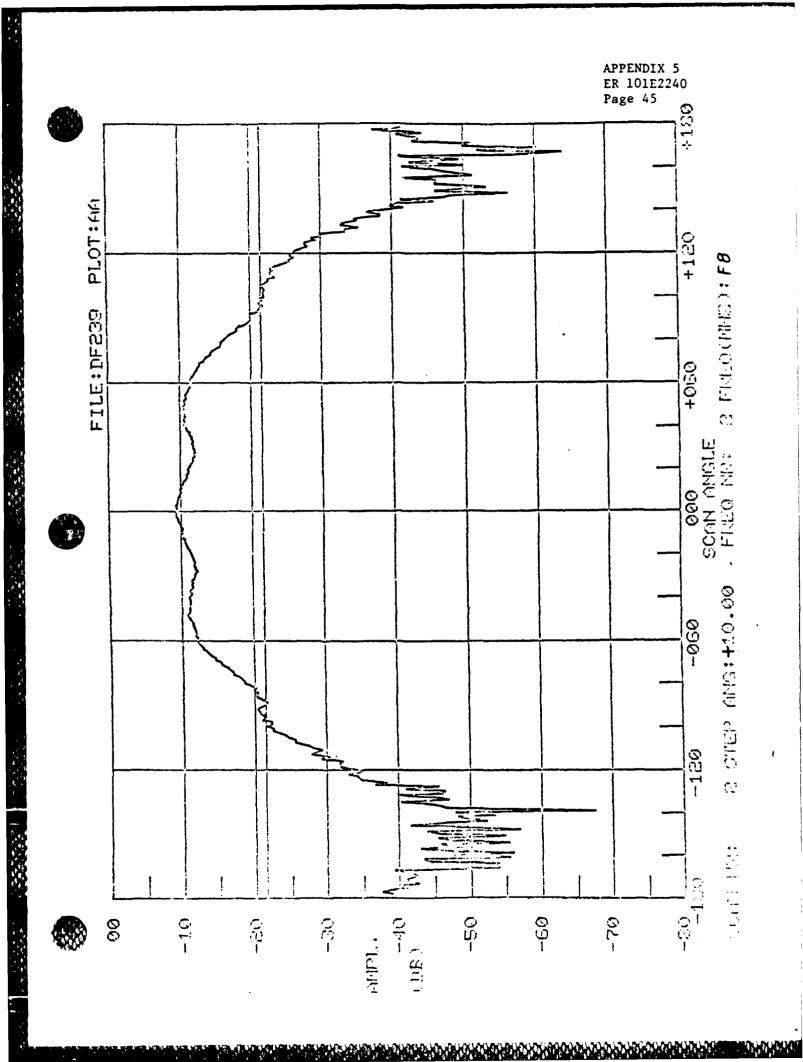


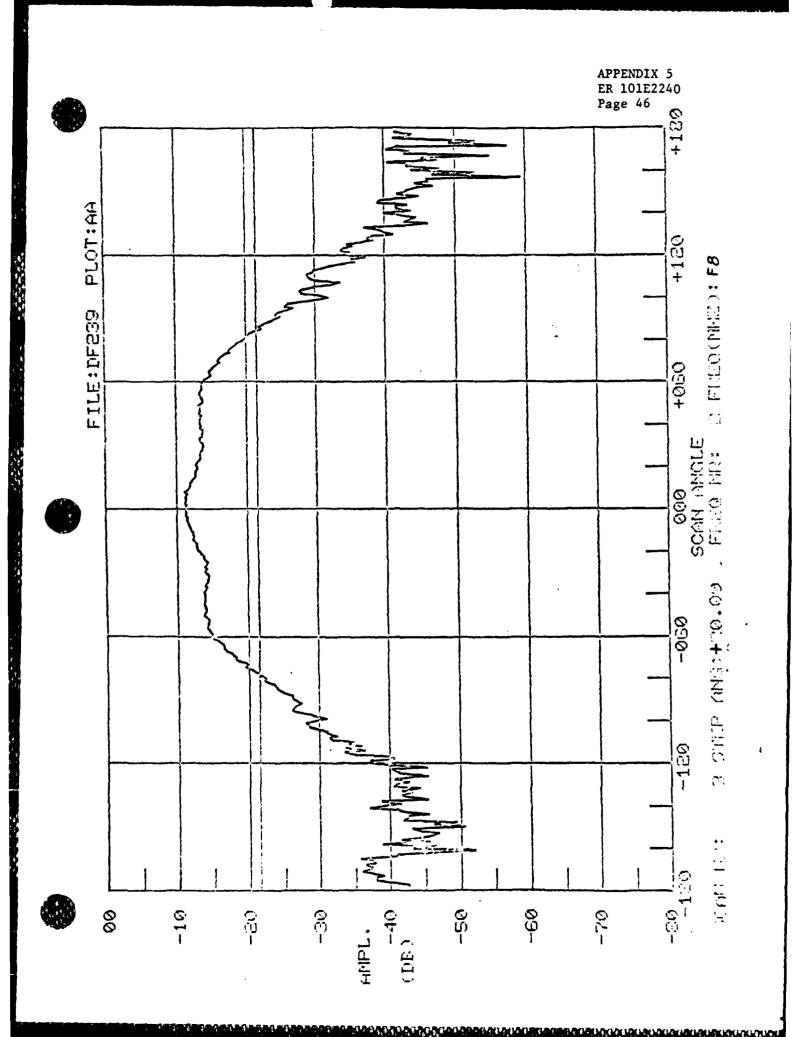


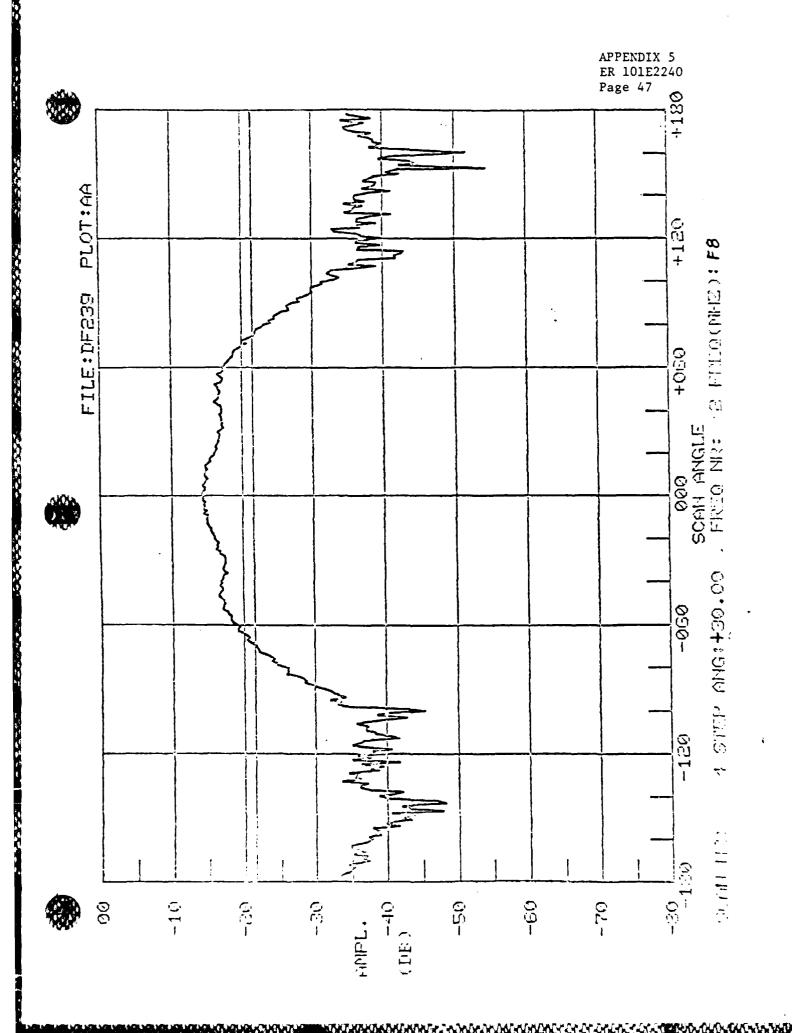


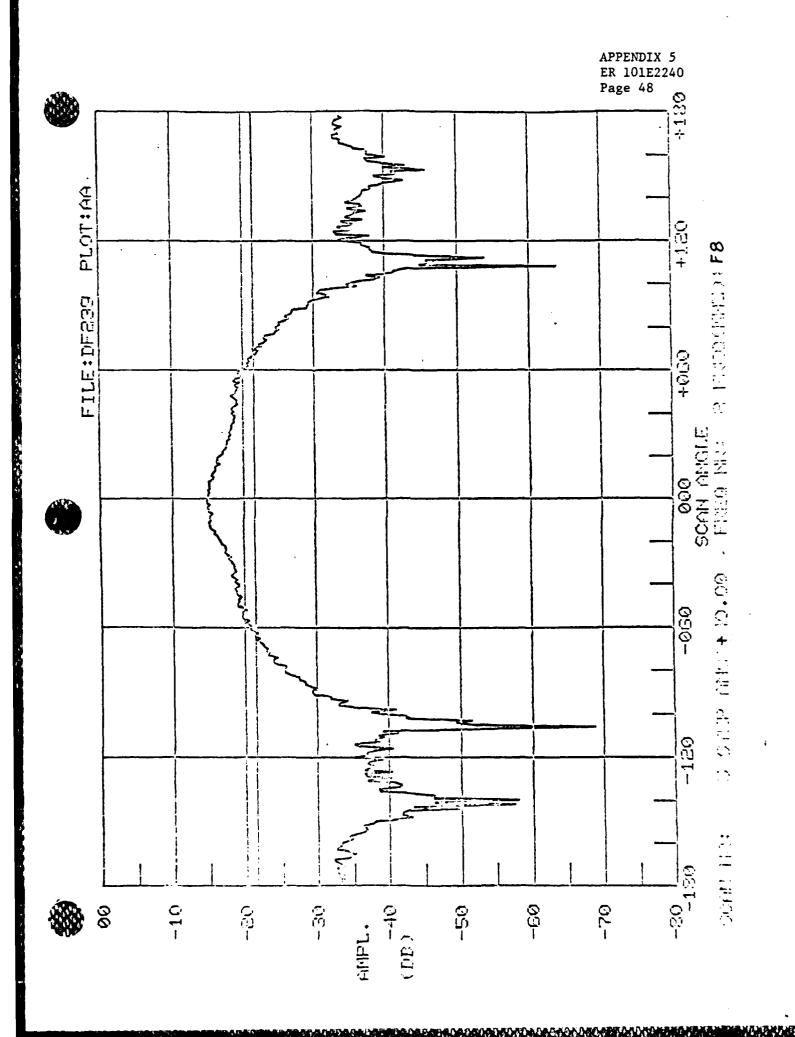


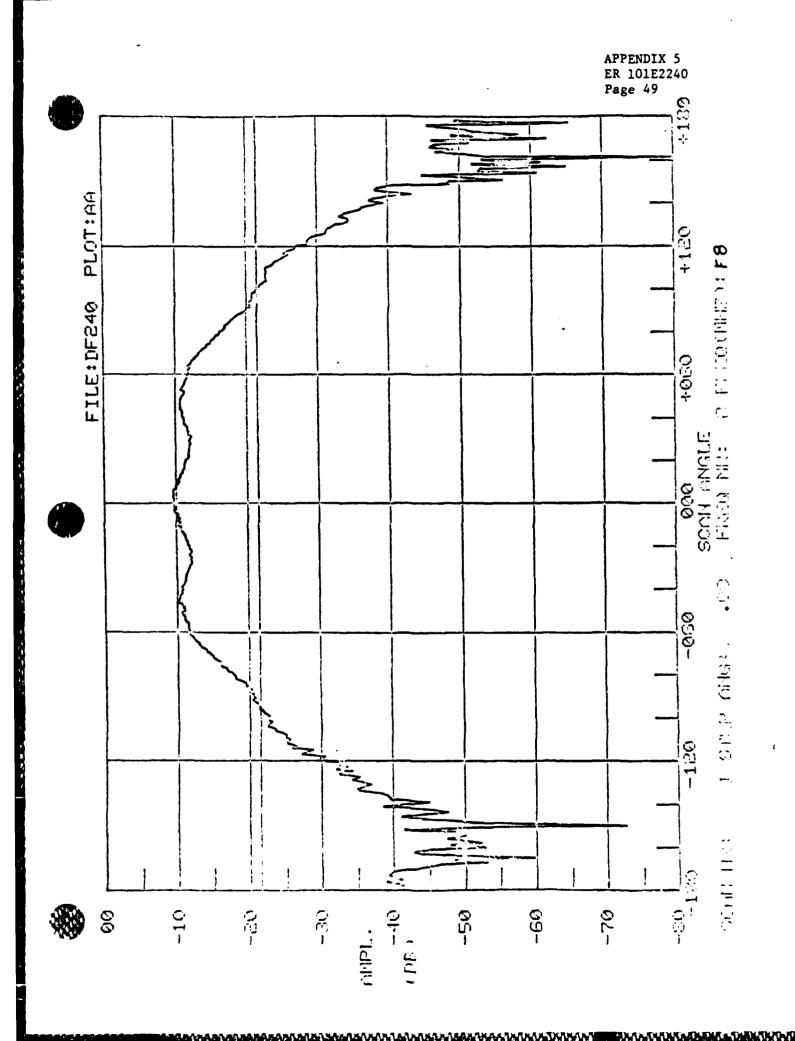


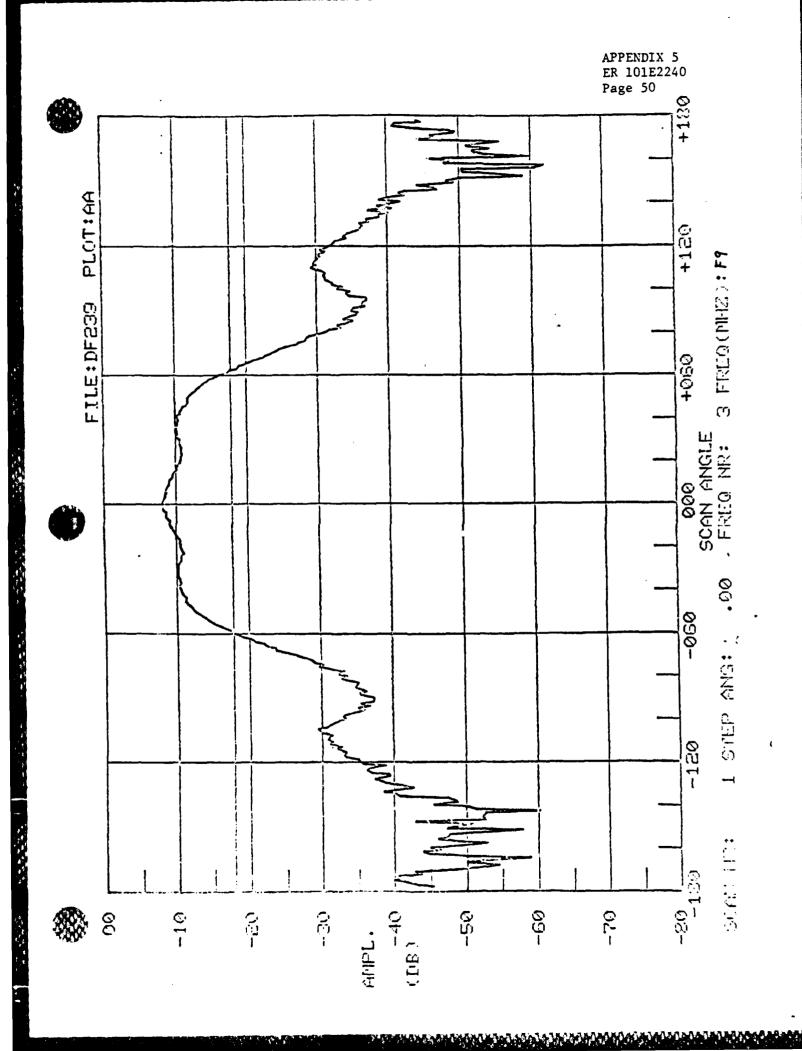


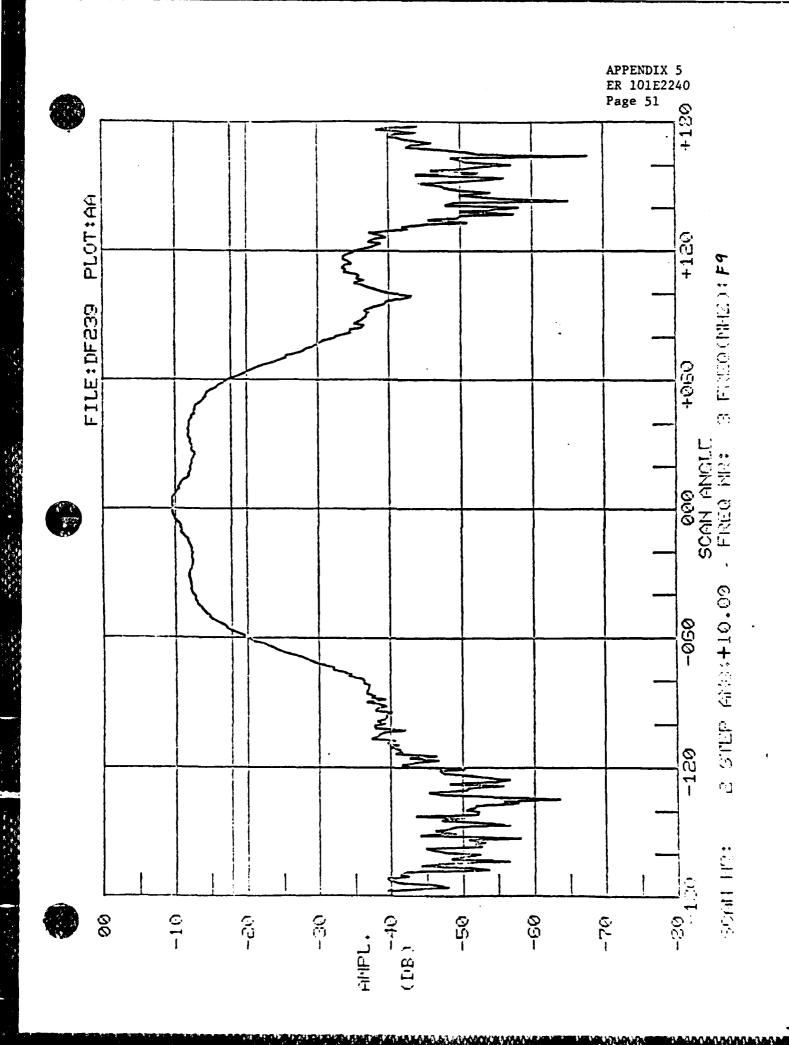


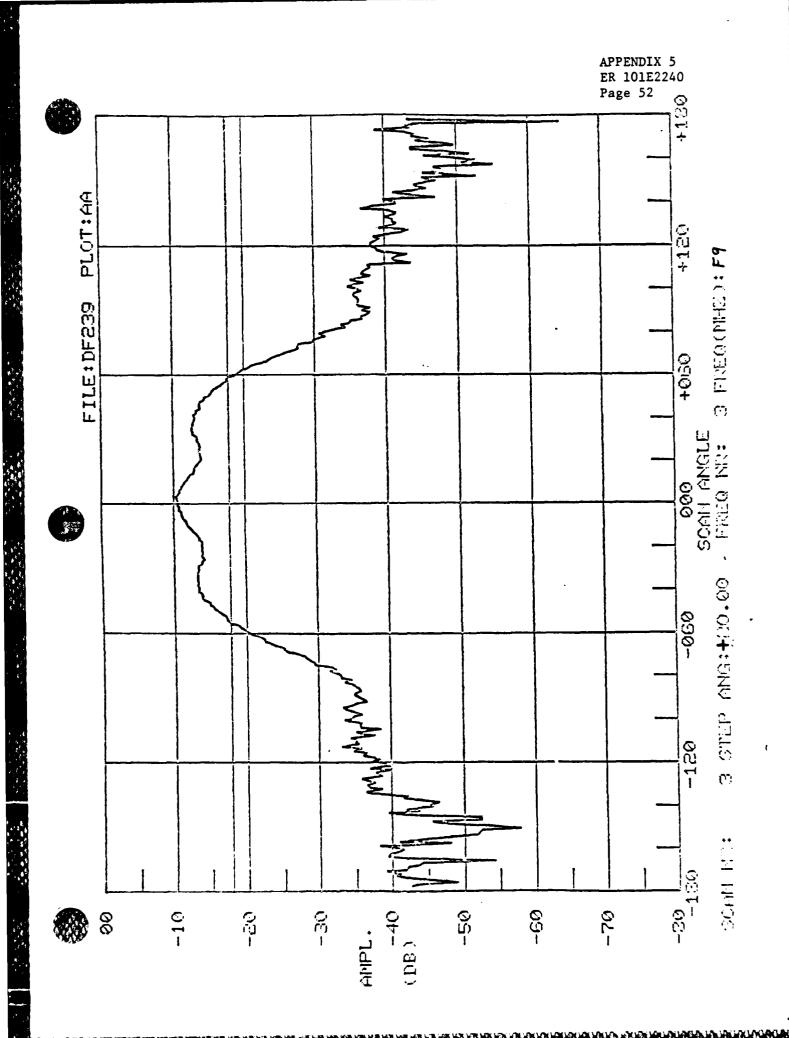


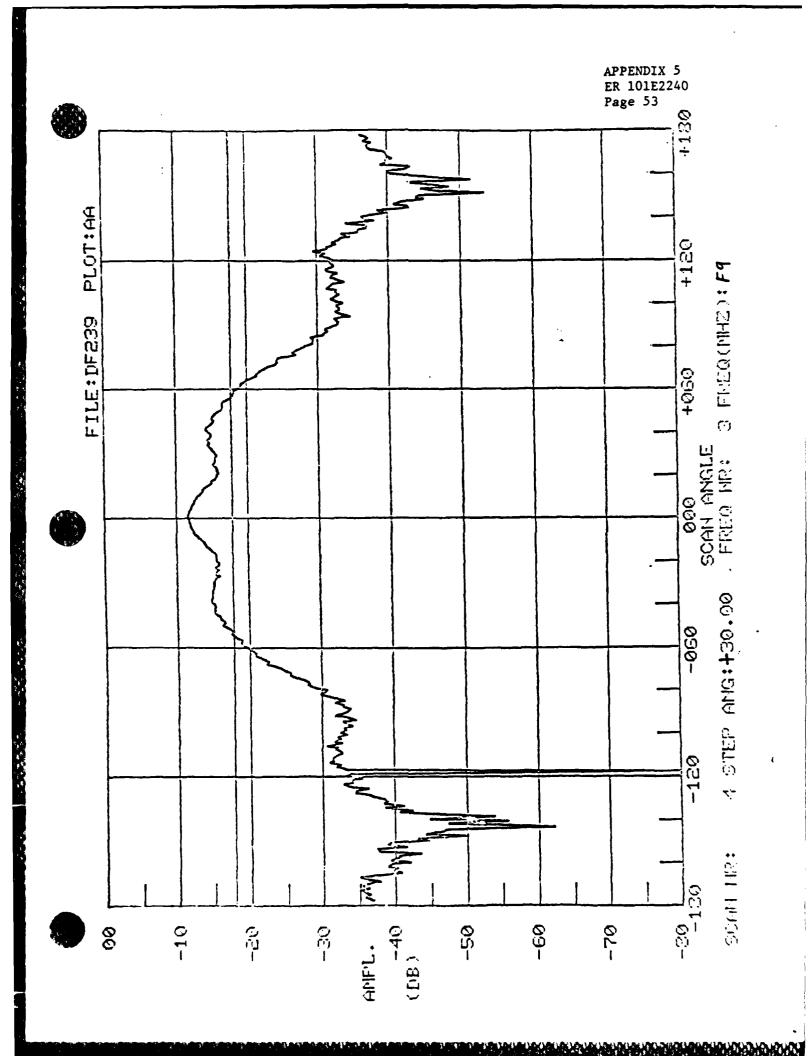


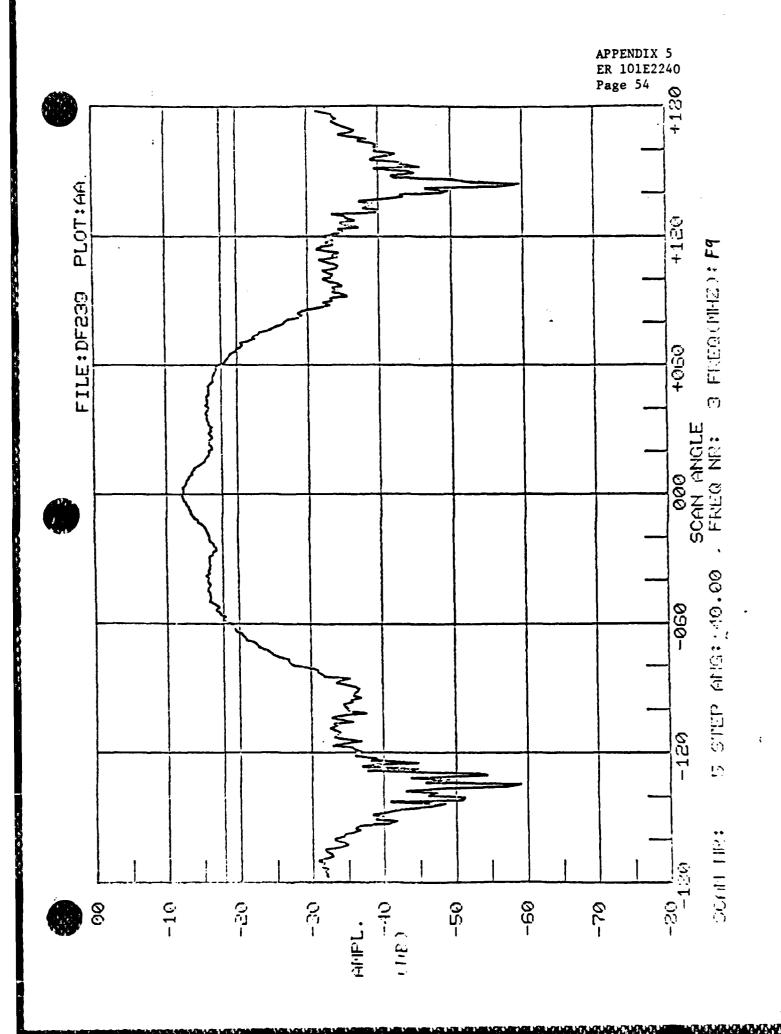


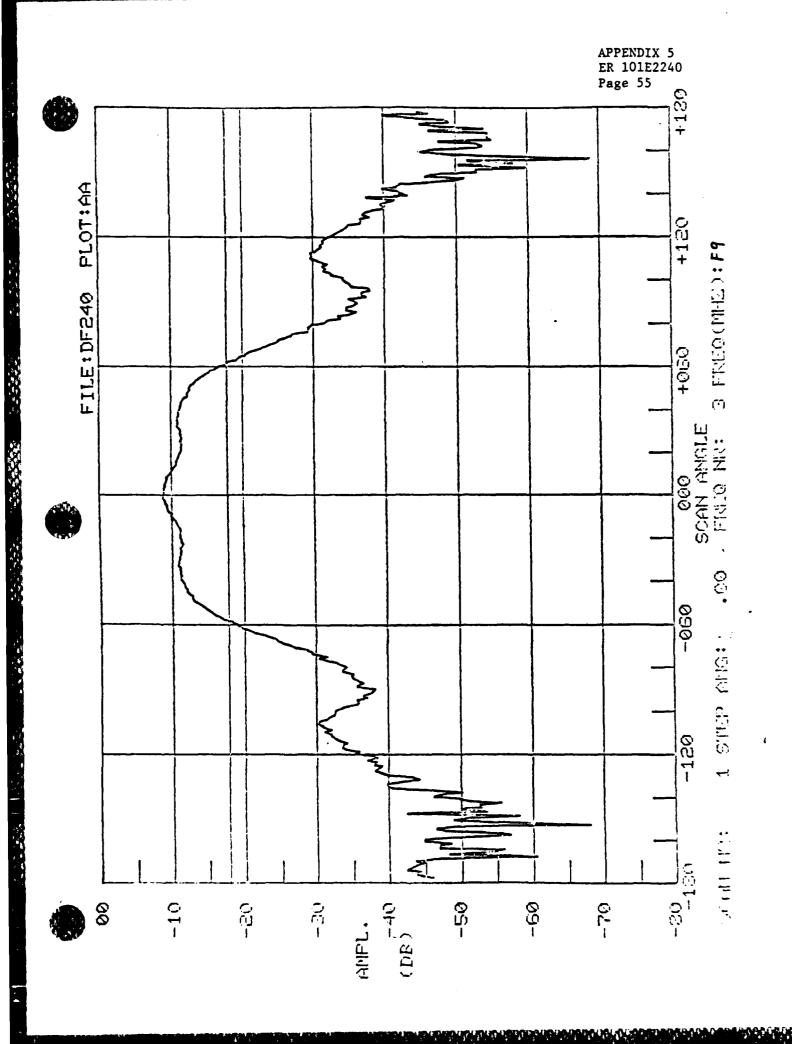


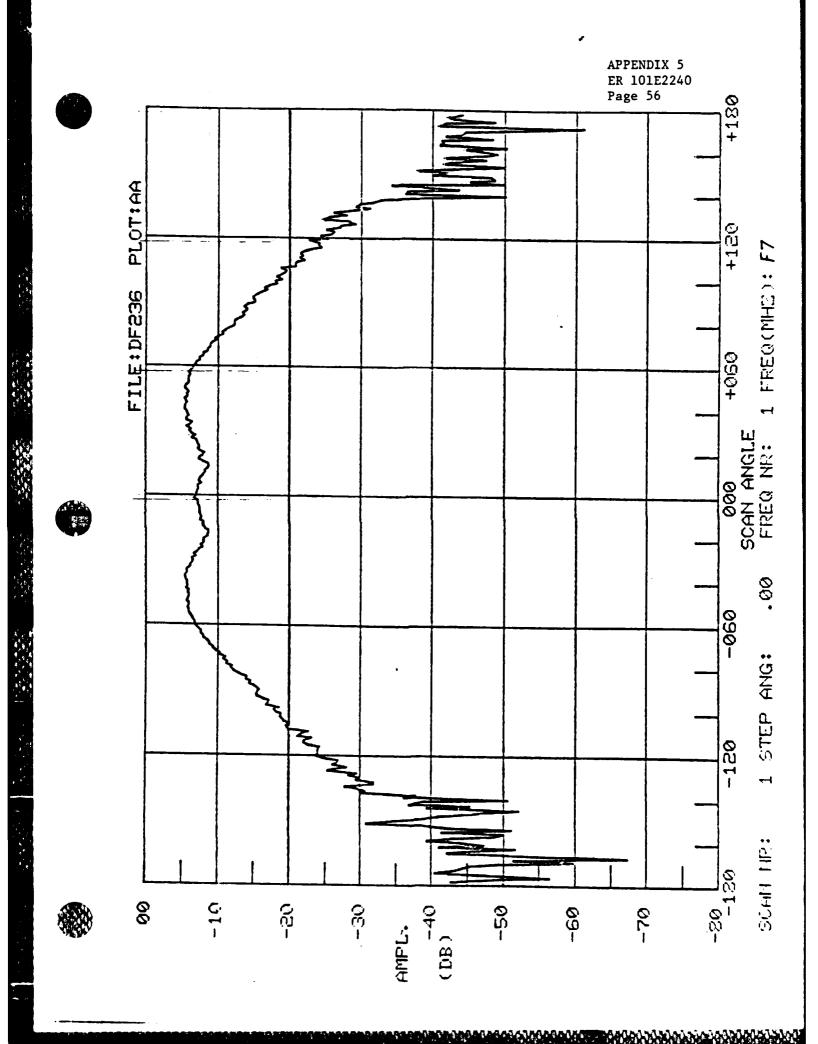


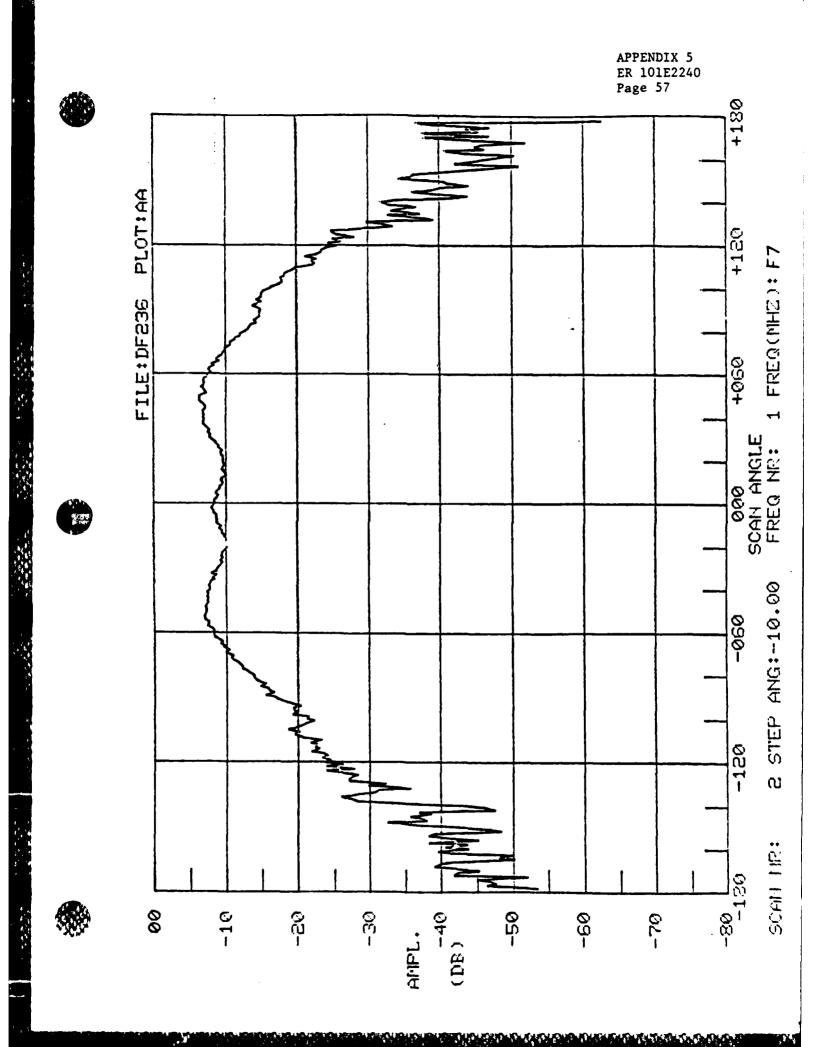


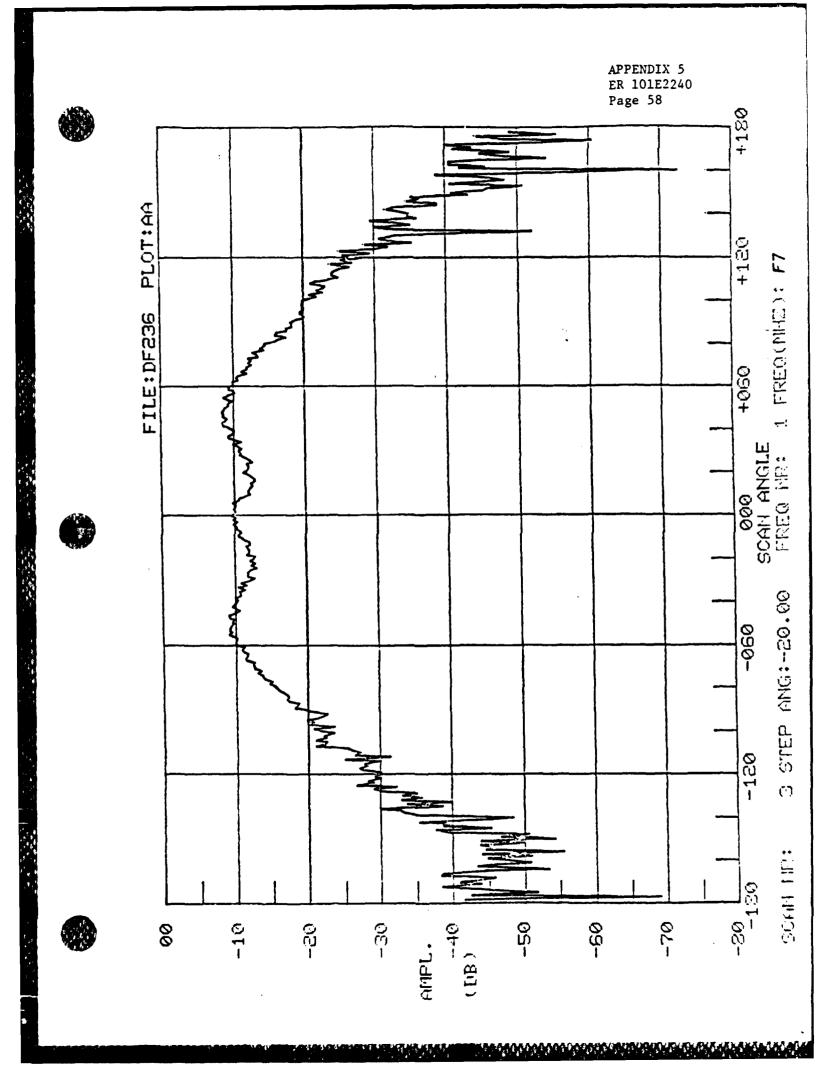


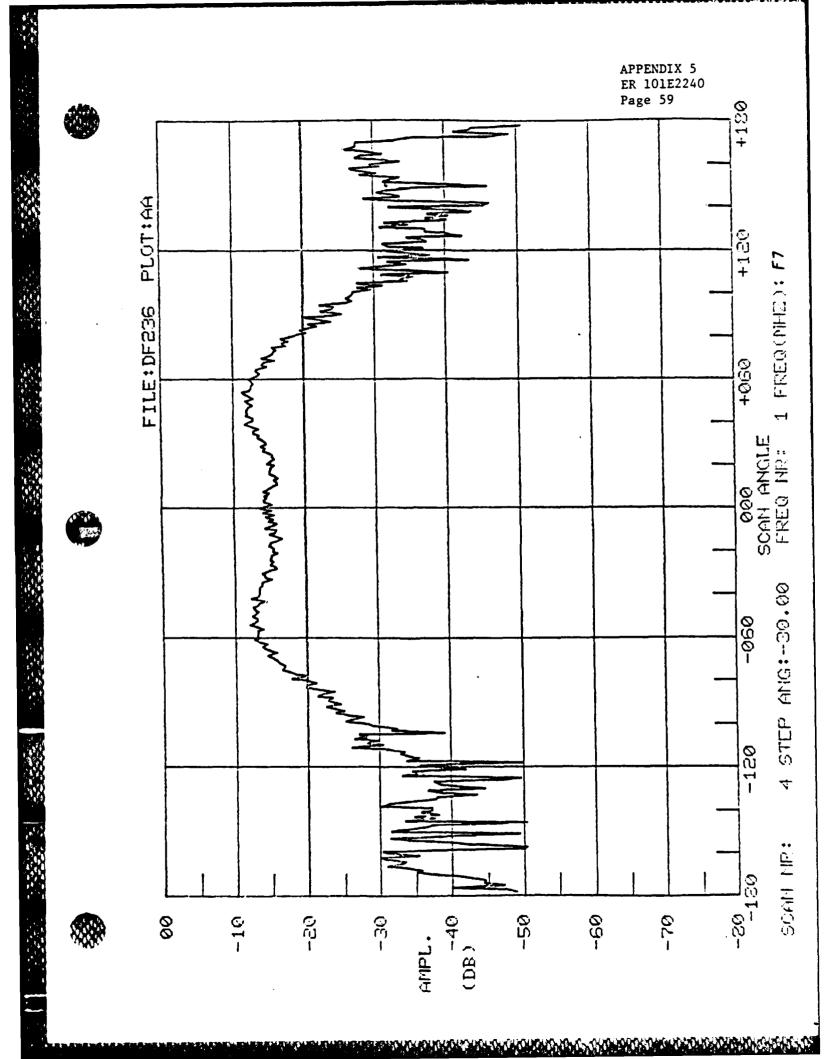


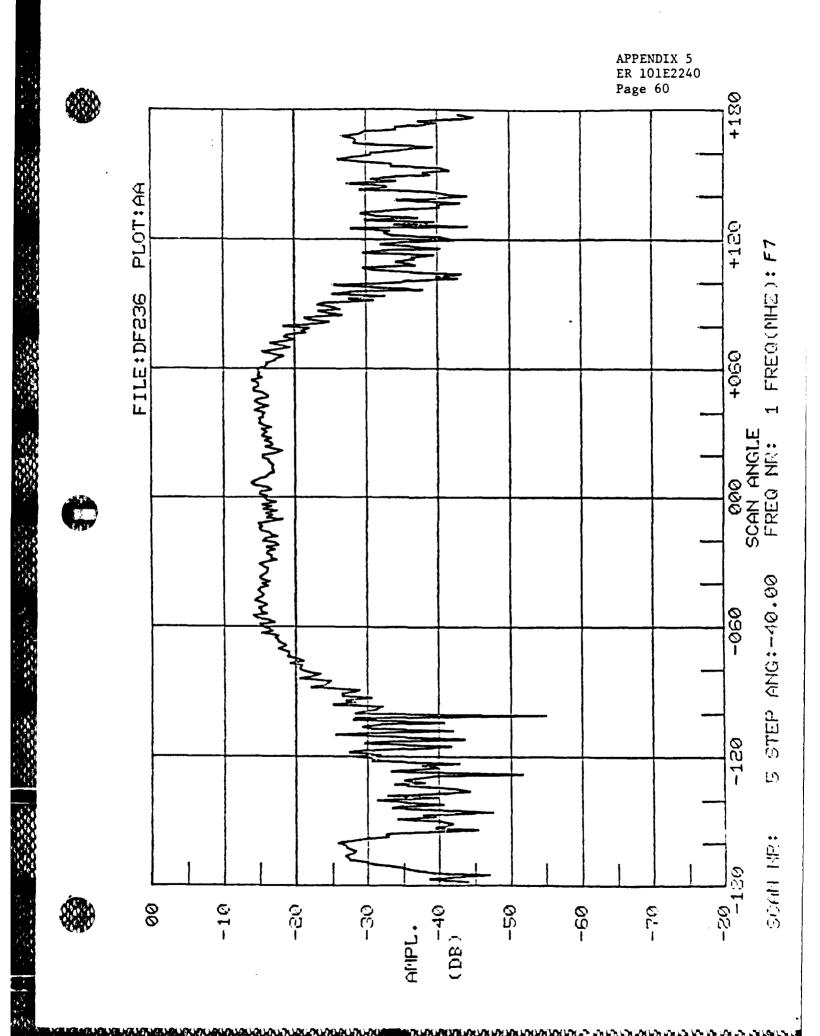


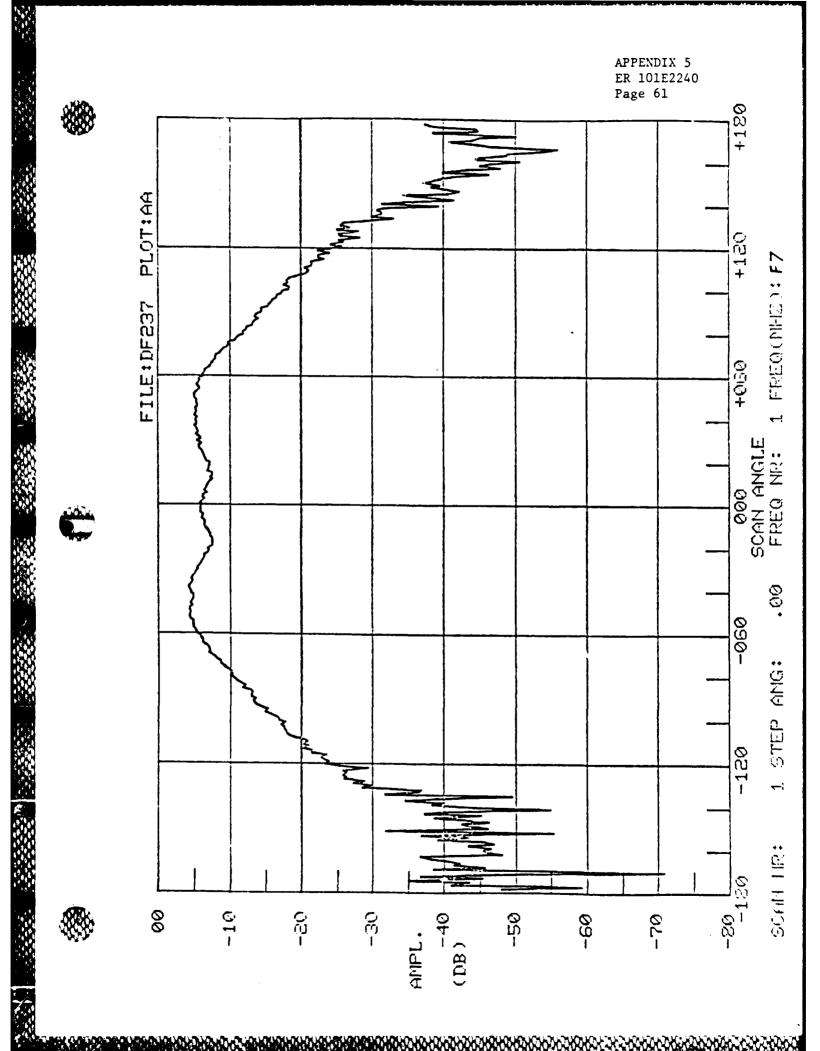


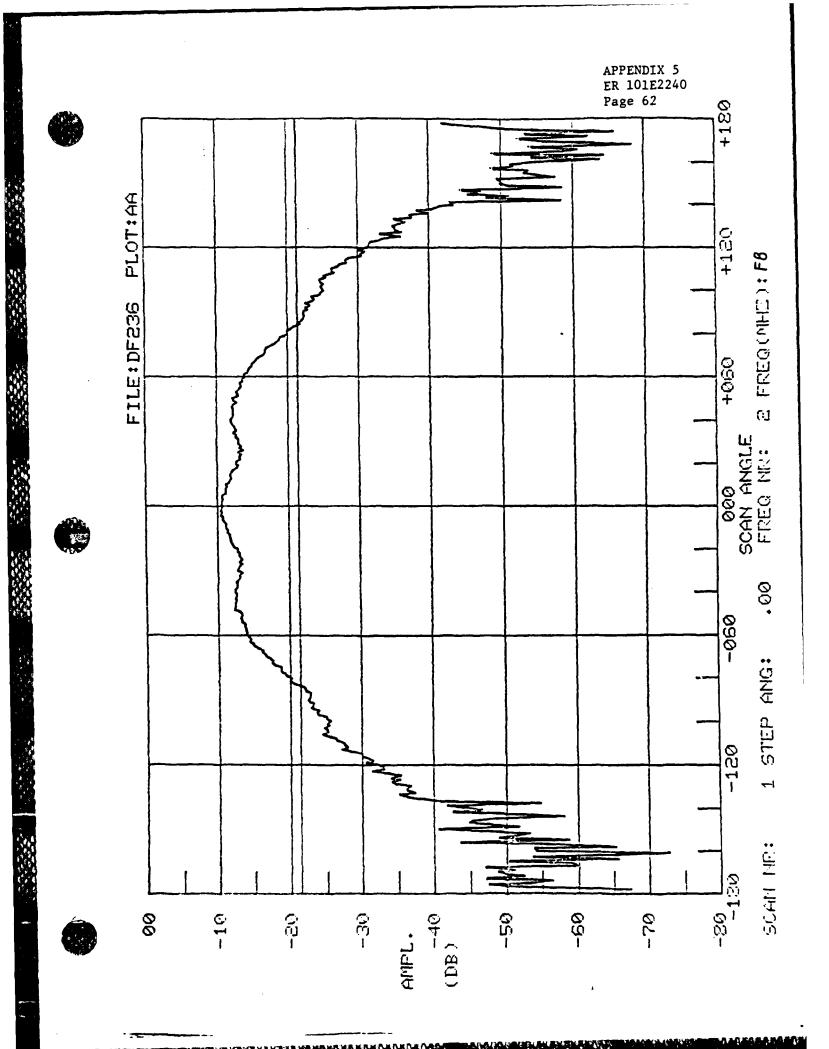


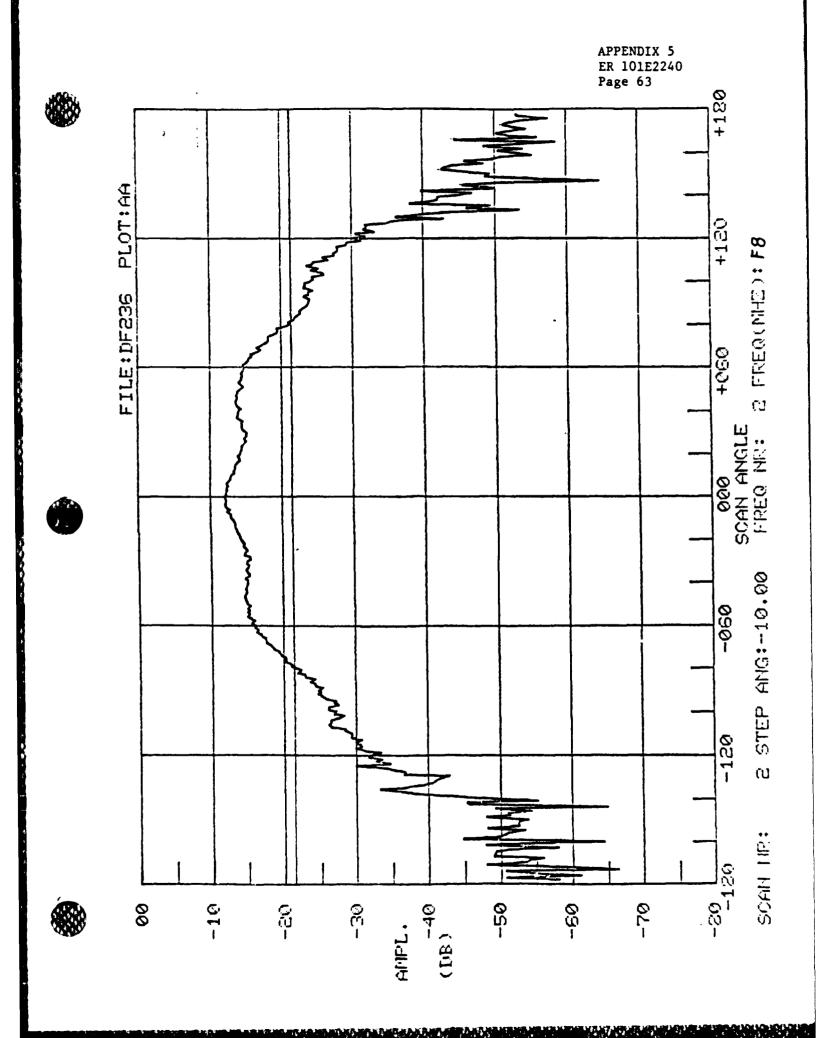


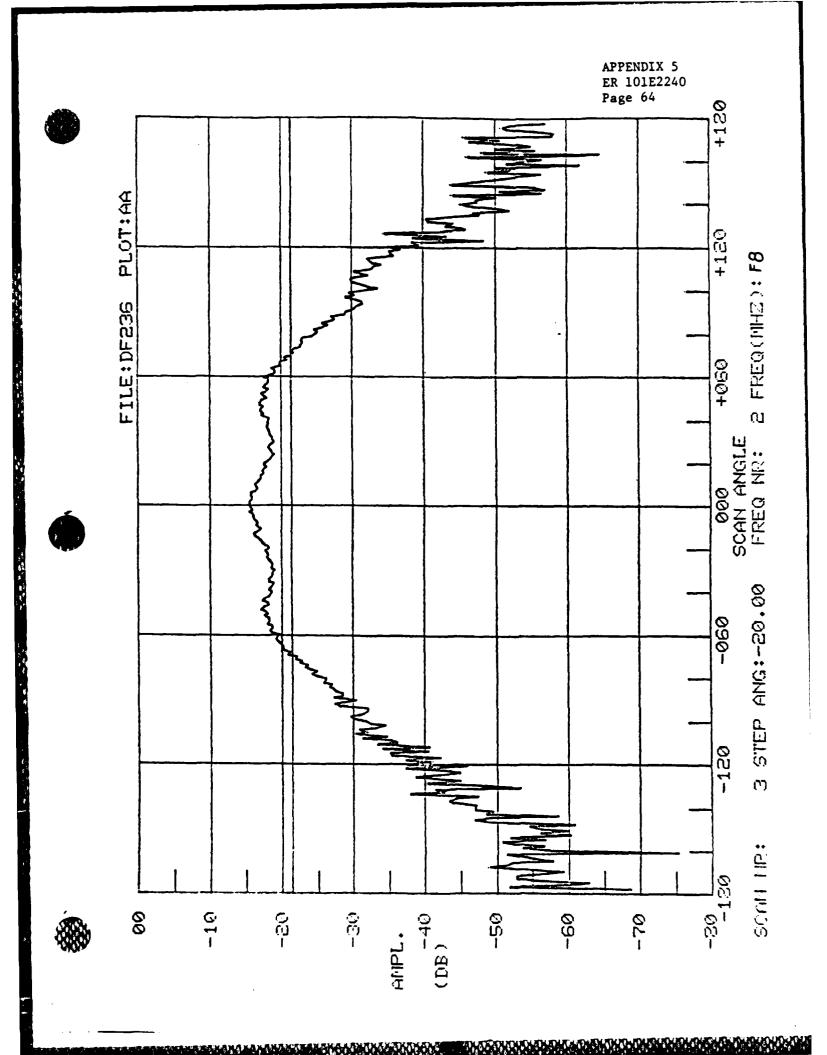


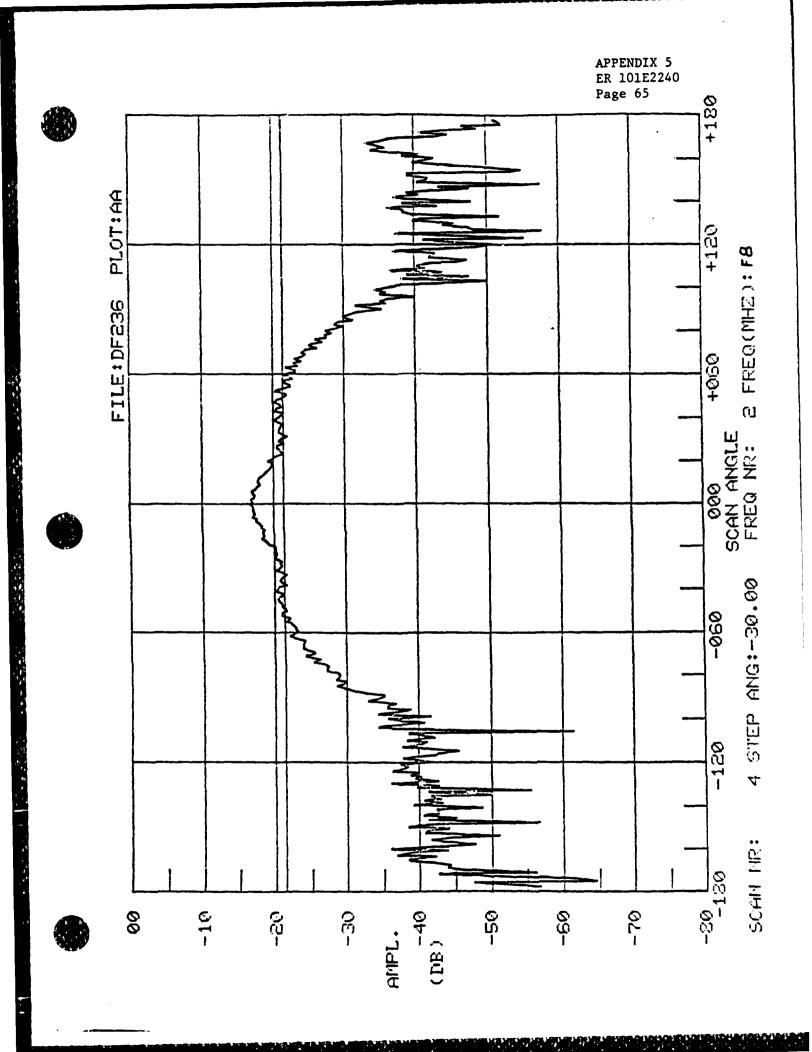


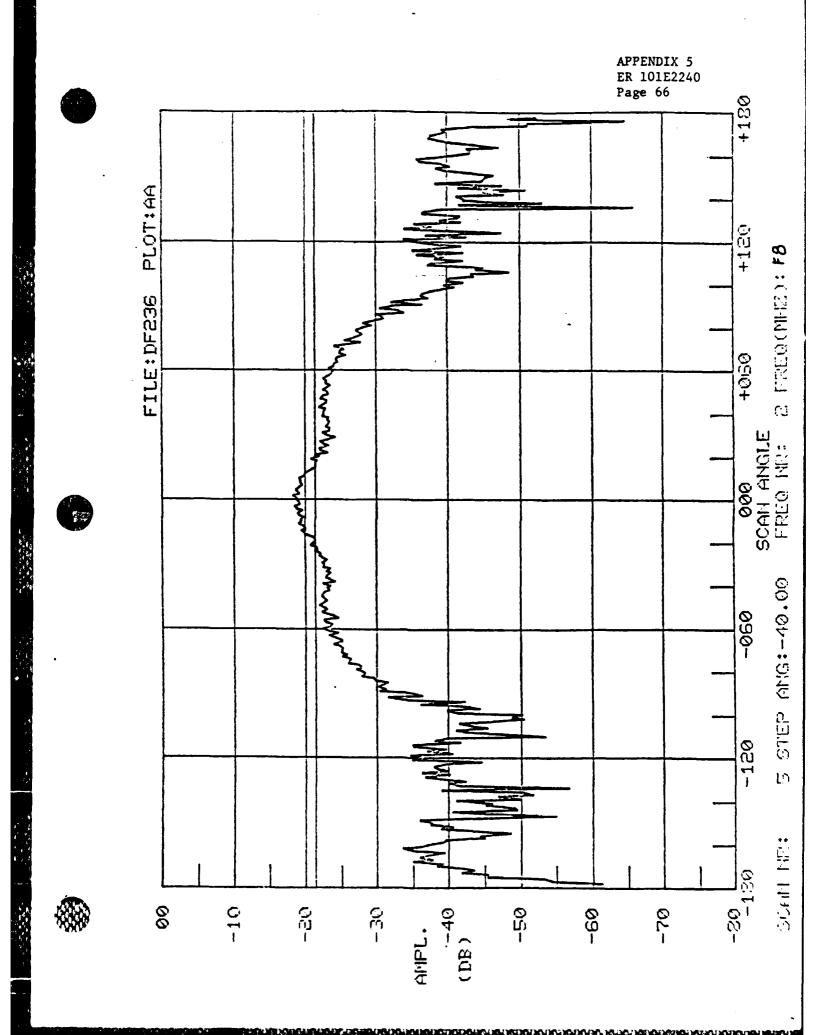


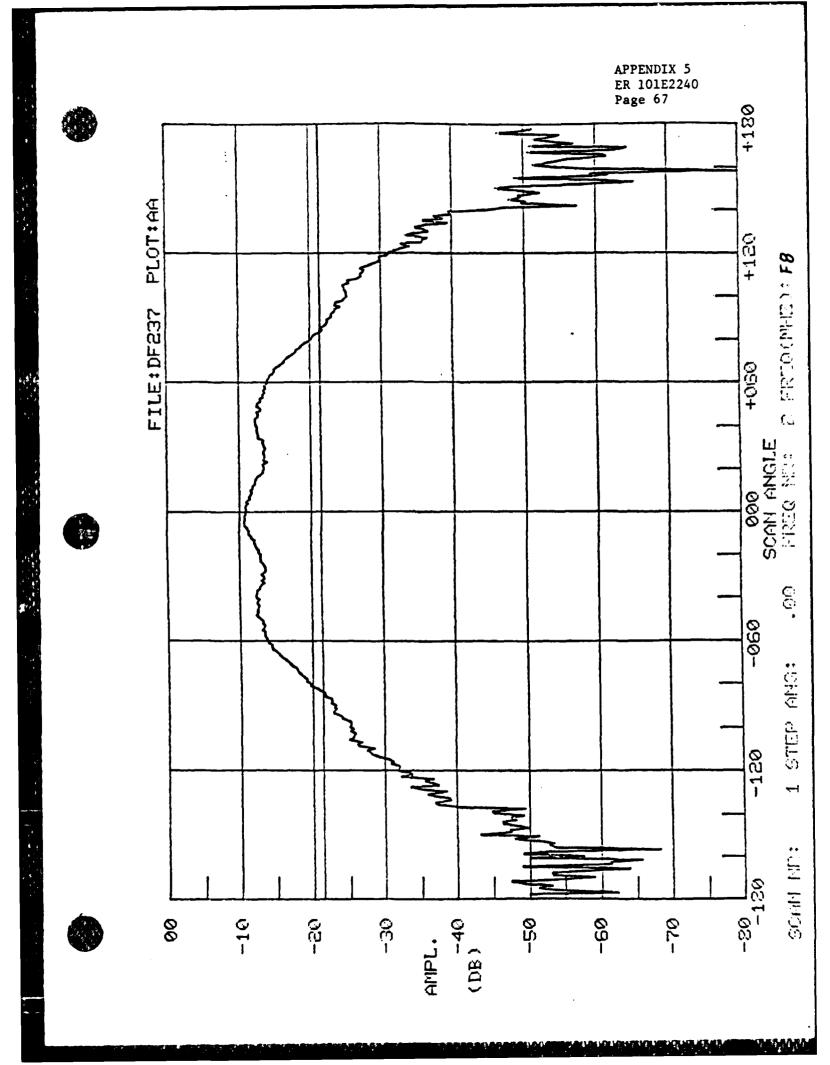


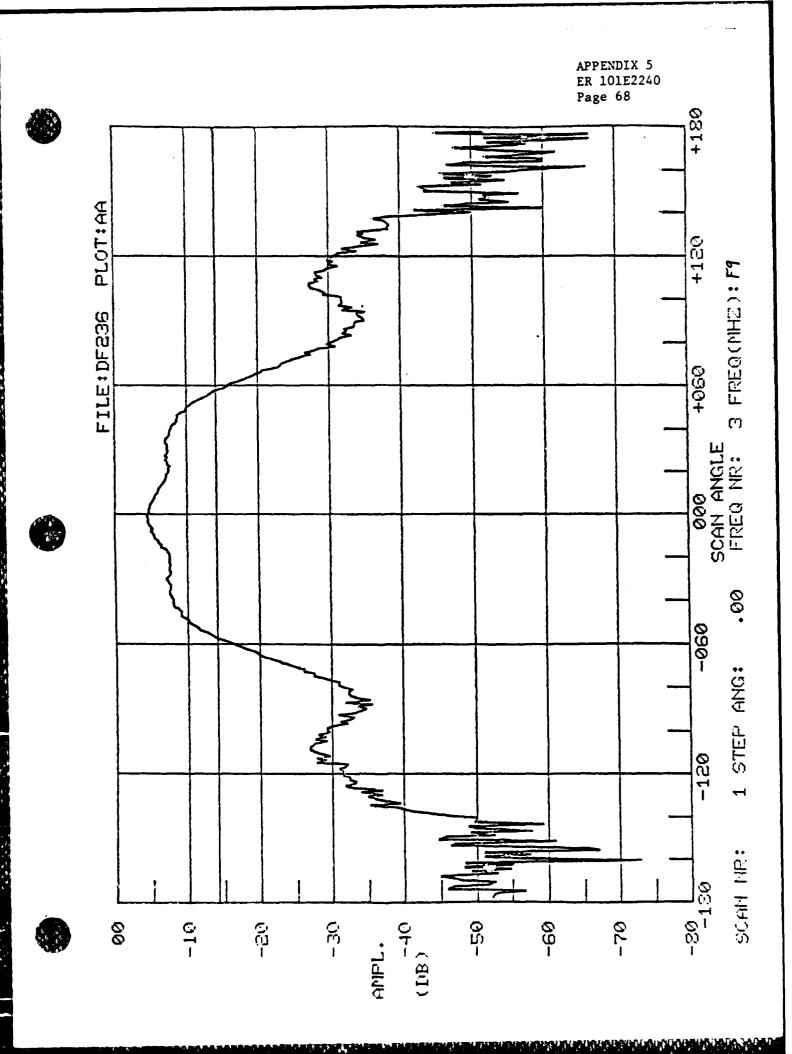


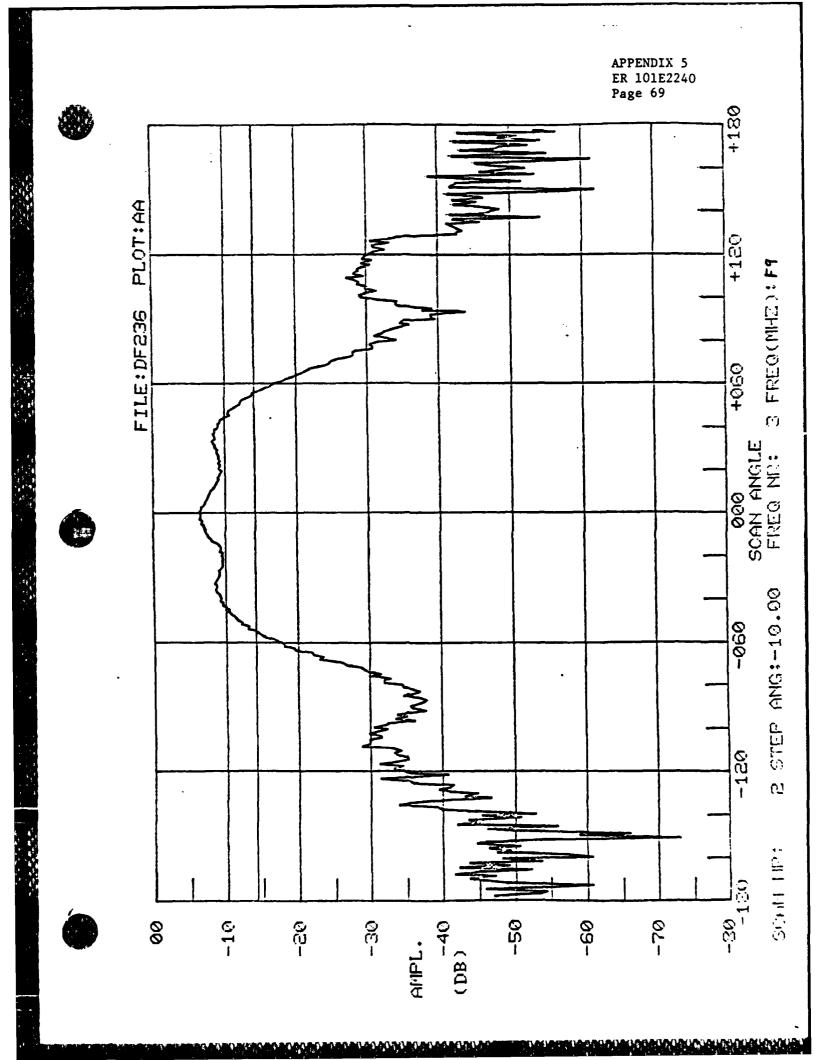


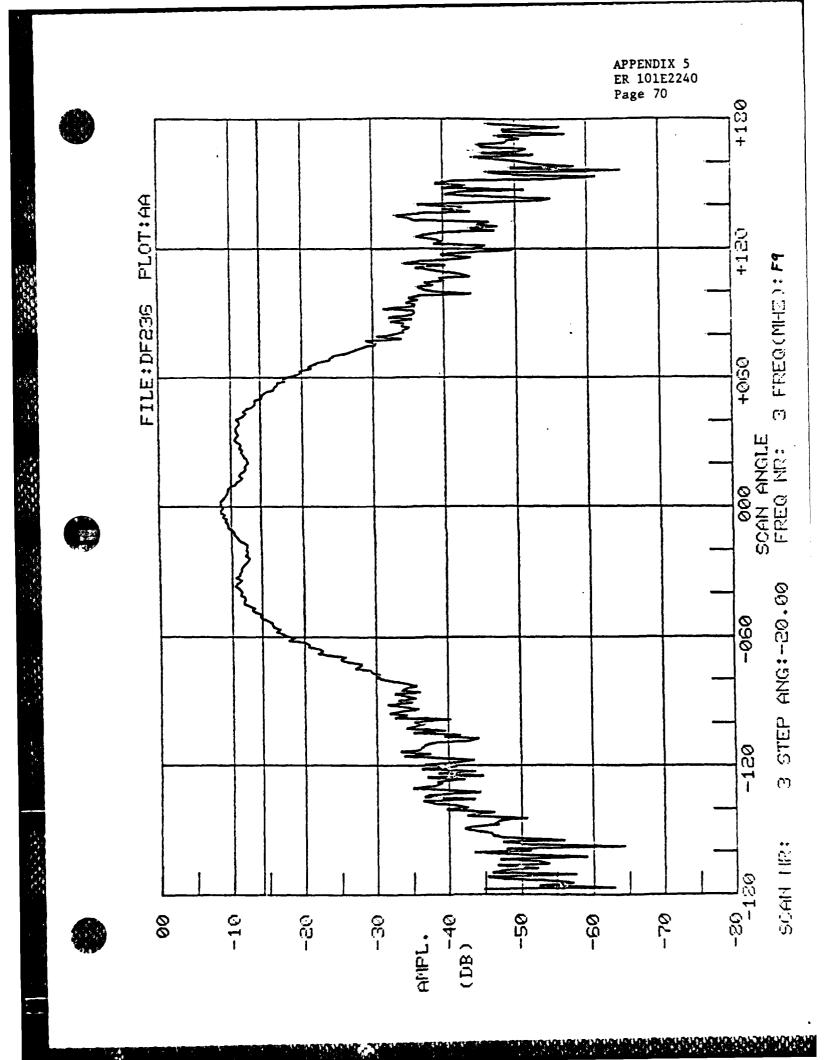


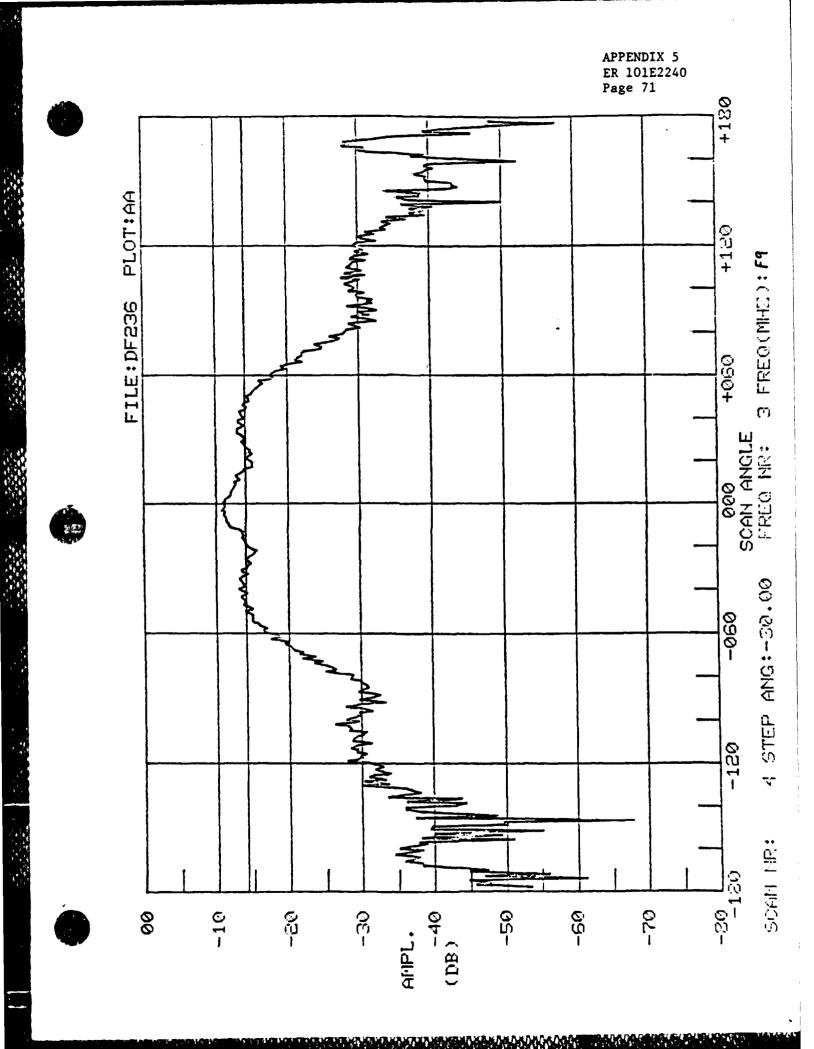


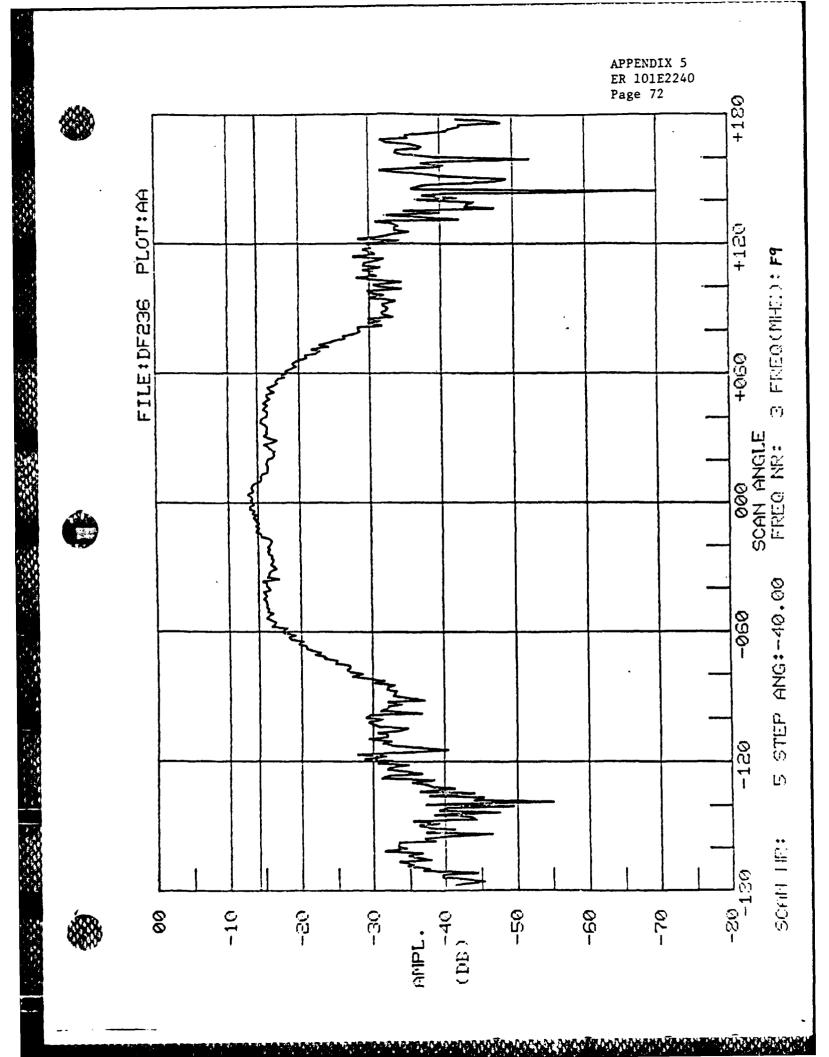


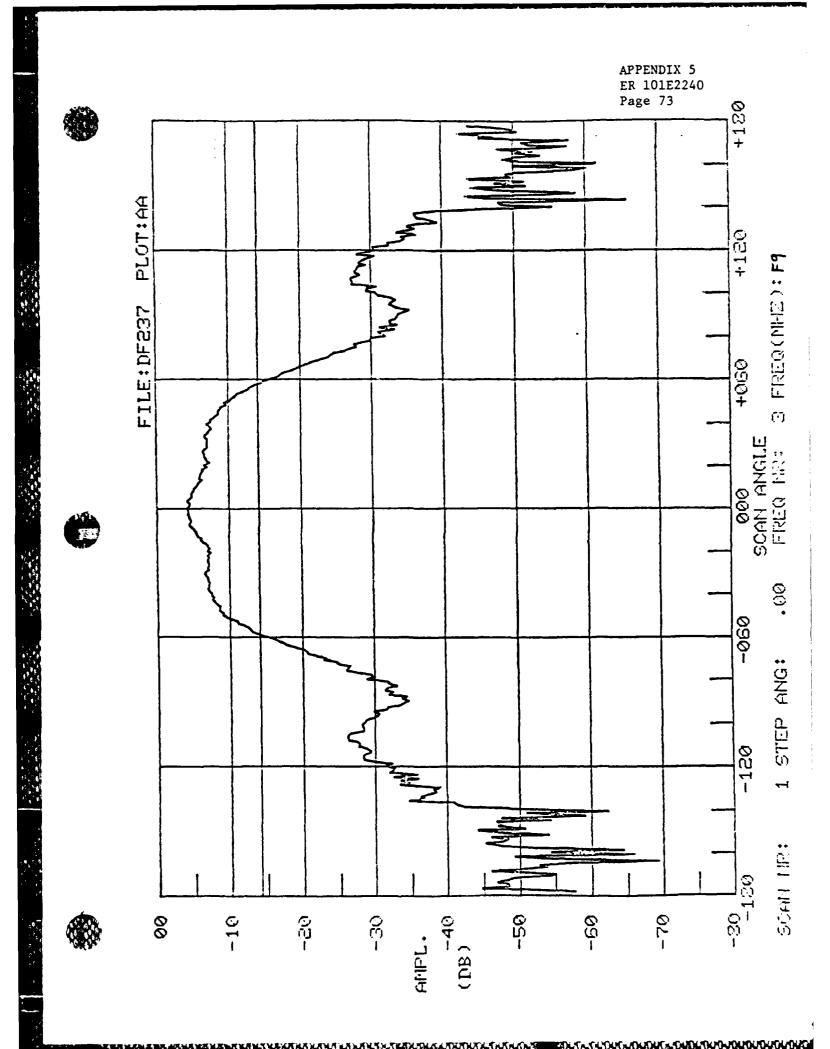


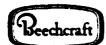












Engineering Report

APPENDIX 6 ER 101E2240 Page 1



Appendix 6 contains AN/ALQ-162 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in rectangular plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F10, F11, and F12 and elevations of $+40^{\circ}$ through -40° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

DF207 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere

DF208 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

DF230 thru DF233 -- Forward antenna, lower hemisphere

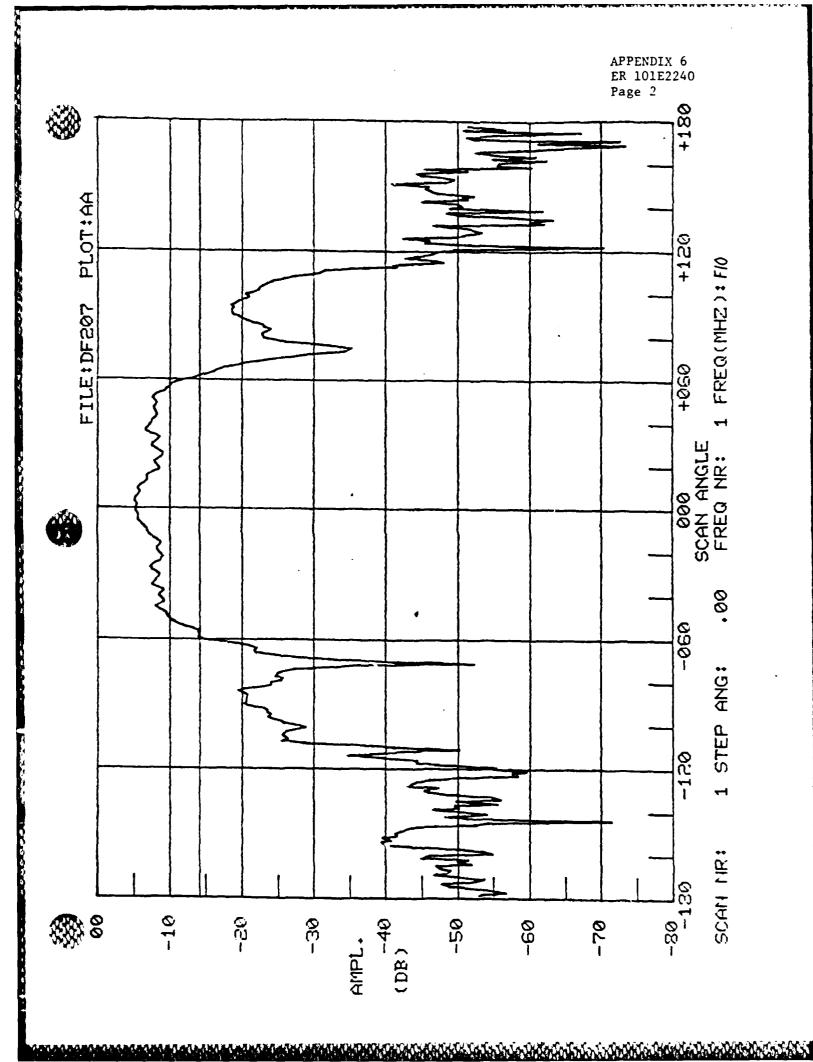
DF216 -- Aft antenna, upper hemisphere

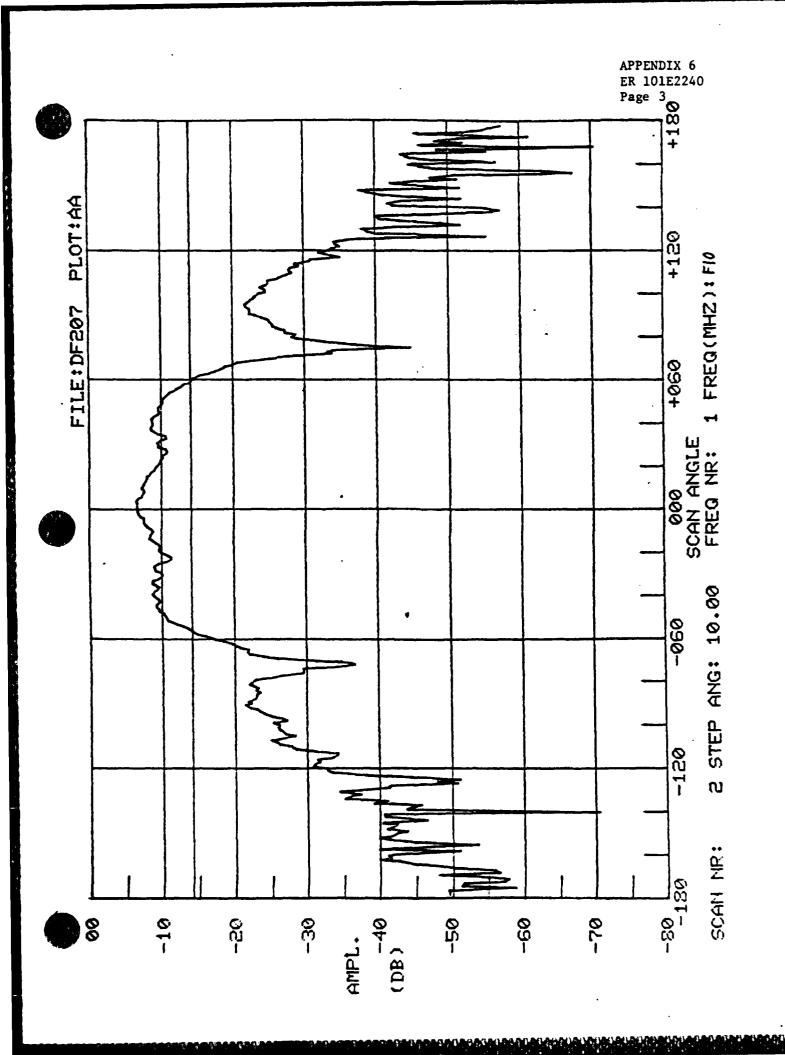
DF217 - Aft antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

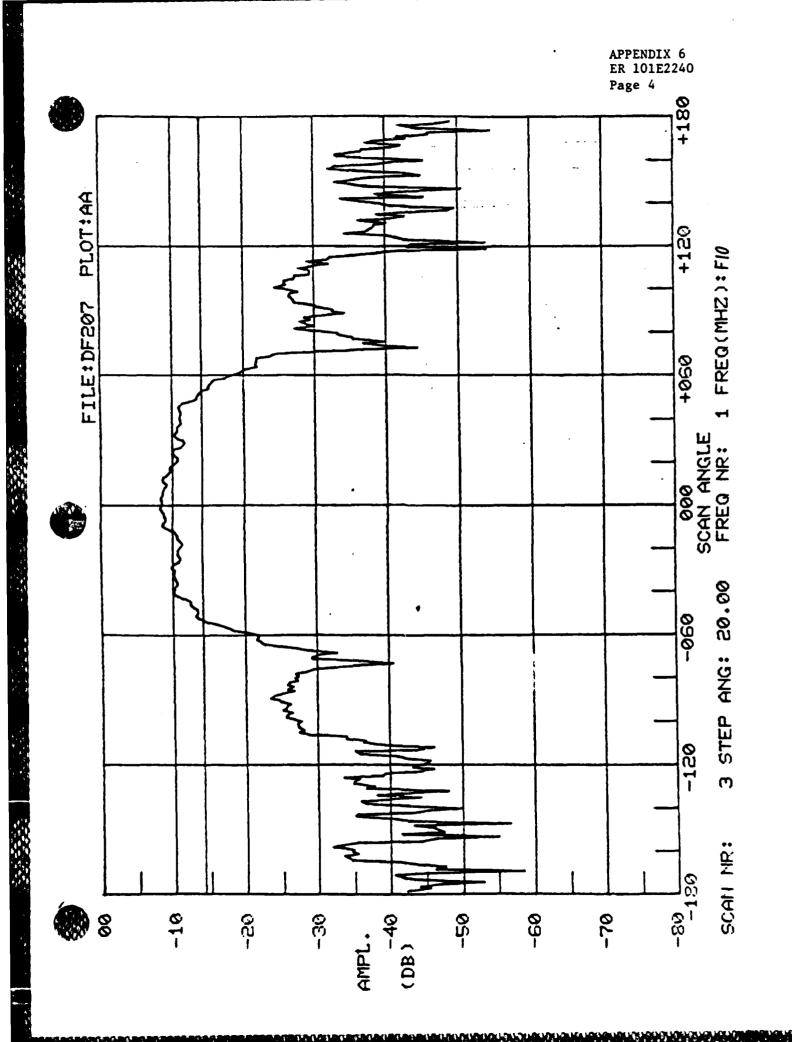
DF234 -- Aft antenna, lower hemisphere

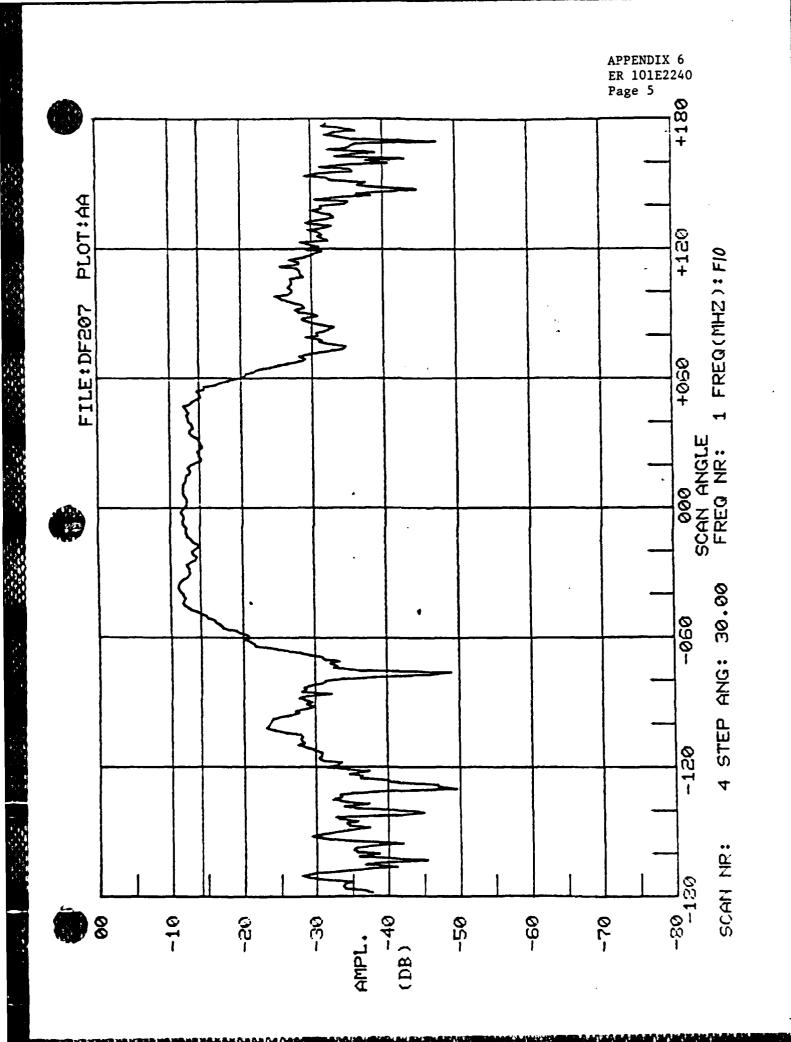
DF235 -- Aft antenna, lower hemisphere horizon.

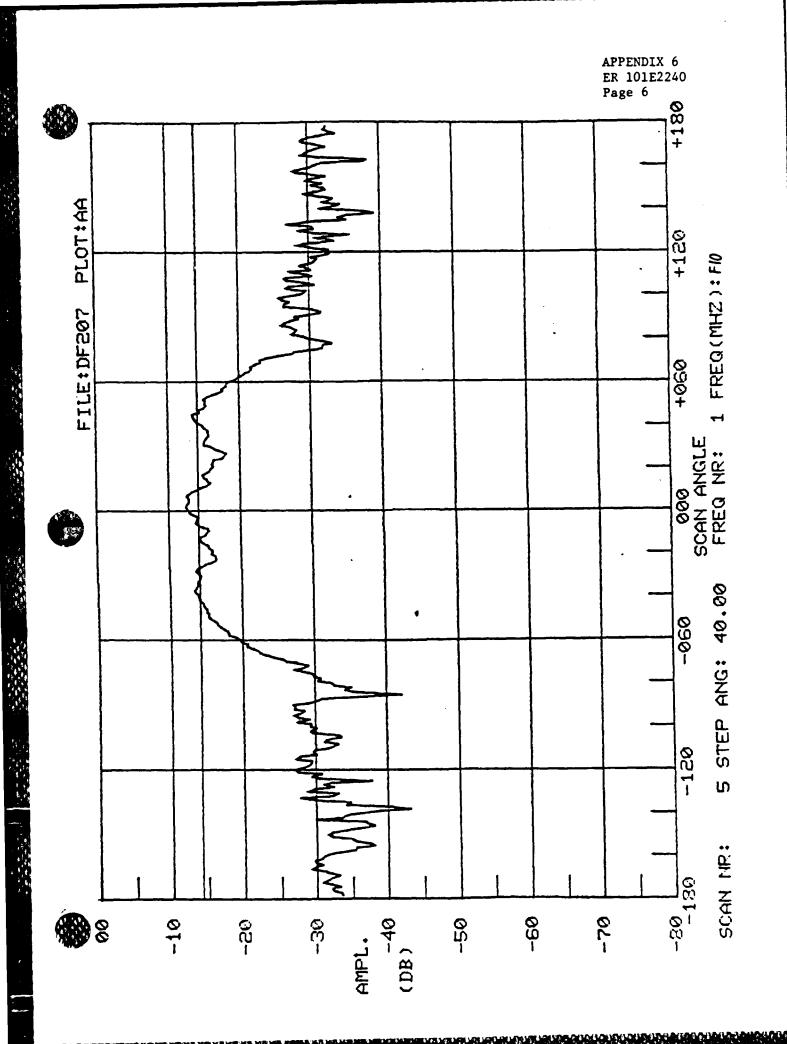


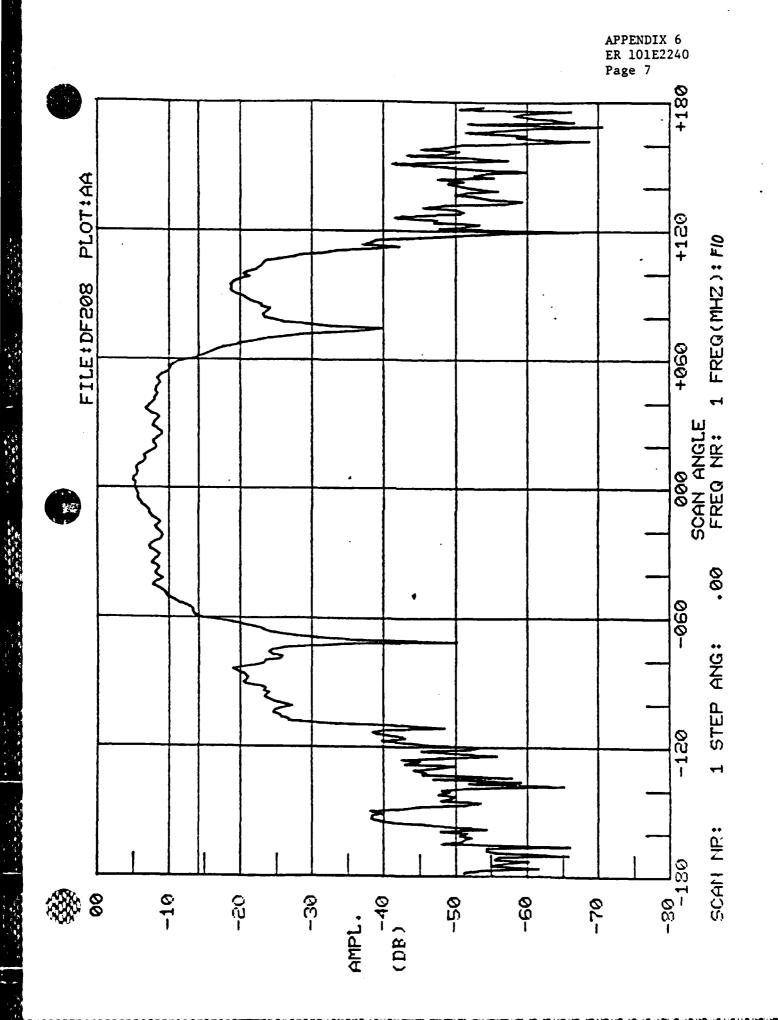


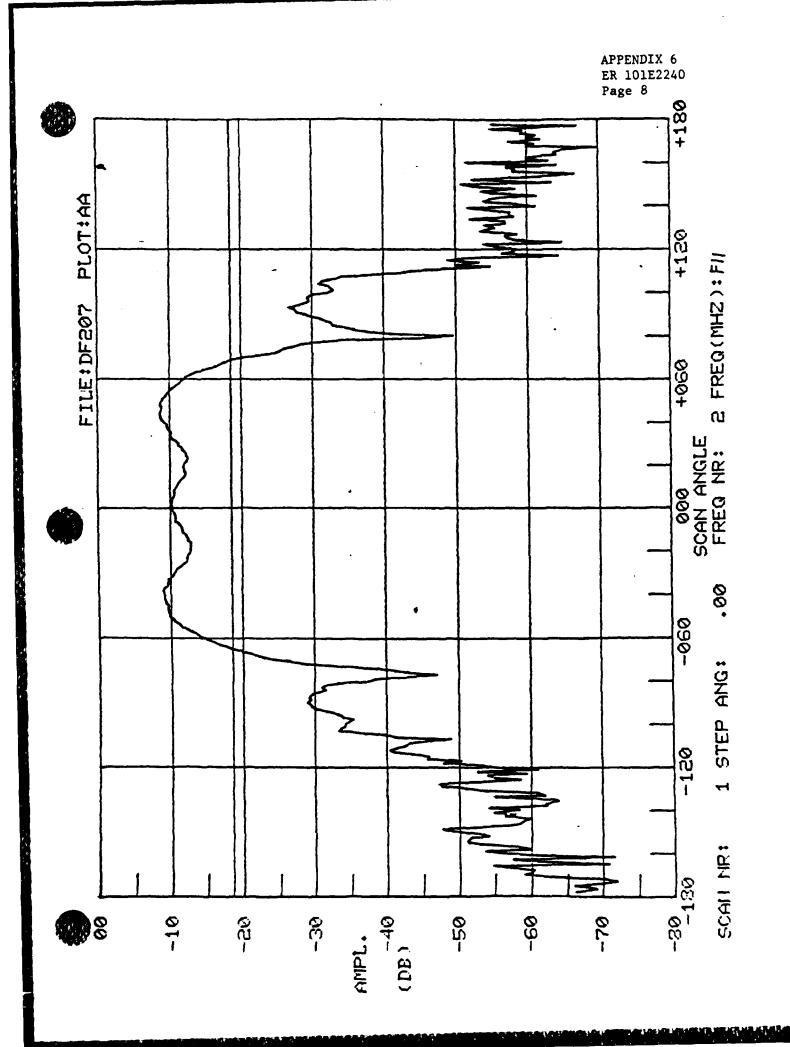


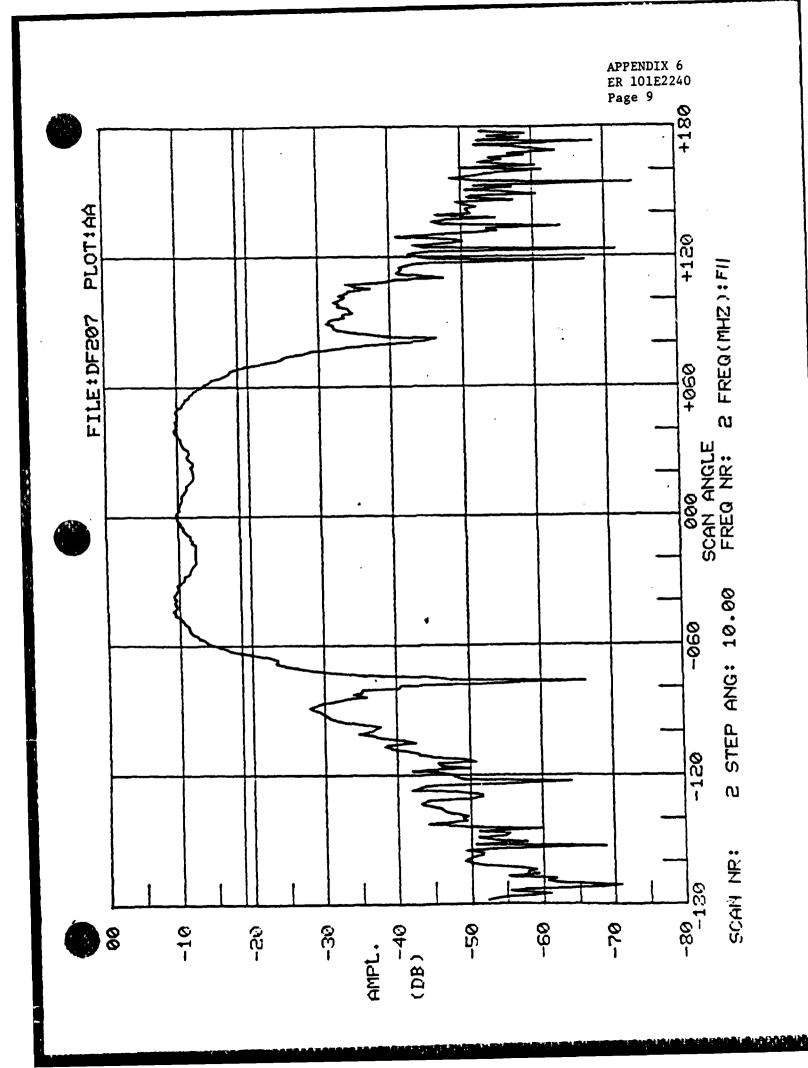


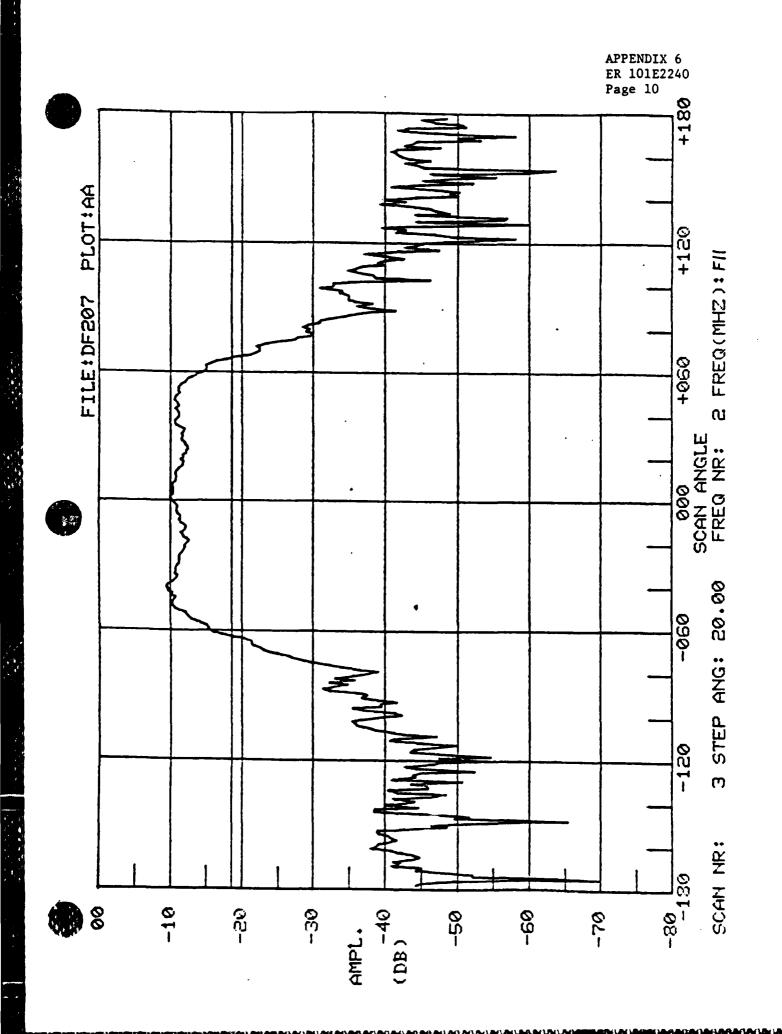


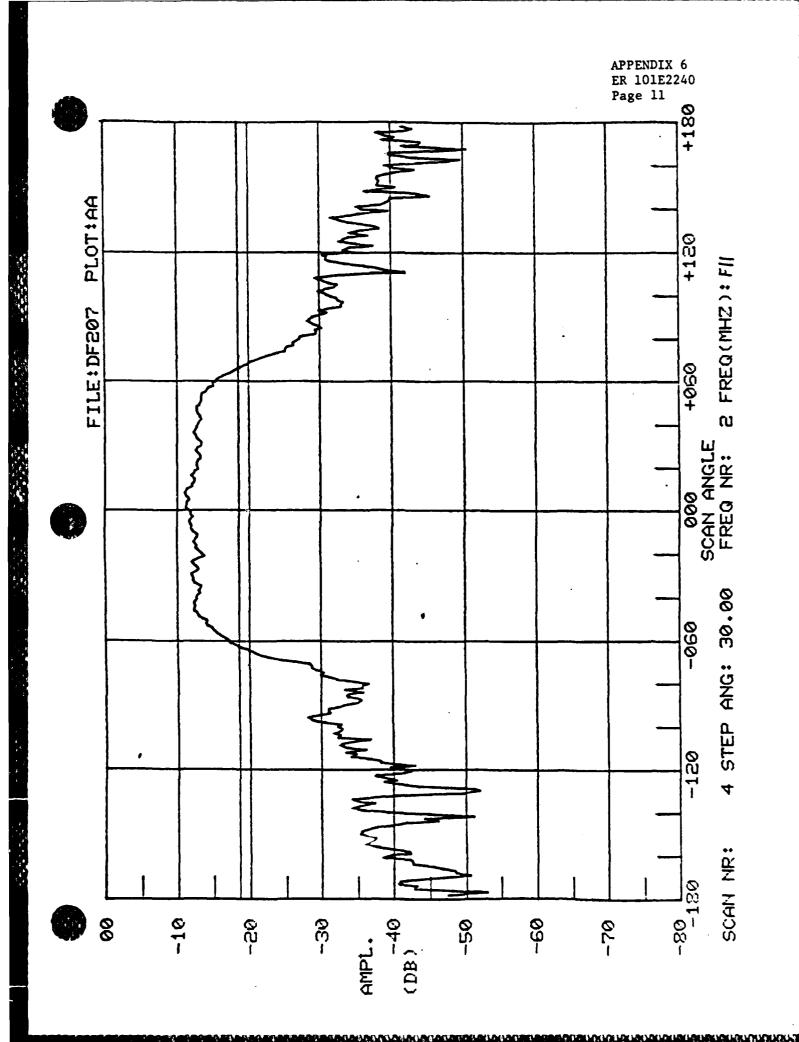


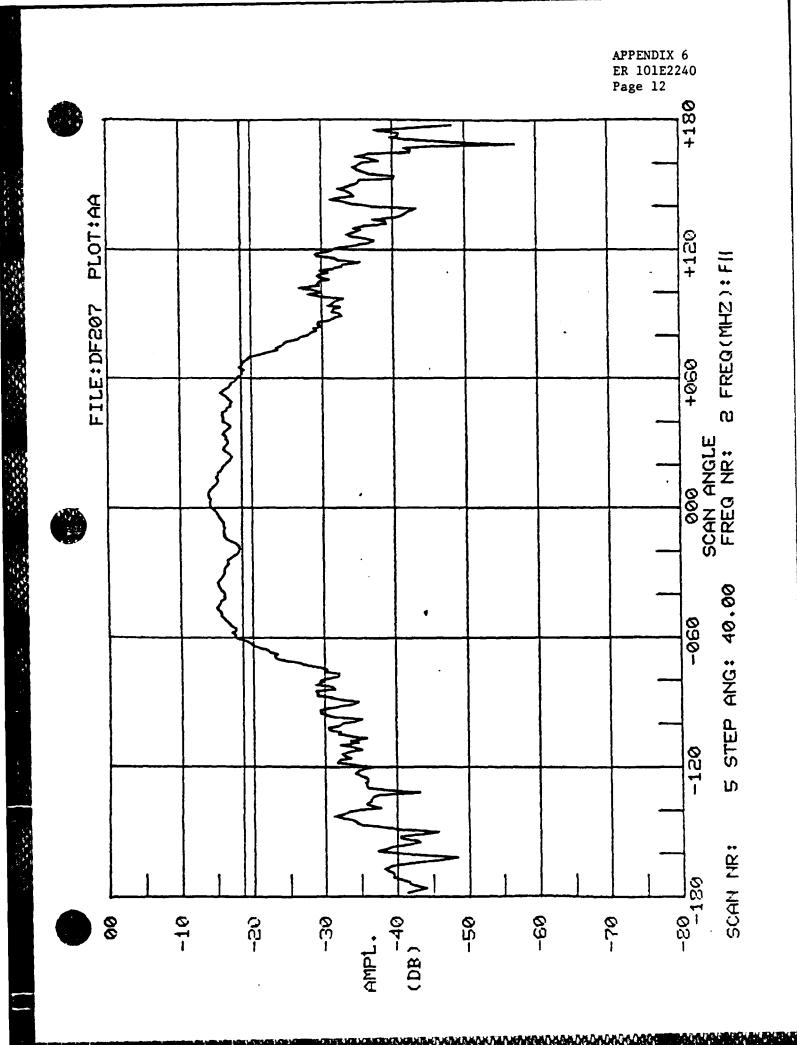


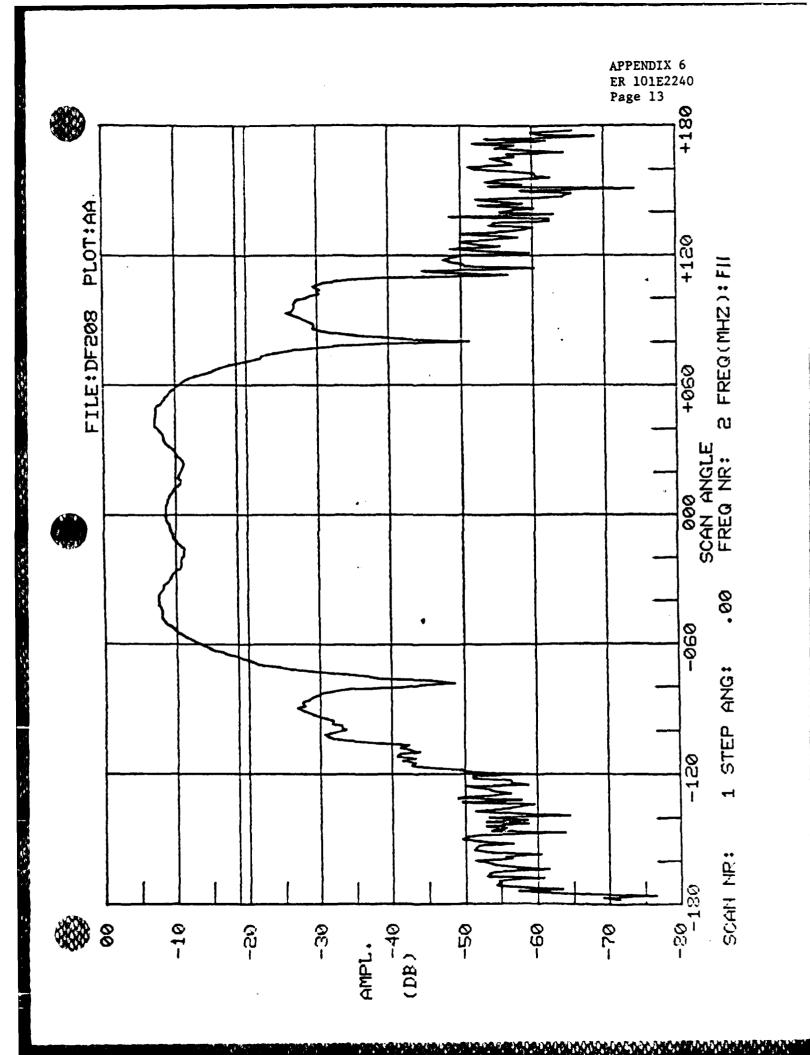


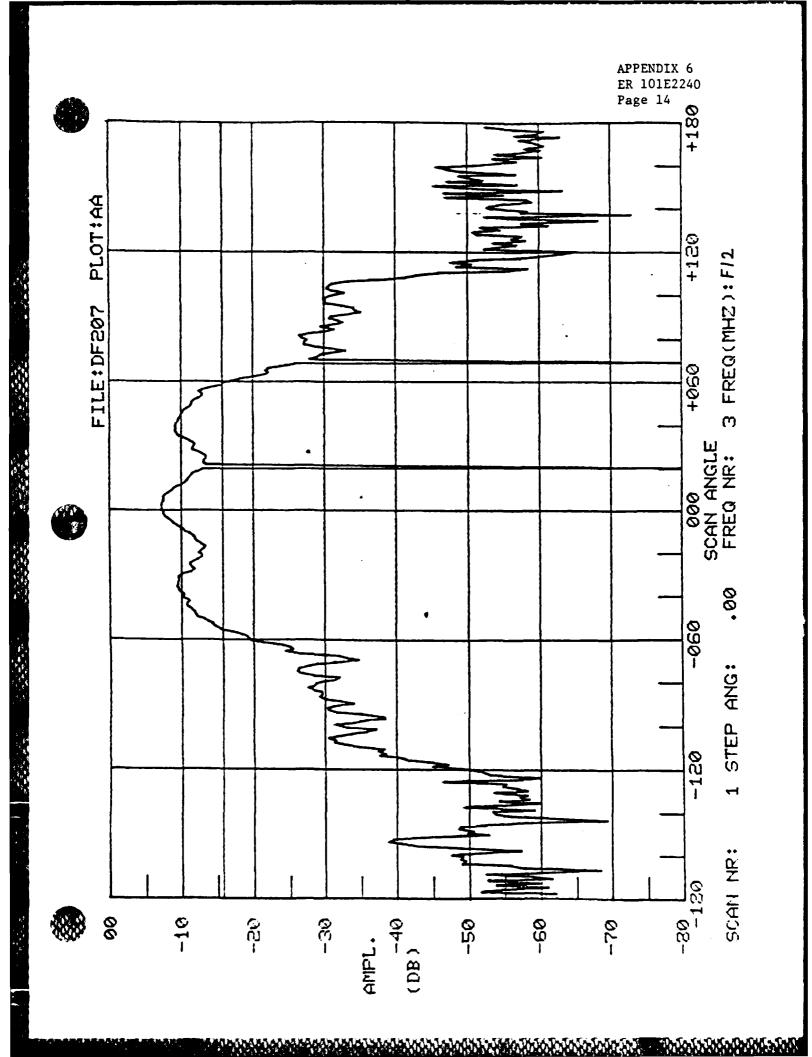


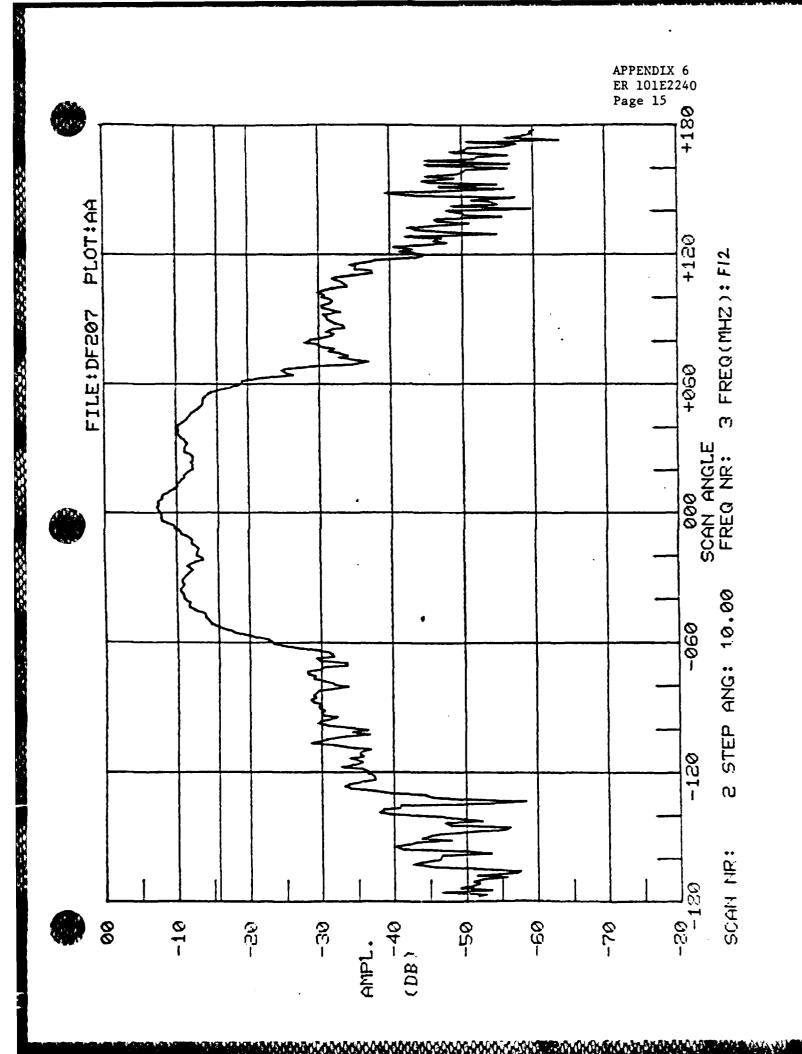


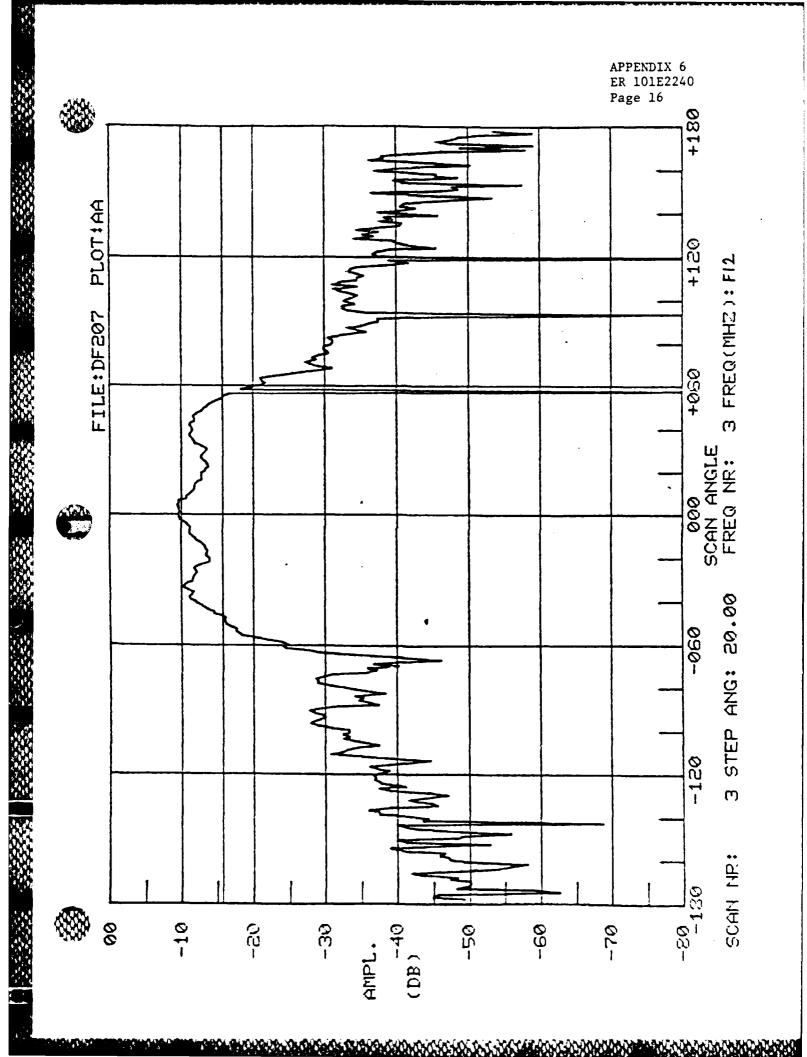


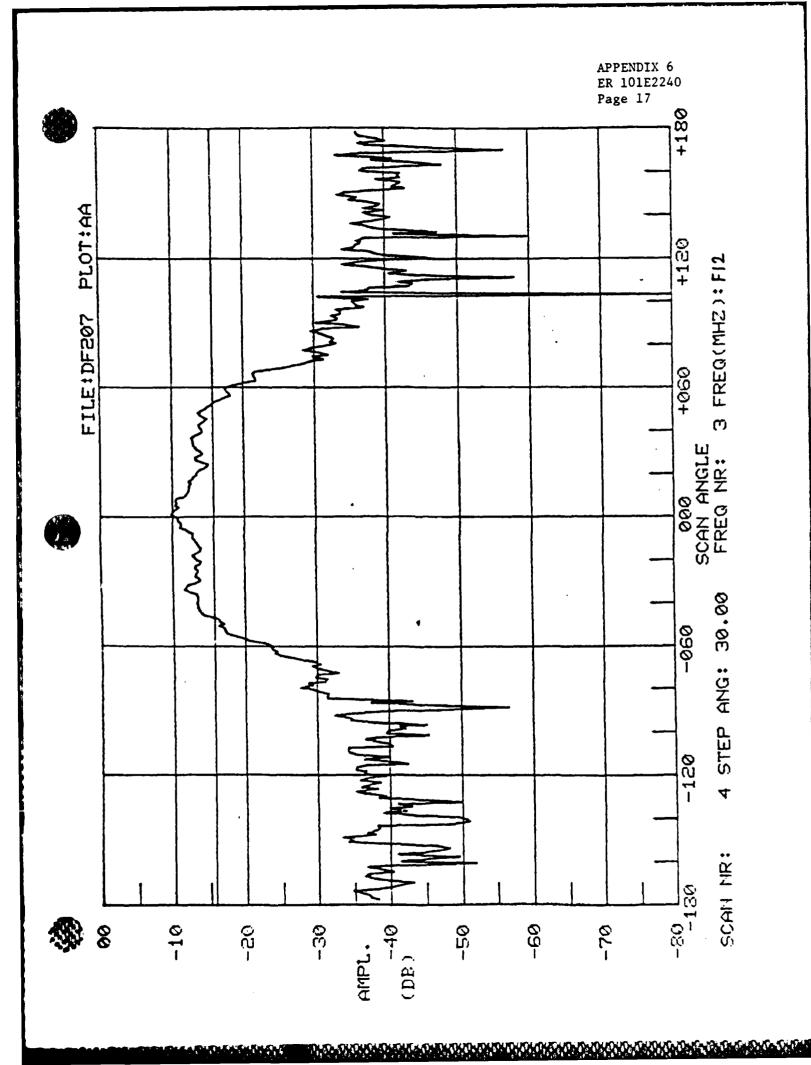


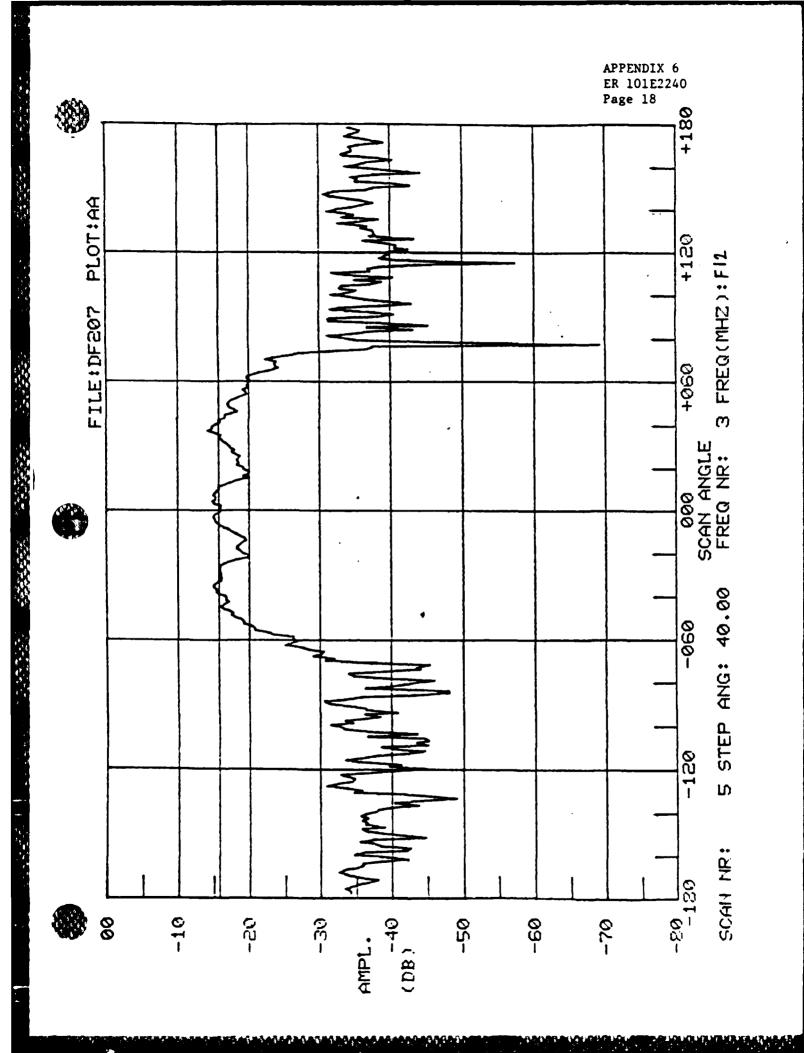


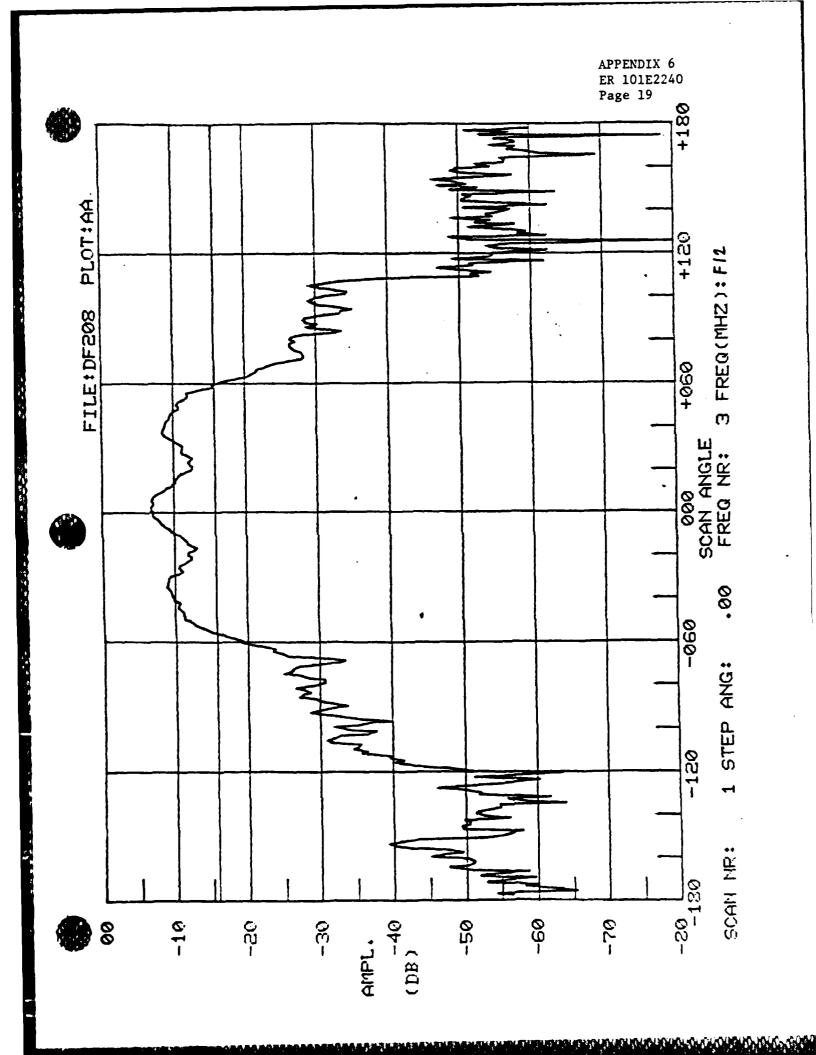


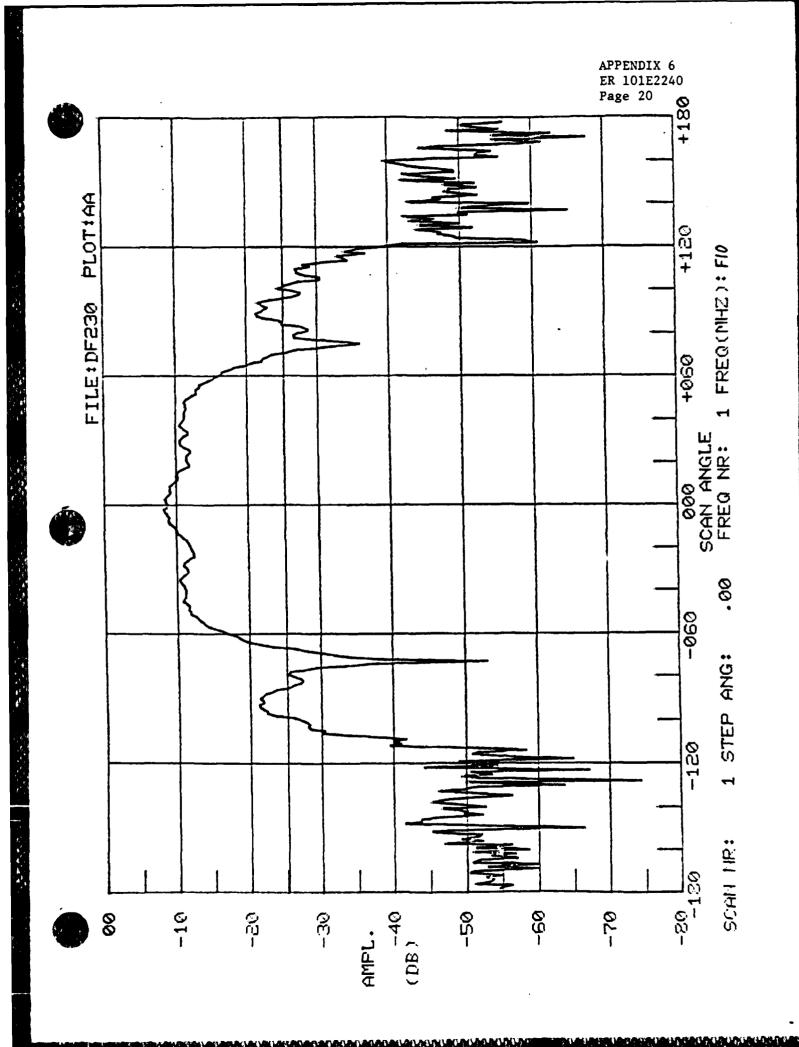


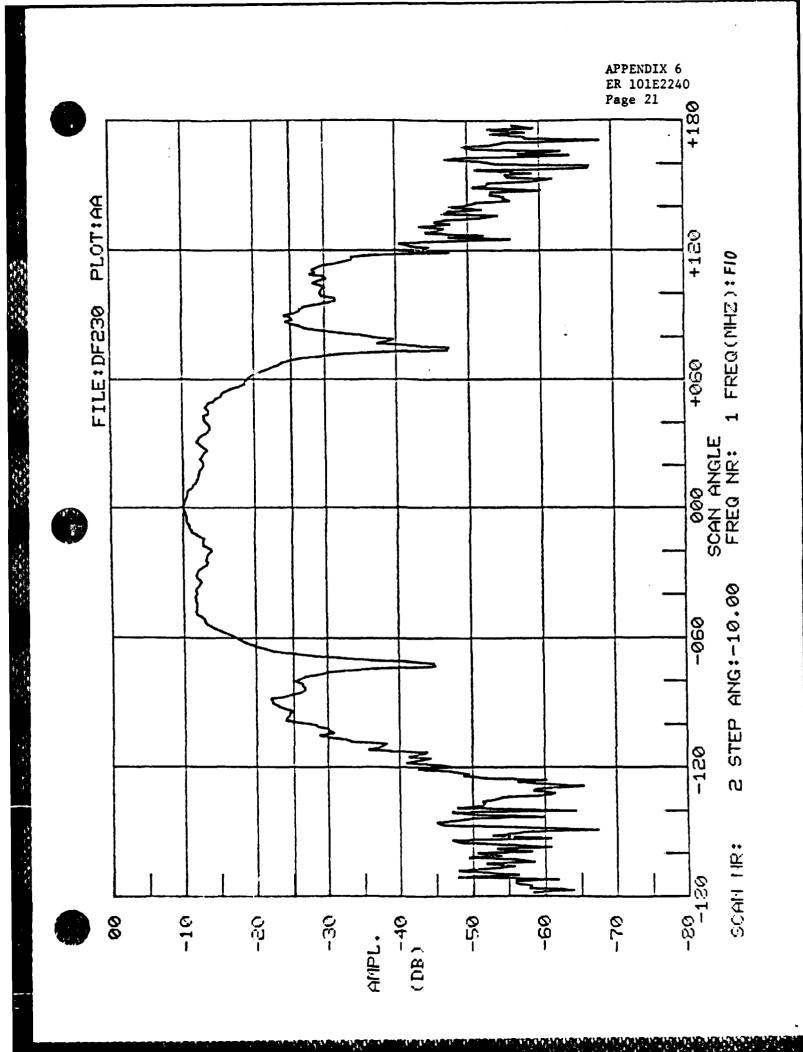


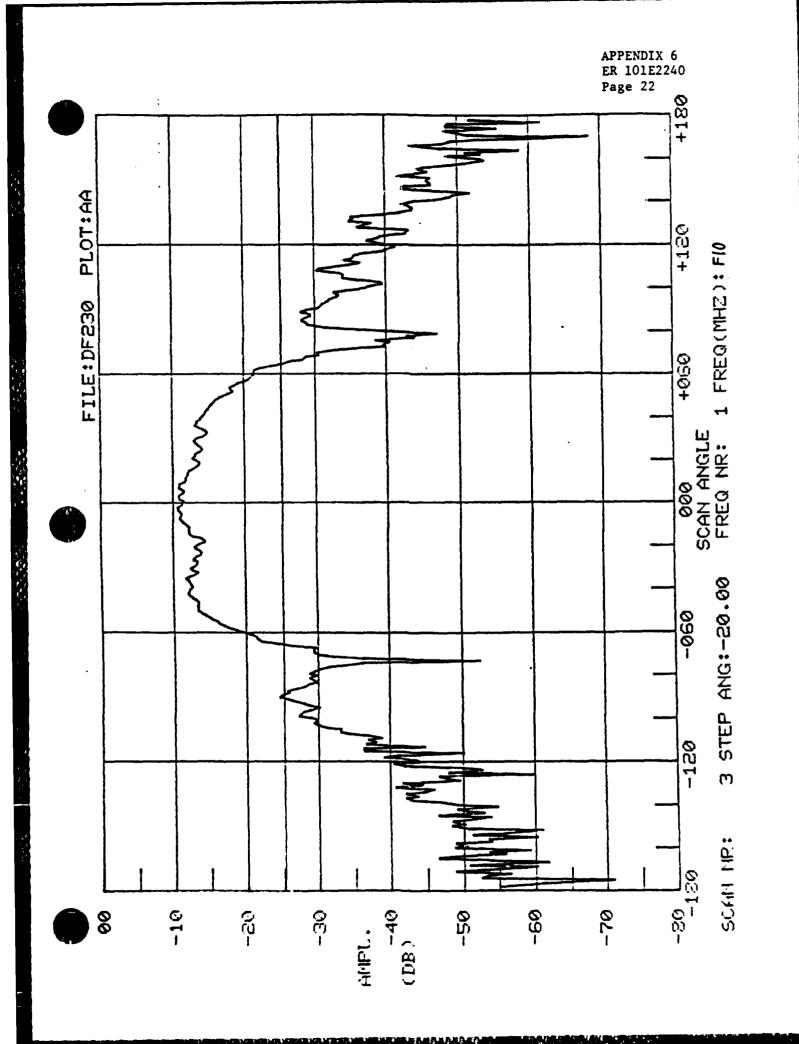


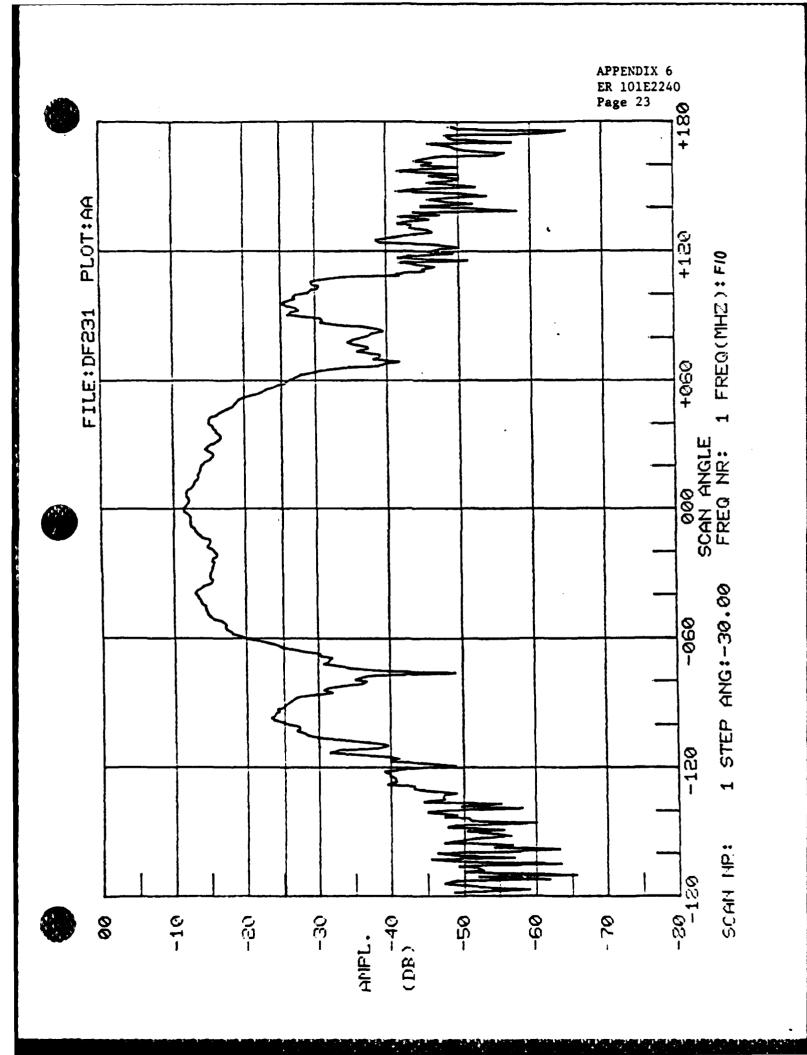


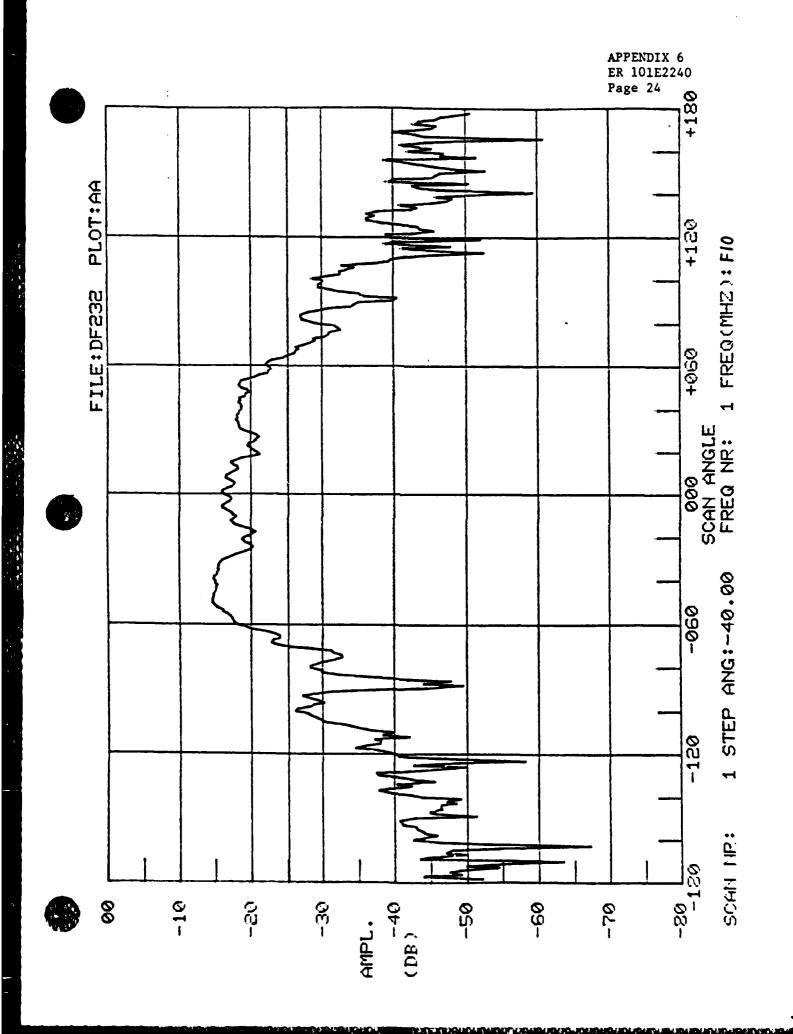


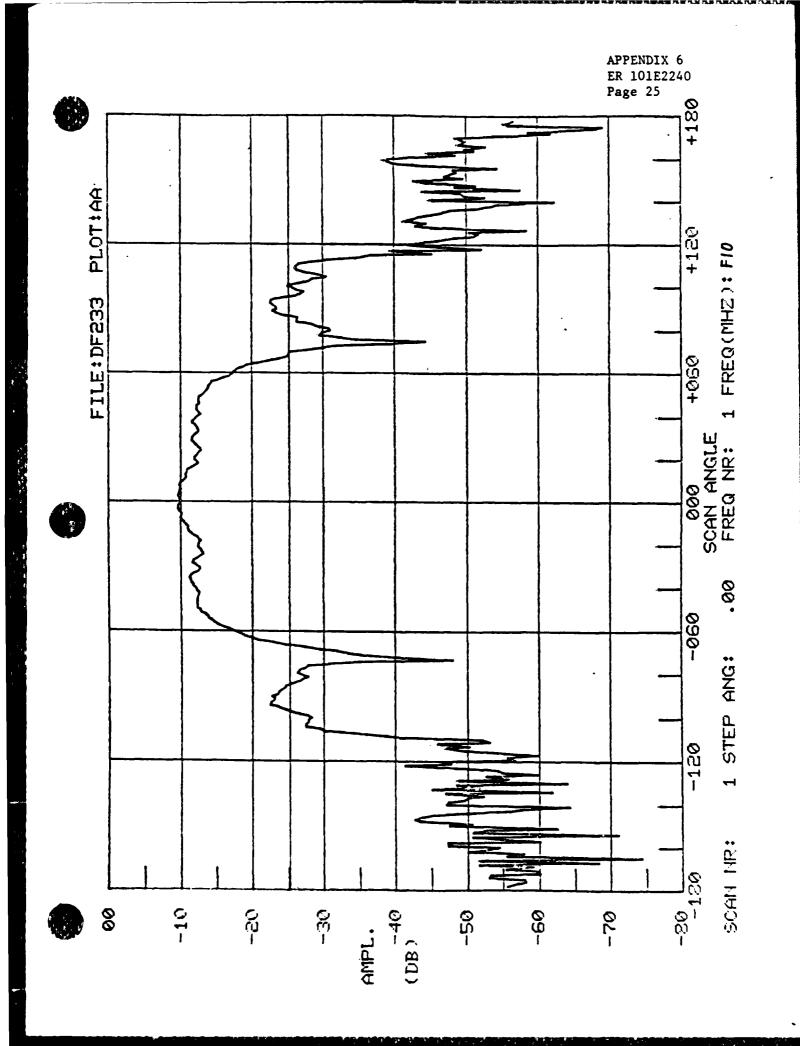


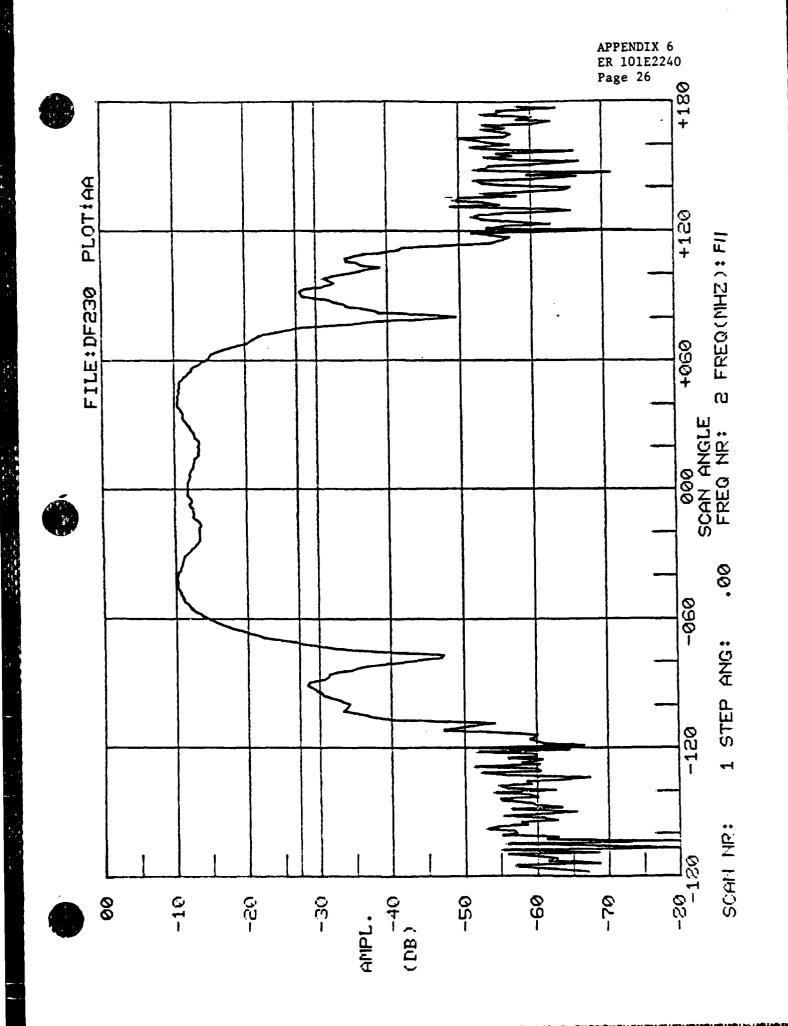


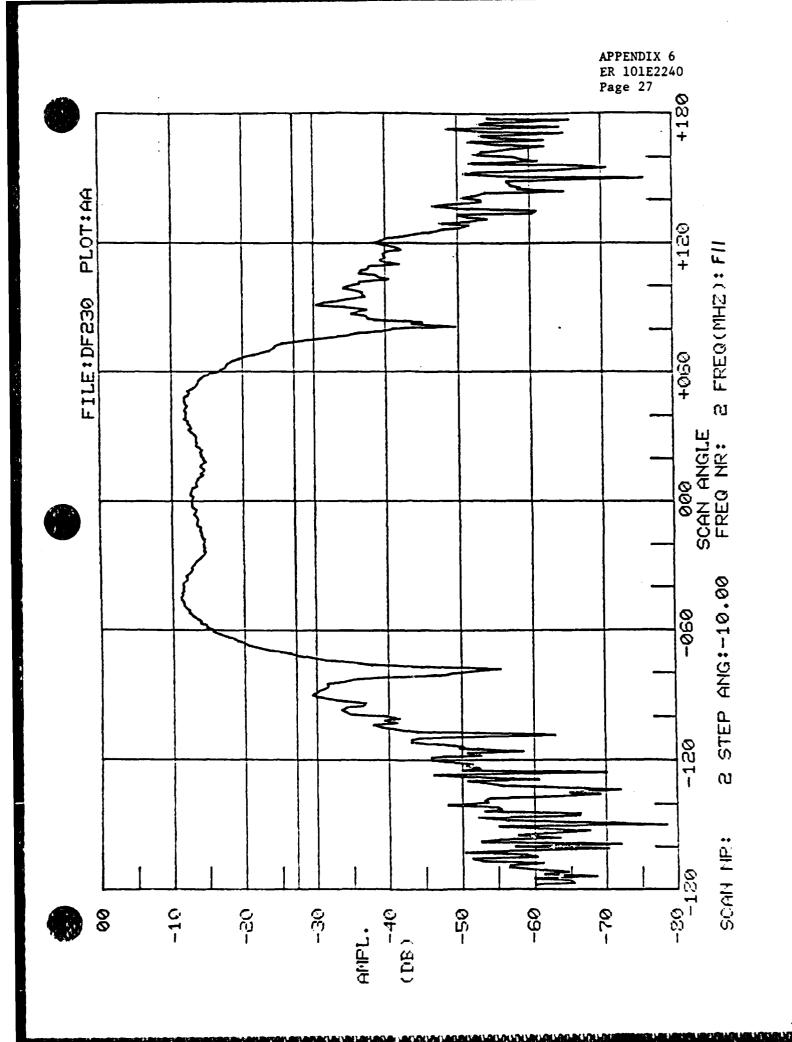


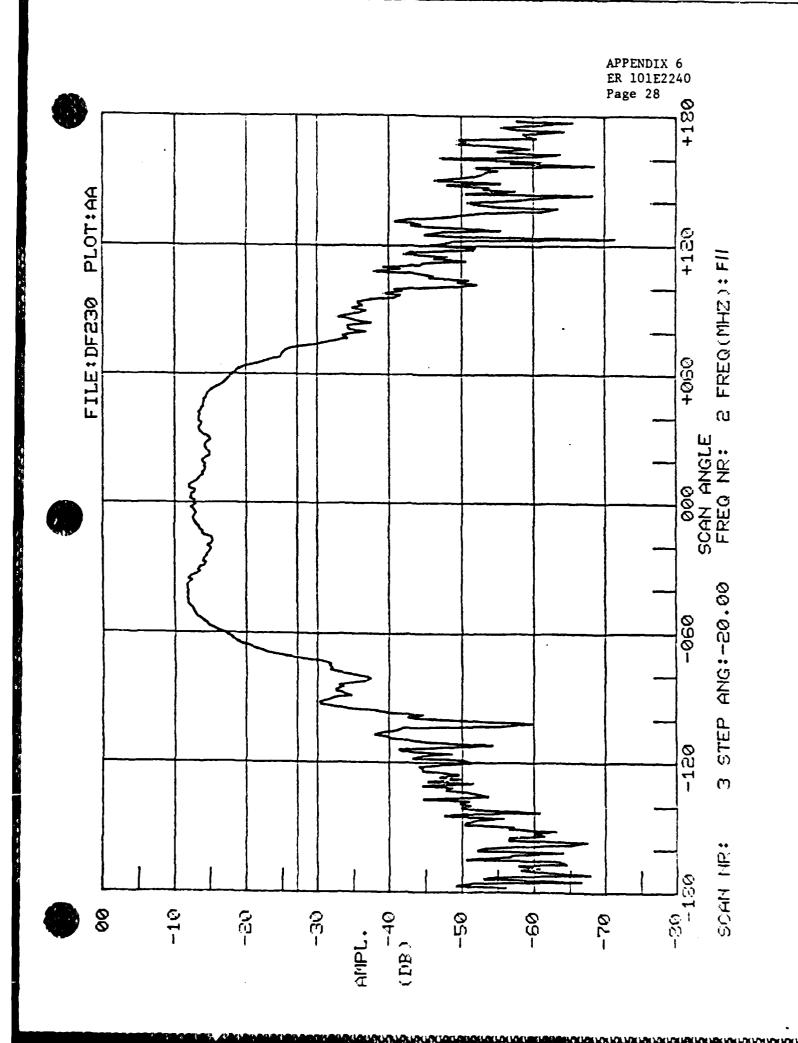


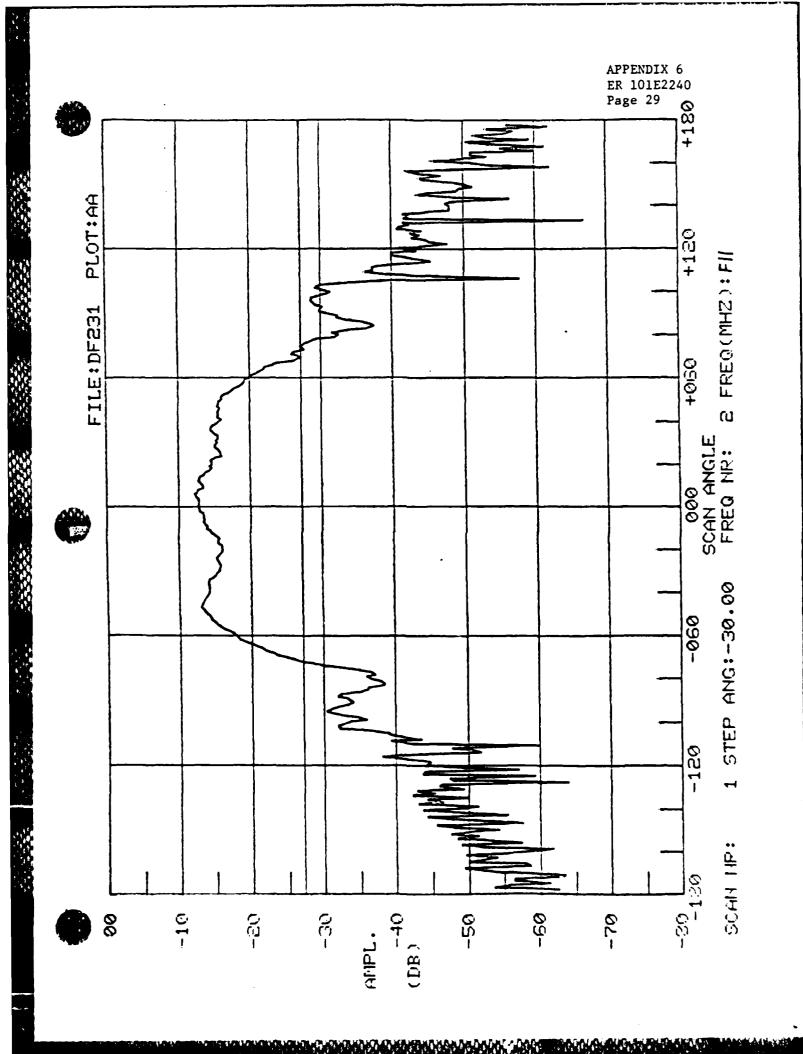


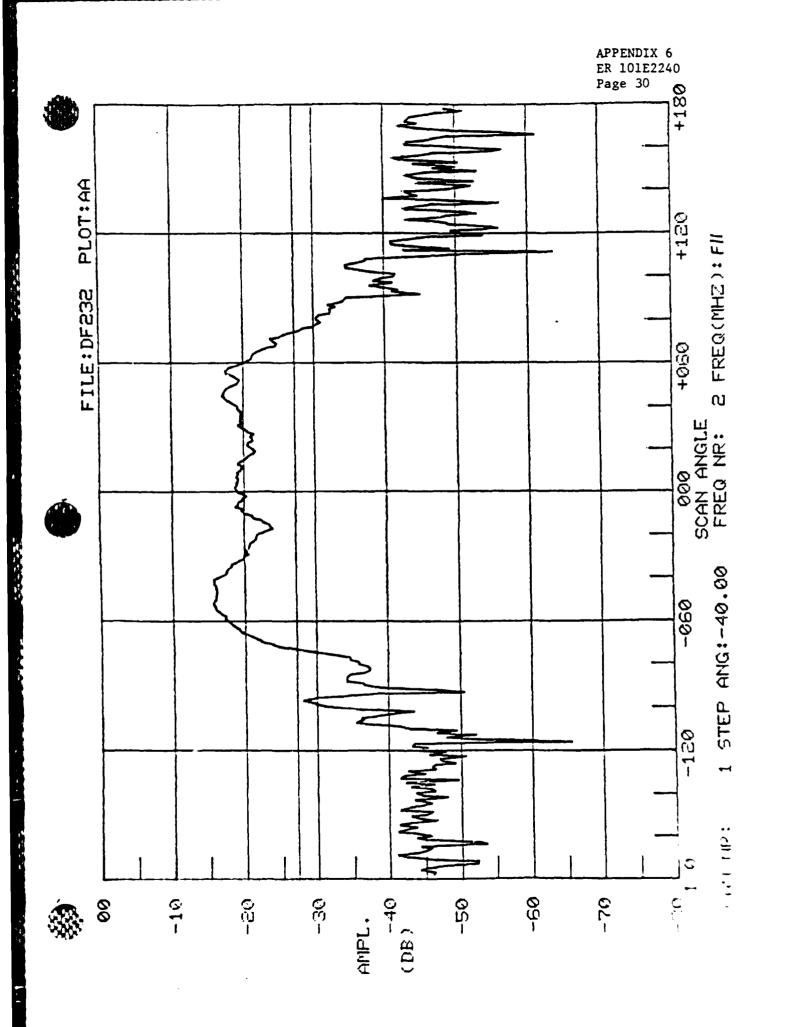


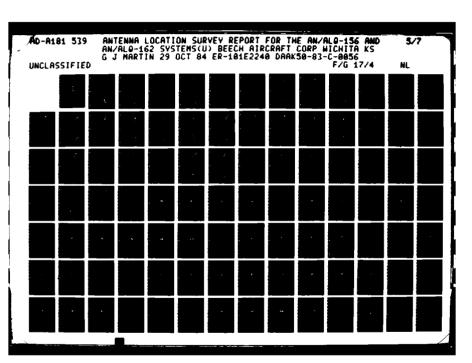




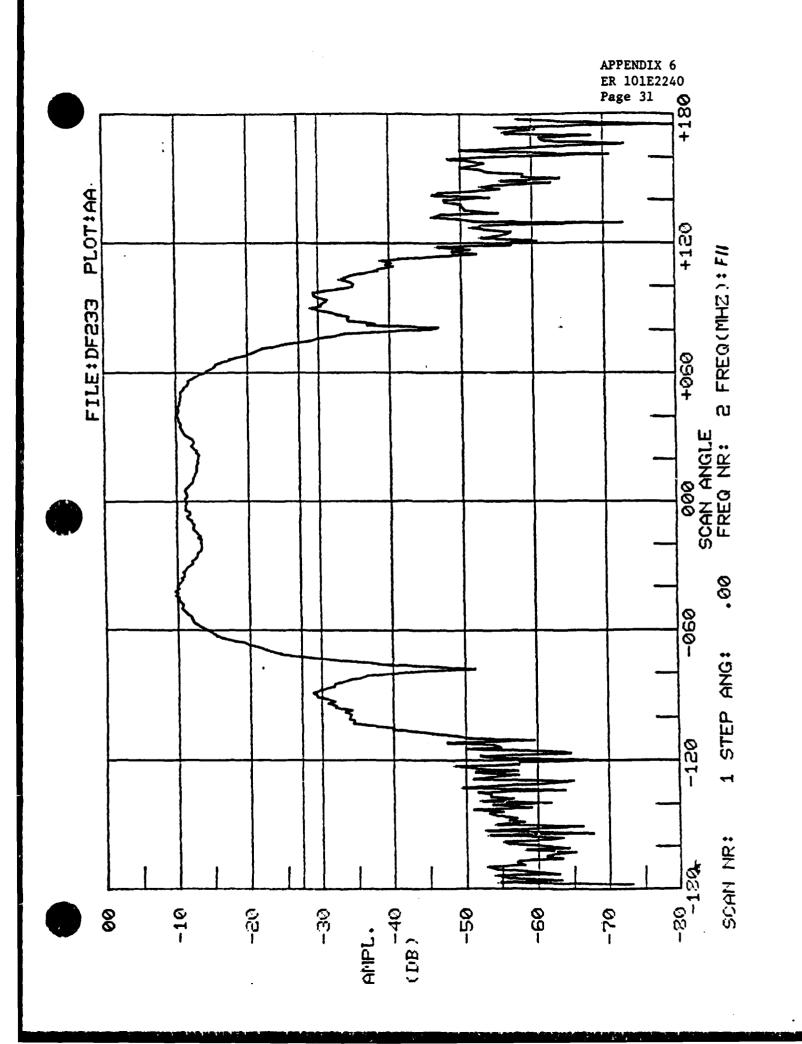


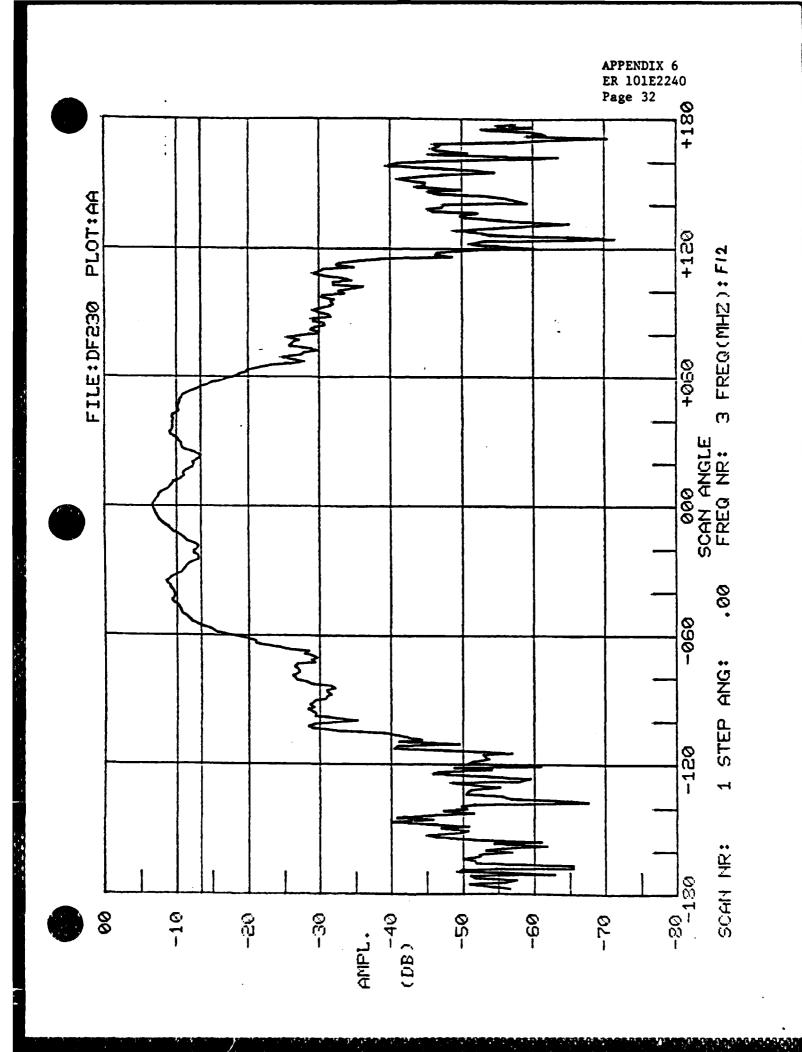


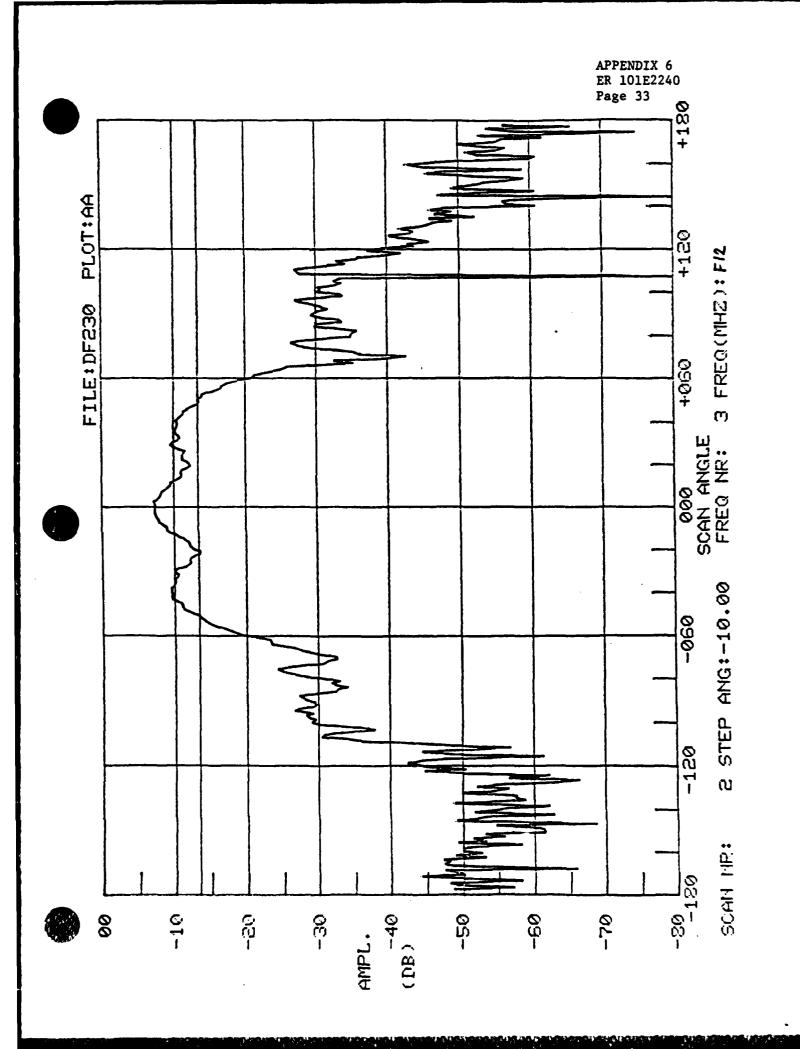


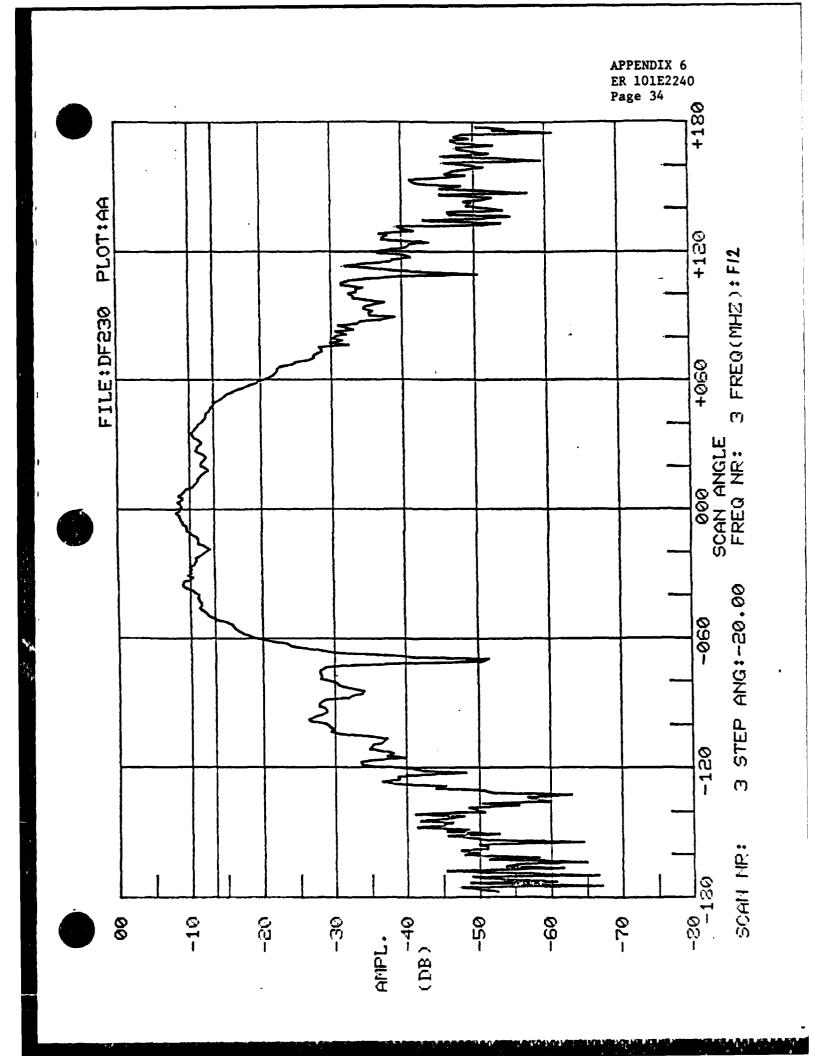


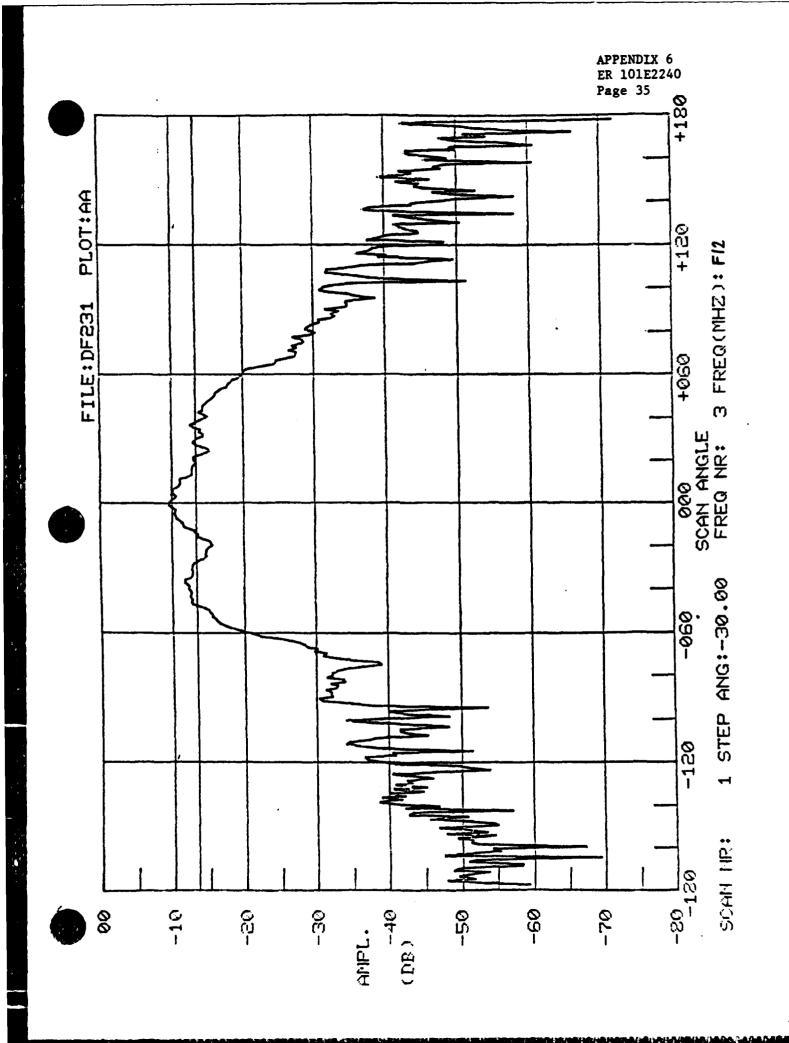


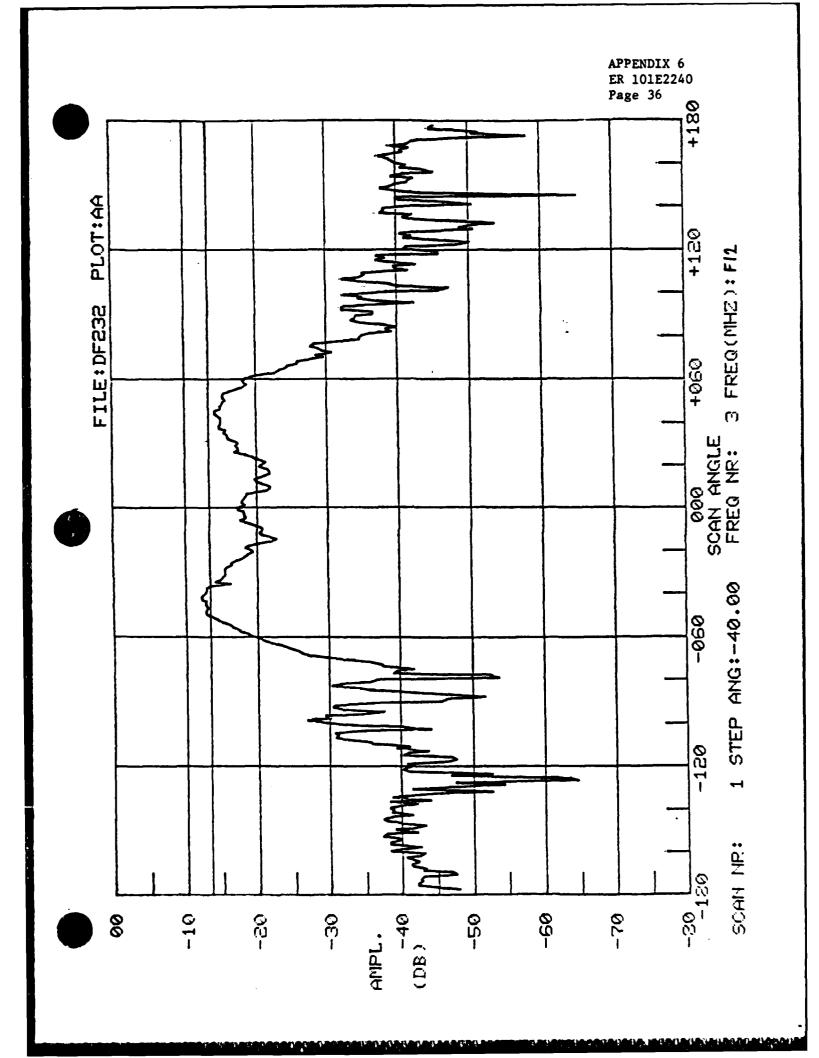


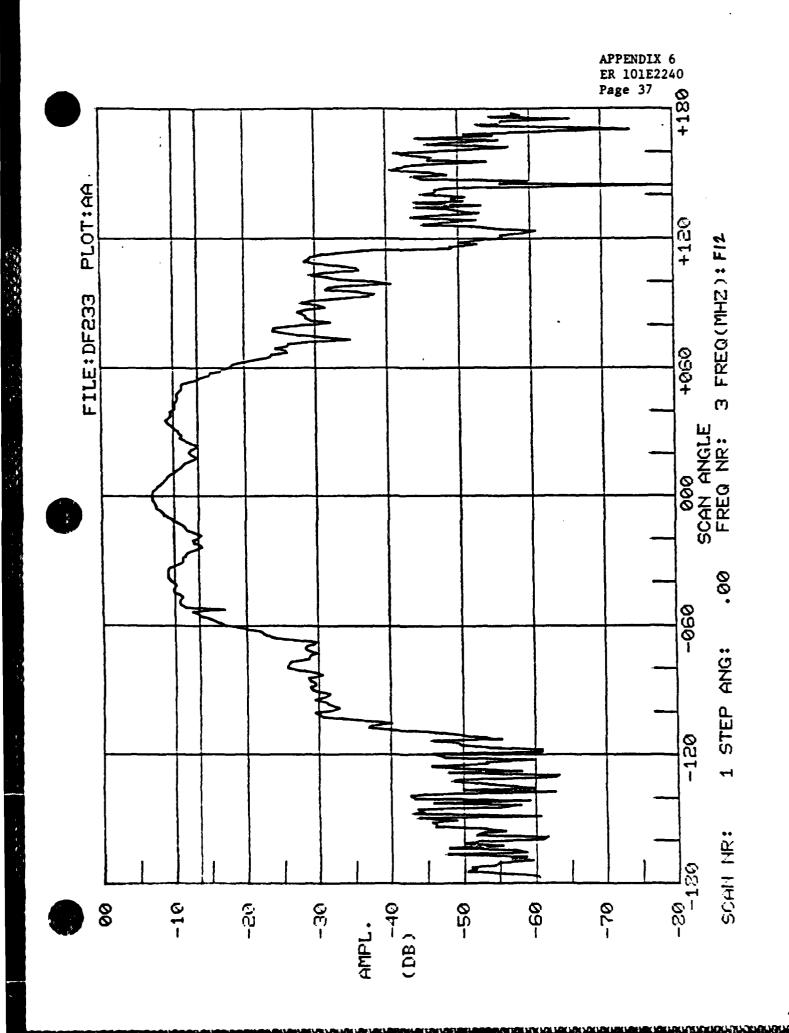


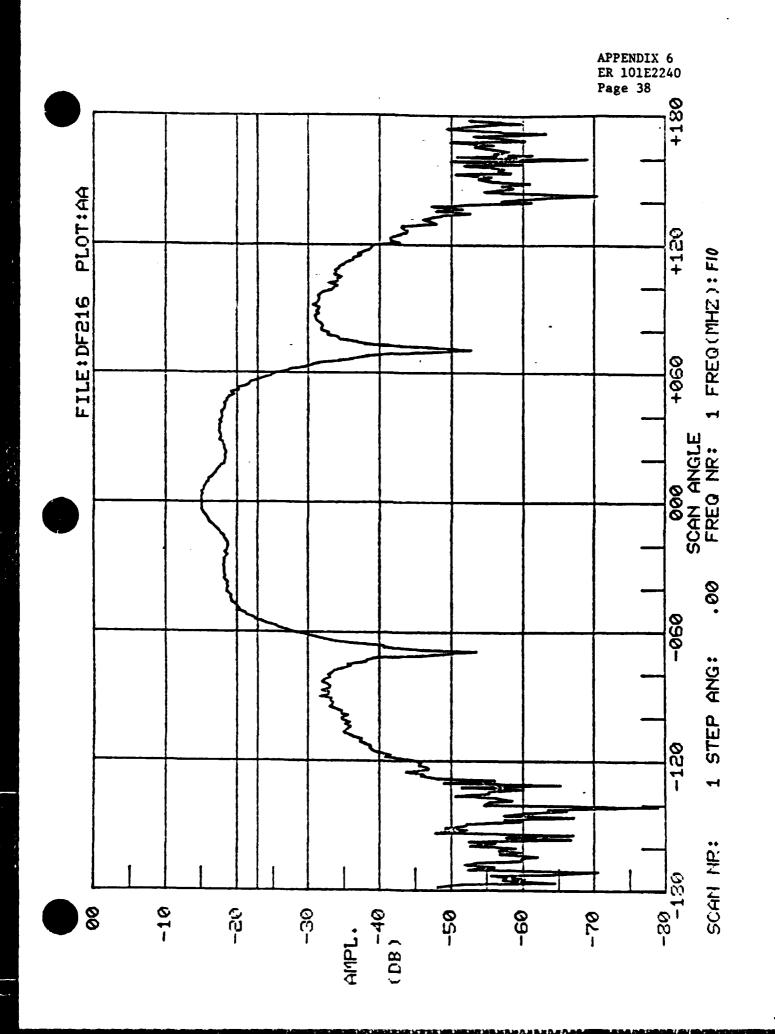


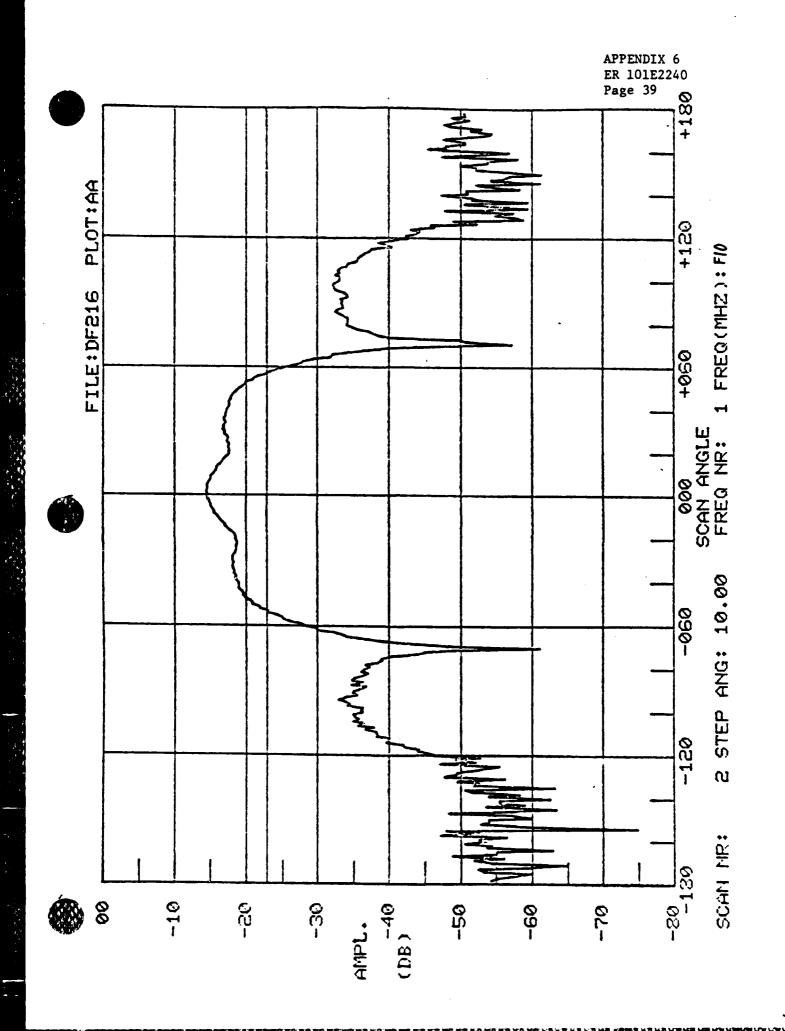


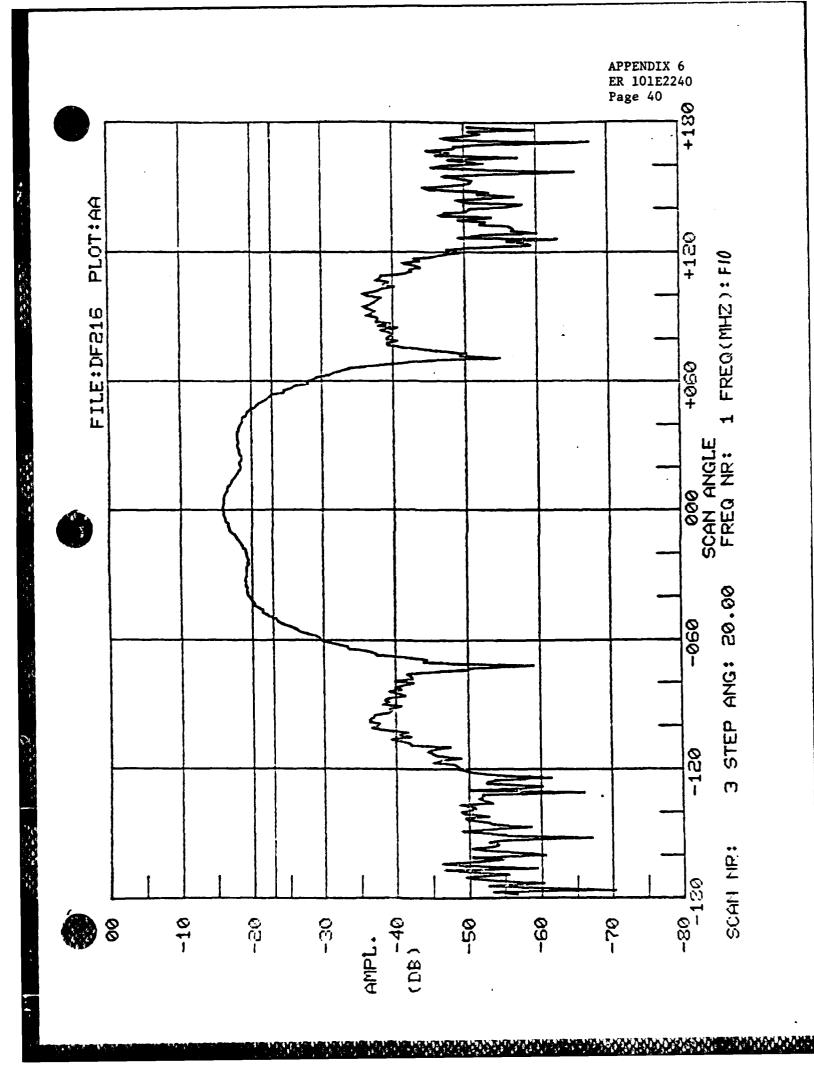


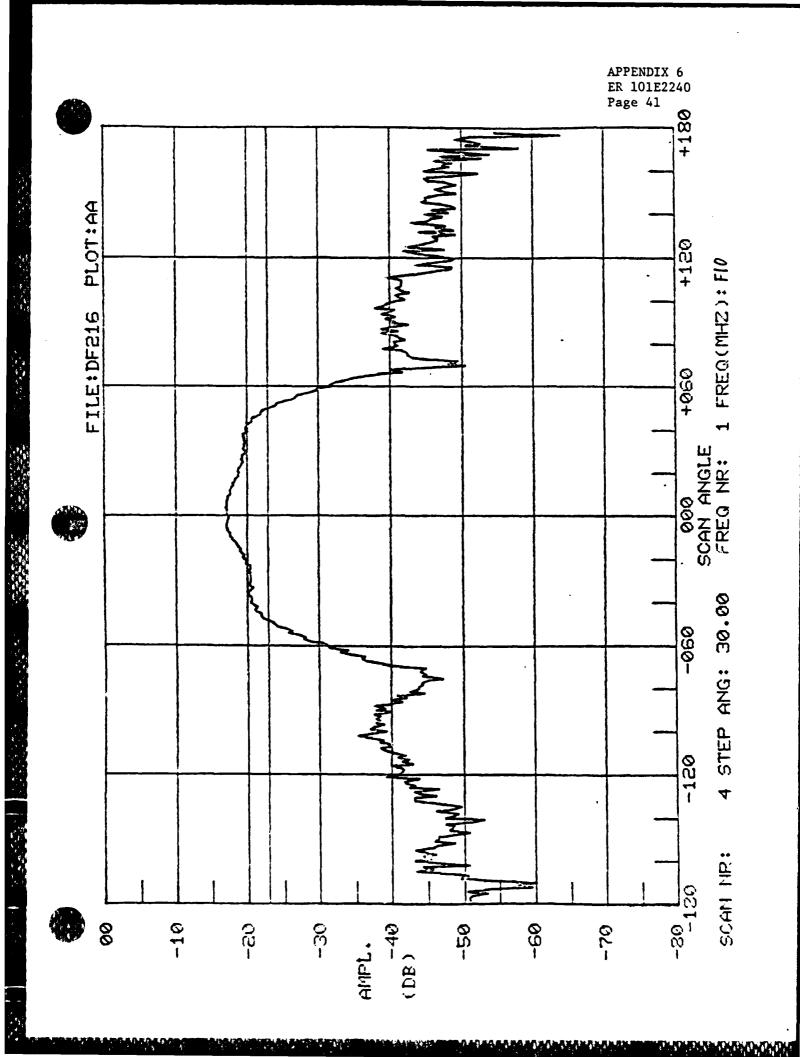


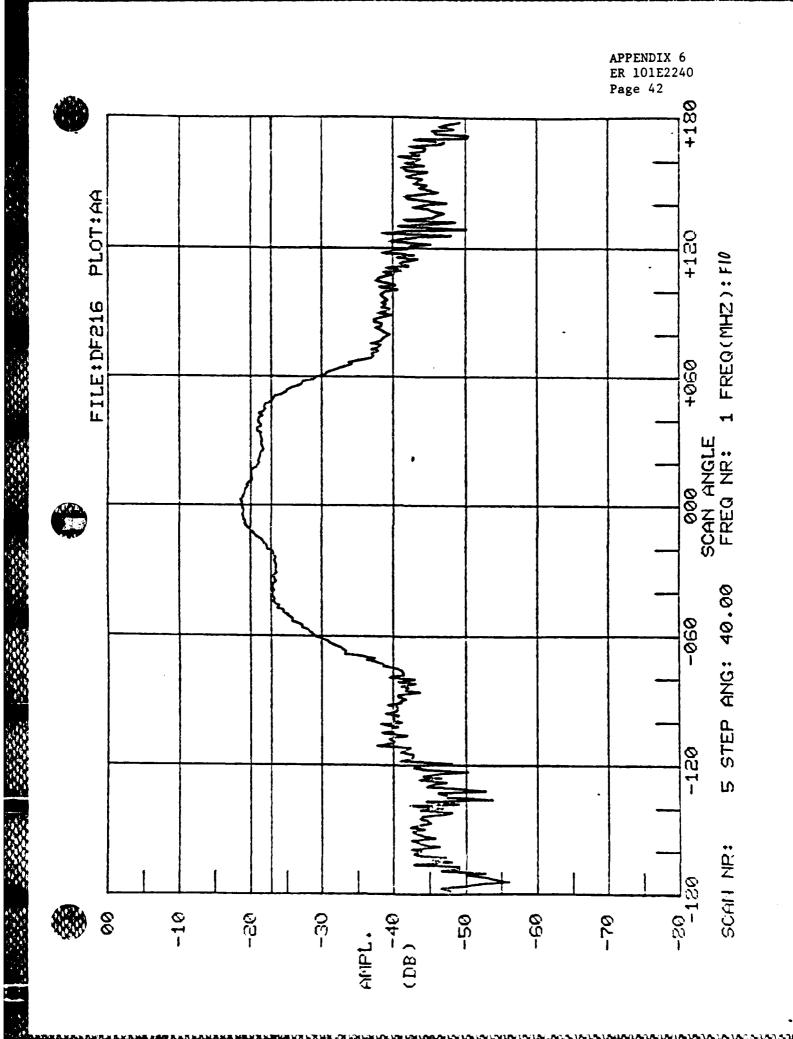


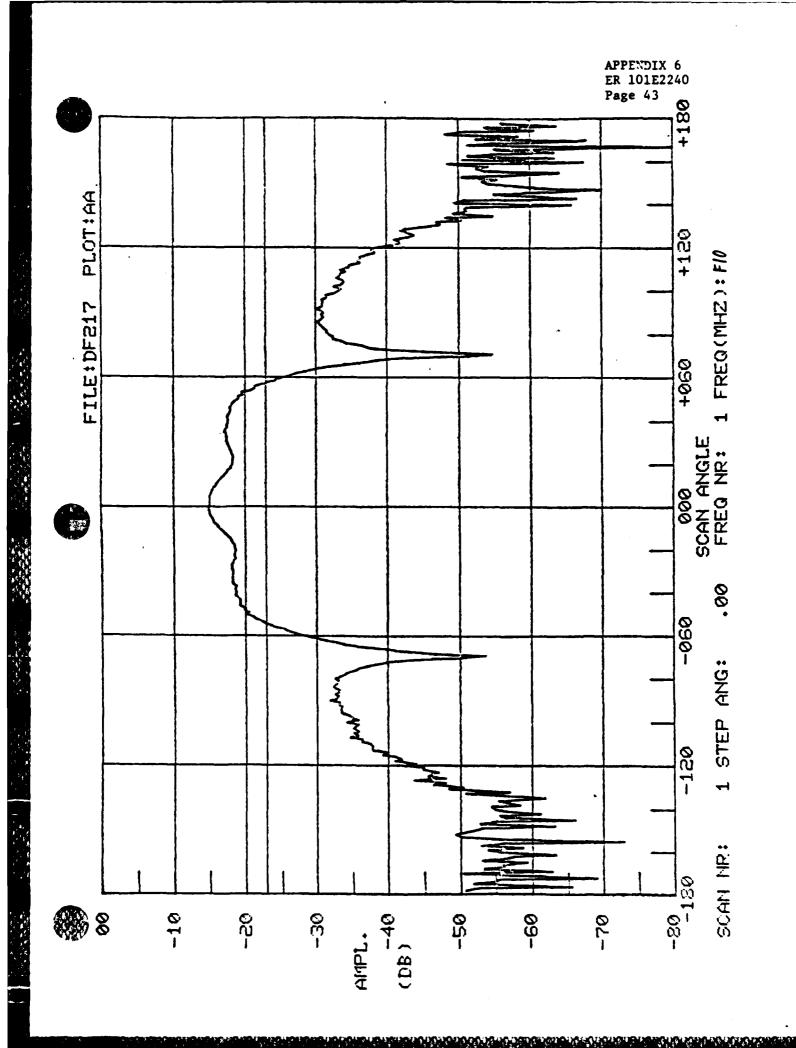


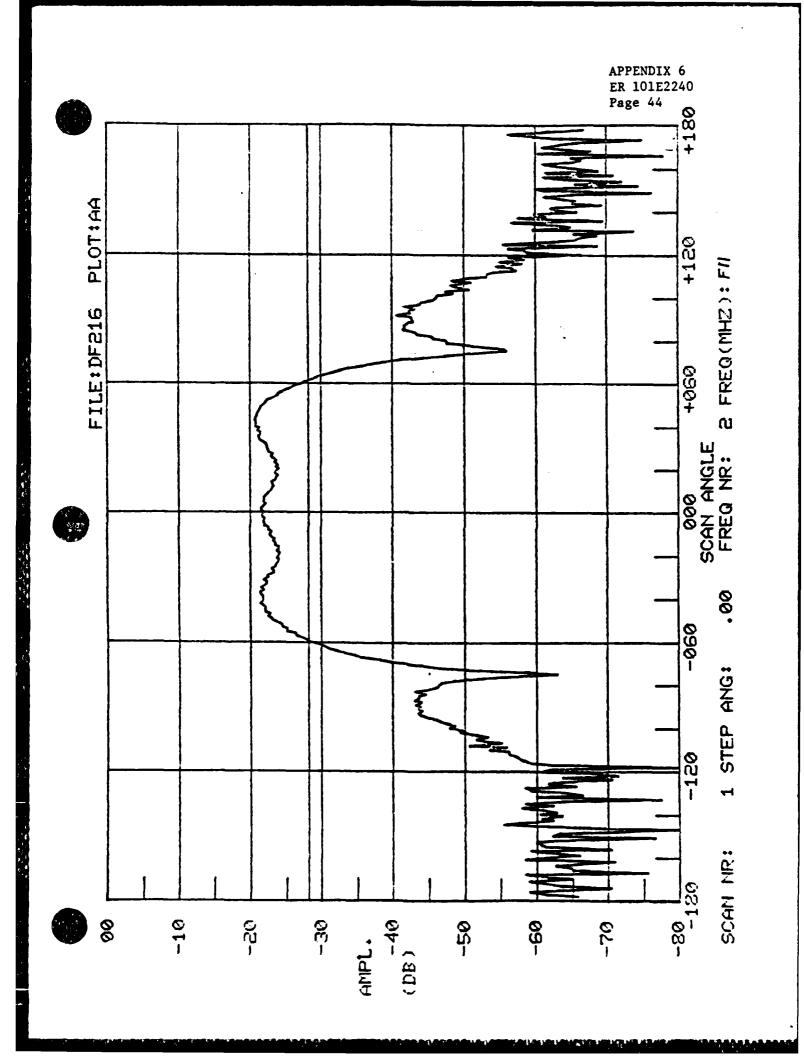


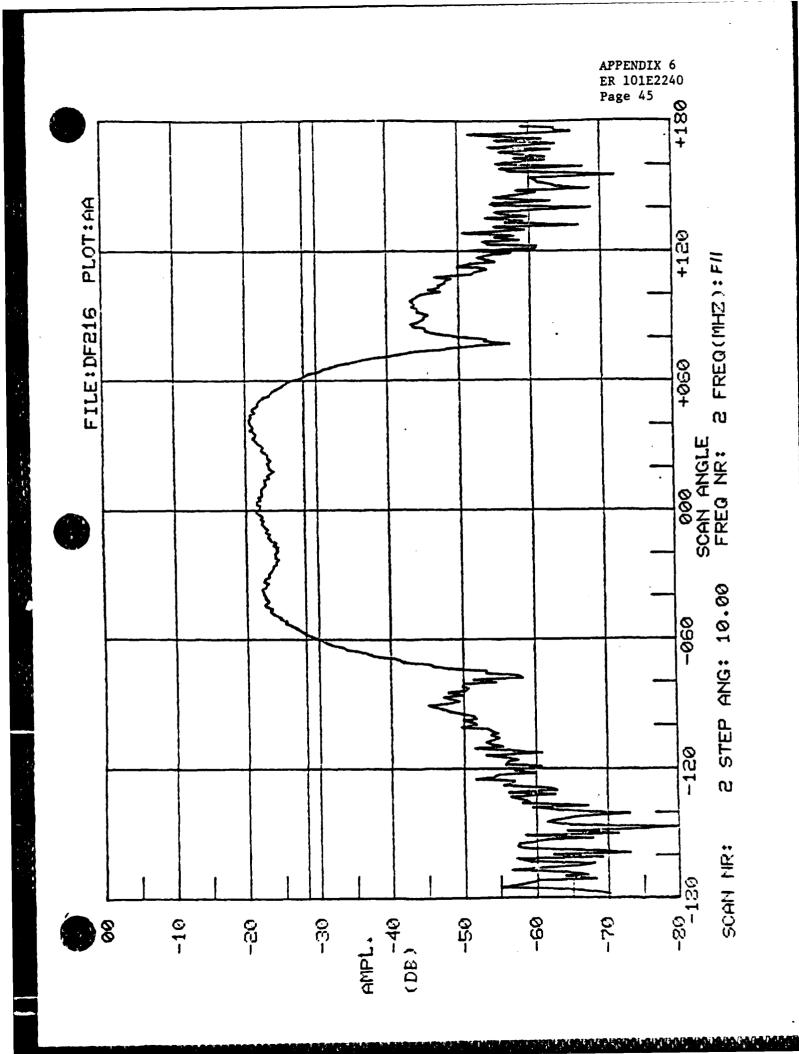


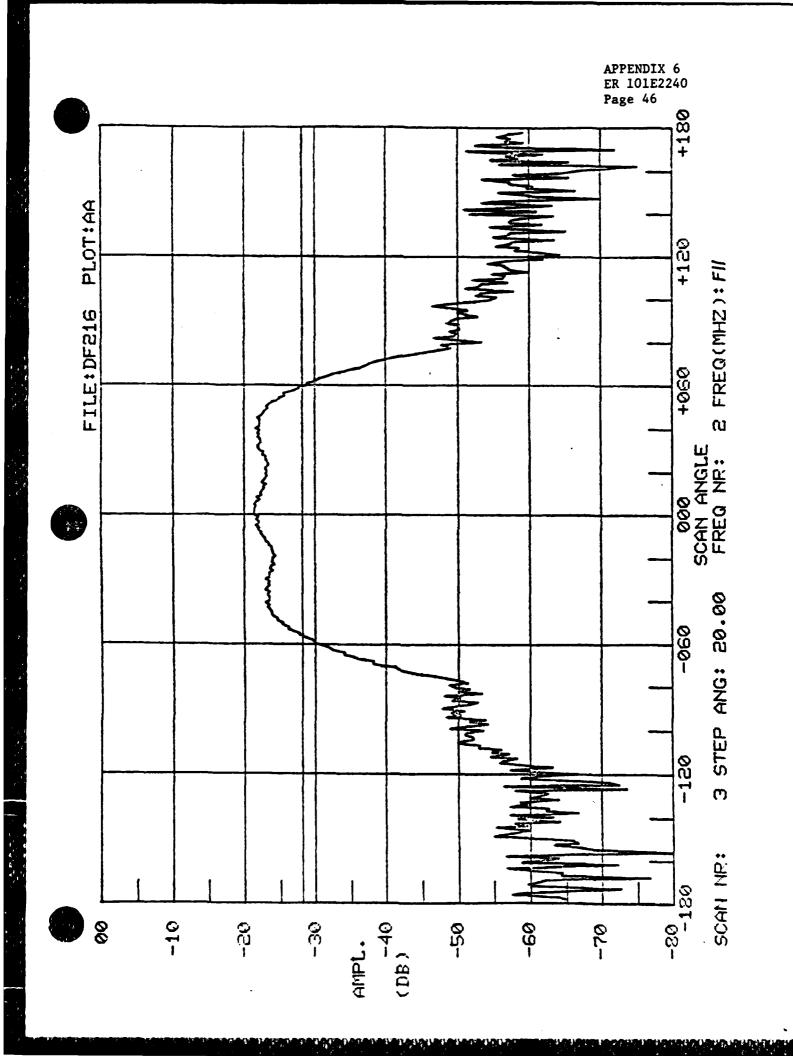


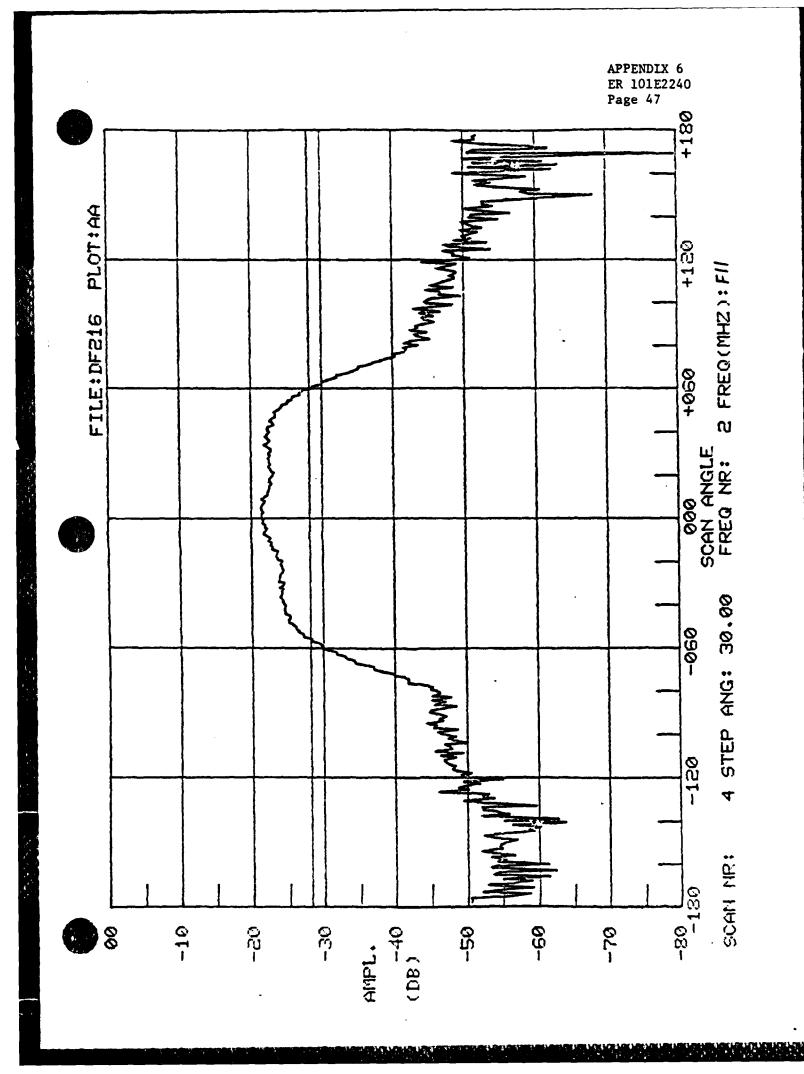


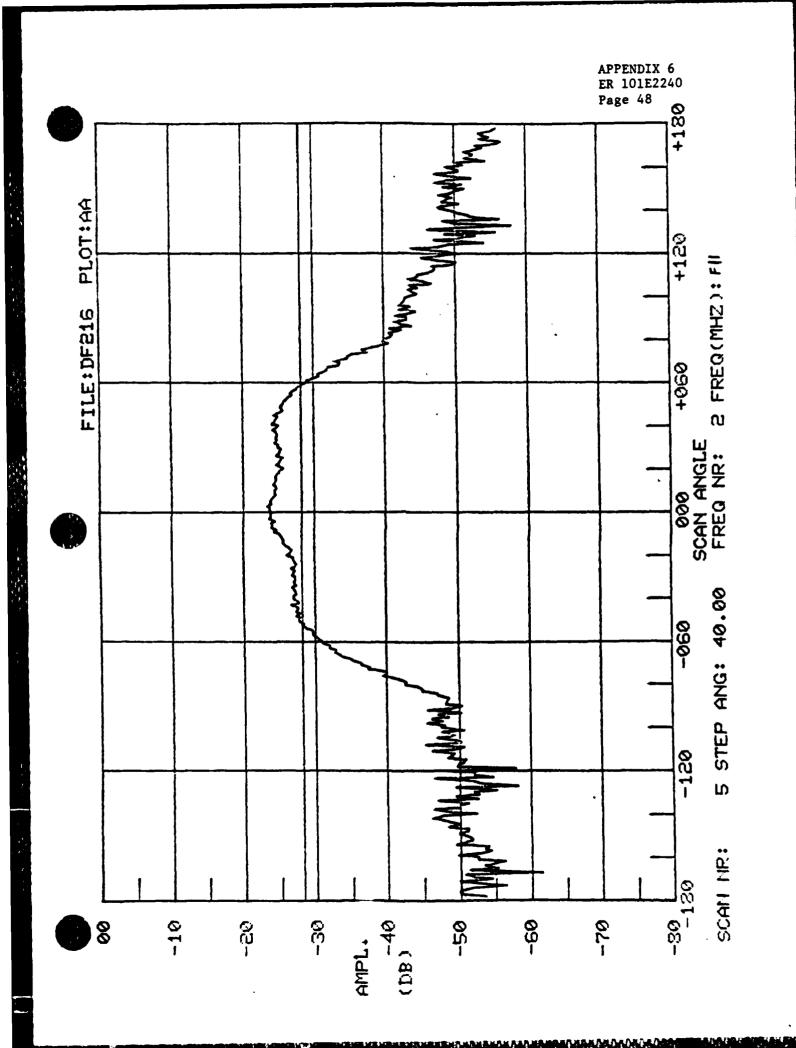


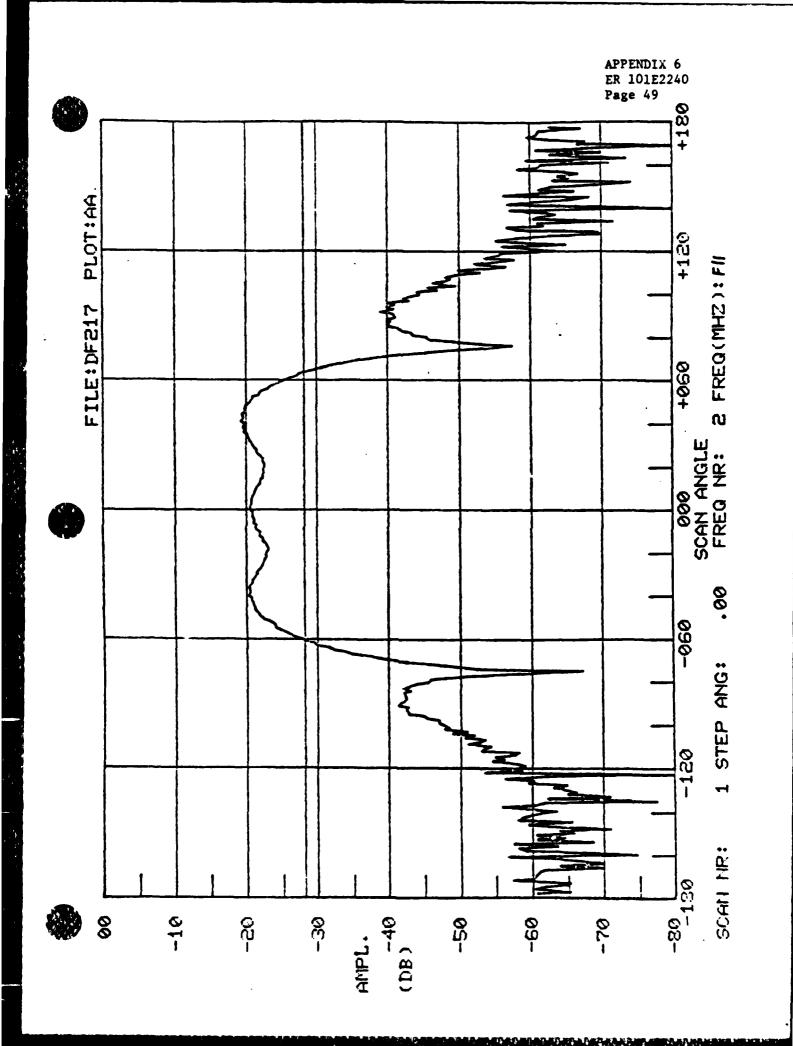


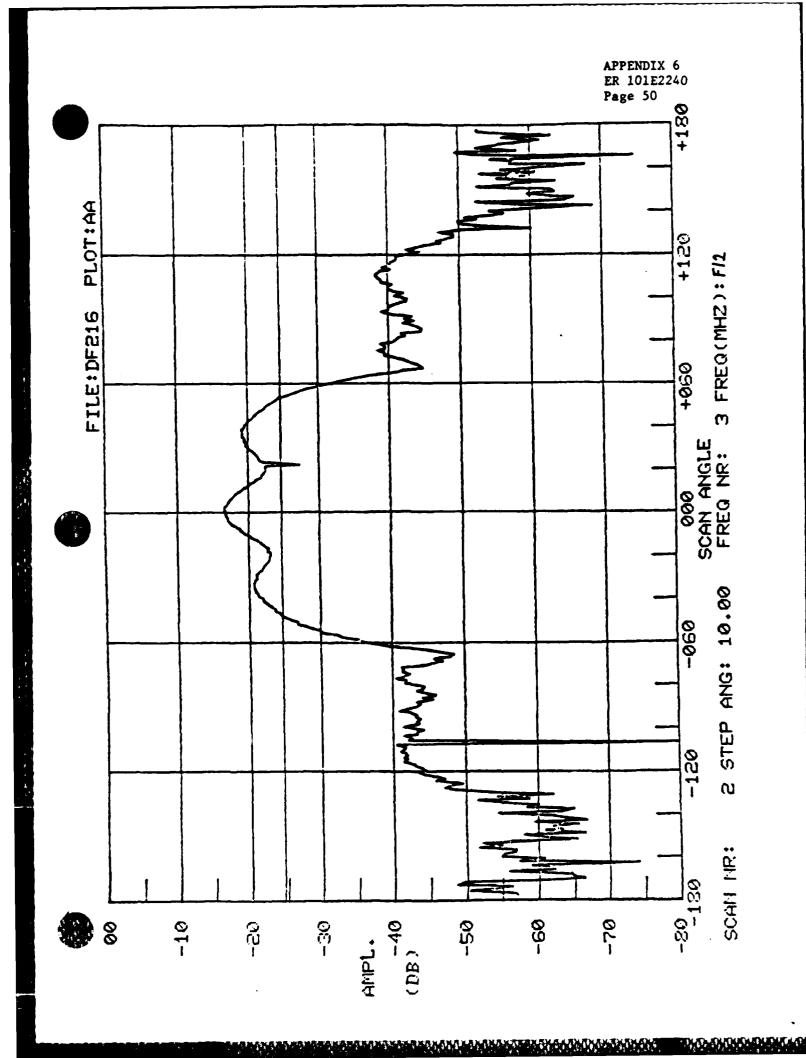


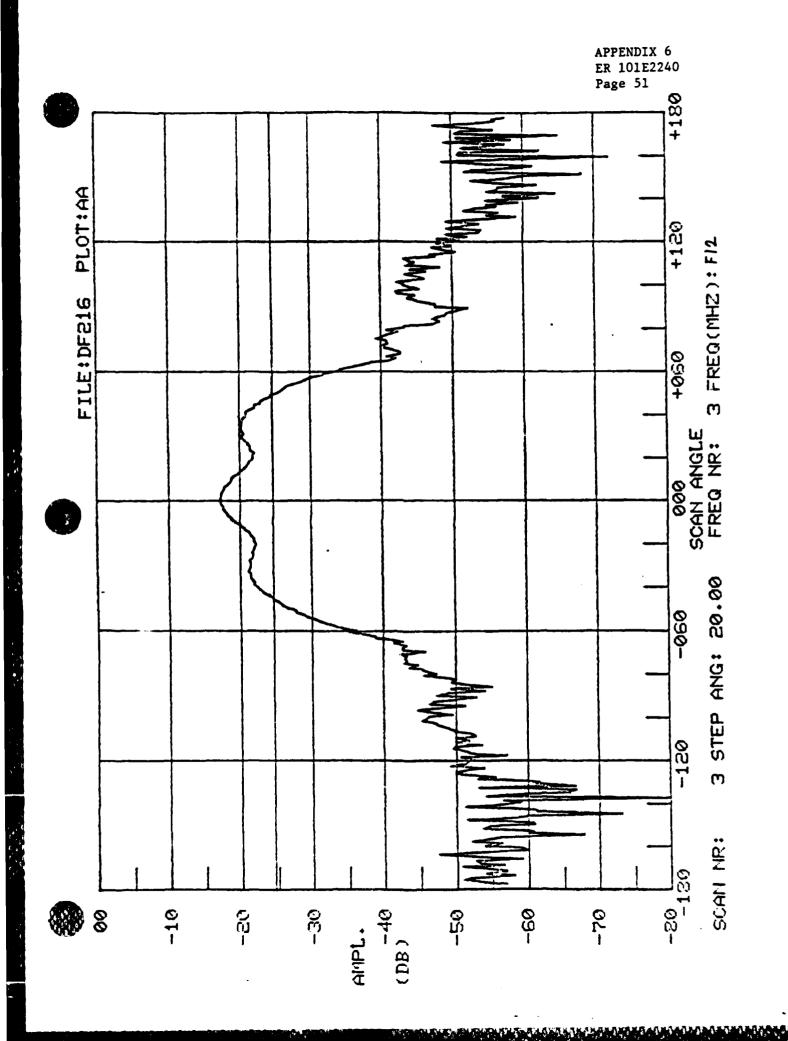


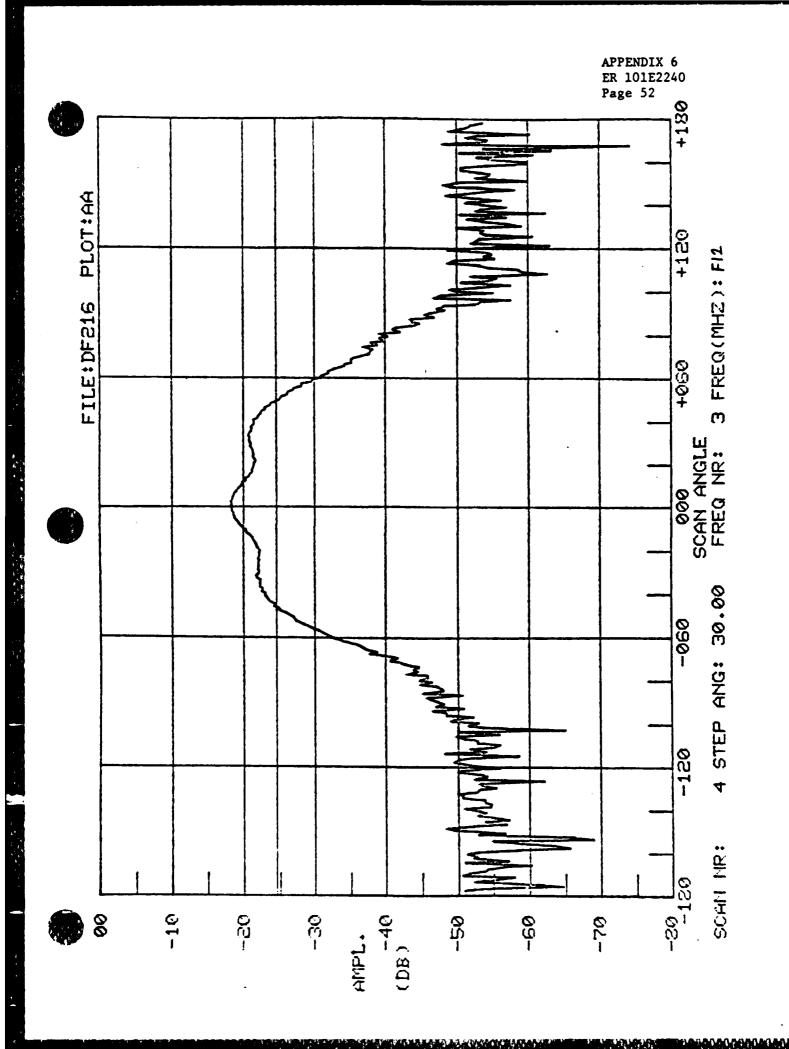


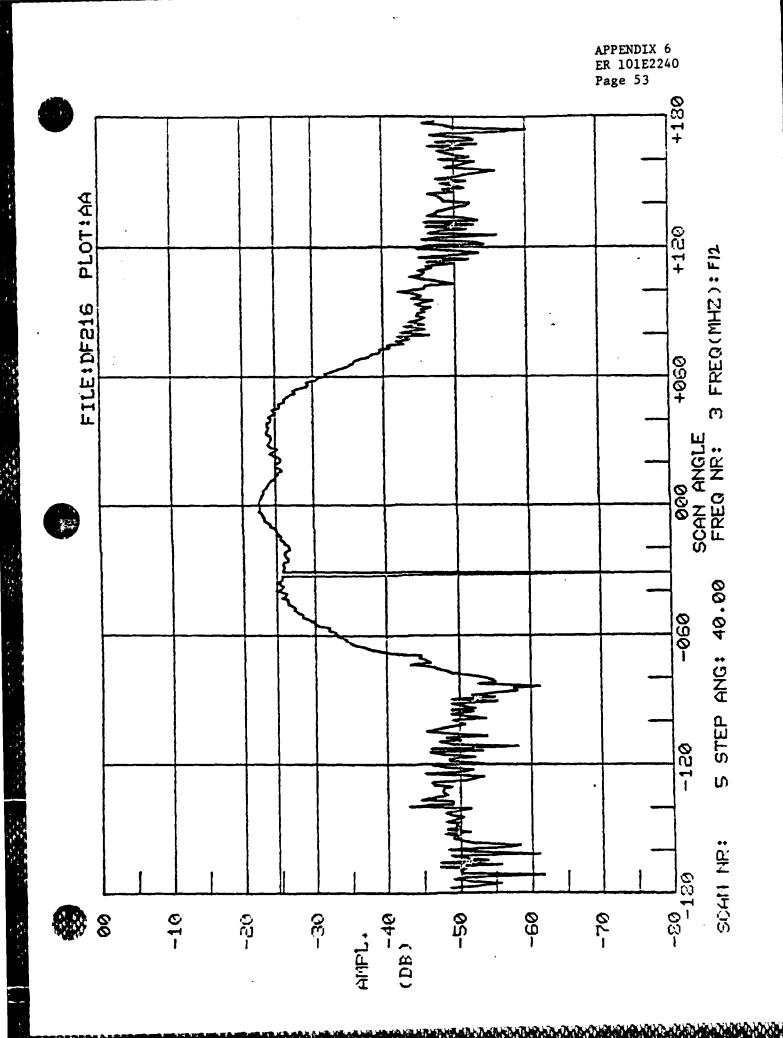


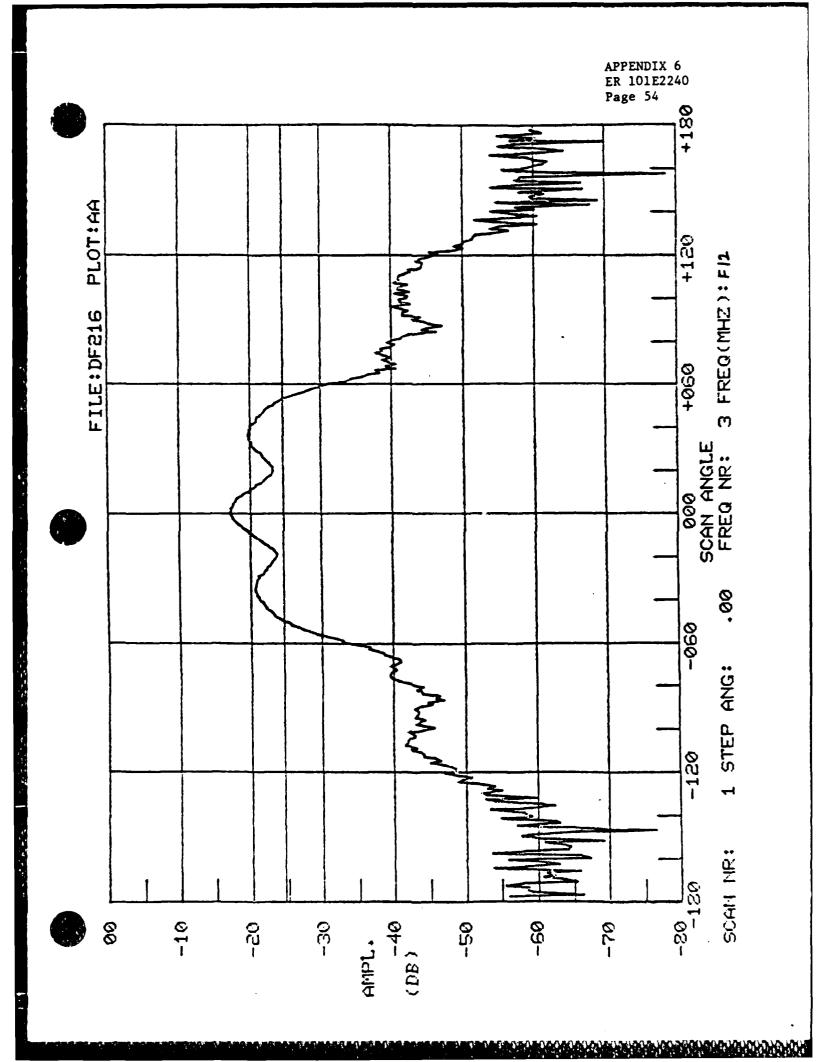


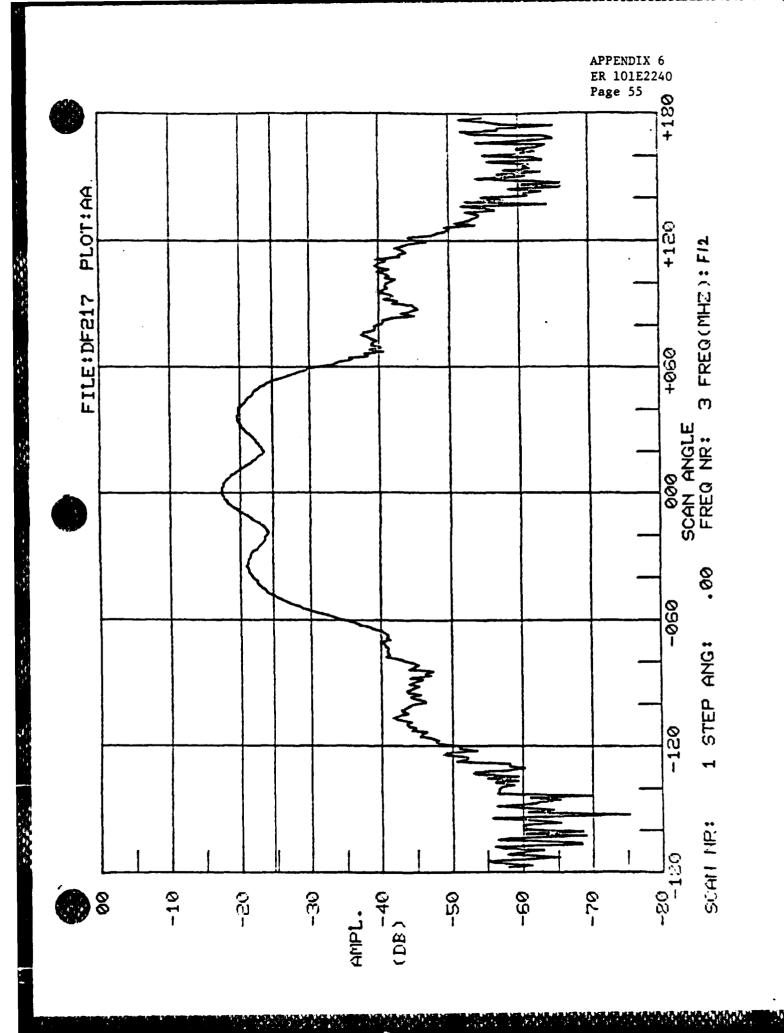


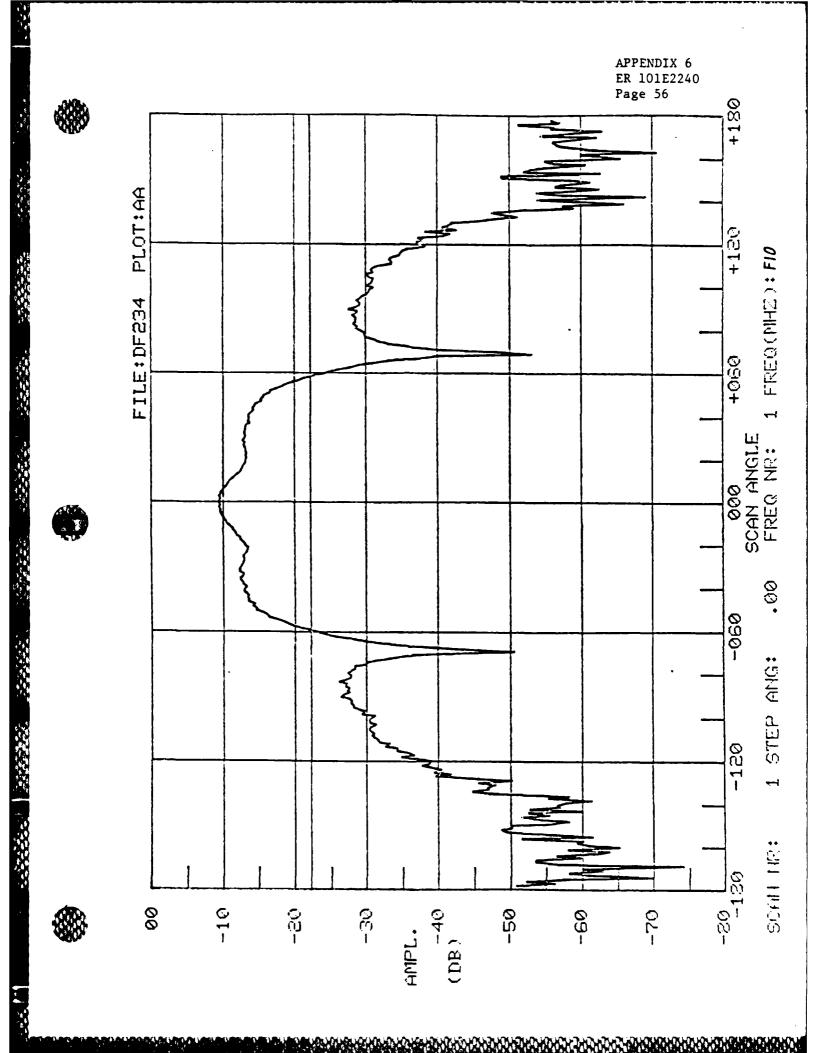


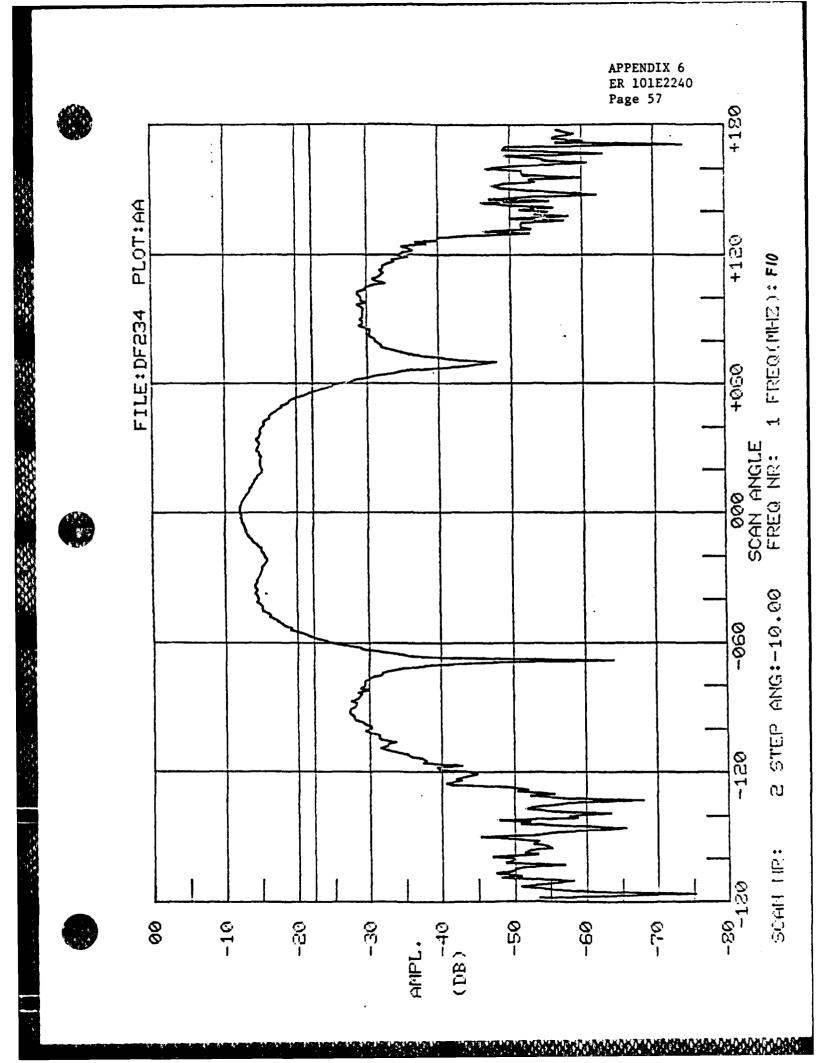


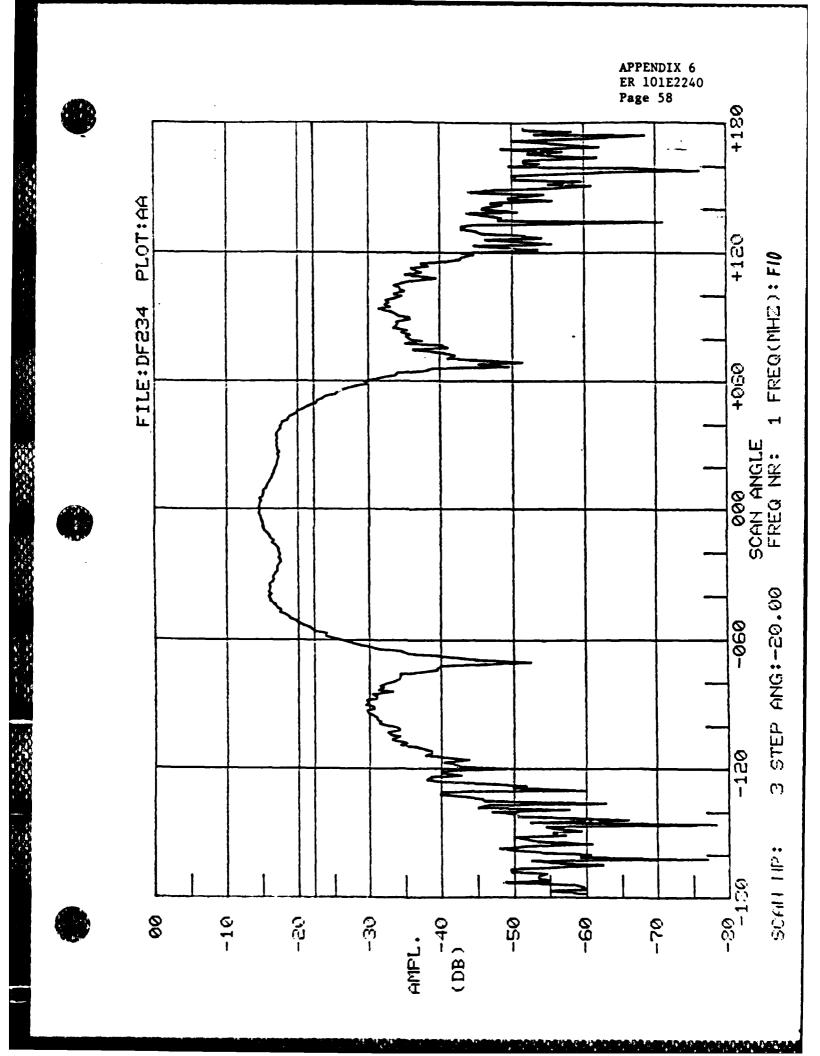


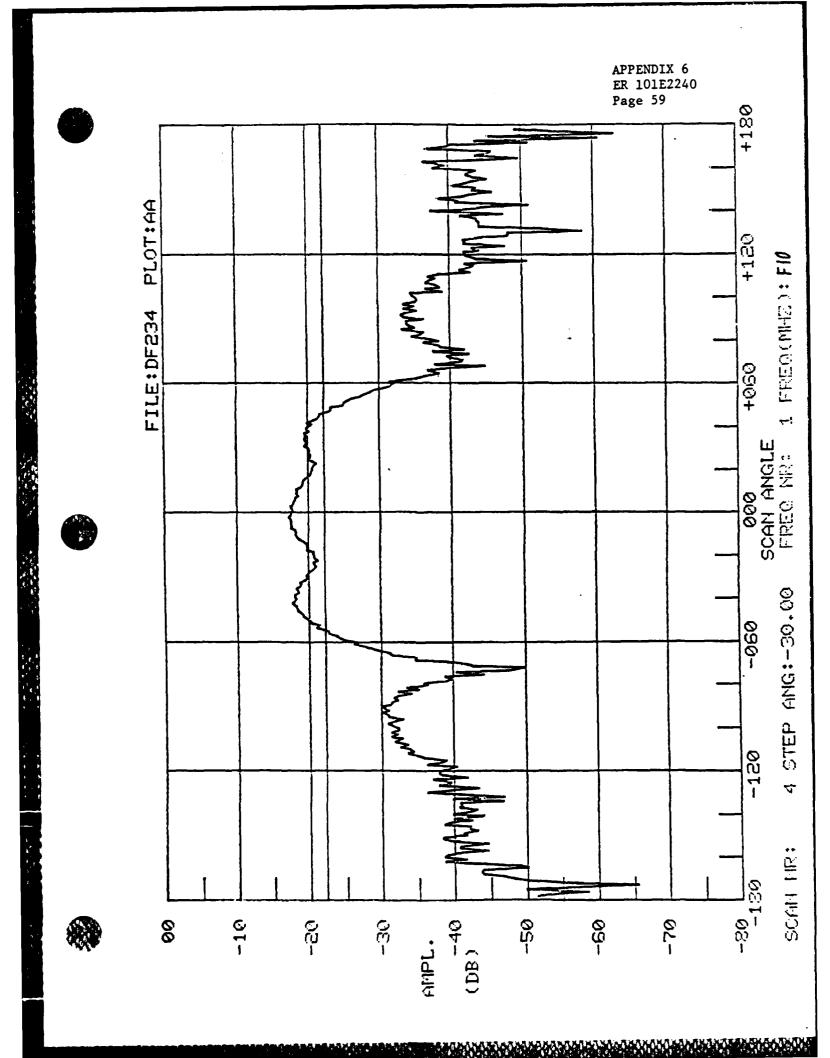


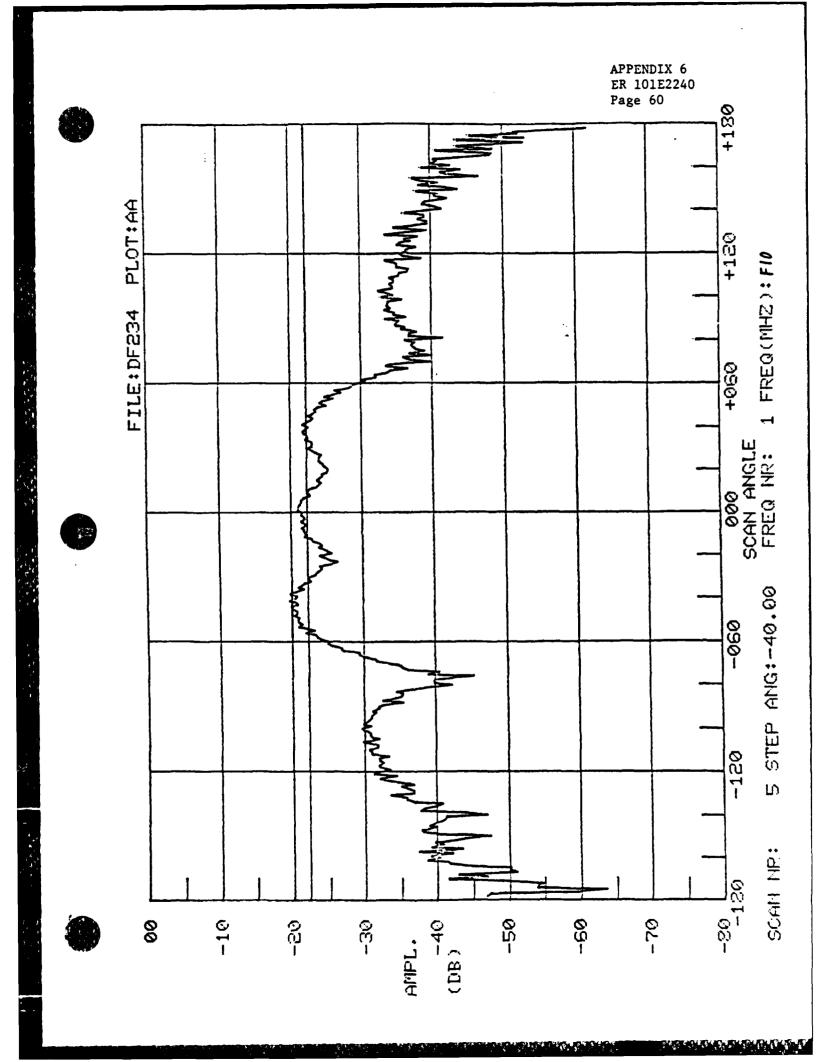


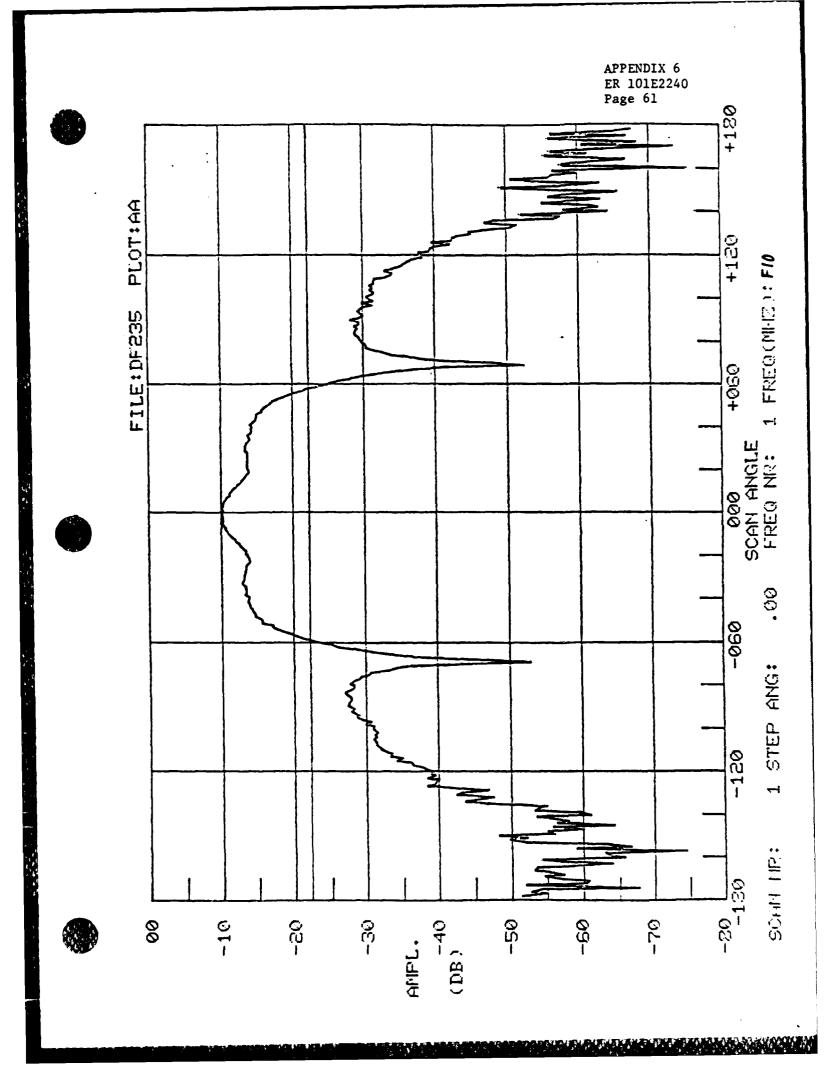


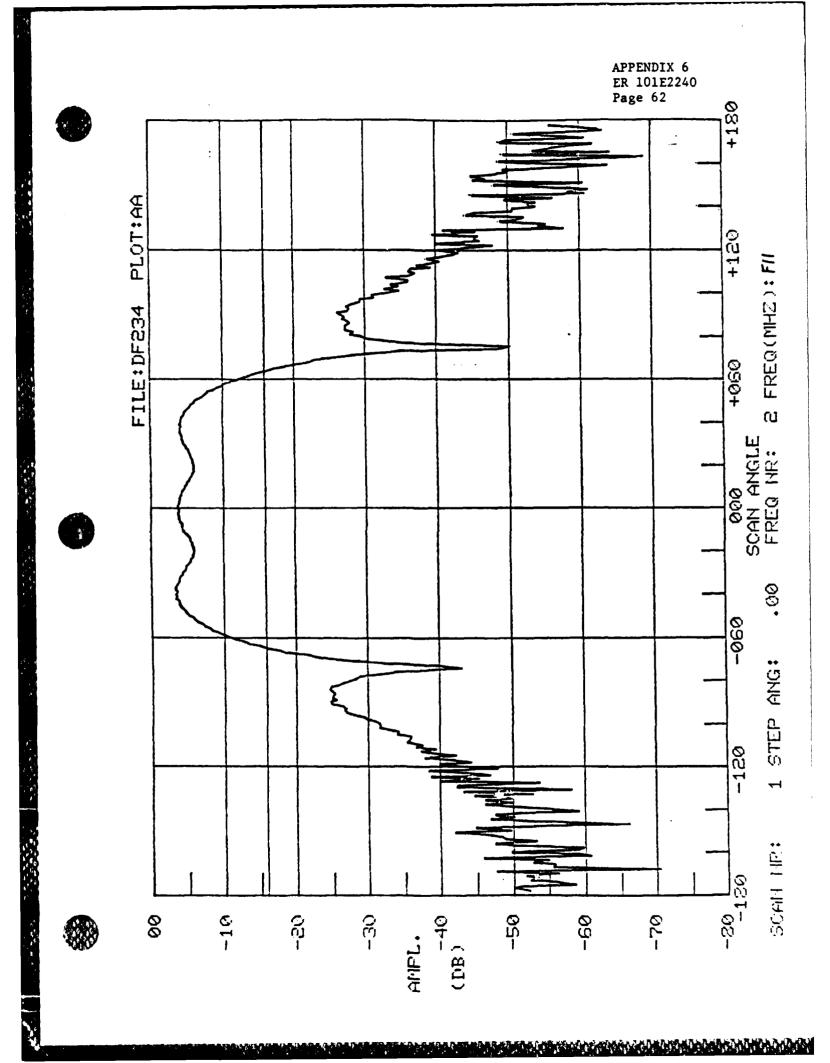


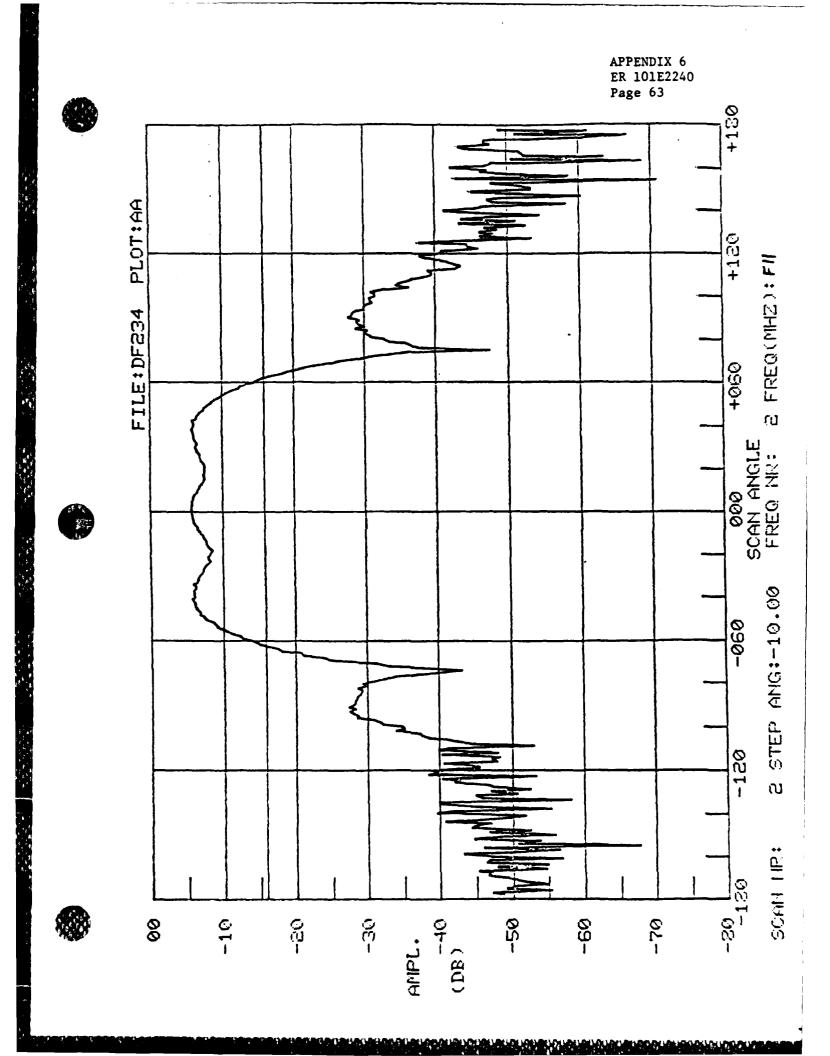


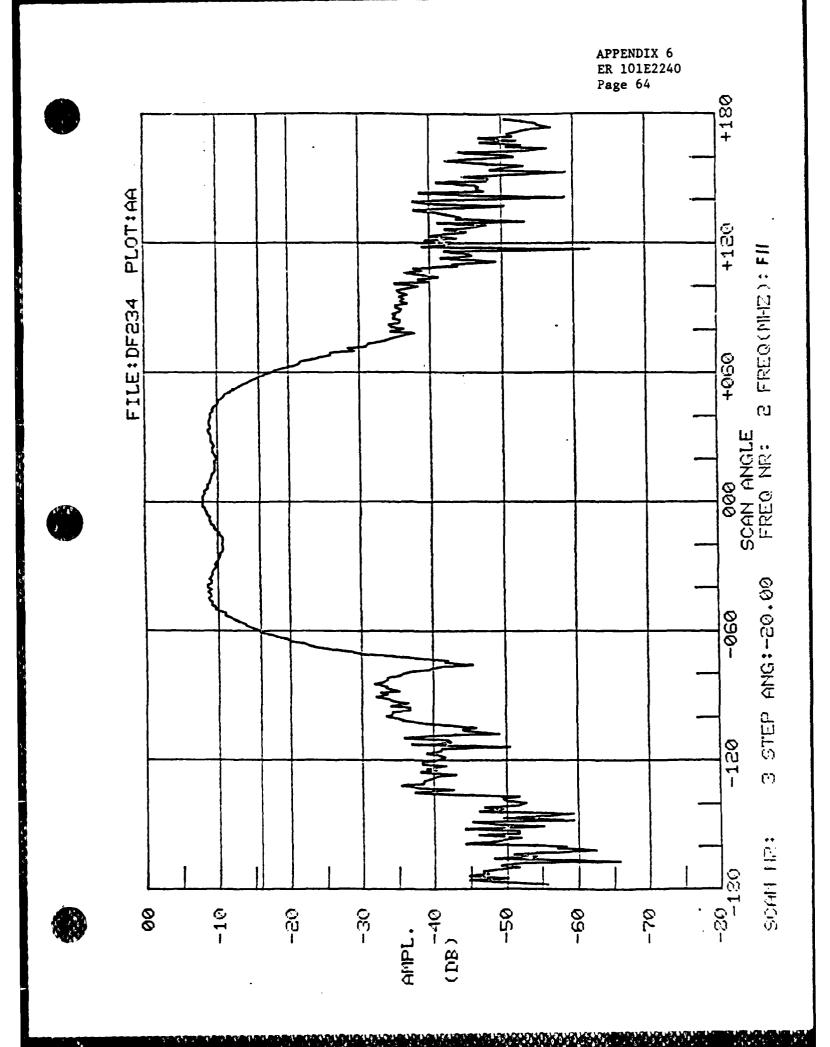


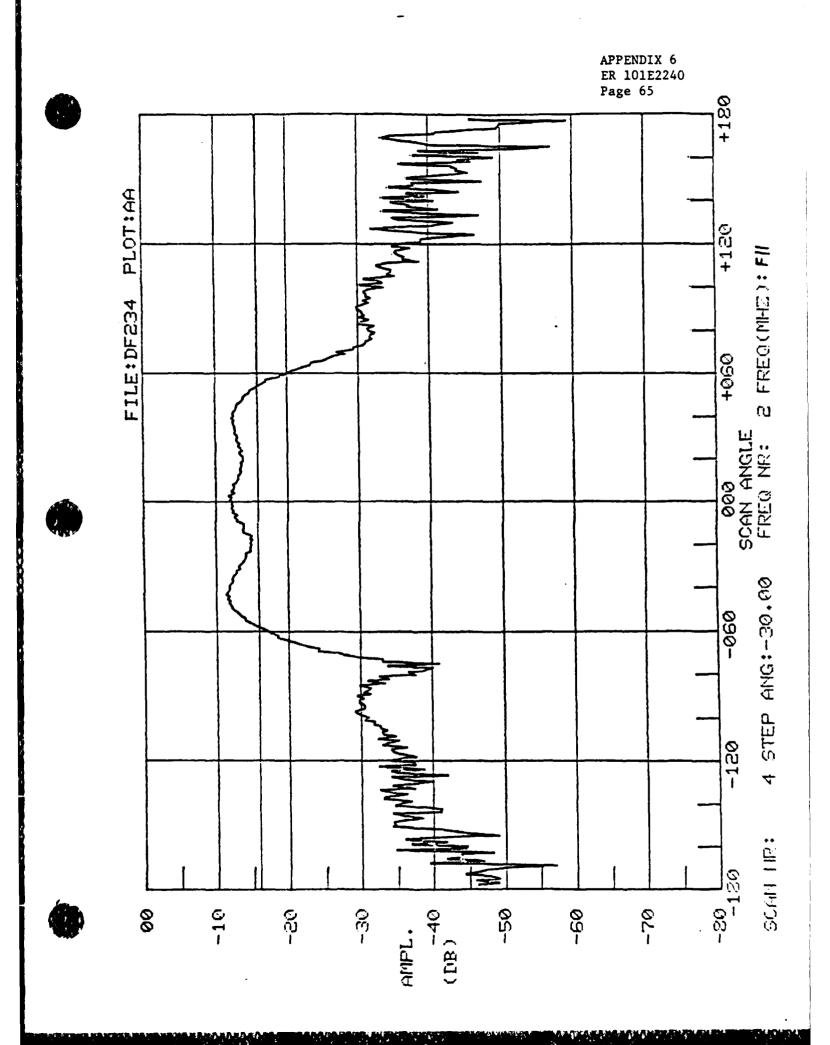


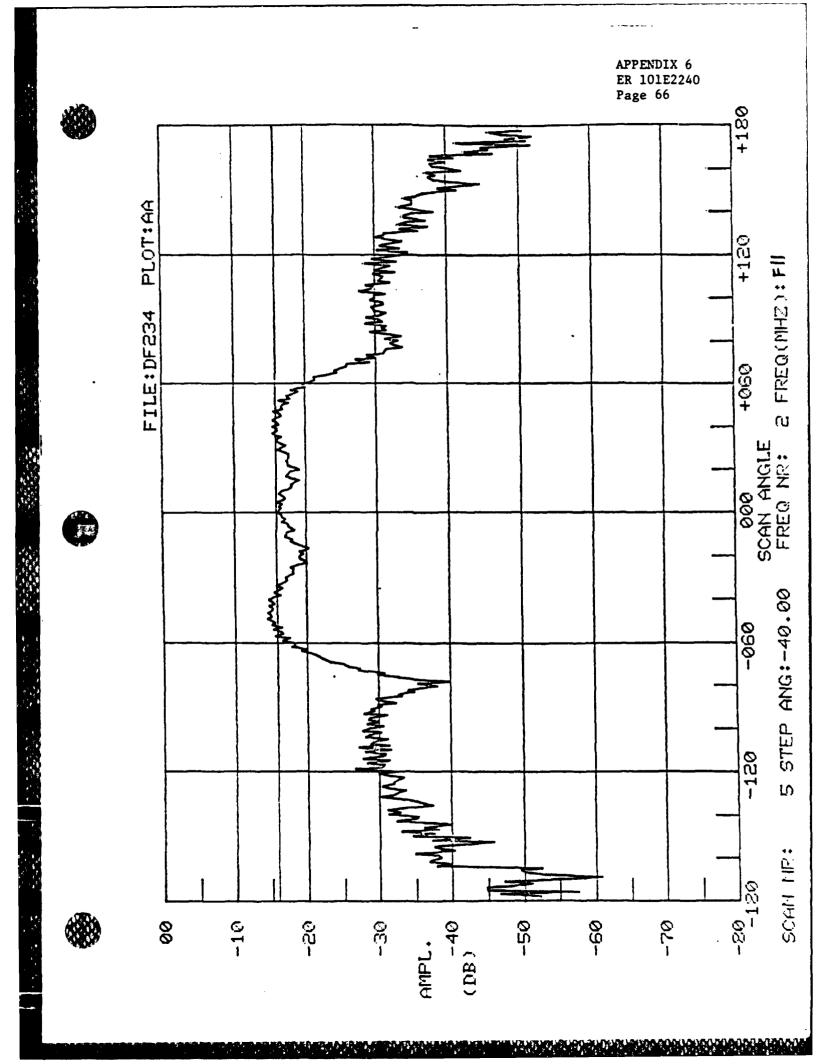


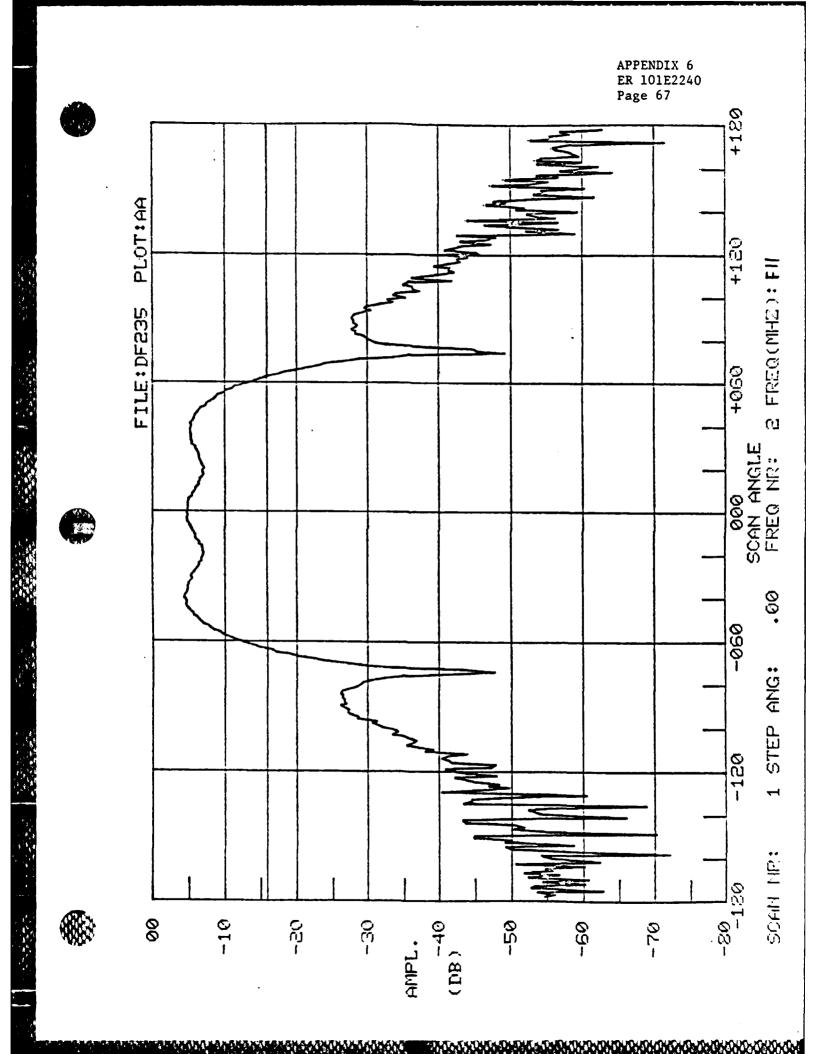


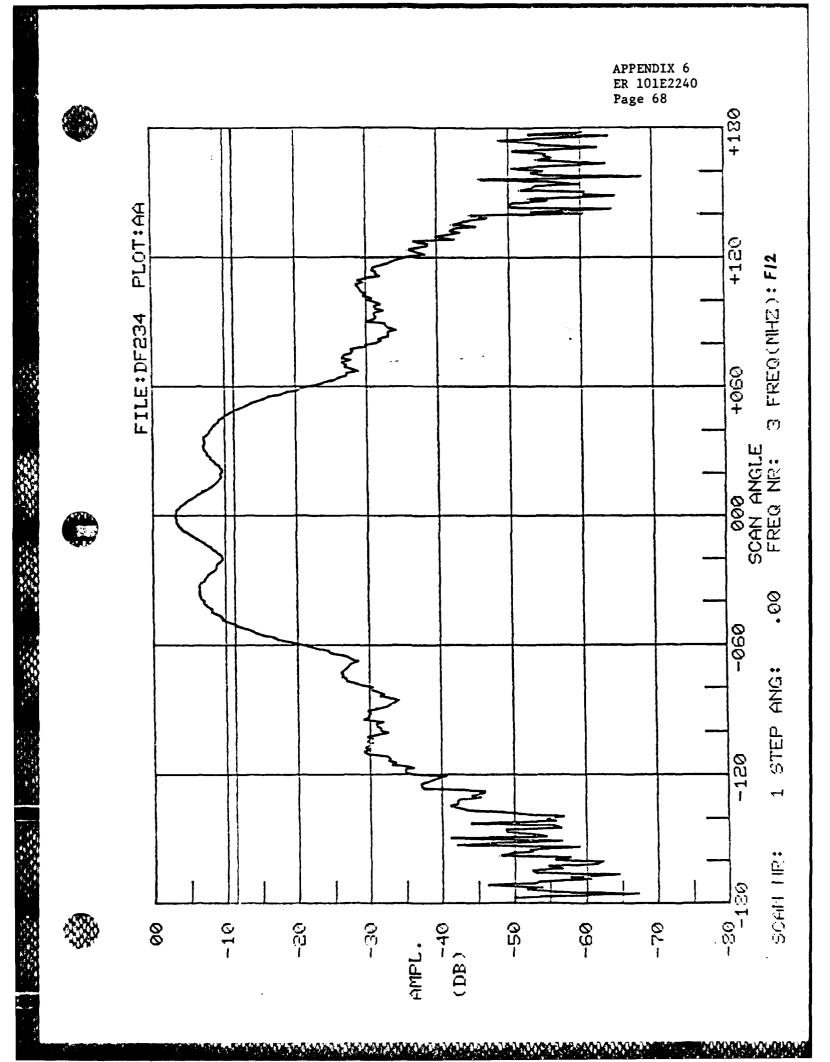


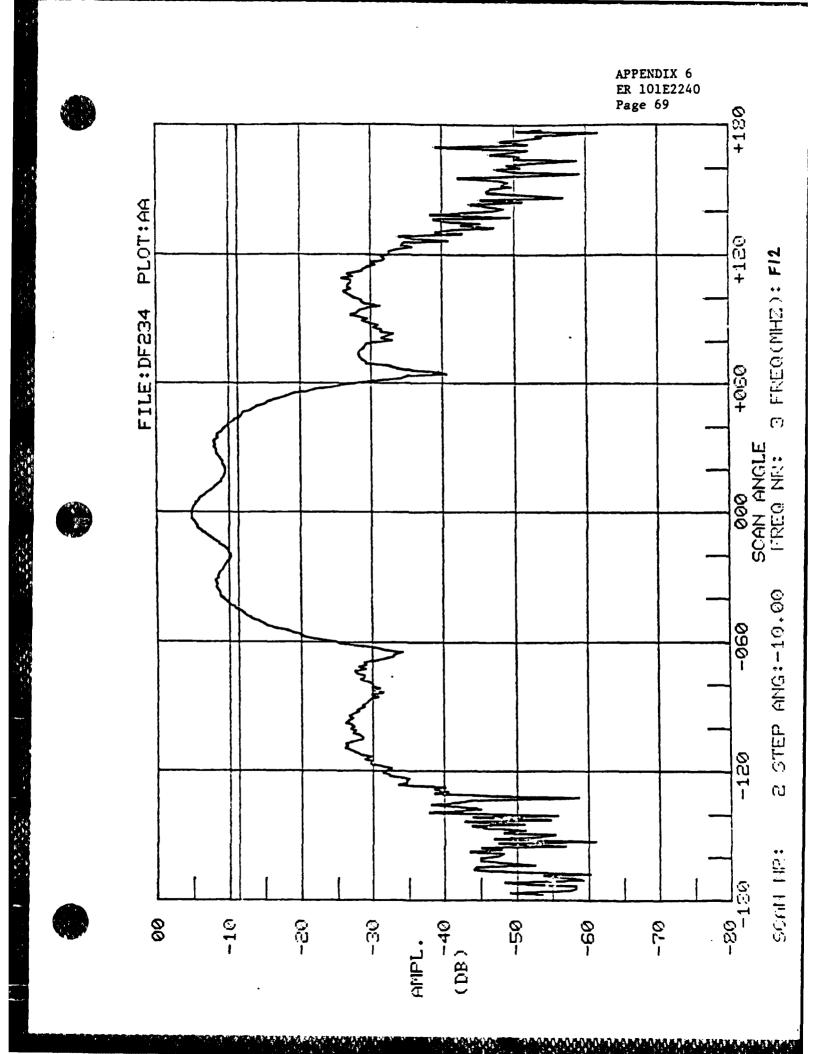


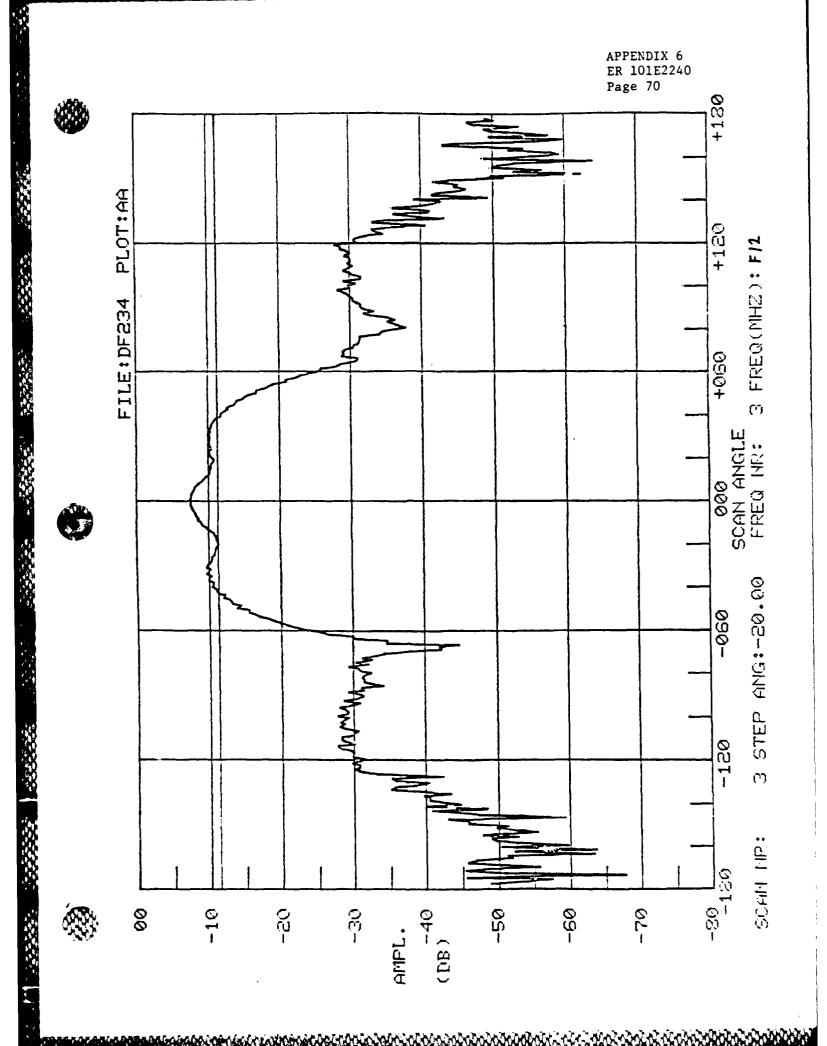


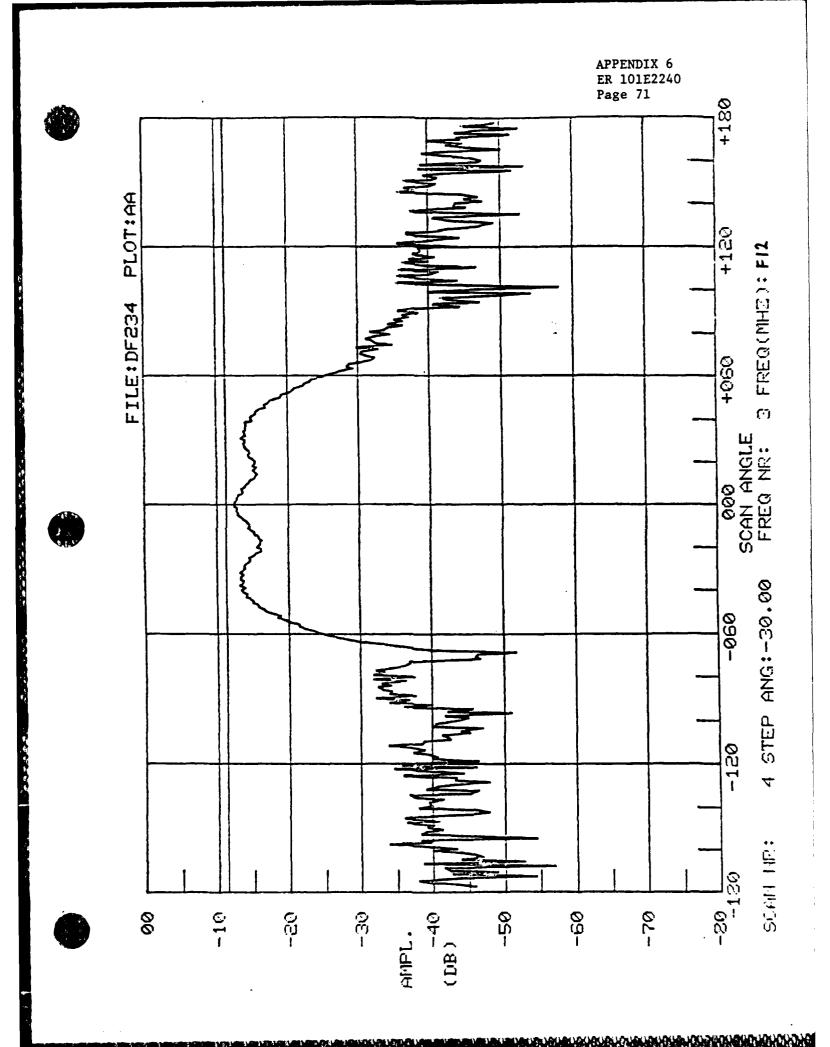


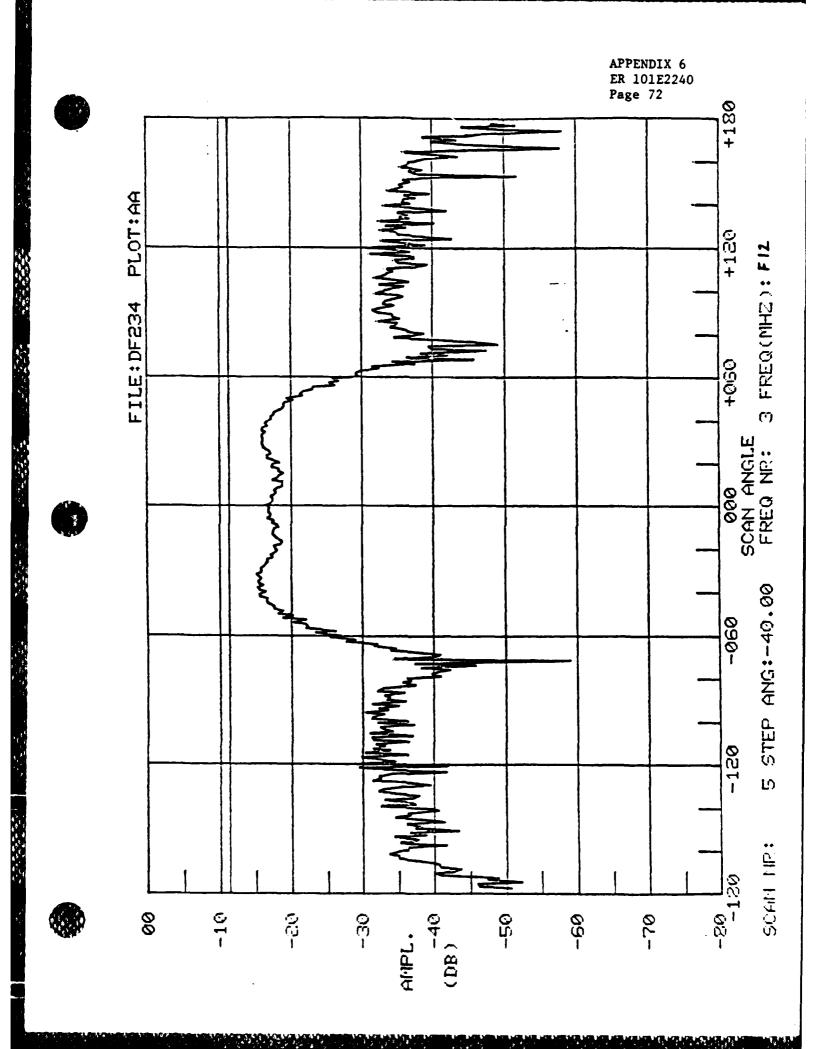


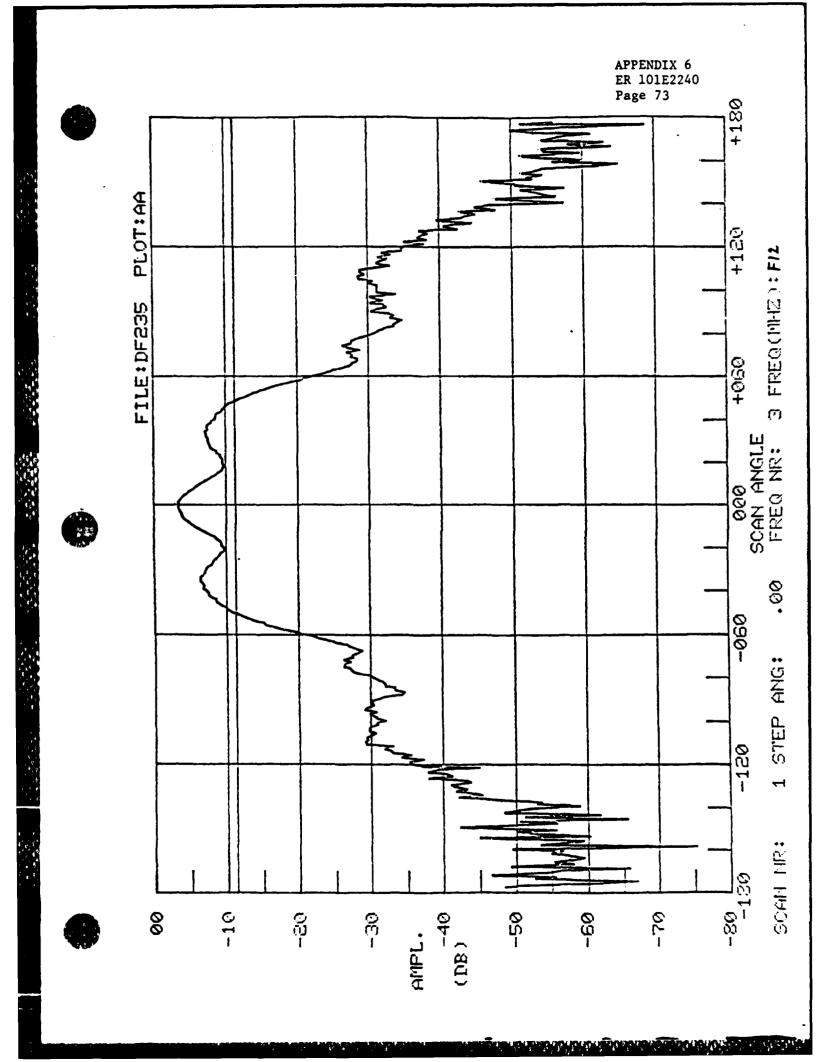














Engineering Report

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Appendix 7 contains AN/ALQ-162 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in polar plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F4, F5, and F6 and elevations of $+40^{\circ}$ through -40° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

DF202 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere

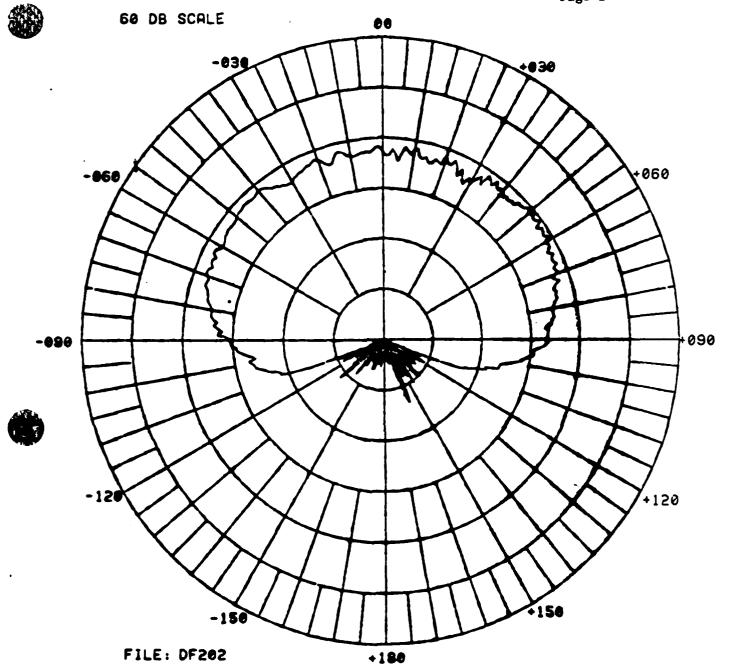
DF203 - Forward antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

DF241 - Aft antenna, upper hemisphere.

DF222 -- Aft antenna, lower hemisphere





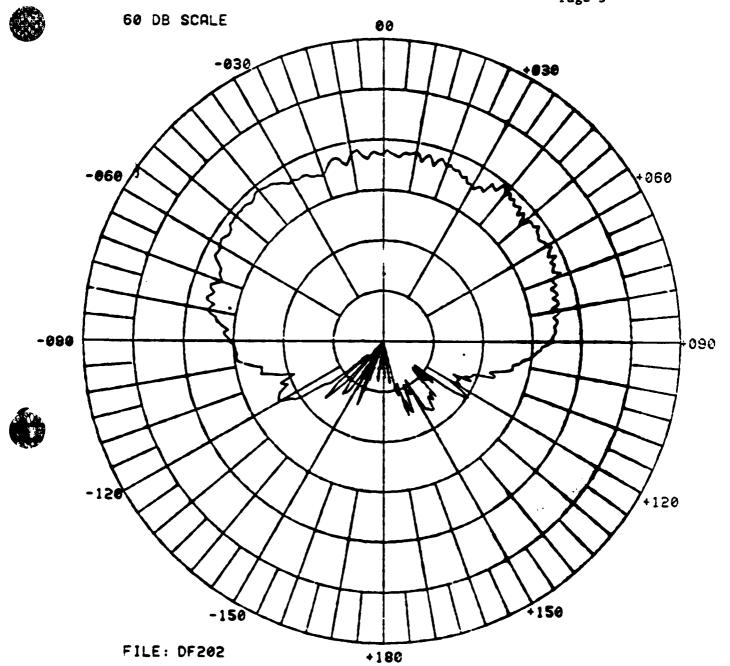


SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4

CONFIGURATION 2



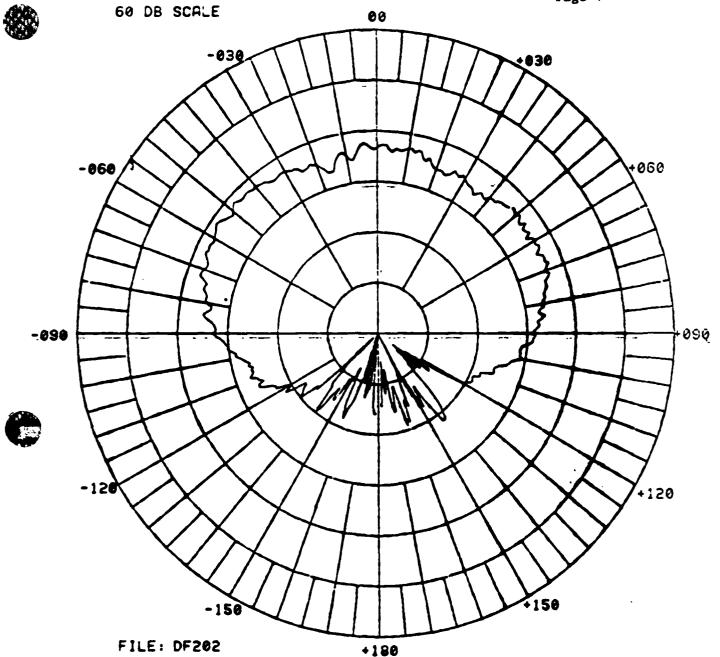


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4

CONFIGURATION 2



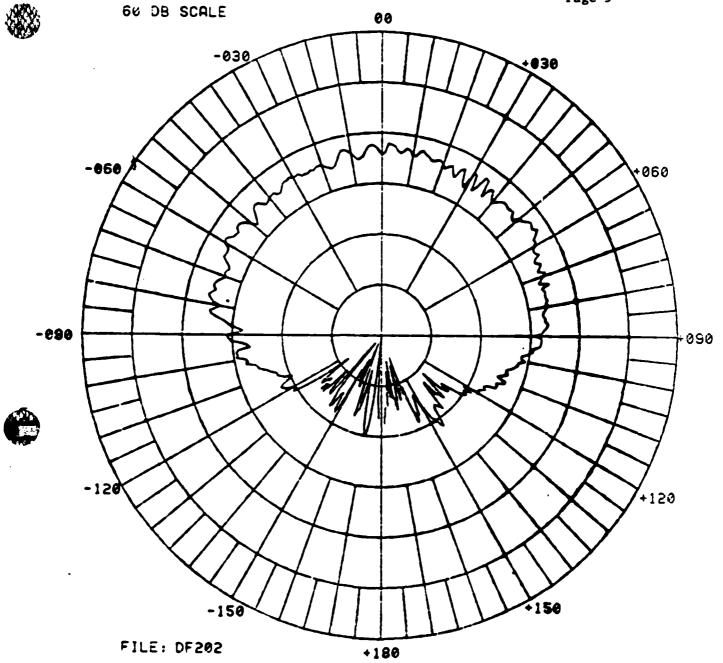


SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4

CONFIGURATION 2



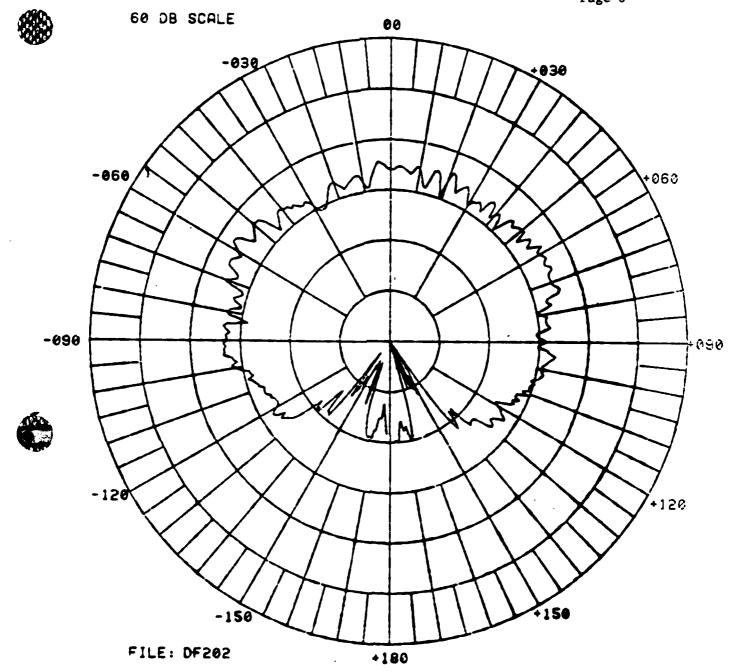


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4

CONFIGURATION 2



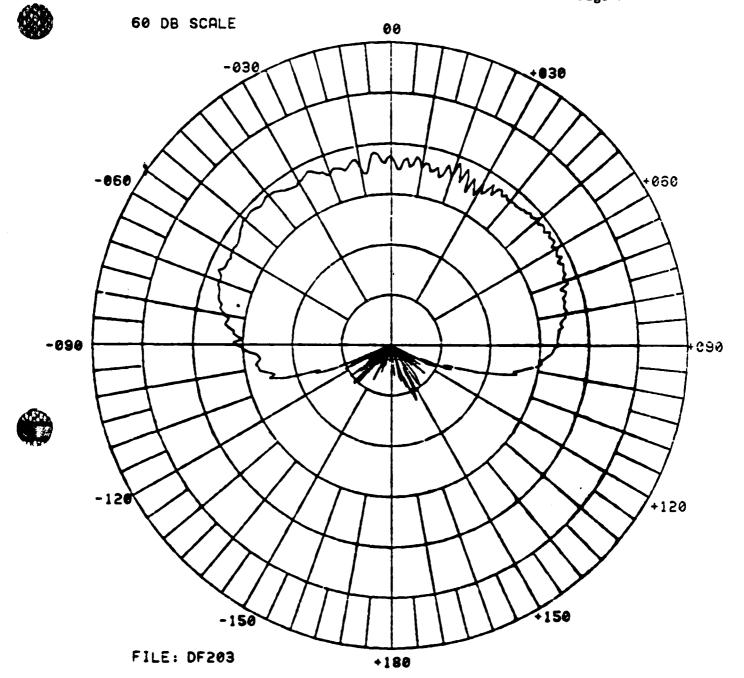


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ A

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4

CONFIGURATION 2

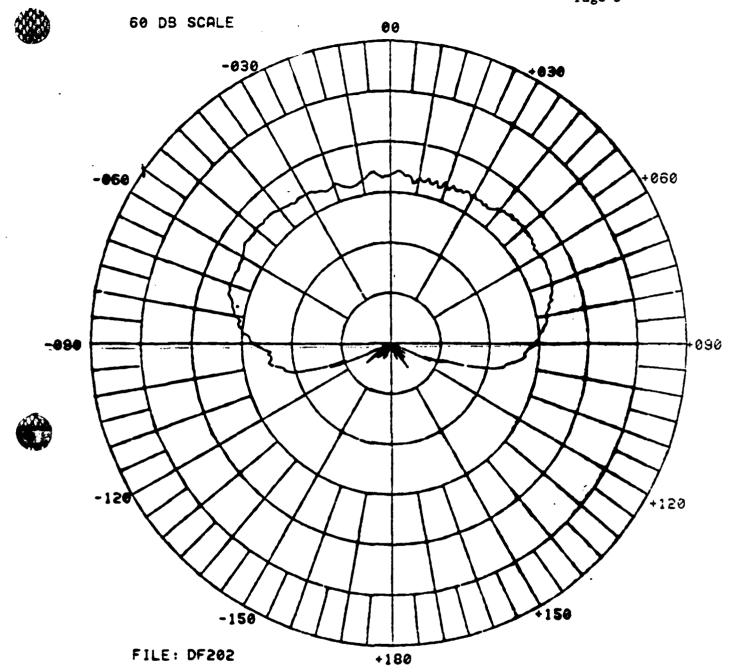




SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F4

CONFIGURATION 2

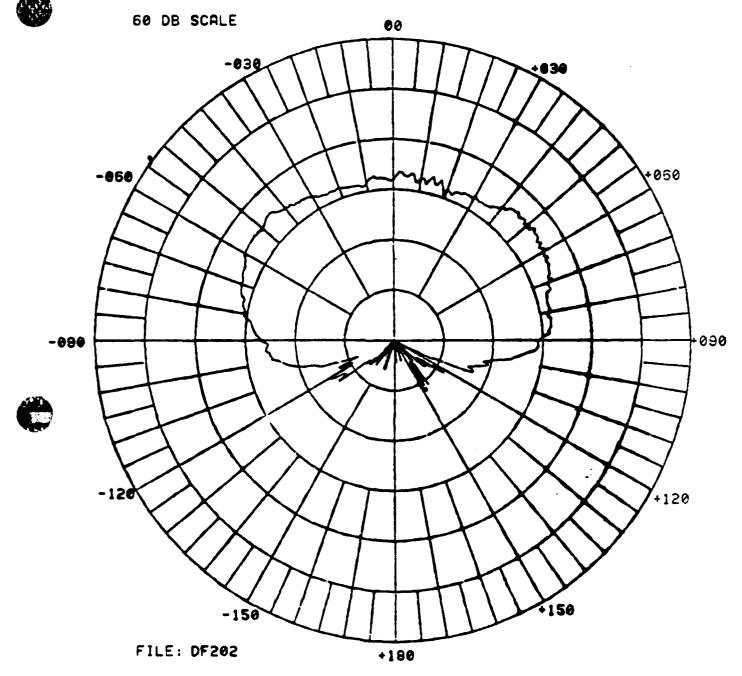


SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5

CONFIGURATION 2



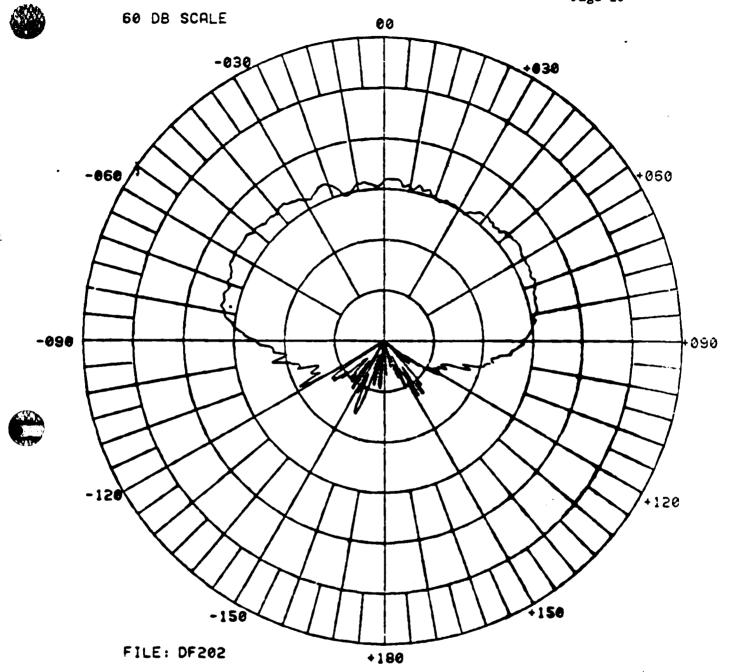


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5

CONFIGURATION 2



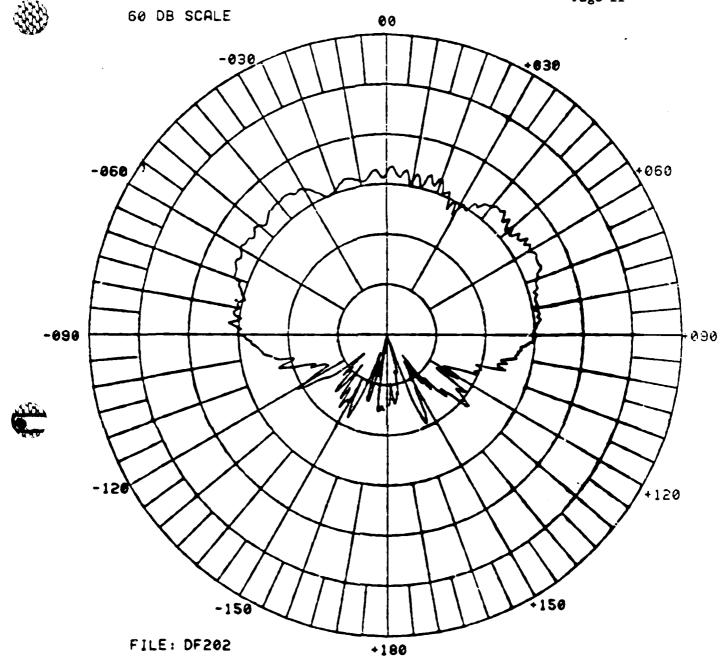


SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5

CONFIGURATION 2



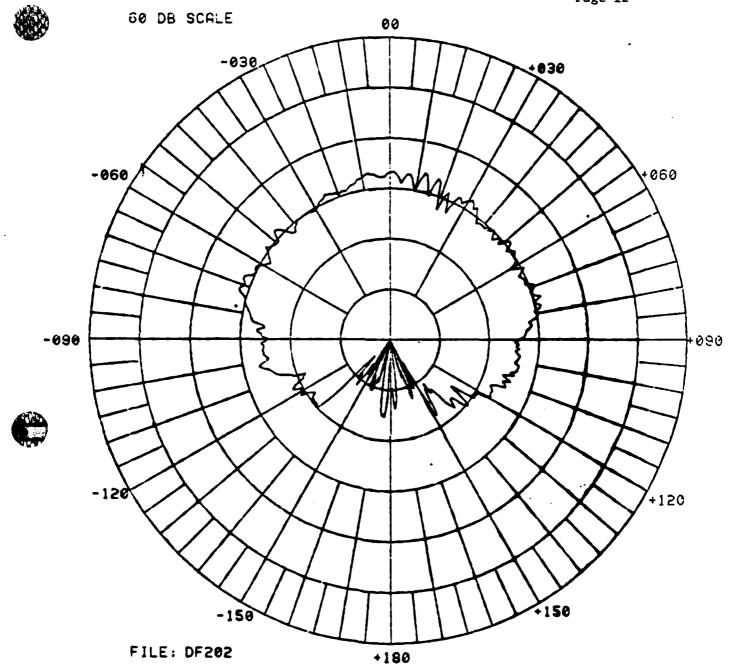


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ RA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5

CONFIGURATION 2

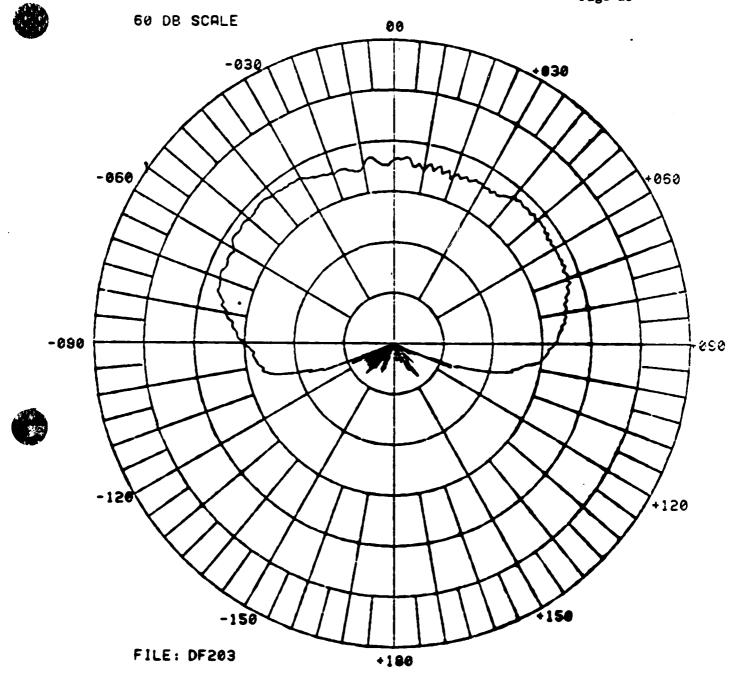




SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5

CONFIGURATION 2

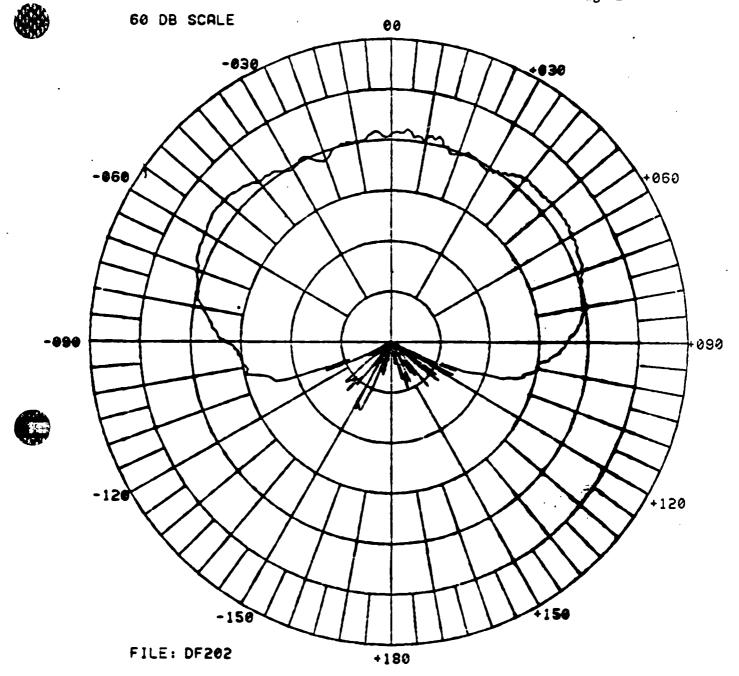


SCAN MR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT_____ RA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5

CONFIGURATION 2

31 MPY 1984



SCAN NR: 1

STEP ANGLE:

0.00

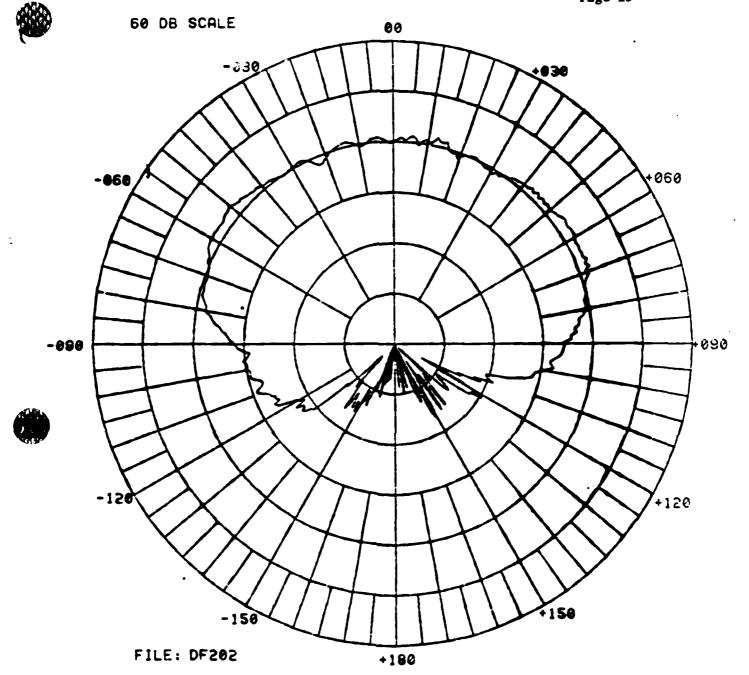
PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 3

FREQ(MHZ):

F6

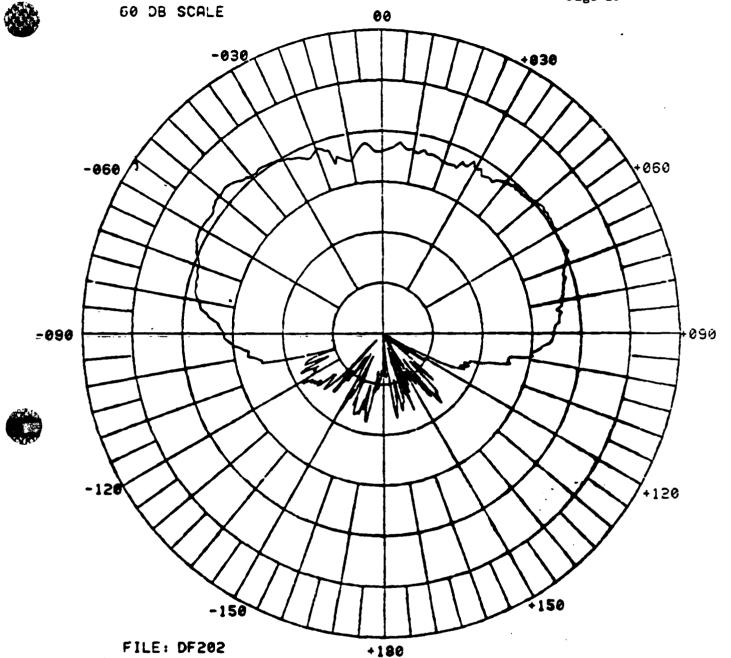
CONFIGURATION 2



SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6

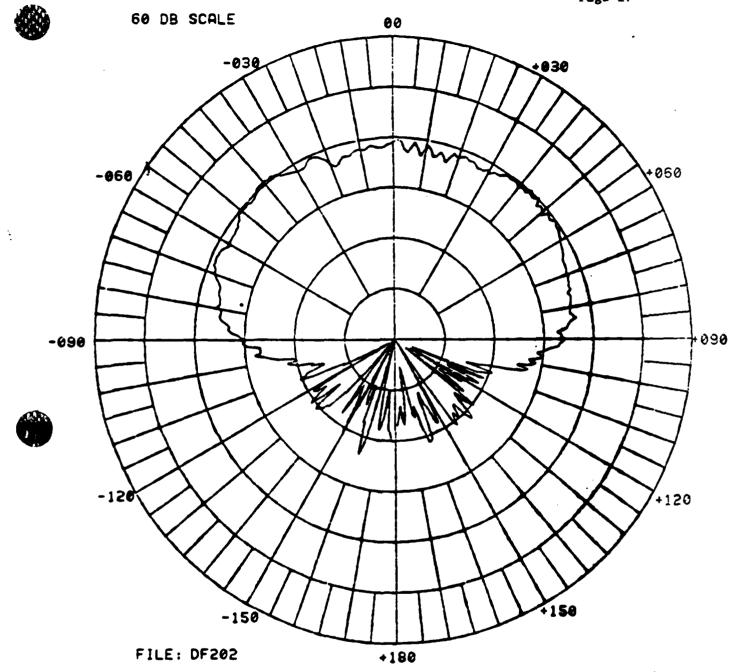
CONFIGURATION 2



SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6

CONFIGURATION 2

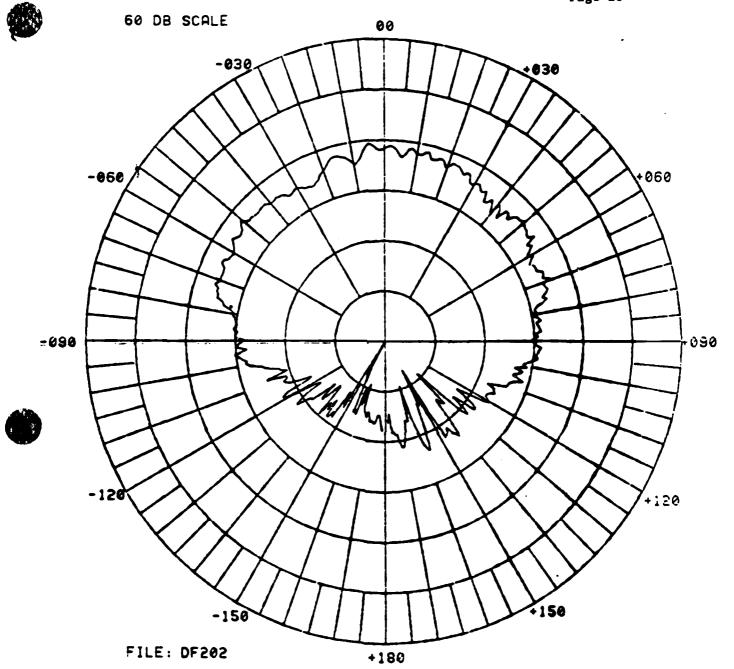


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 36.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6

CONFIGURATION 2



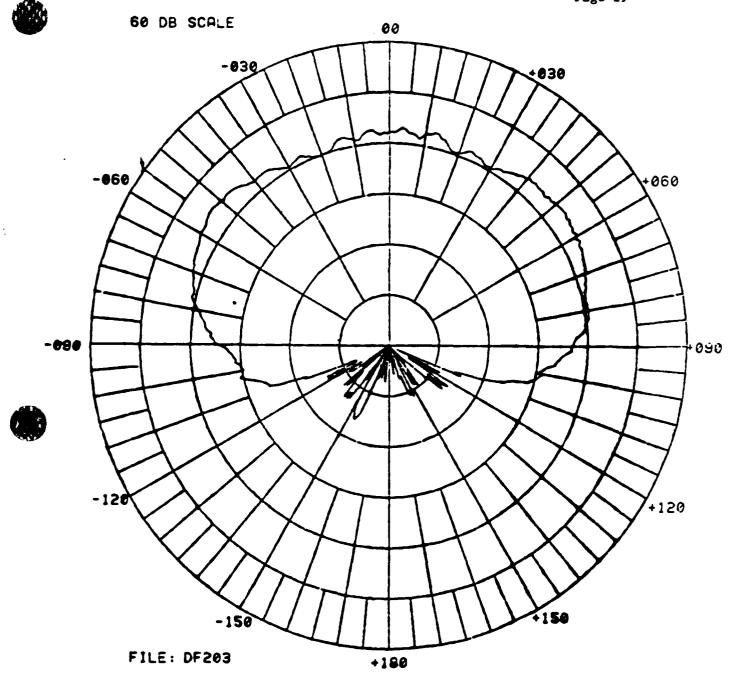


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

A the second second

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6

CONFIGURATION 2



SCAN MR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

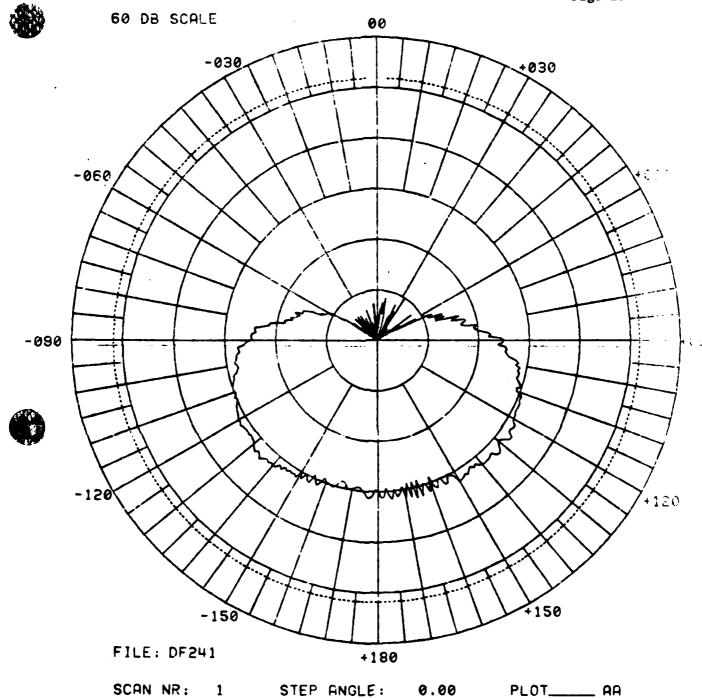
FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6

CONFIGURATION 2

31 MPY 1984

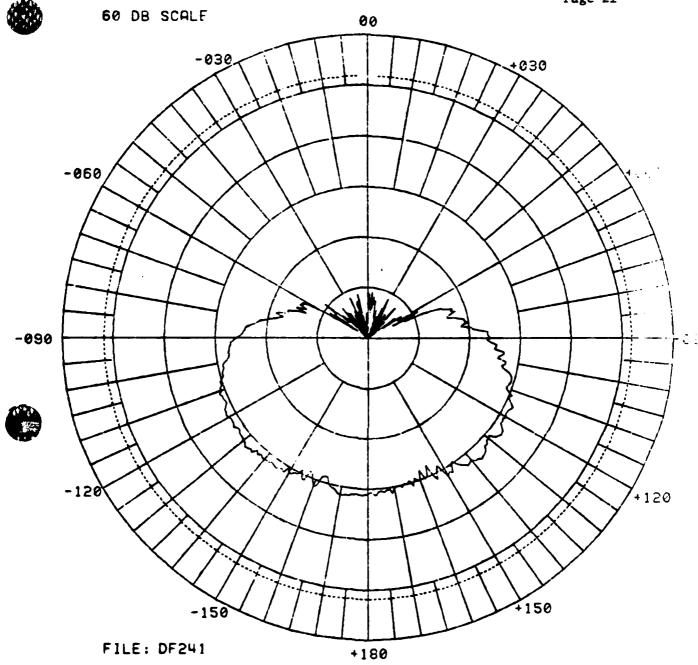


PLOT____ AB



CONFIGURATION 5

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F4

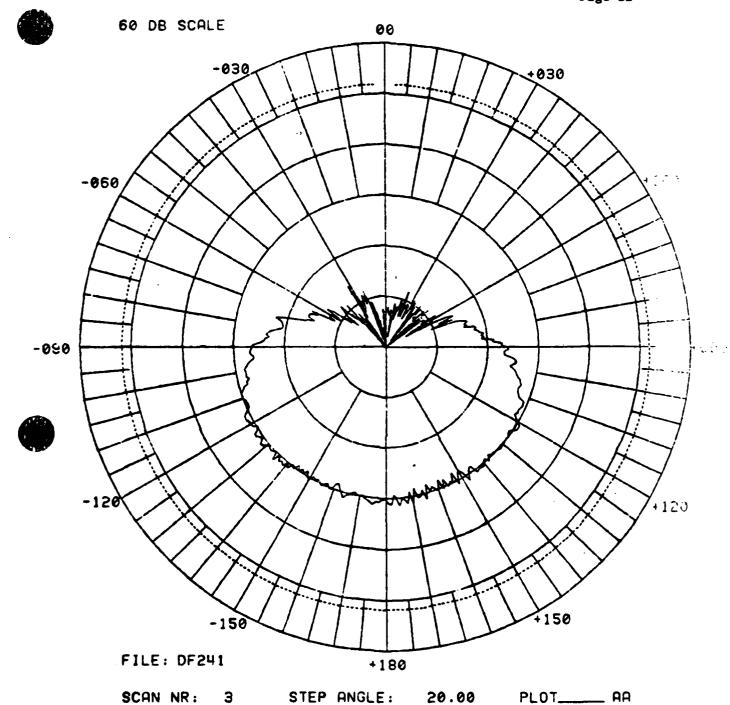


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4 PLOT...... AB



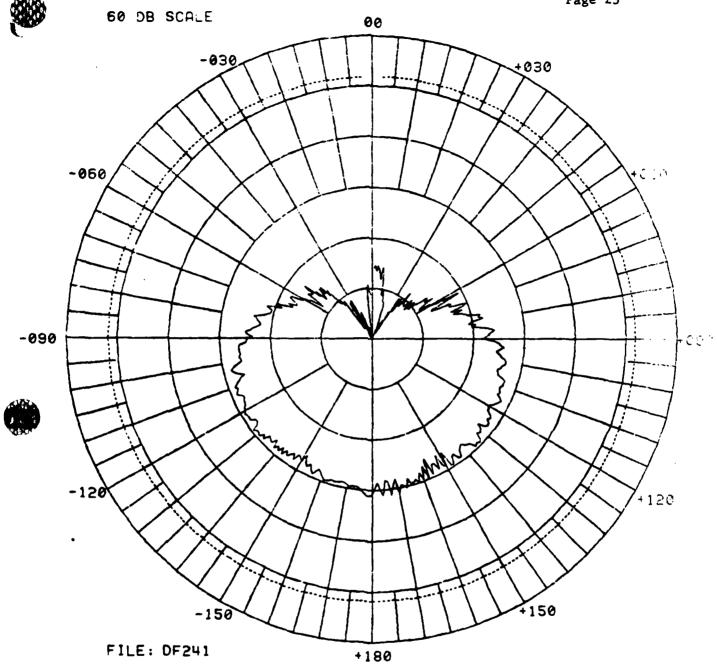
PLOT.... AB



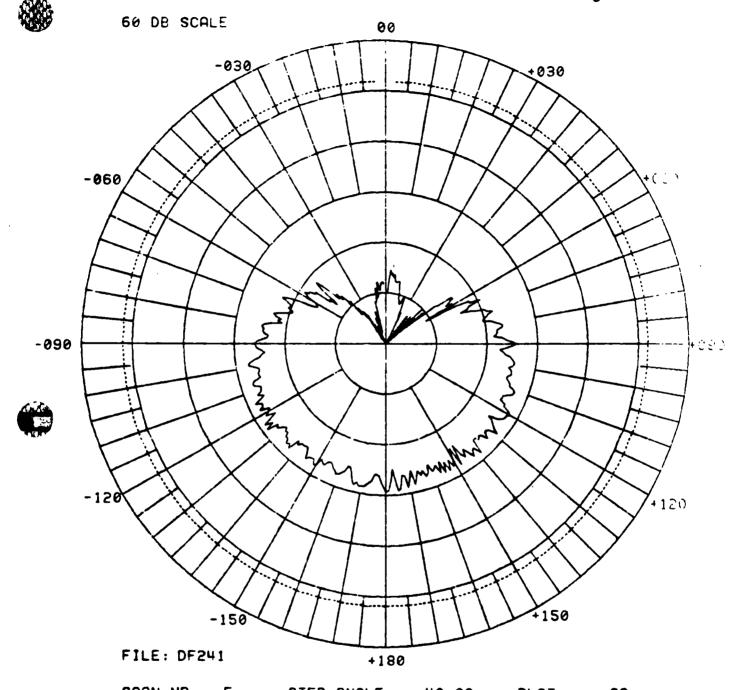
CONFIGURATION 5

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4

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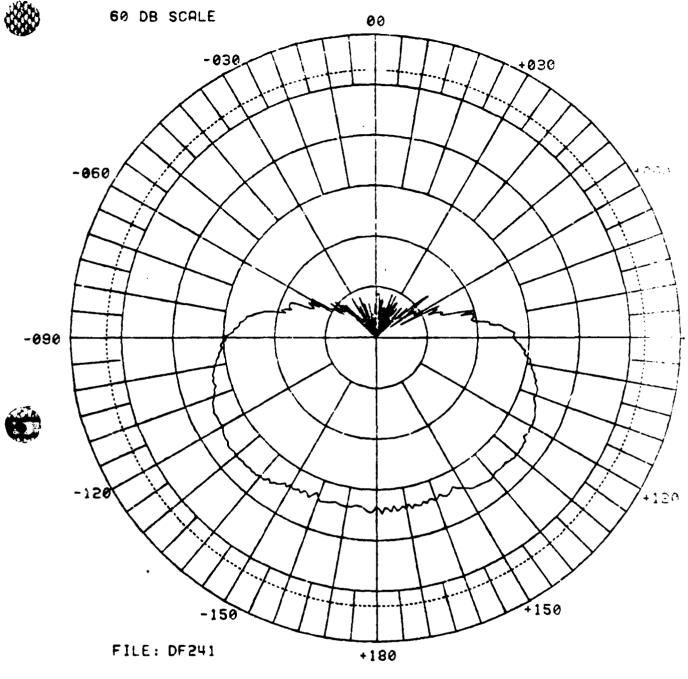






SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT_____ AA
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F# PLOT_____ AB





SCAN NR: 1

STEP ANGLE:

0.00

PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2

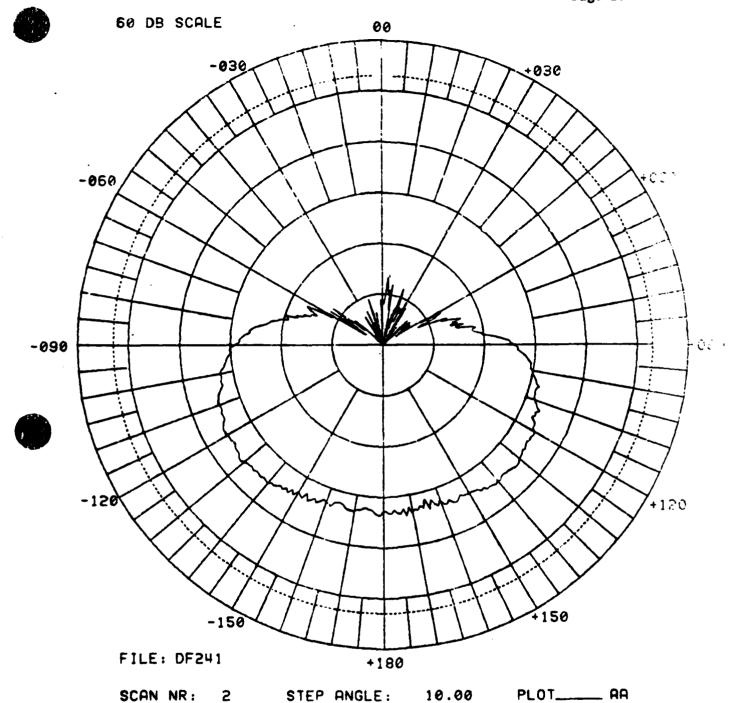
FREQ(MHZ):

F5

PLOT..... AB

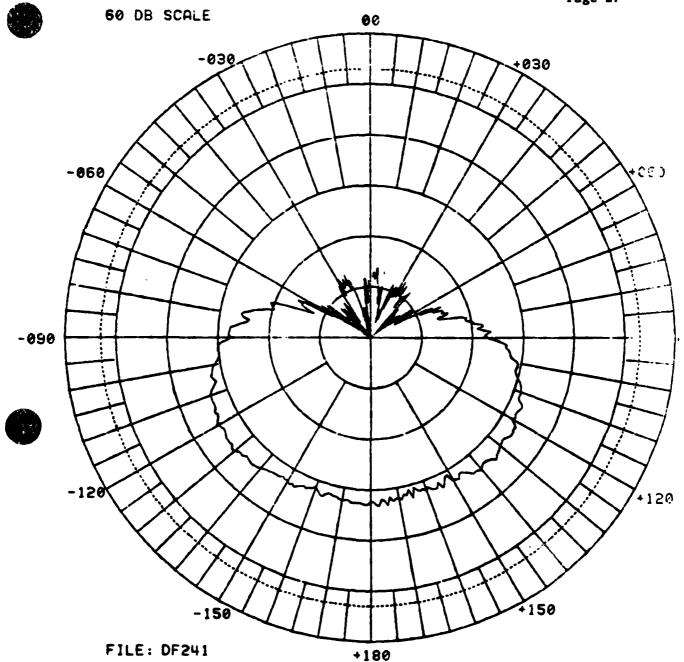


PLOT..... AB



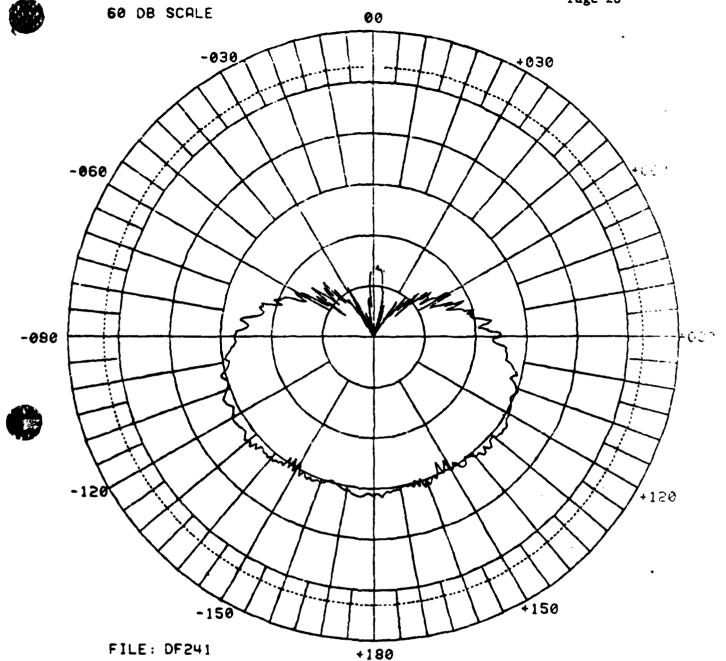
CONFIGURATION 5

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5



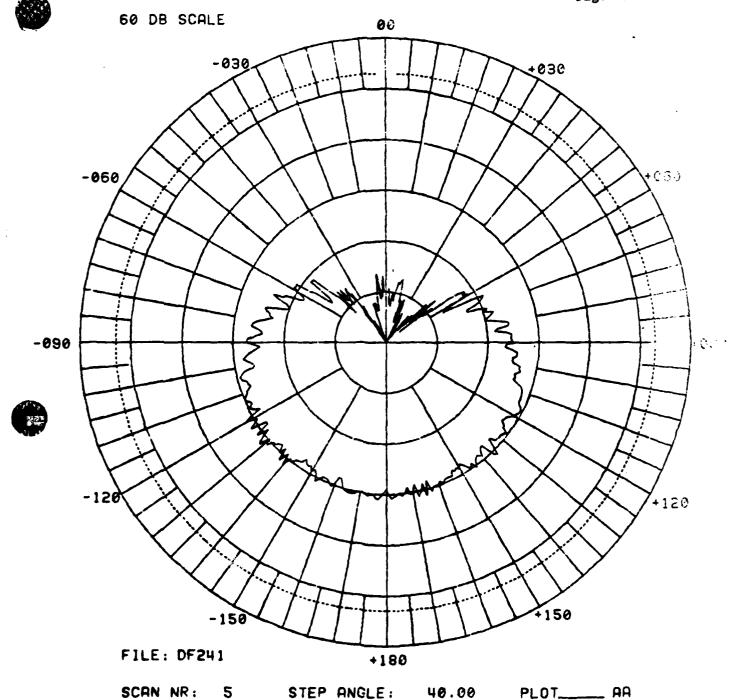
SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5 PLOT____ AB

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SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT_____ AR
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5 PLOT_____ AB





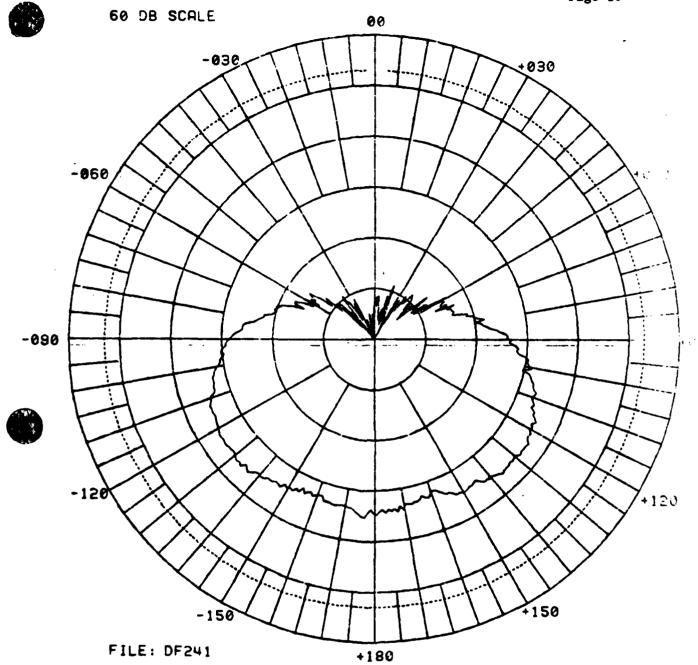
FREQ(MHZ):

F5

PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 5

FREQ NR: 2

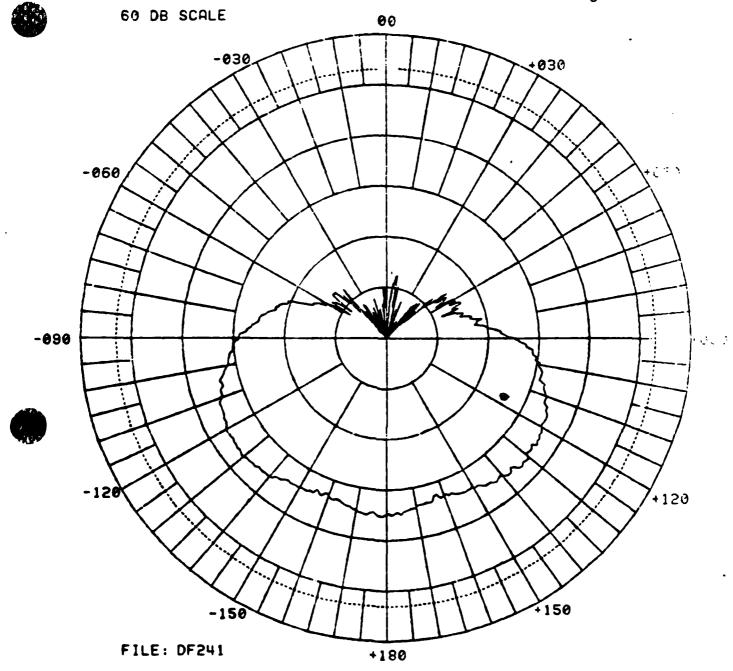


SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6 PLOT...... AB

PLOT____ AA

PLOT..... AB



STEP ANGLE: 10.00

F6

FREQ(MHZ):

CONFIGURATION 5

5

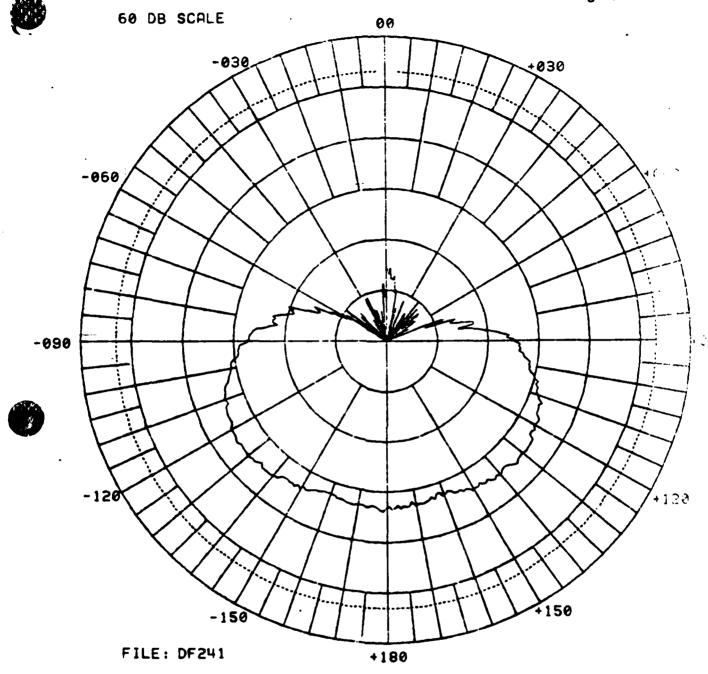
3

SCAN NR:

FREQ NR:

PLOT____ AA

PLOT AB



STEP ANGLE:

3 FREQ(MHZ):

20.00

F6

CONFIGURATION 5

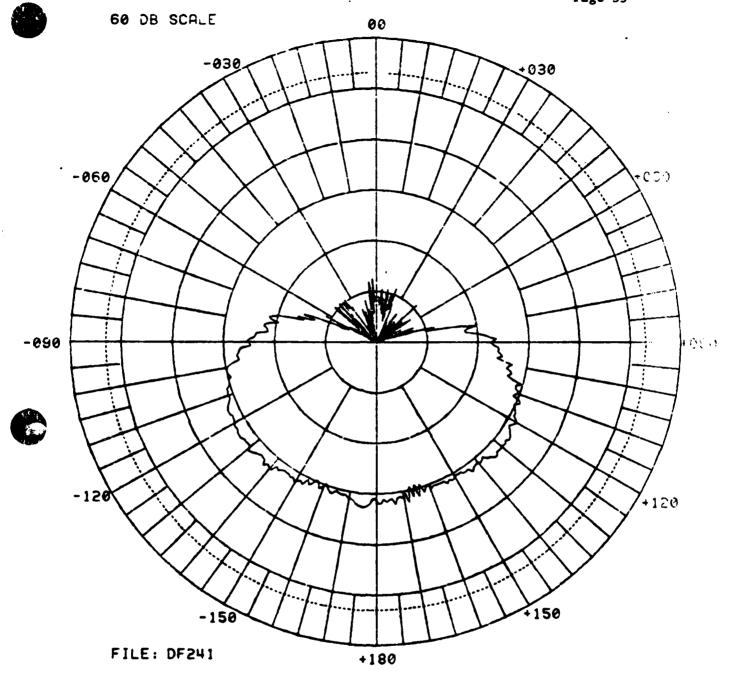
3

SCAN NR:

FREQ NR:

PLOT____ AA

PLOT AB



STEP ANGLE:

FREQ(MHZ):

30.00

F6

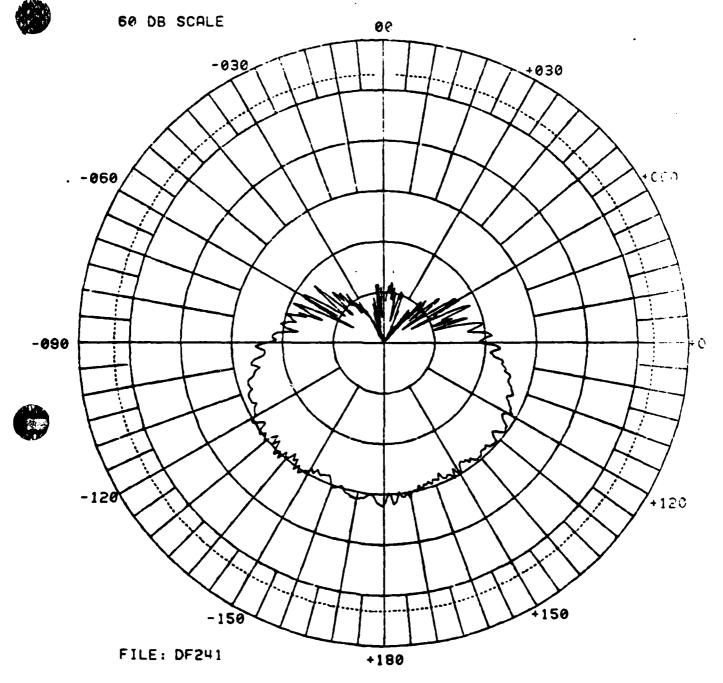
CONFIGURATION 5

3

SCAN NR:

FREG NR:



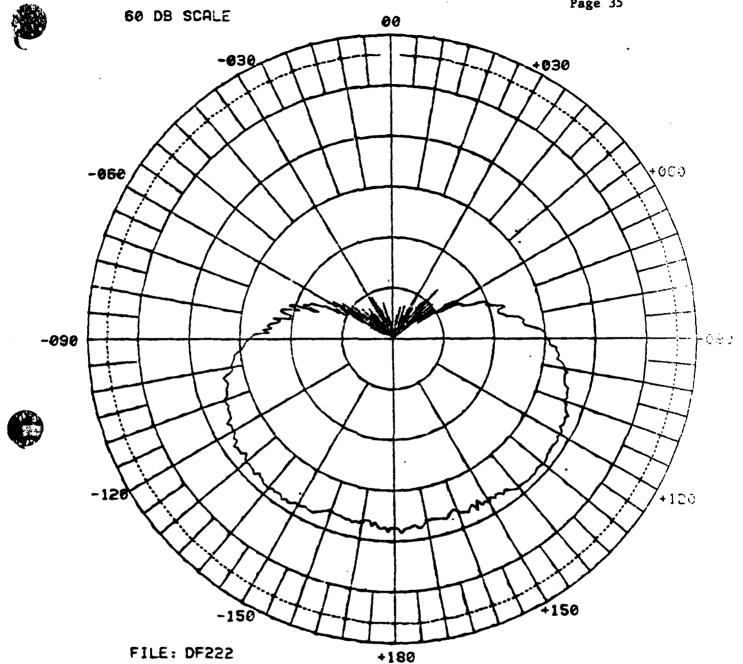


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6 PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 5





STEP ANGLE:

0.00

PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 1

FREQ(MHZ):

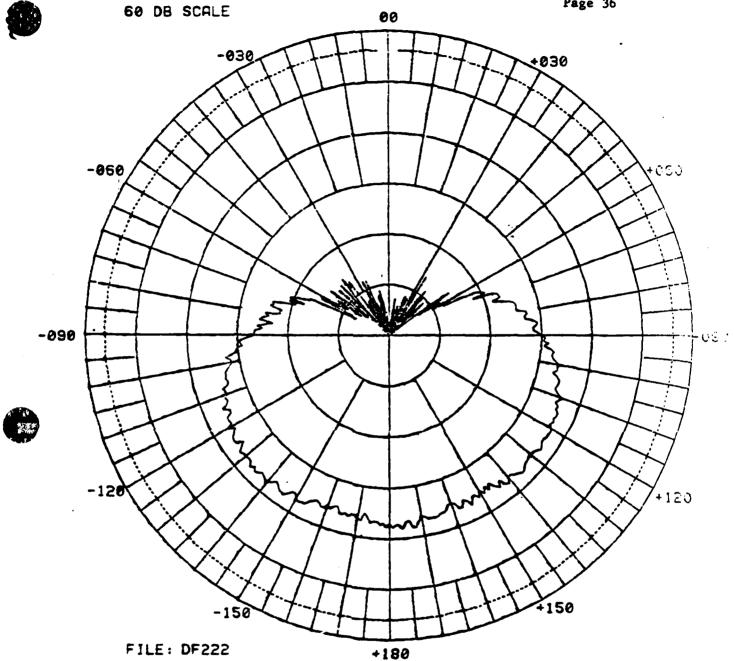
F4

PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6



APPENDIX 7 ER 101E2240 Page 36

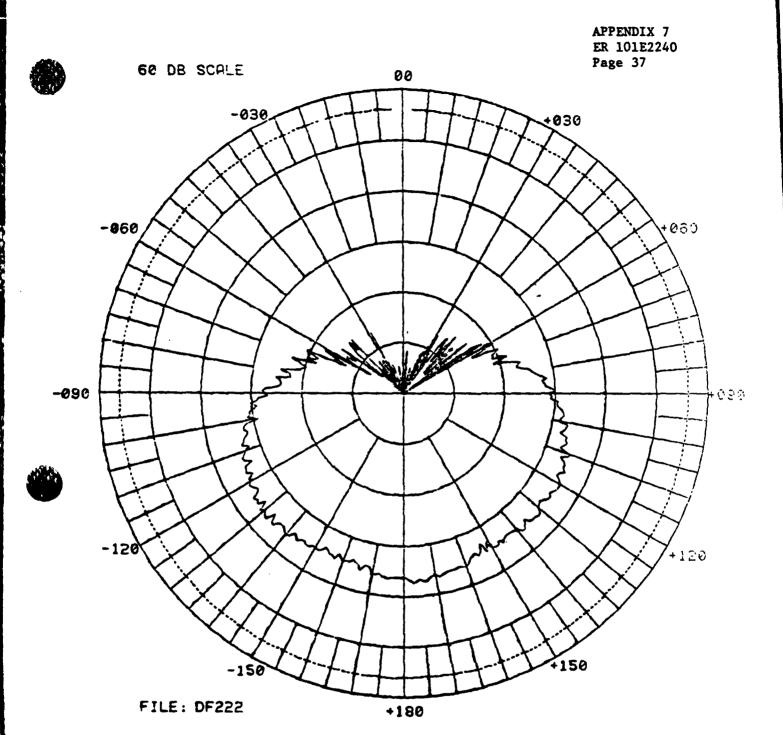


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4 PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6

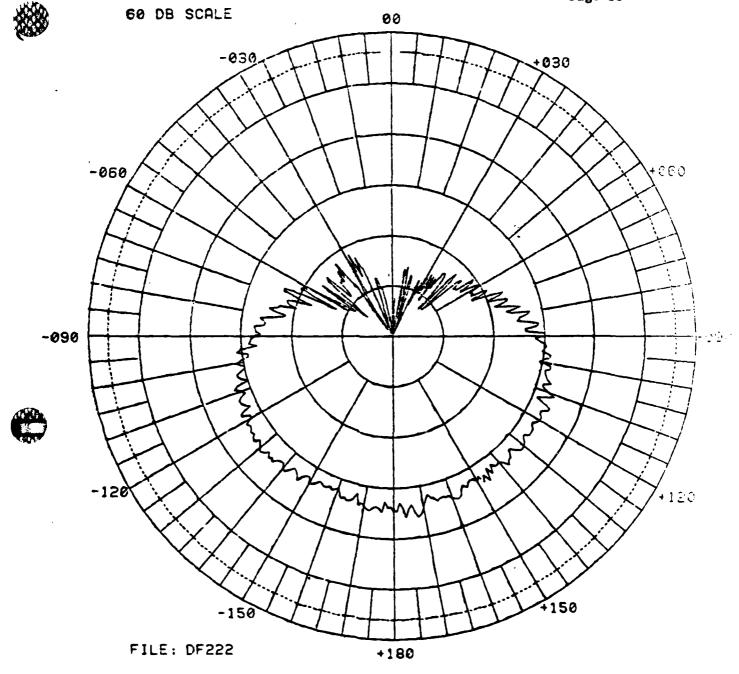




SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: -20.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4 PLOT____ AB

THE PERSON NAMED AND ASSESSED.

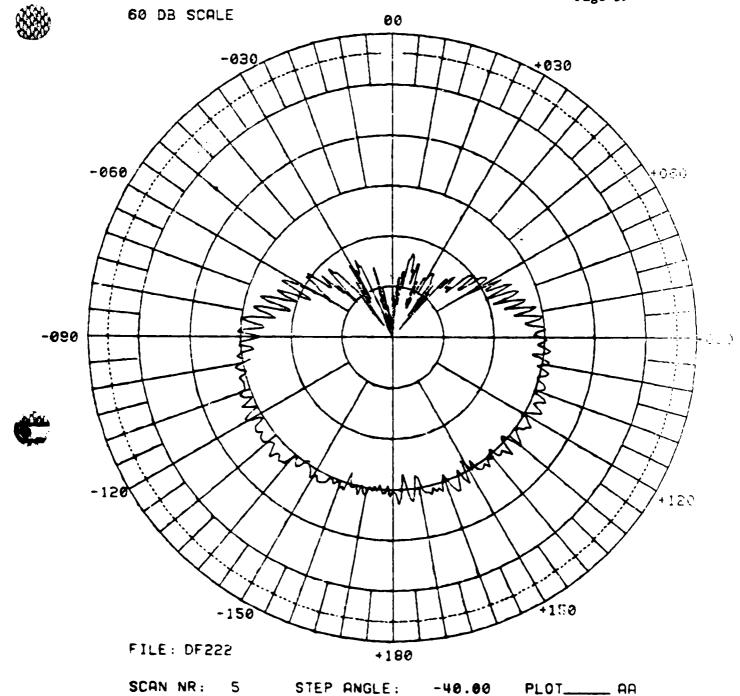
CONFIGURATION 6



SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: -30.00 PLOT_____ AR
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4 PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6

PLOT____ AB

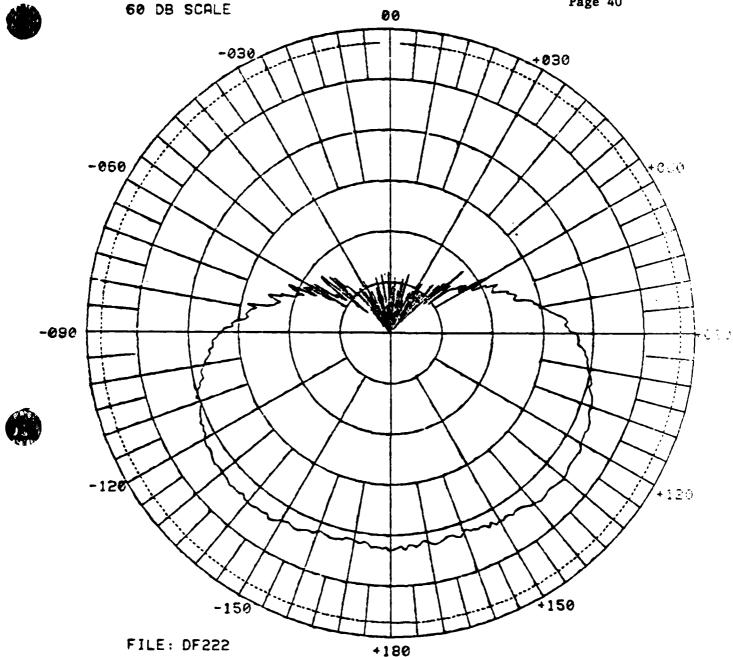


ዸዄኯ፟ጜኯ፞ዀኯ፞ጜጜዀዀ፞ዄኯዀቔቝ፞ጜኯ፞ዄኯ፞ዄጜዄዀዄኯኇቑዀኯጚኯ፞ፘኯ፞ፚዹ፞ፘኯ፟ዄጚዹጚጜጚጜቜቜቝ፟ዄኯ፟፟፟ፚዼ፟ፘኯ፟ፘቔዄቔፙዄዀ፟

CONFIGURATION 6

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F4

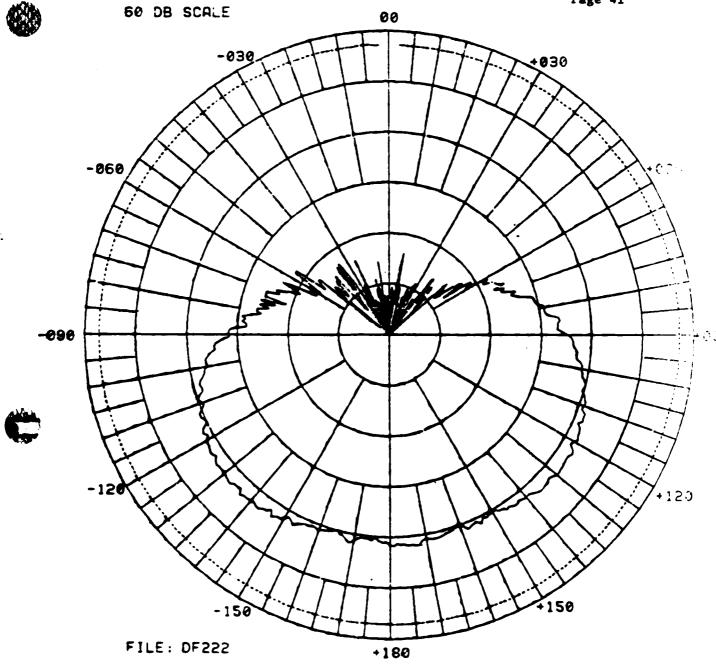
APPENDIX 7 ER 101E2240 Page 40



SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA
FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): F5 PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6



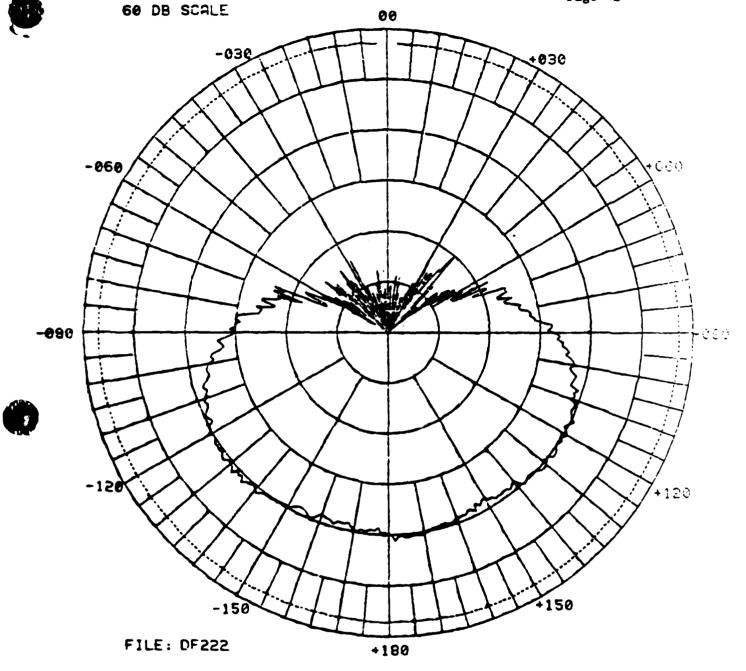


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5 PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6

PLOT____ AA

PLOT____ AB

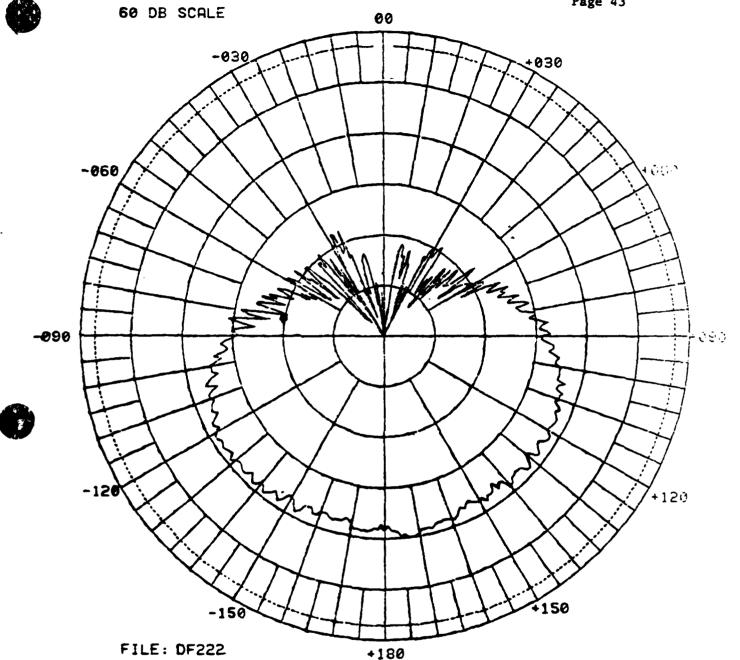


STEP ANGLE: -20.00

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5

CONFIGURATION 6

SCAN NR: 3



SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: -30.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): F5 PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6

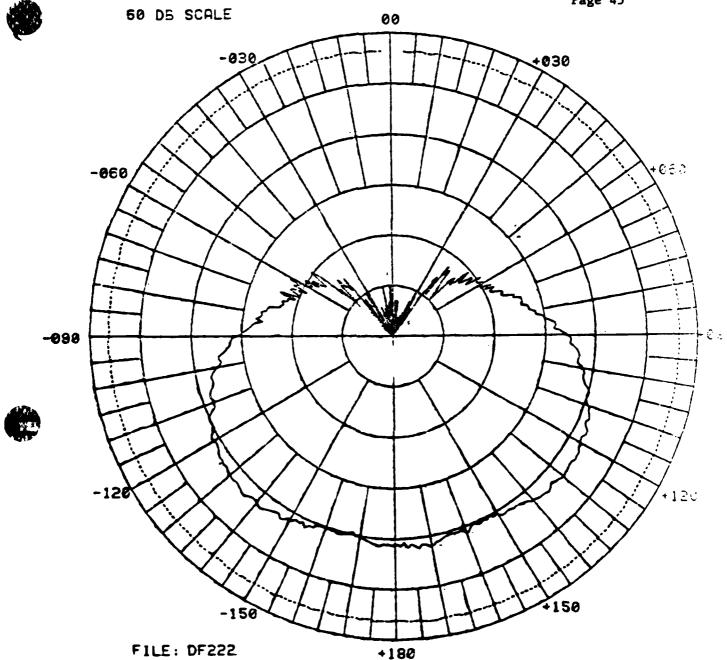
SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLET -40.00 PLOT____ AA
FREG NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F5 PLOT____ AB

+180

CONFIGURATION 5

2 JUL 1984

FILE: DF222



STEP ANGLE:

0.00

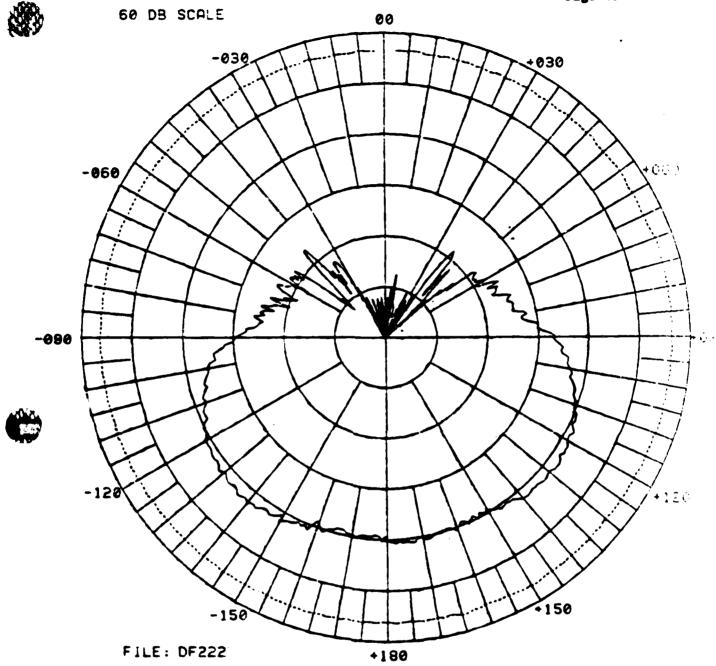
PLOT____ RA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ):

F6

PLOT____ AB

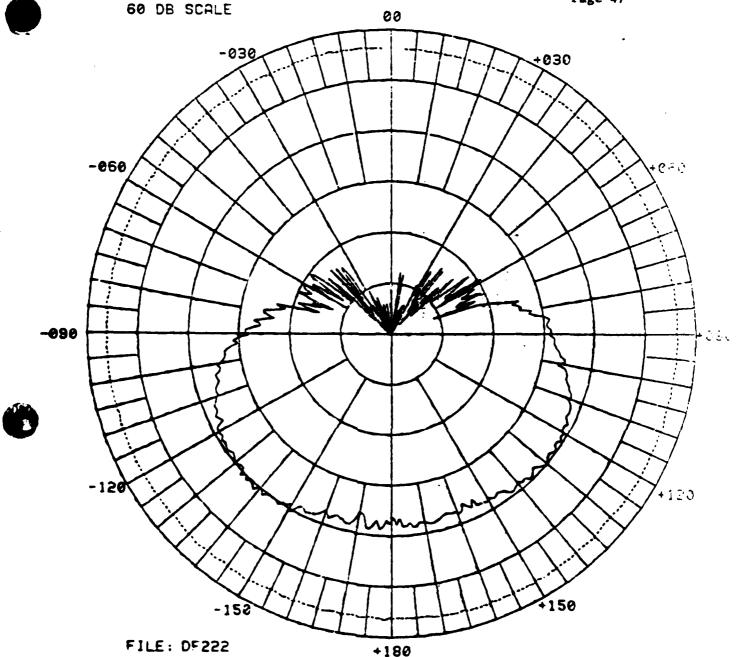
CONFIGURATION 6



SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6 PLOT___ AB

CONFIGURATION 6



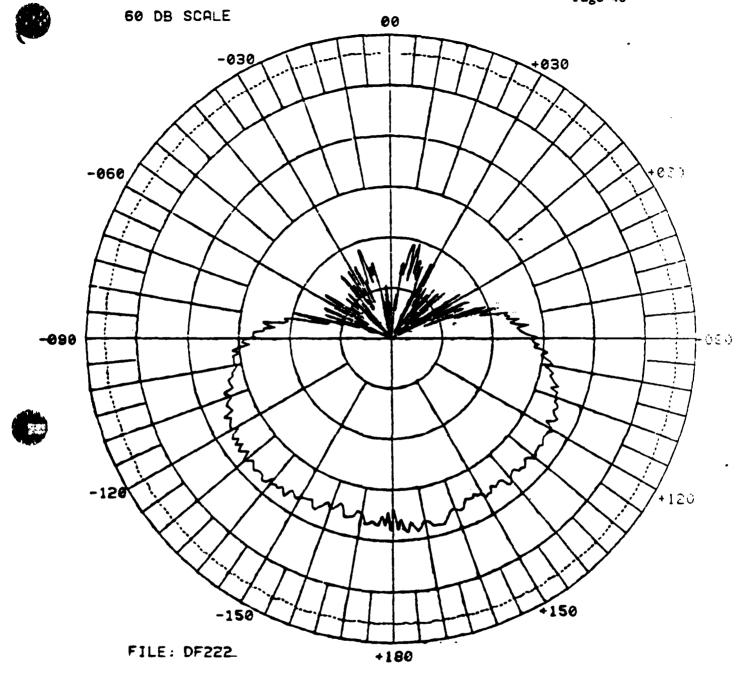


SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: -20.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6 PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6

PLOT____ AA

PLOT____ AB



STEP ANGLE: -30.00

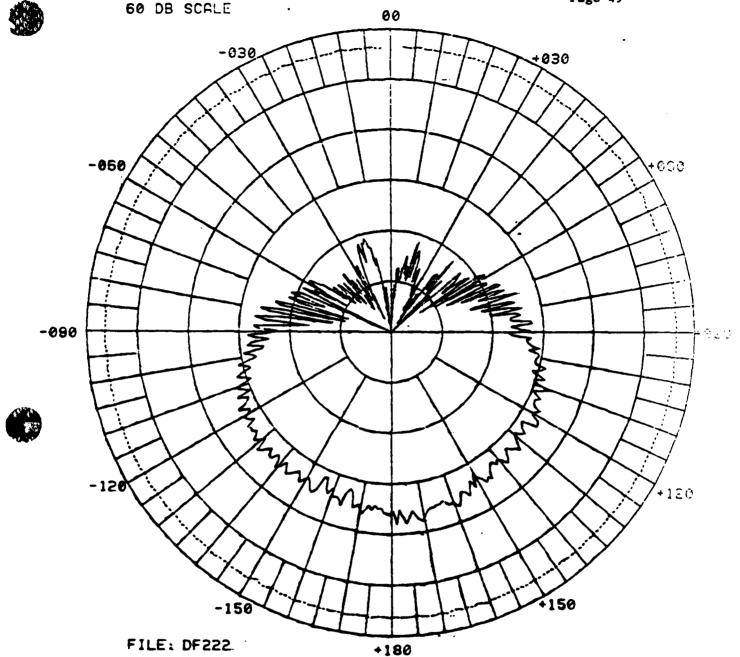
FREQ(MHZ): F6

CONFIGURATION 6

2 JUL 1984

SCAN NR:

FREQ NR: 3



SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: . -40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F6 PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6



Engineering Report

APPENDIX 8 ER 101E2240 Page 1



Appendix 8 contains AN/ALQ-162 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in polar plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F7, F8, and F9 and elevations of $+40^{\circ}$ through -40° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

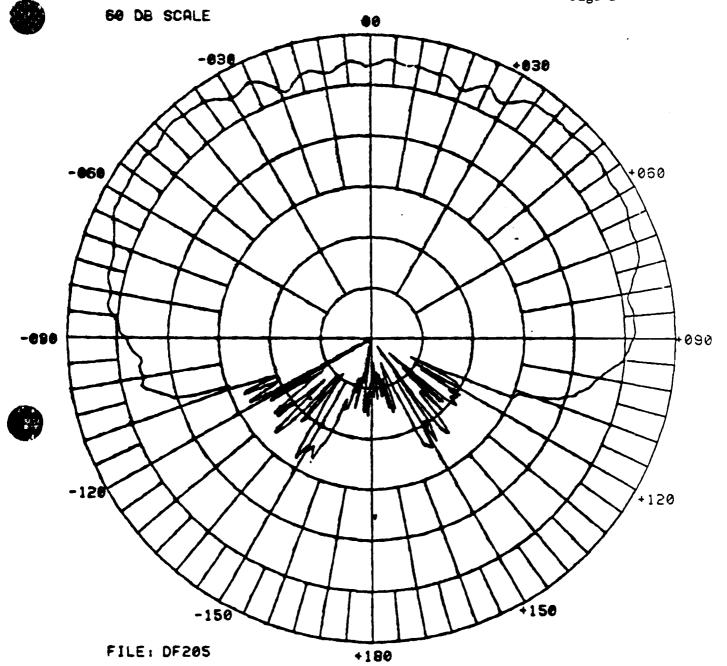
DF205 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere

DF206 -- Forward antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

DF239 - Aft antenna, upper hemisphere

DF236 -- Aft antenna, lower hemisphere.





STEP ANGLE: 0.00

PLOT____ AA

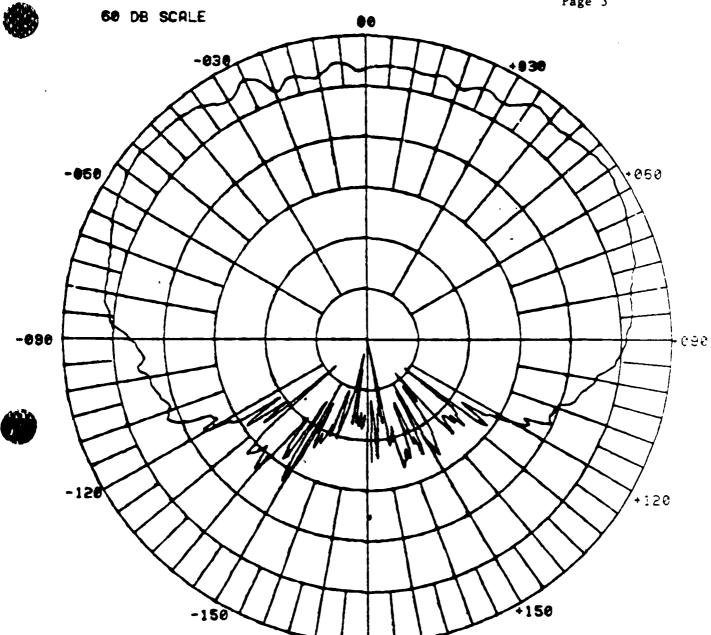
FREQ NR: 1

FREG(MHZ):

F7

CONFIGURATION 2





SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AR

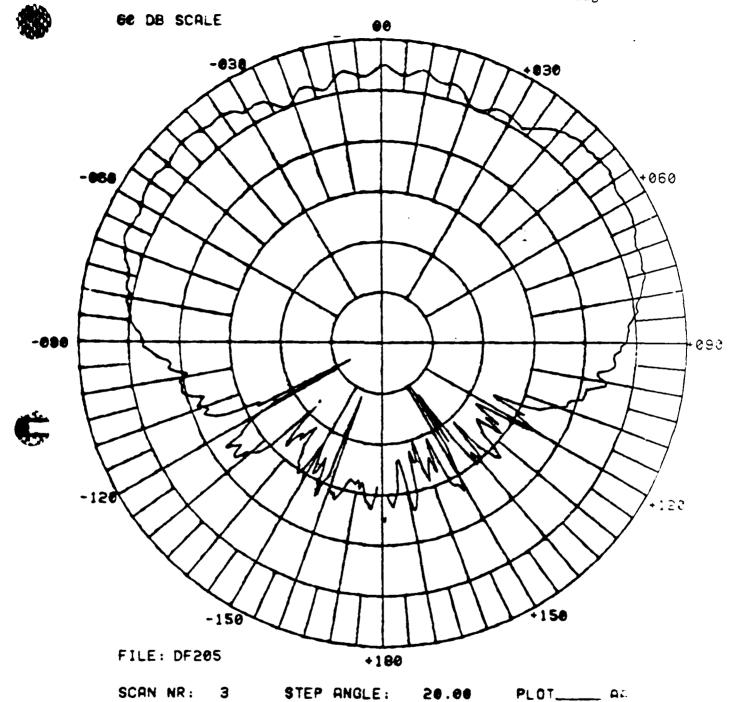
+180

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F7

CONFIGURATION 2

1 JUN 1984

FILE: DF205

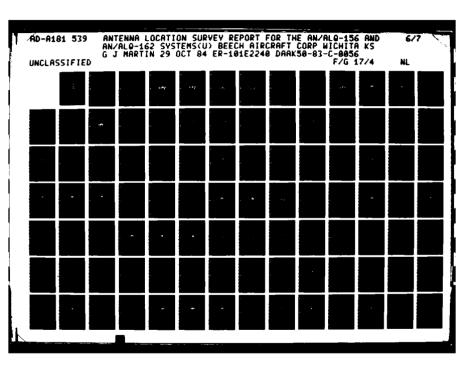


F7

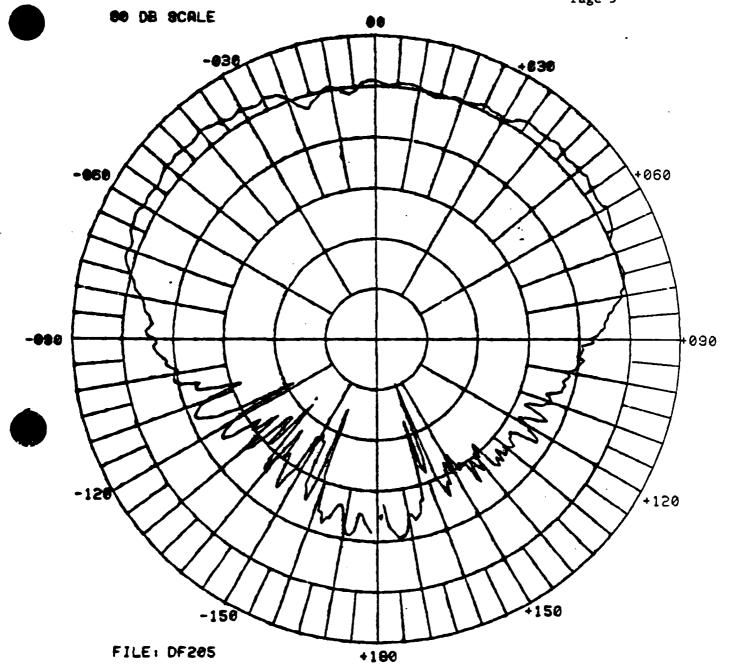
CONFIGURATION 2

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ):





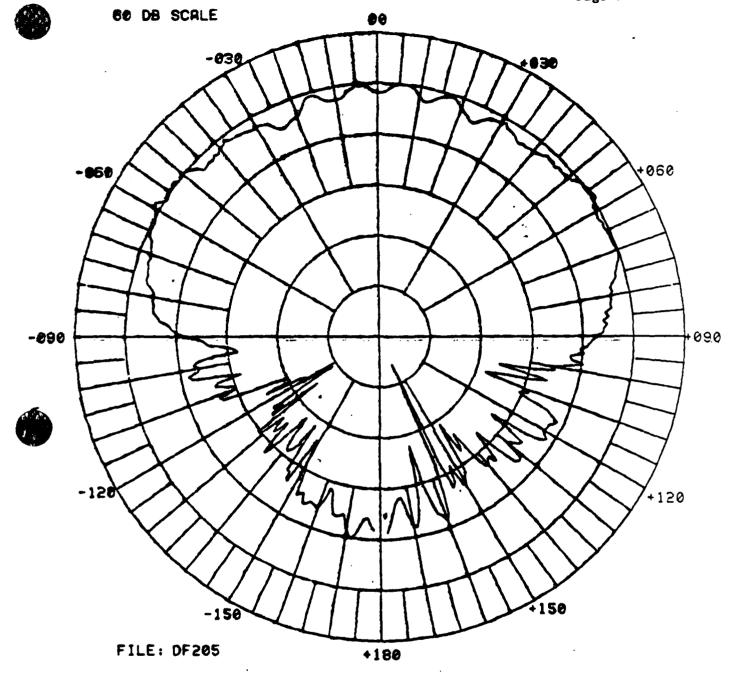




SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 36.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F7

CONFIGURATION 2

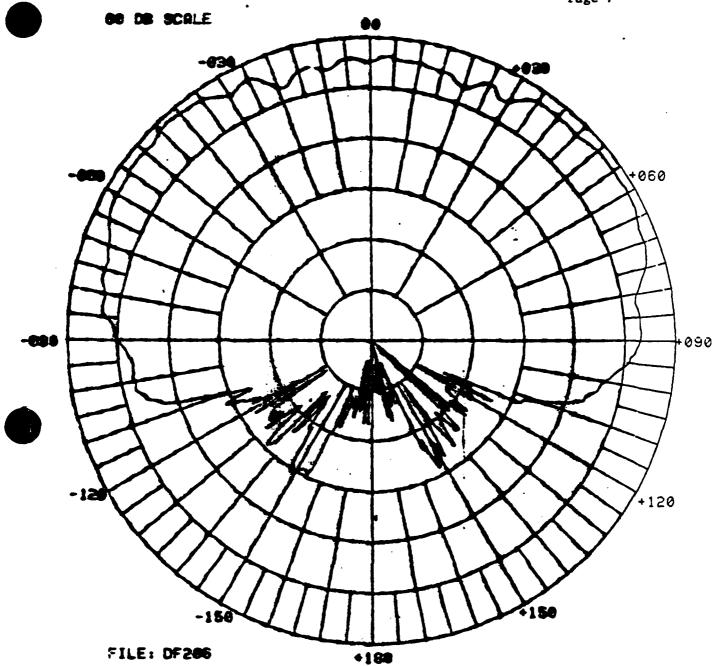


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F7

CONFIGURATION 2

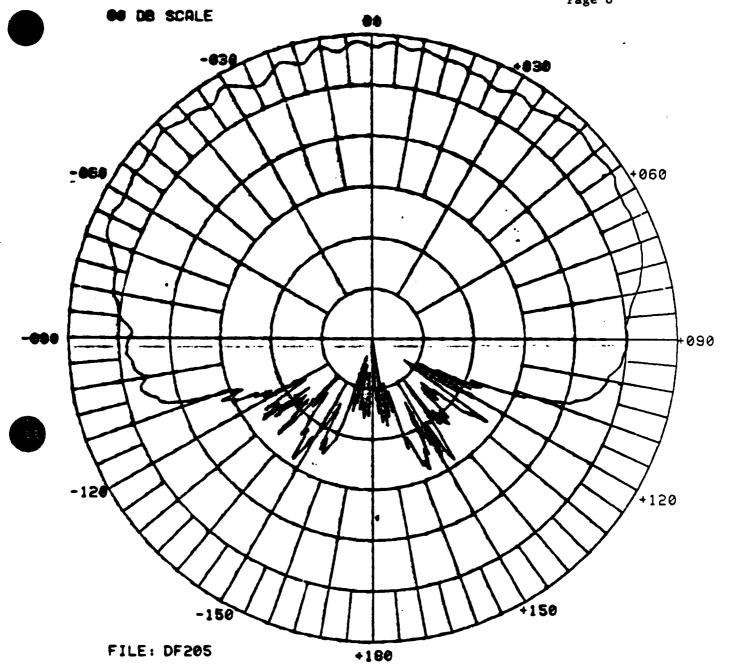




SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F7

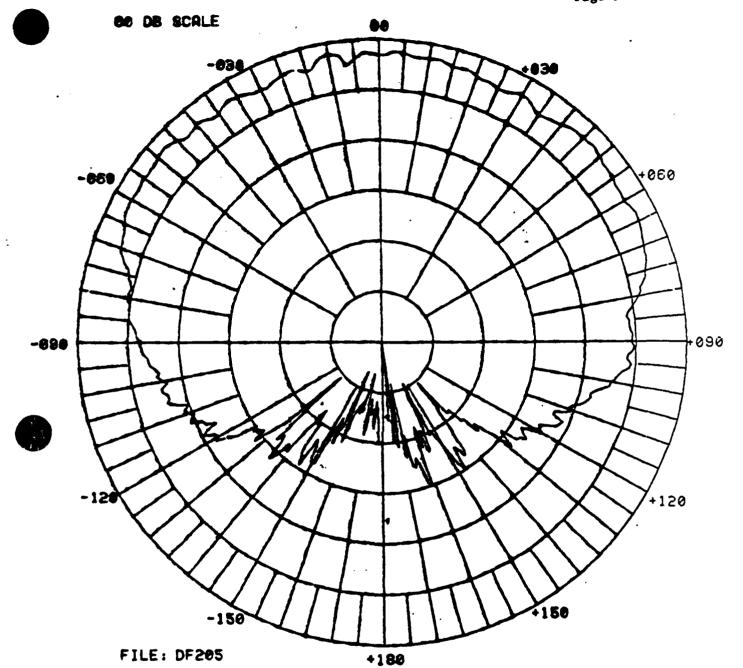
CONFIGURATION 2



SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MNZ): F8

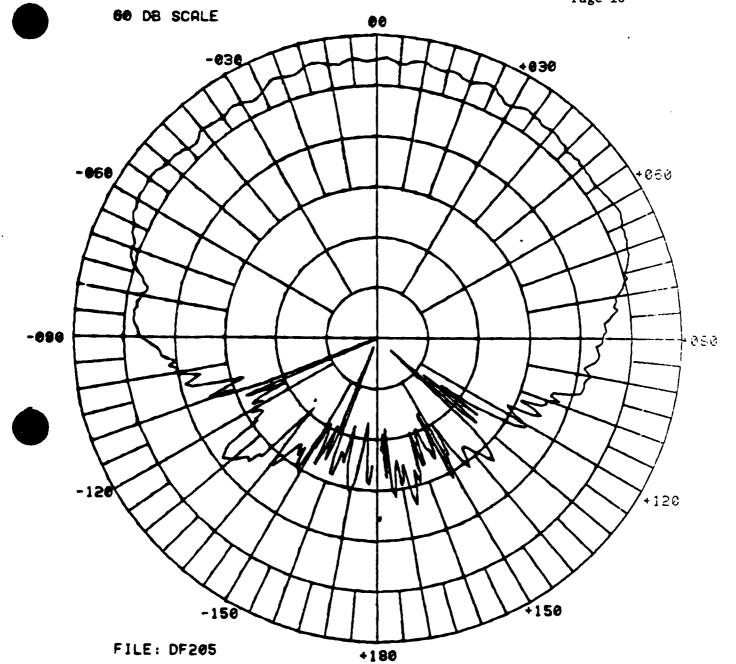
CONFIGURATION 2



SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F8

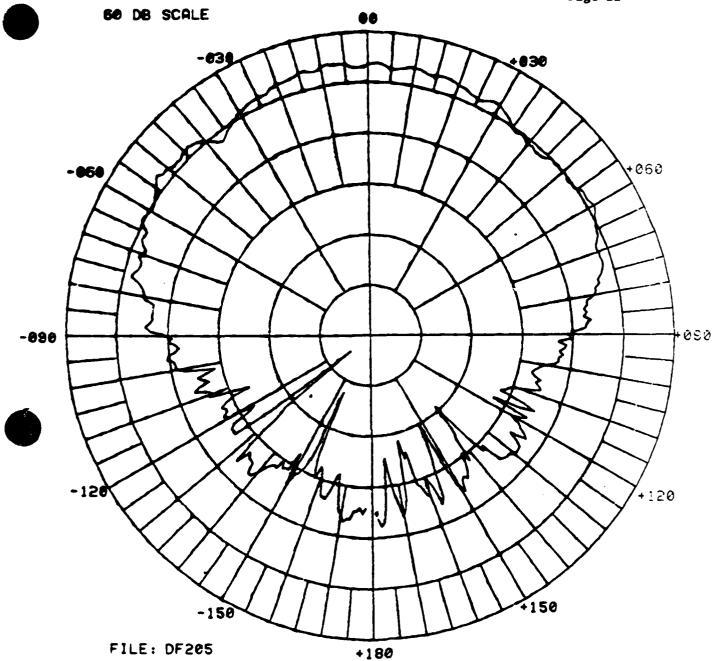
CONFIGURATION 2



SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F8

CONFIGURATION 2

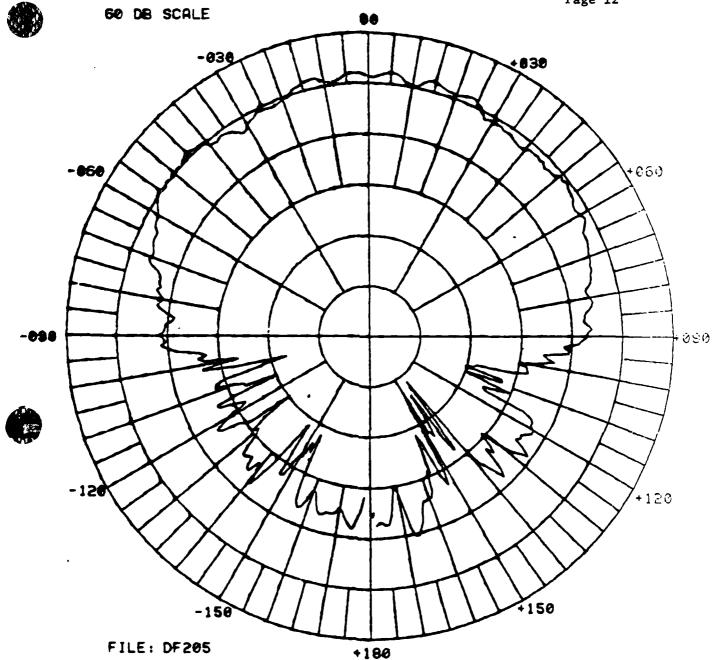


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE:

30.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F8

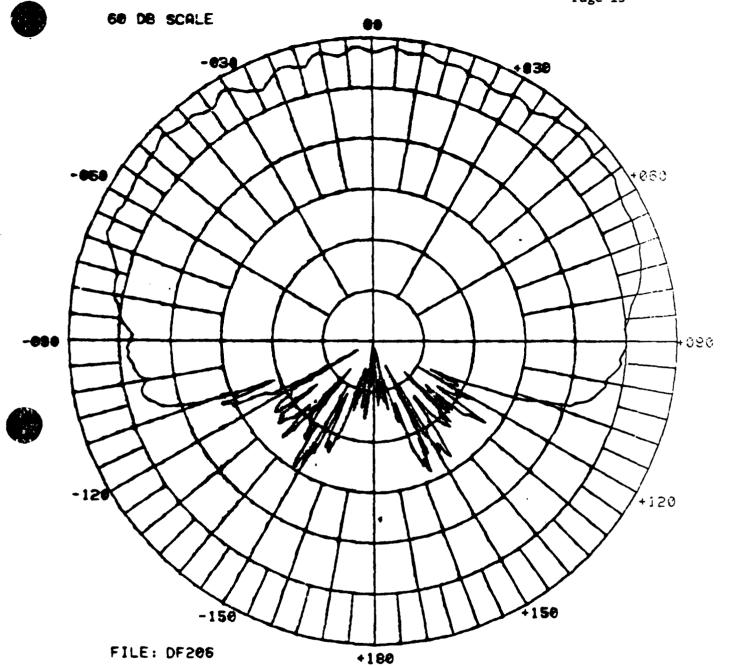
CONFIGURATION 2



SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F8

CONFIGURATION 2



STEP ANGLE:

0.00

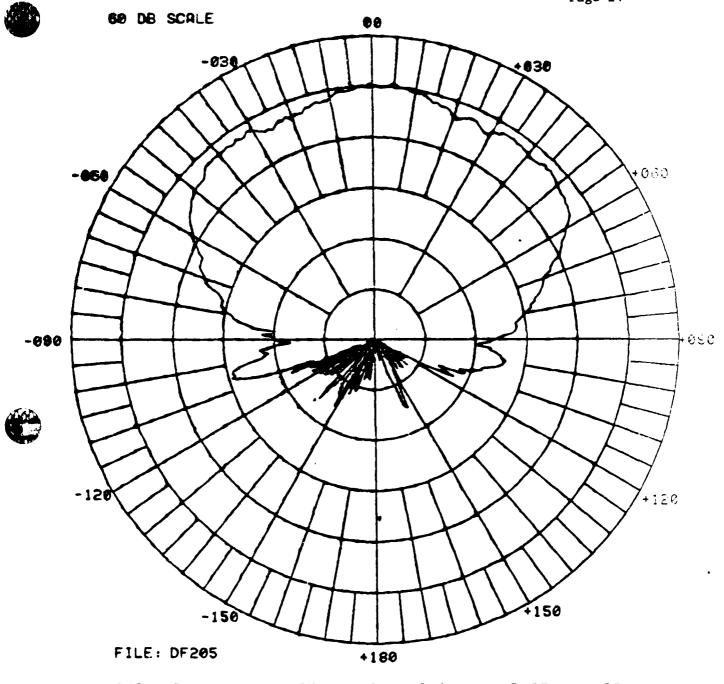
PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2

FREQ(MHZ):

F8

CONFIGURATION 2



STEP ANGLE:

0.00

PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3

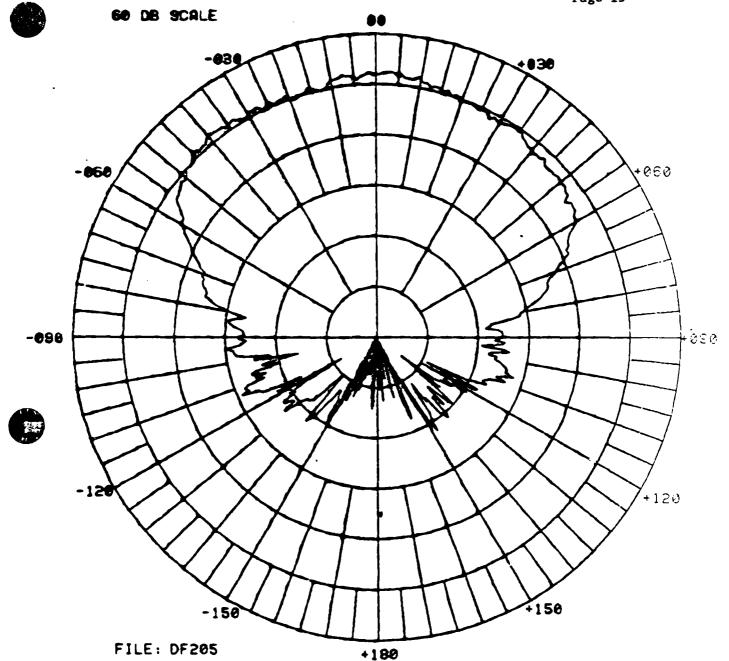
FREQ(MHZ):

F9

CONFIGURATION 2

1 JUN 1984





STEP ANGLE:

10.00

PLOT____ AA

FREG NR:

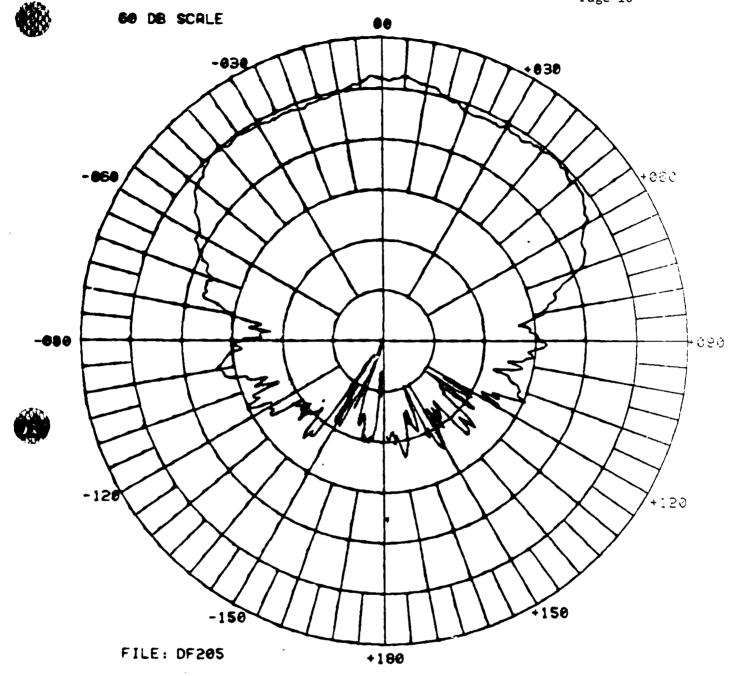
3

FREQ(MHZ):

F9

CONFIGURATION 2



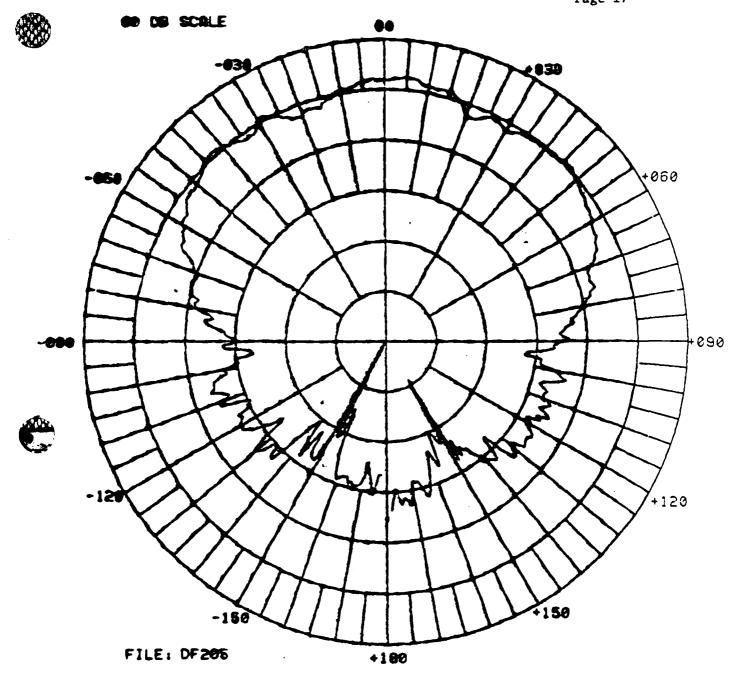


SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F9

CONFIGURATION 2



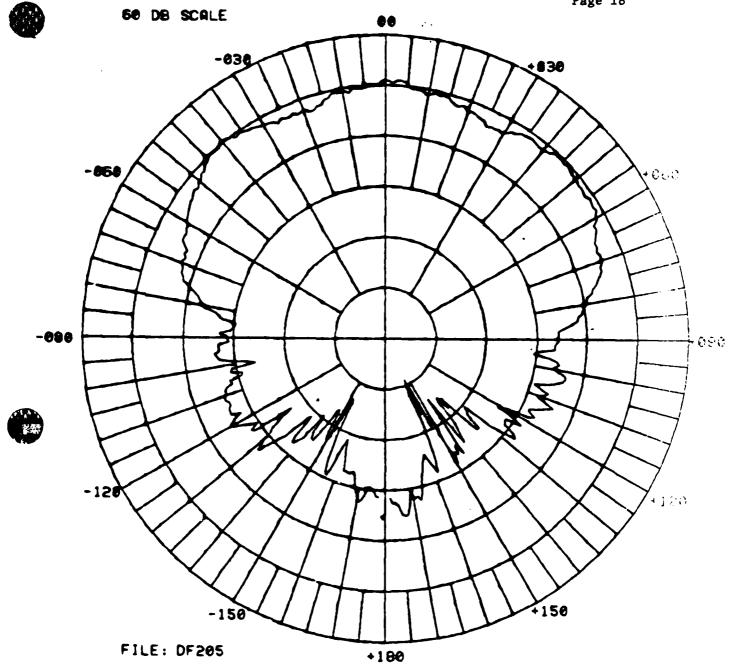


SCAN MR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 38.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG MR: 3 FREG(MHZ): F9

CONFIGURATION 2

1 JUN 1884

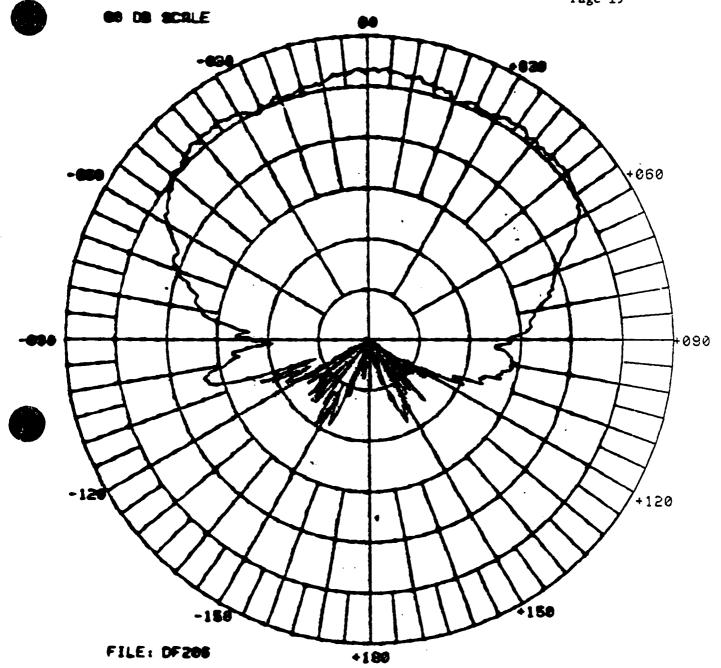


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 46.66 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 3 FREG(MMZ): F9

CONFIGURATION 2

1 JUN 1984

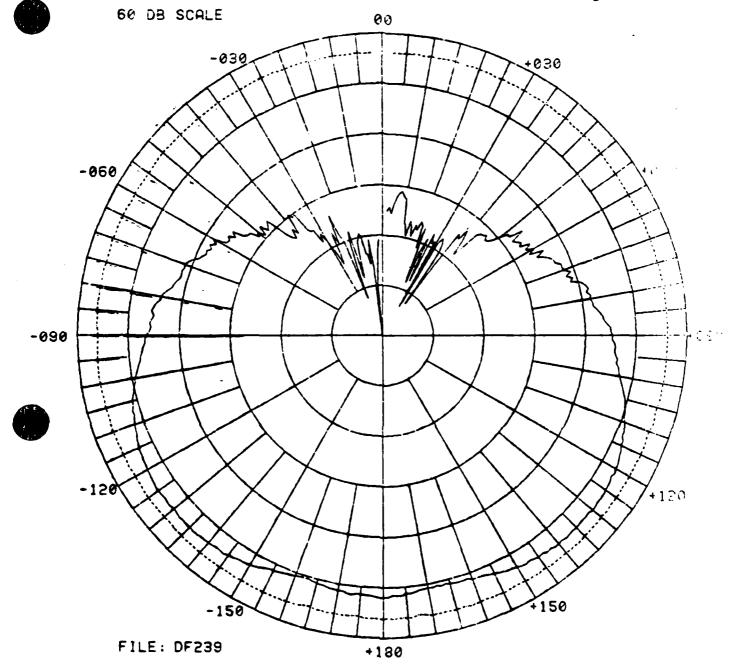


SCRN NR: 1 STEP REGLE: 0.60 PLOT____ RA

FREG NR: 3 FREG(MMZ): F9

CONFIGURATION 2

1 JUN 1884



SCAN NR: 1

STEP ANGLE:

0.00

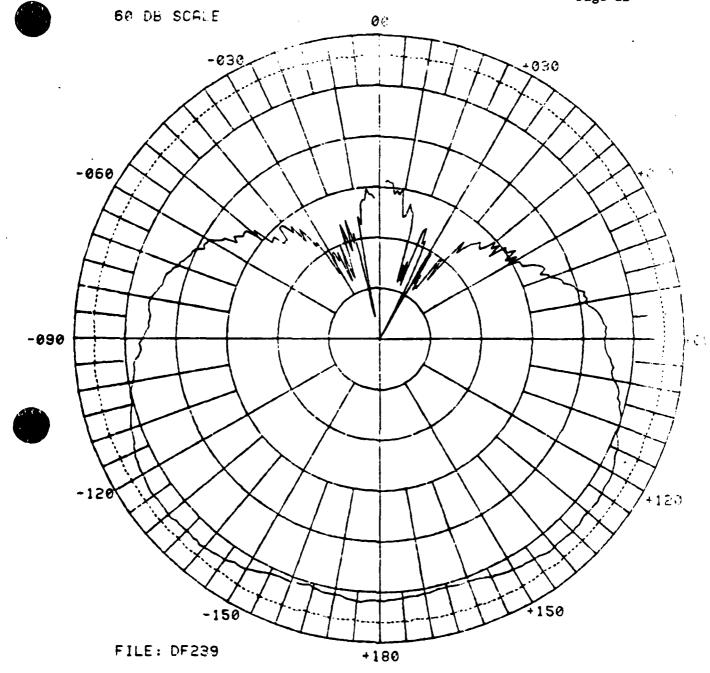
PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1

FREQ(MHZ): F7

PLOT..... AB

CONFIGURATION 5



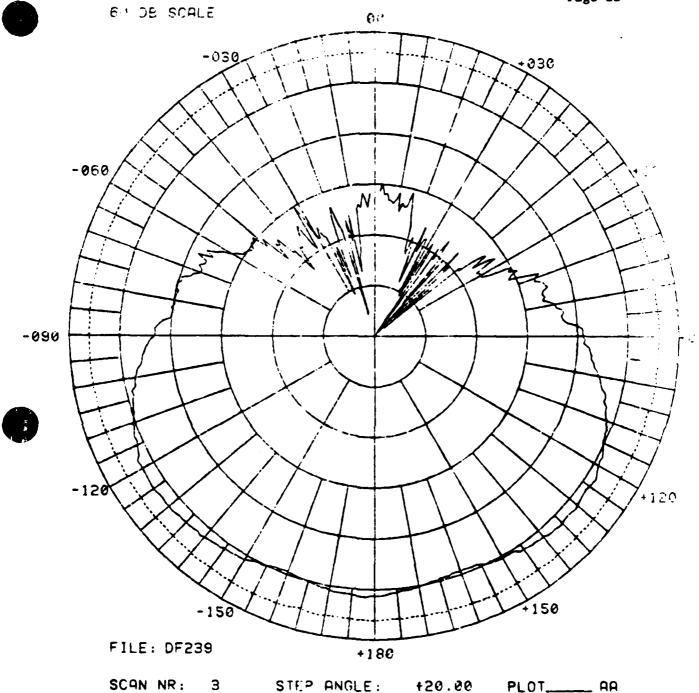
SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: +10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F7 PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 5



PLOT AB

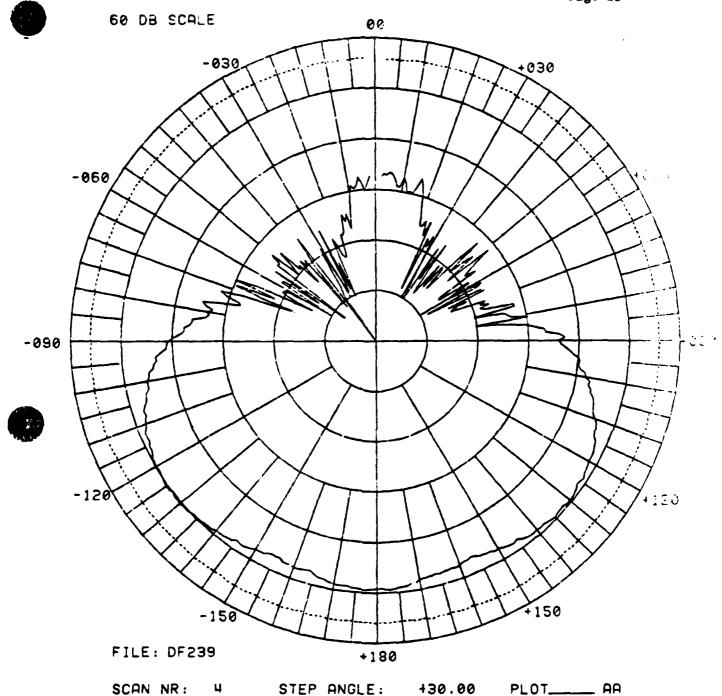


CONFIGURATION 5

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F7

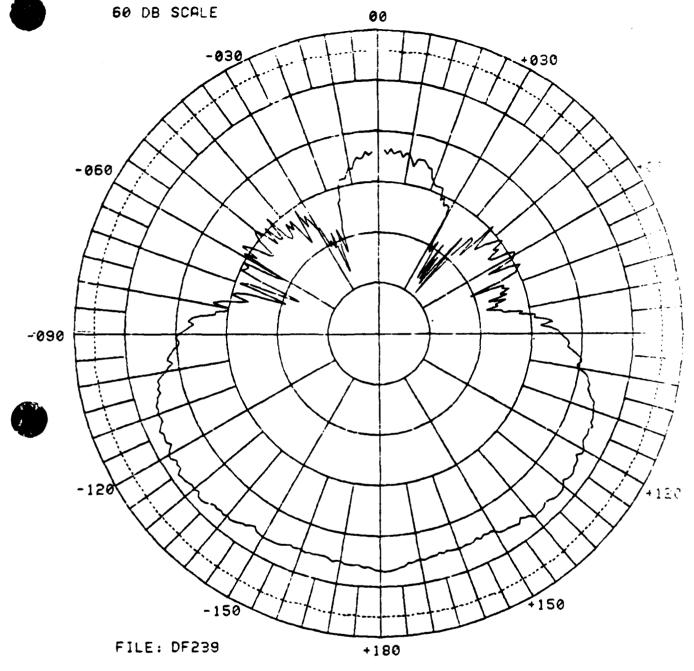
PLOT..... AB

F7

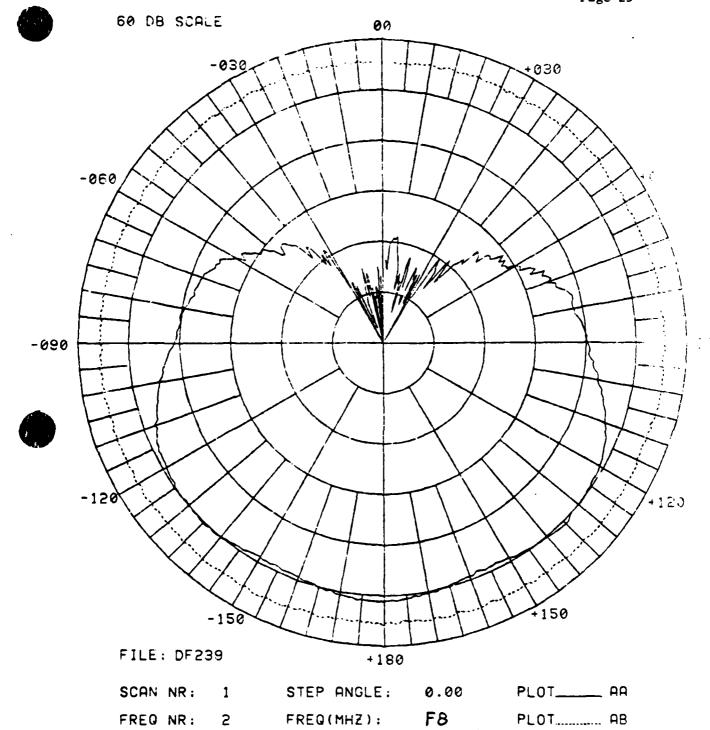


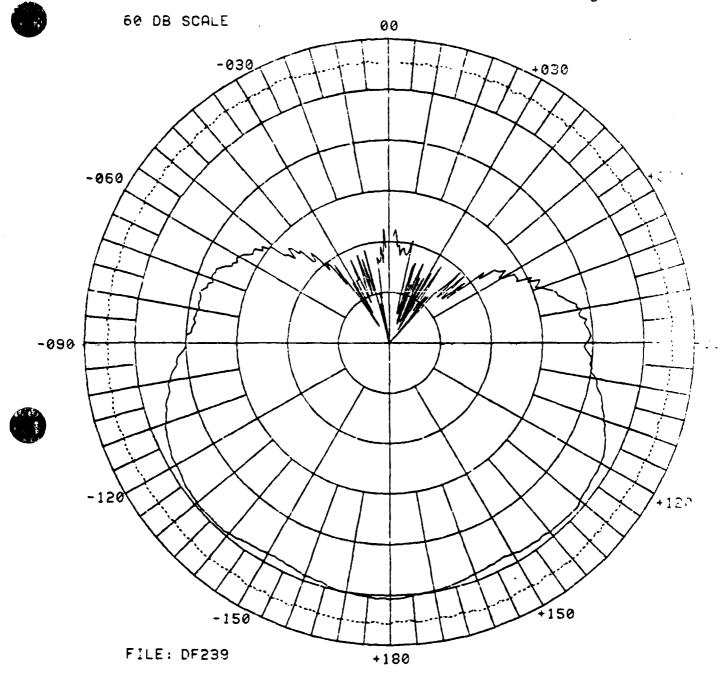
CONFIGURATION 5

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ):



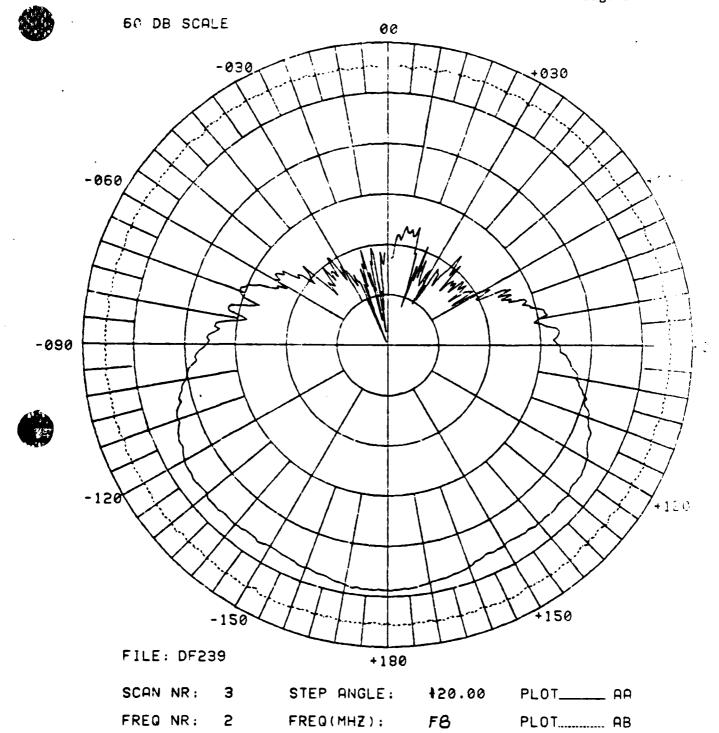
SCAN NR: 5 STEP PNGLE: 40.00 PLOT_____ AA
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F7 PLOT_____ AB



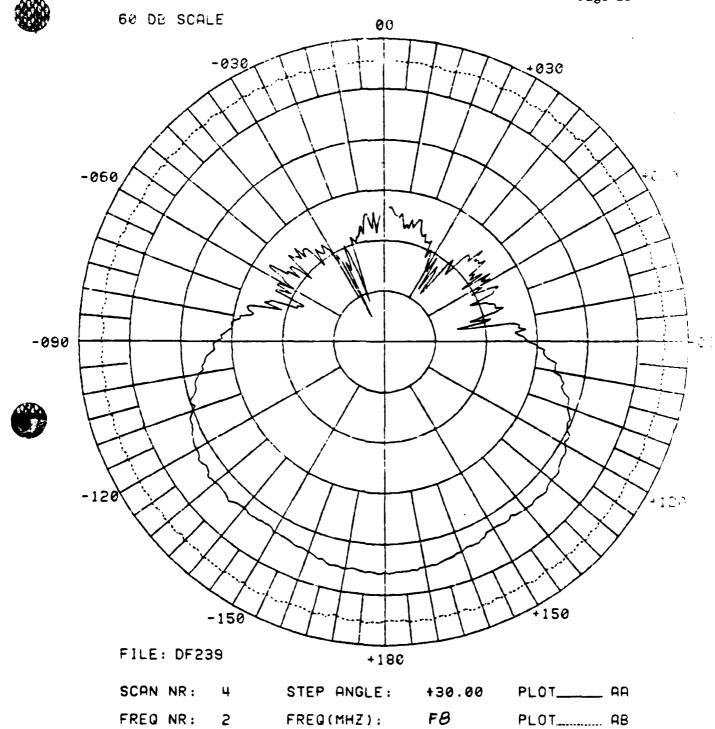


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: +10.00 PLOT____ AA

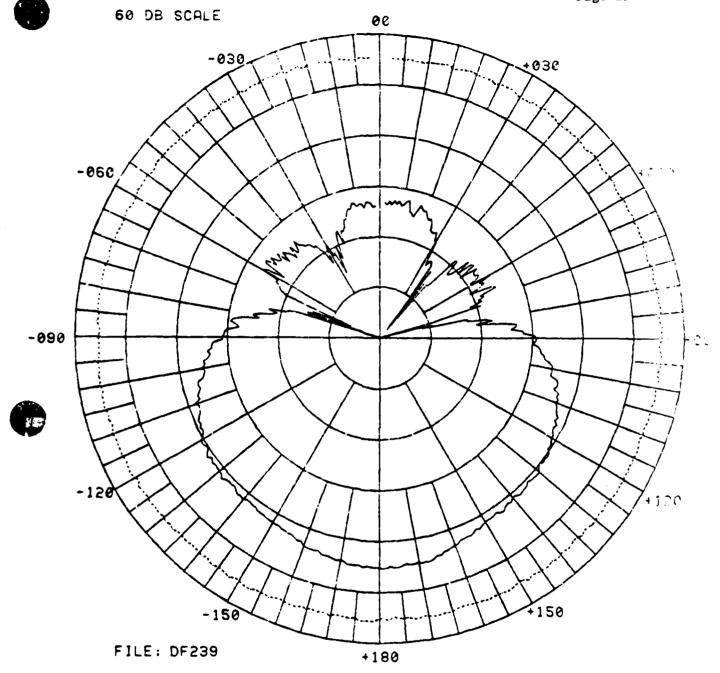
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F8 PLOT..... AB



CONFIGURATION 5



CONFIGURATION 5



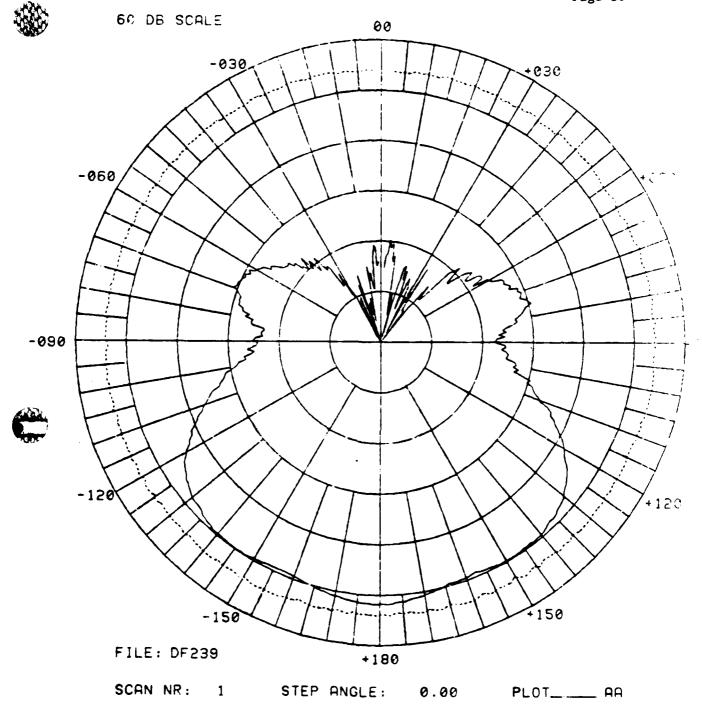
SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MH7): F8 PLOT...... AB

CONFIGURATION 5



PLOT..... AB

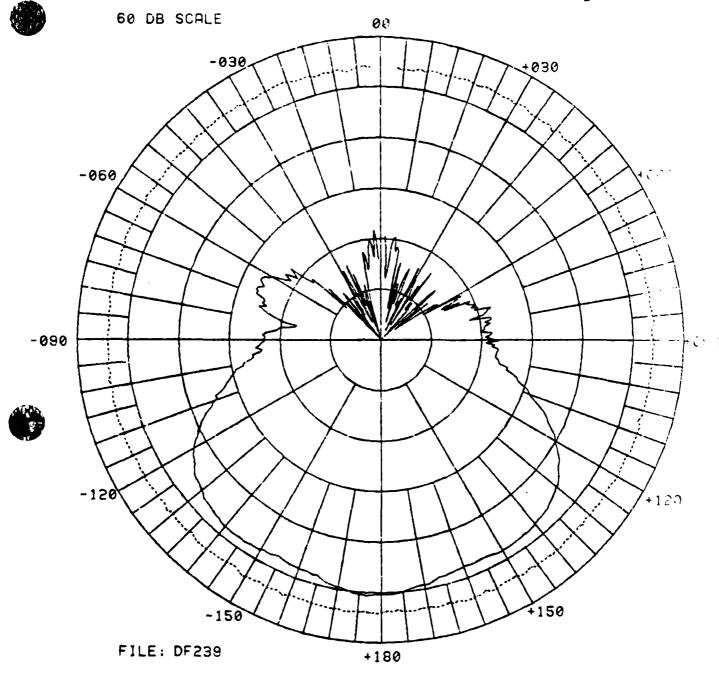


FREQ(MHZ): F9

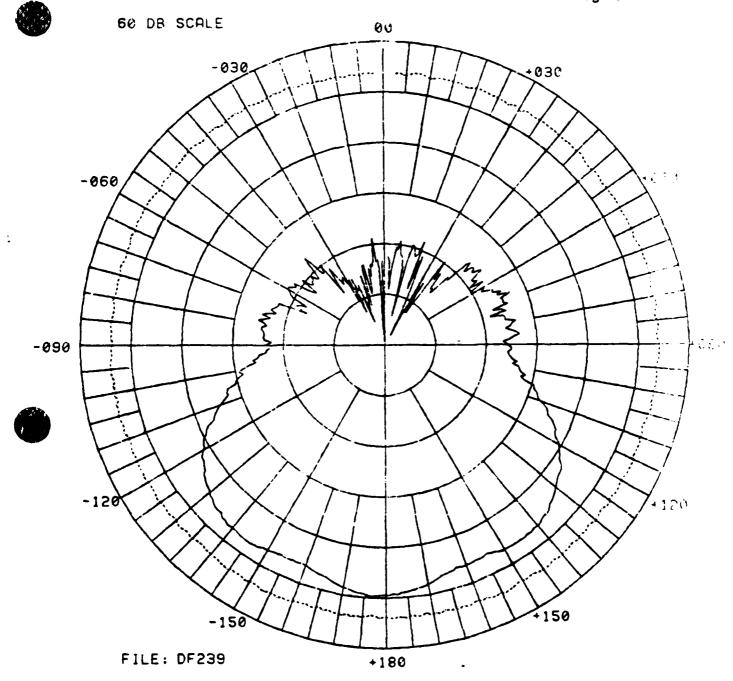
CONFIGURATION 5

FREQ NR: 3





SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: +10.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F9 PLOT____ AB



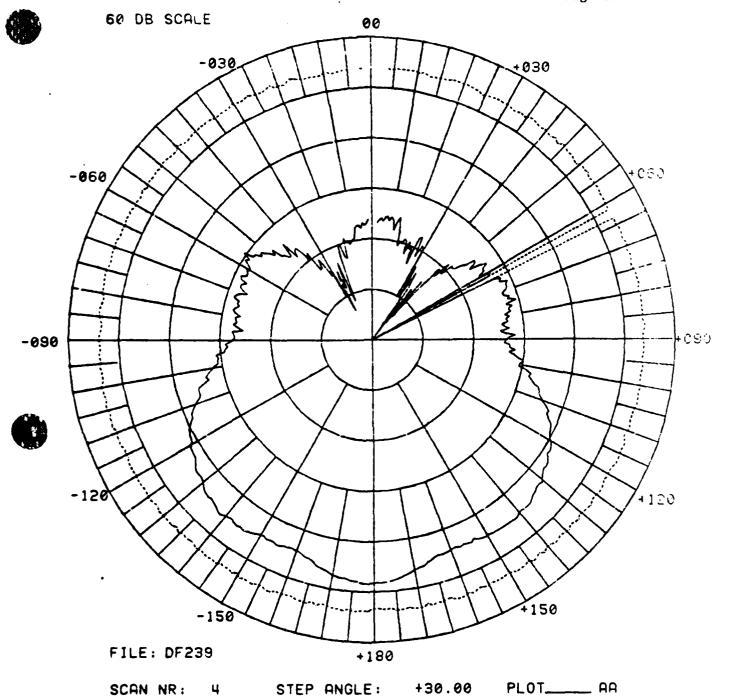
PLOT____ AA STEP ANGLE: **+20.30** SCAN NR:

PLOT..... AB F9 FREG NR: 3 FREG(MHZ):



PLOT AB

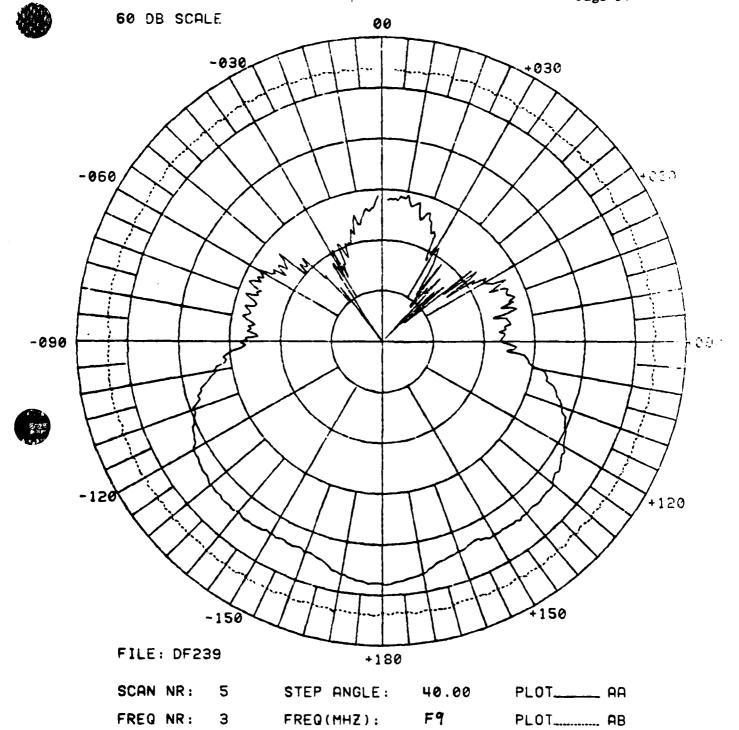
F9



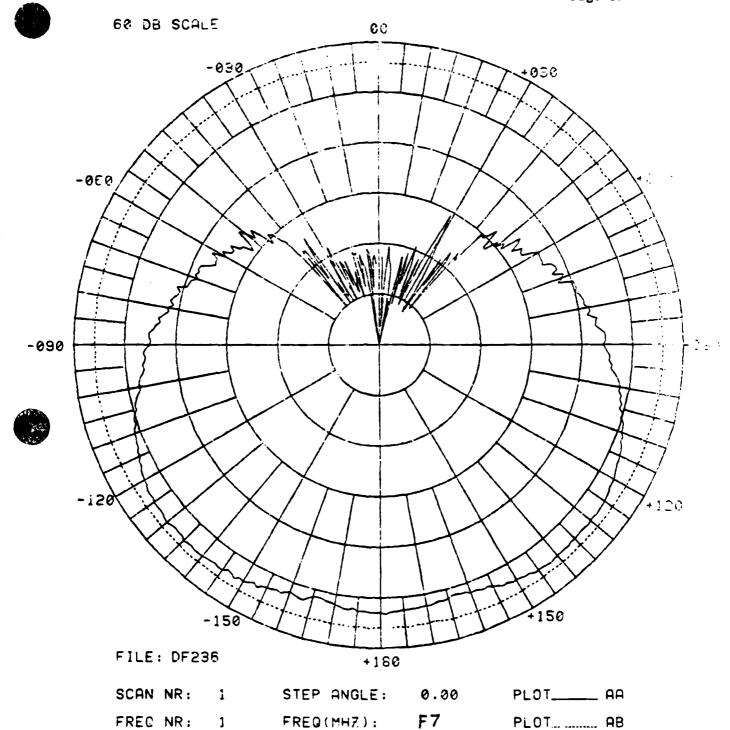
CONFIGURATION 5
12 JULY 1984

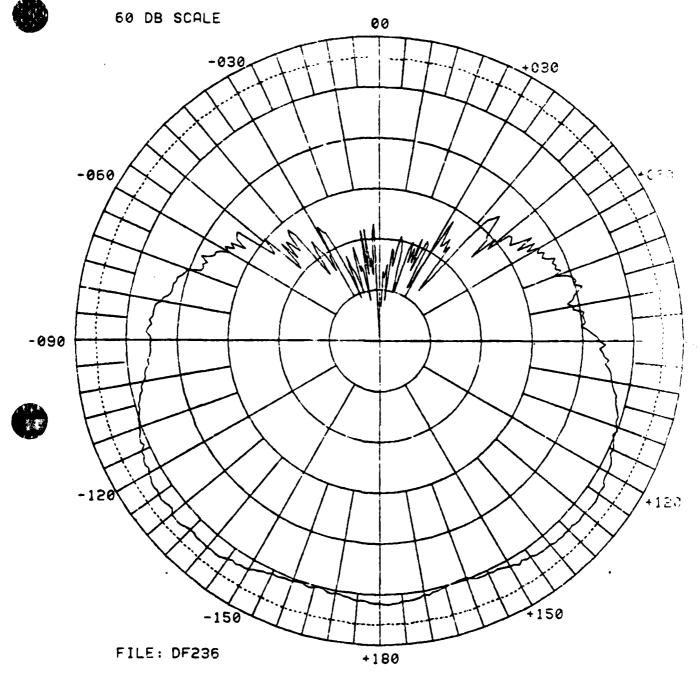
3 FREQ(MHZ):

FREQ NR:



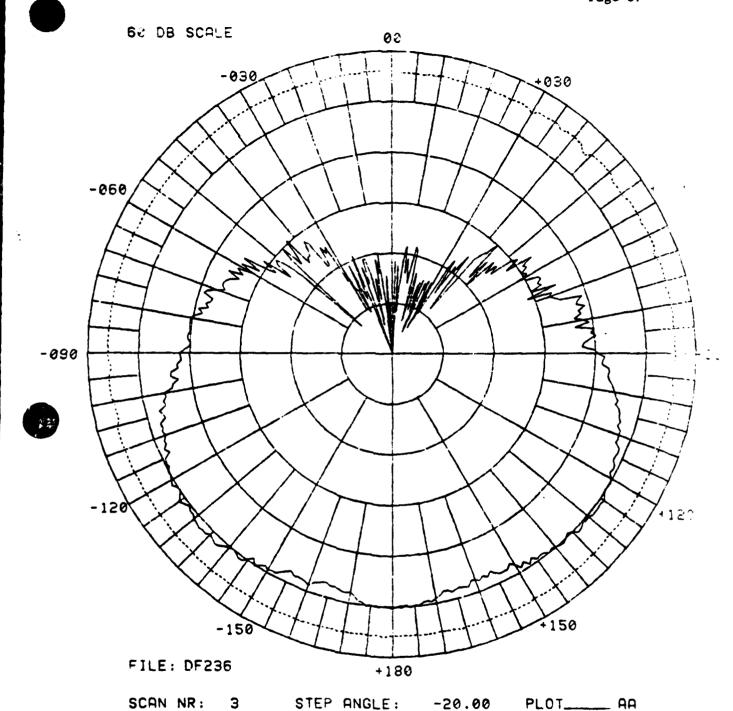
CONFIGURATION 5





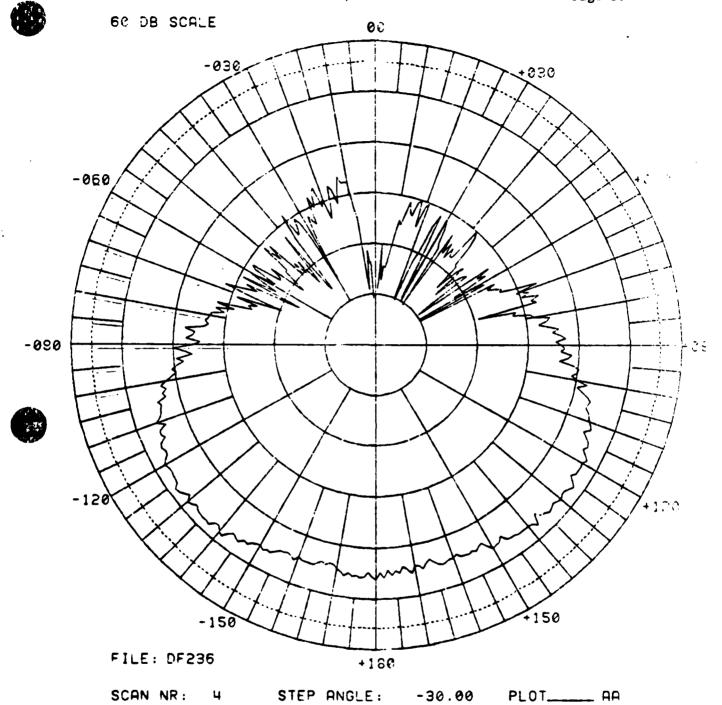
SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.00 PLOT_____ AA
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F7 PLOT_____ AB

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FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F7 PLOT...... AB





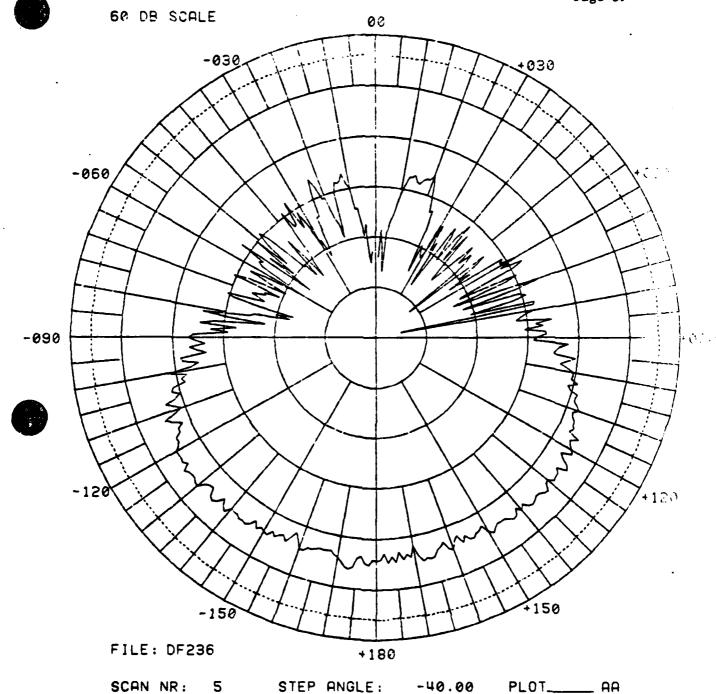
F7

PLOT..... AB

CONFIGURATION 6

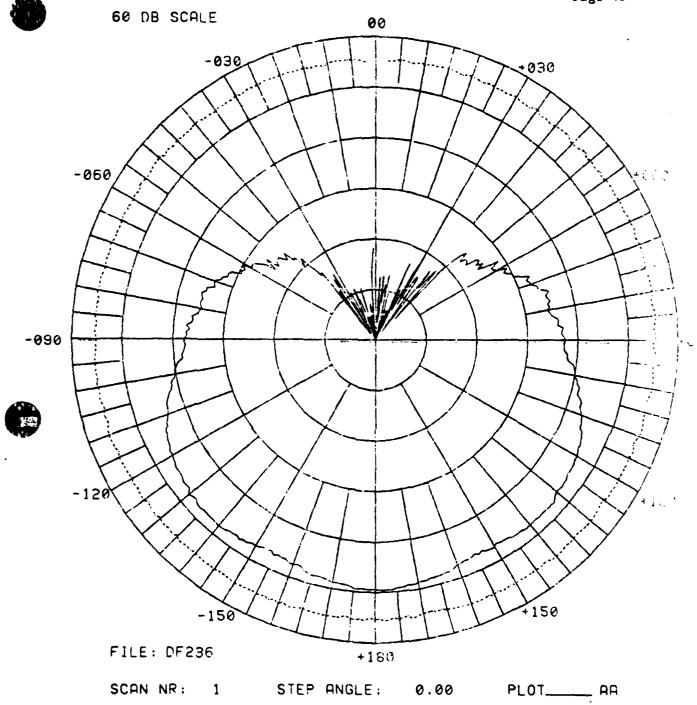
FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ):

PLOT..... AB



CONFIGURATION 6

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): F7



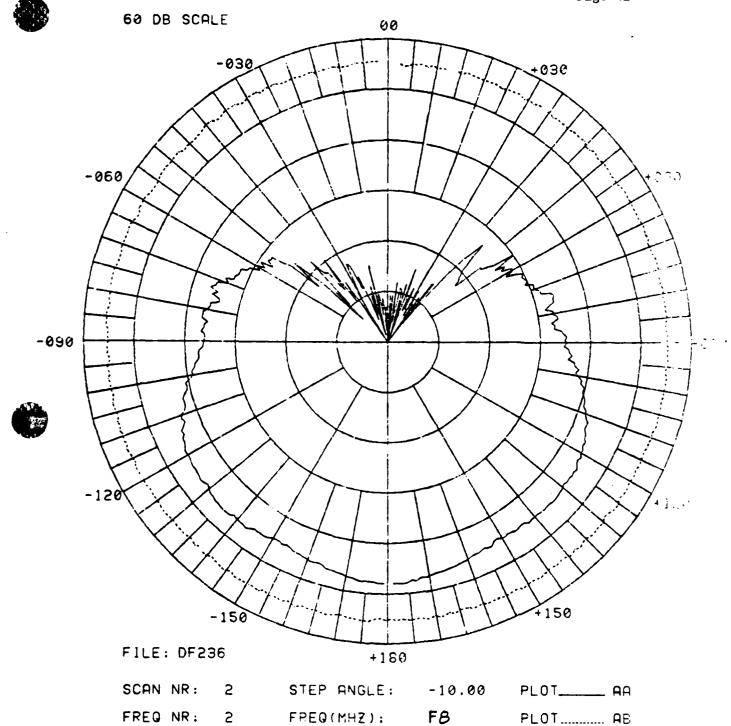
FREQ(MHZ):

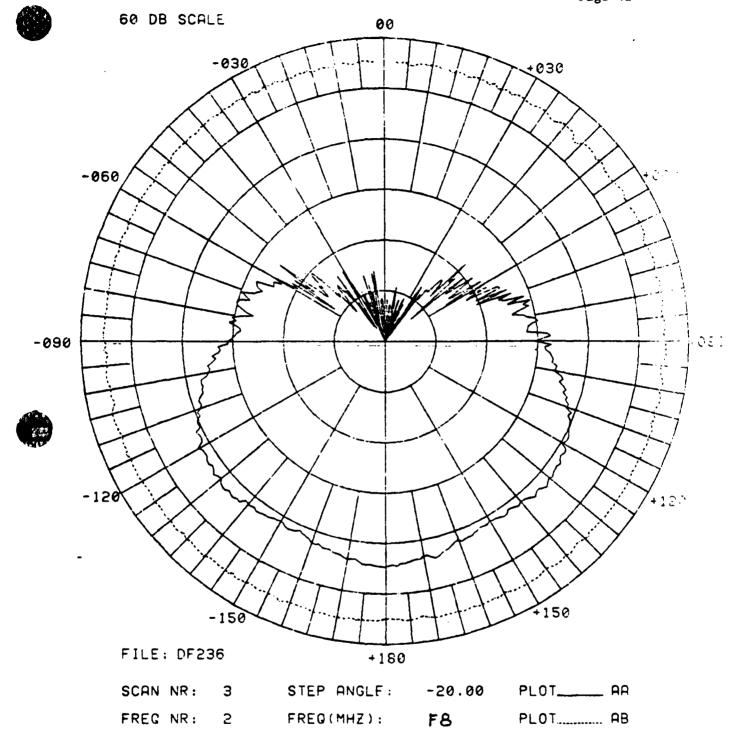
F8

PLOT..... AB

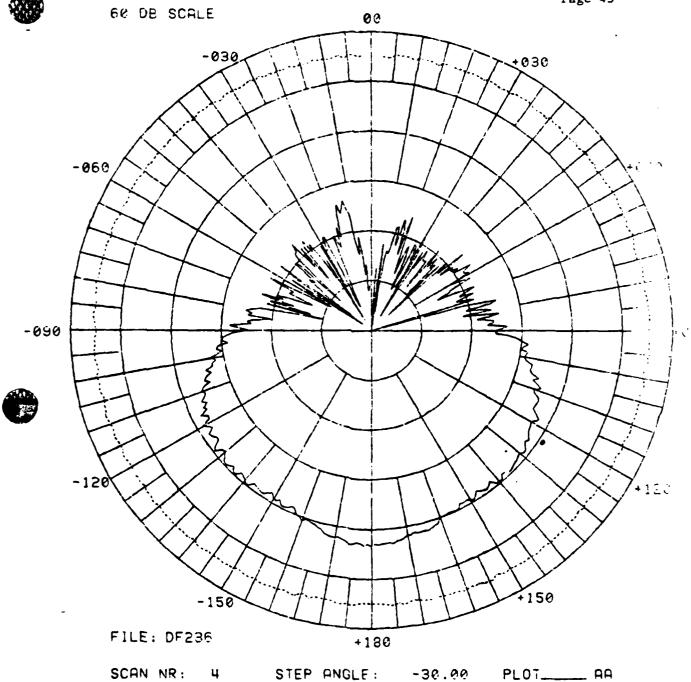
CONFIGURATION 6

FREO NR: 2









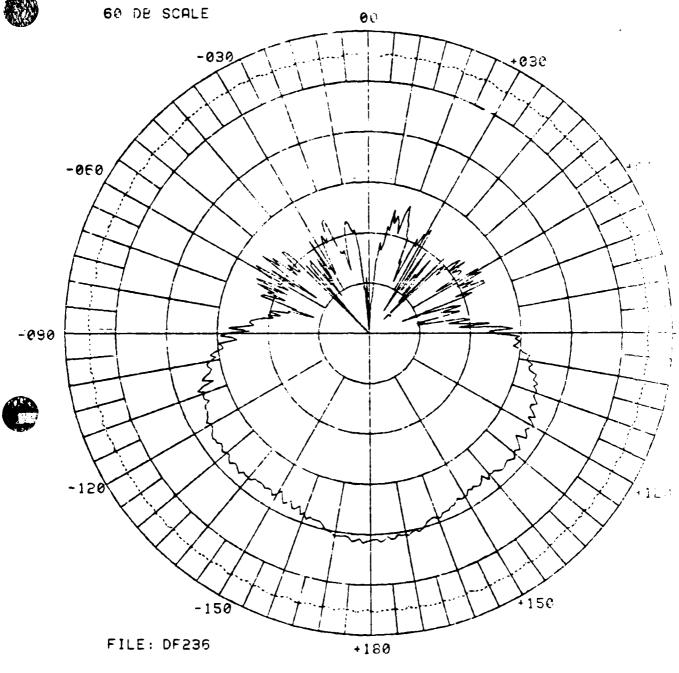
FREQ(MHZ):

F8

PLOT..... AB

CONFIGURATION 6

FREQ NR: 2

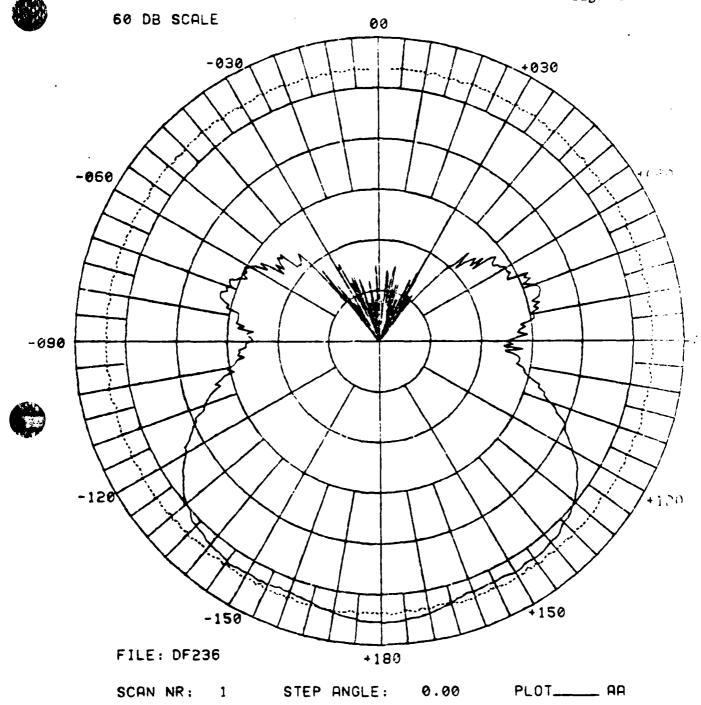


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: -40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): F8 PLOT...... AB



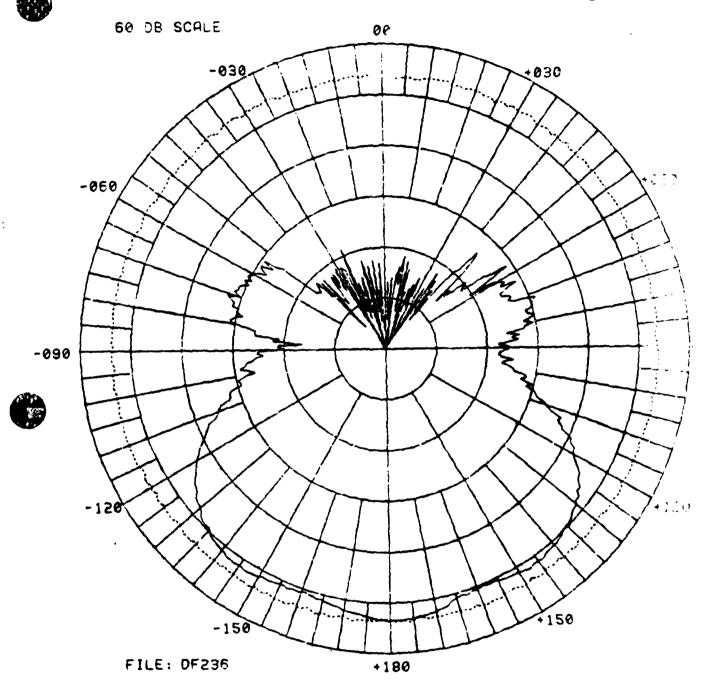
PLOT..... AB



3 FREQ(MHZ): F9

CONFIGURATION 6

FREQ NR:

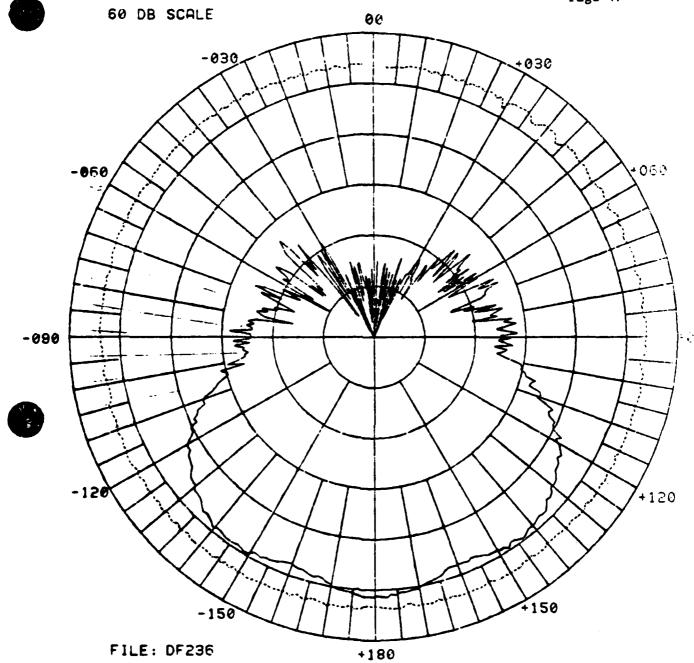


SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.

-10.00 PLOT_____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F9 PLOT AB

ENGINE CONTROL CONTROL



SCAN NR: 3

STEP ANGLE:

-20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ):

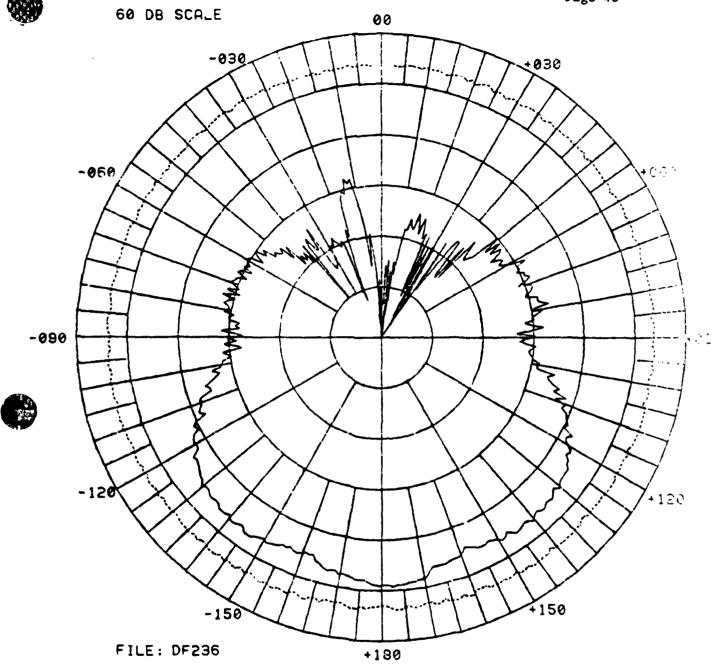
F9

<u>egegenenavanavovavovanavavavava</u>

PLOT..... AB

PLOT____ AA

PLOT..... AB



STEP ANGLE:

FREQ(MHZ):

-30.00

F9

CONFIGURATION 6

3

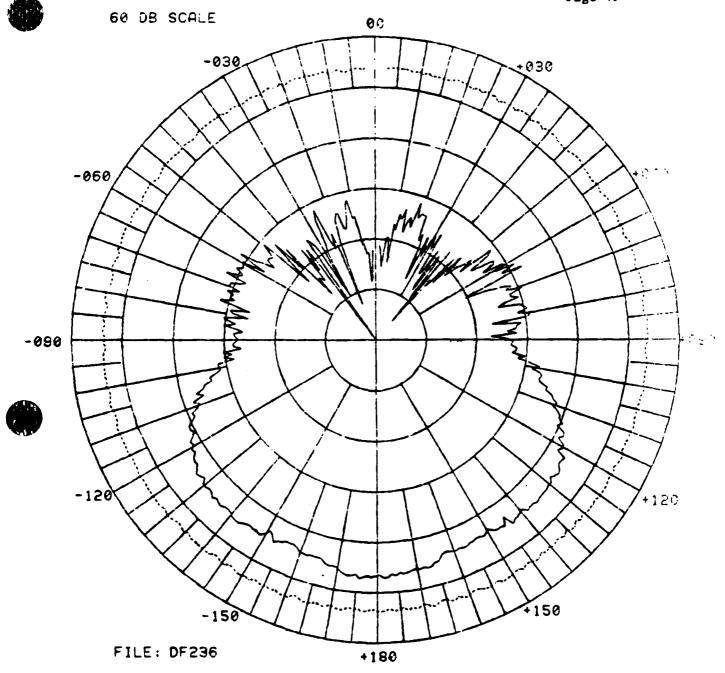
SCAN NR:

FREQ NR:

PLOT____ AA

PLOT..... AB

-40.00



STEP ANGLE:

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F9

CONFIGURATION 6

SCAN NR:



Engineering Report

APPENDIX 9 ER 101E2240 Page 1



Appendix 9 contains AN/ALQ-162 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. They are in polar plot format. These patterns cover frequencies F10, F11, and F12 and elevations of +40° through -40° for both the forward and aft antennas. They are arranged as follows:

DF207 - Forward antenna, upper hemisphere

DF208 - Forward antenna, upper hemisphere horizon

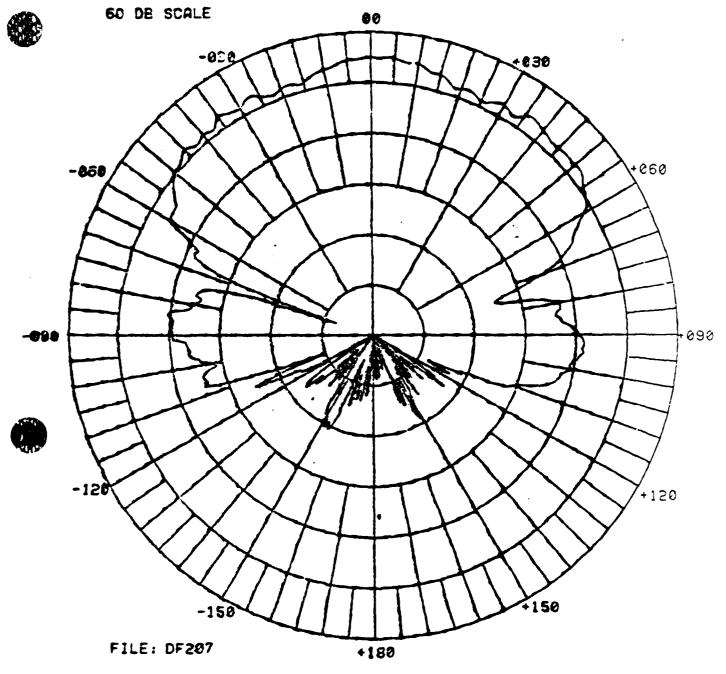
DF216 -- Aft antenna, upper hemisphere

DF217 -- Aft antenna, upper hemisphere

DF234 - Aft antenna, lower hemisphere



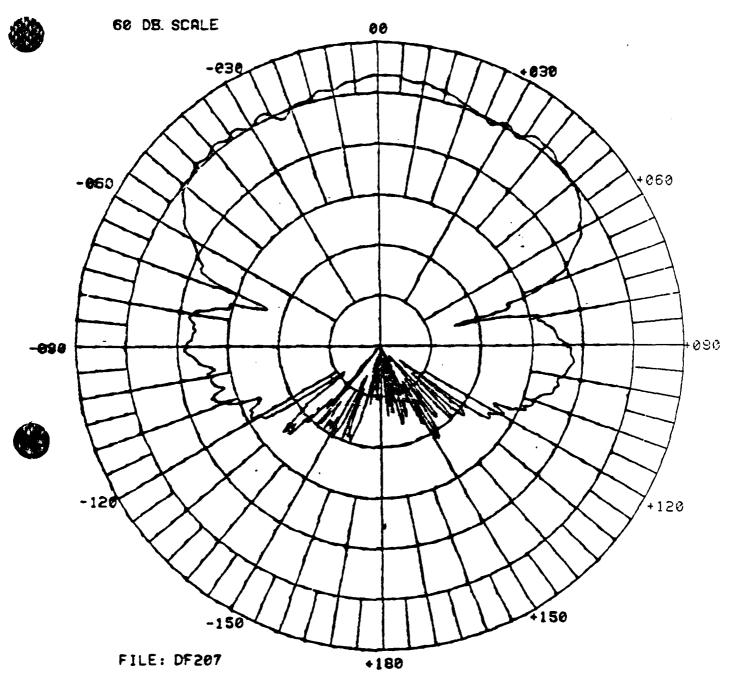




SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ MR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): FID





PLOT____ AA 10.00

F10 FREG MR: 1 FREQ(MHZ);

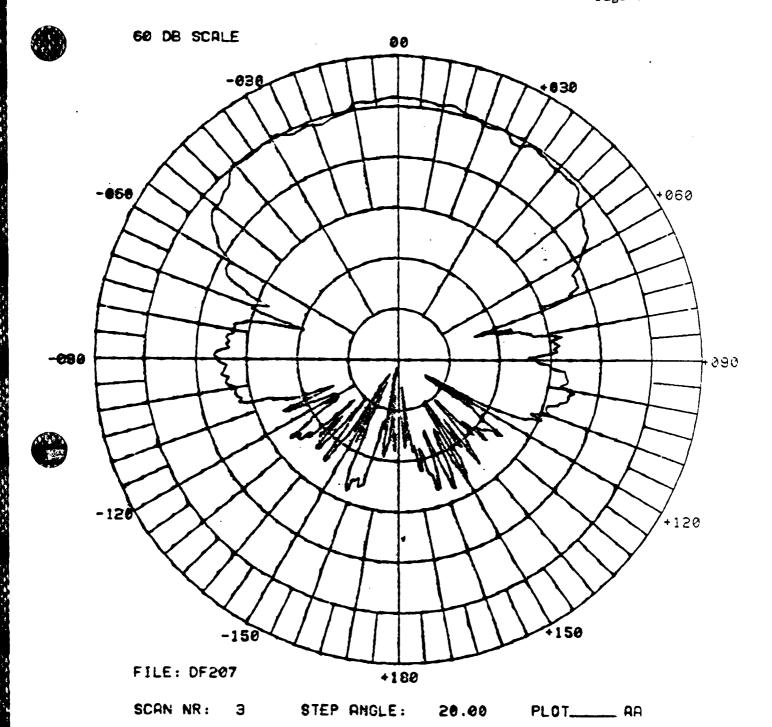
STEP ANGLE:

CONFIGURATION 2

2

SCAN NR:





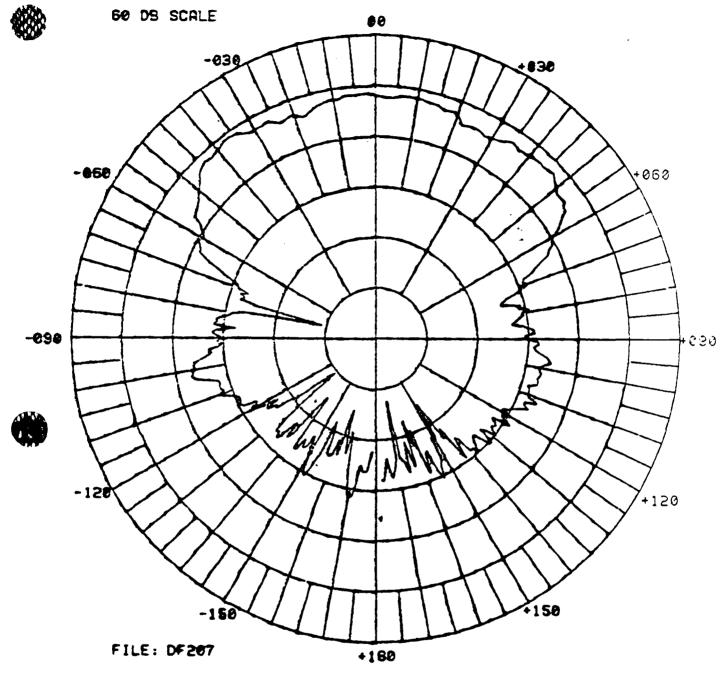
FREQ(MHZ):

F10

CONFIGURATION 2

1

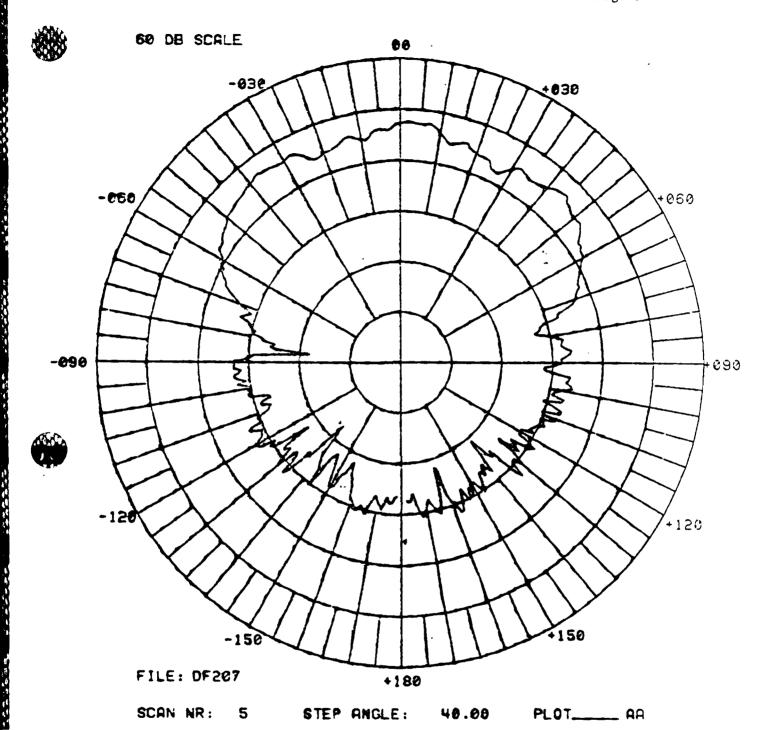
FREQ NR:



SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 38.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 1 FREQ (MHZ): FIO





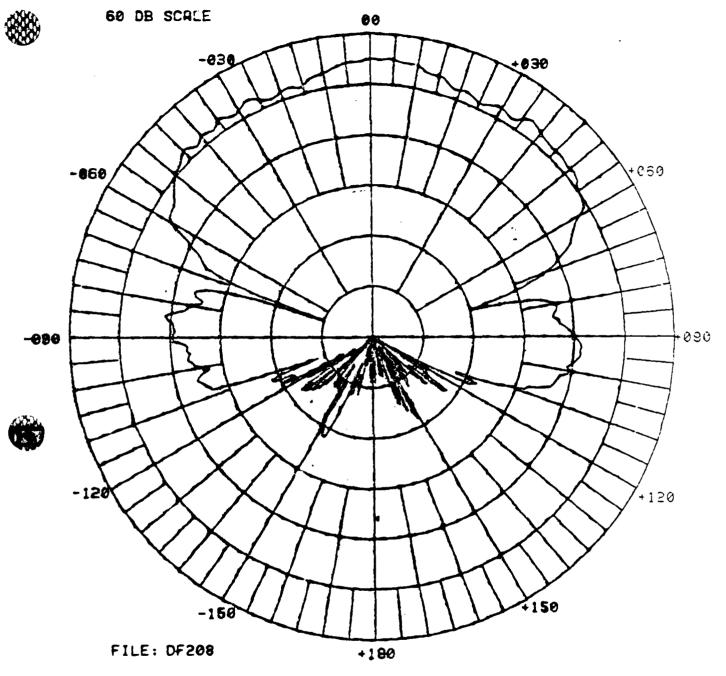
FIO

FREQ(MHZ):

CONFIGURATION 2

FREQ NR:

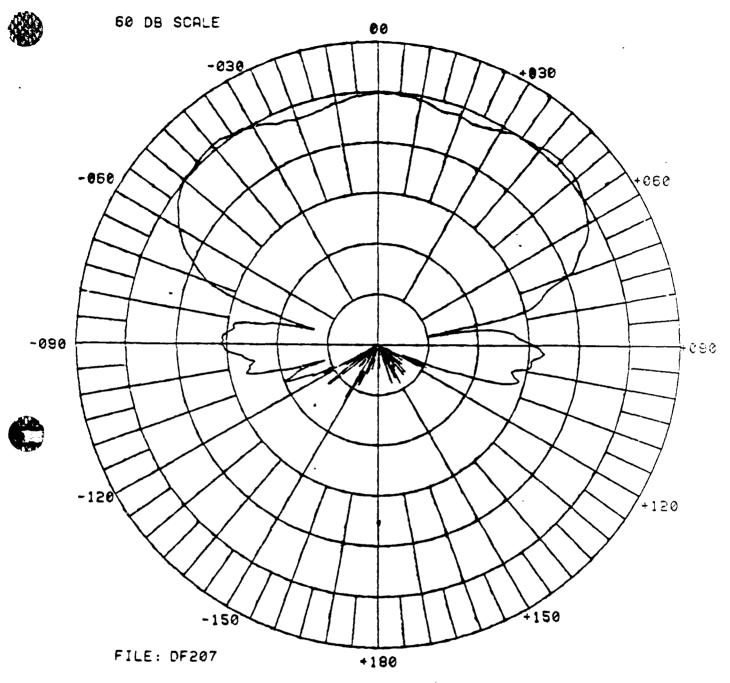




SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): FID





SCAN NR: 1

STEP ANGLE:

0.00

PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR:

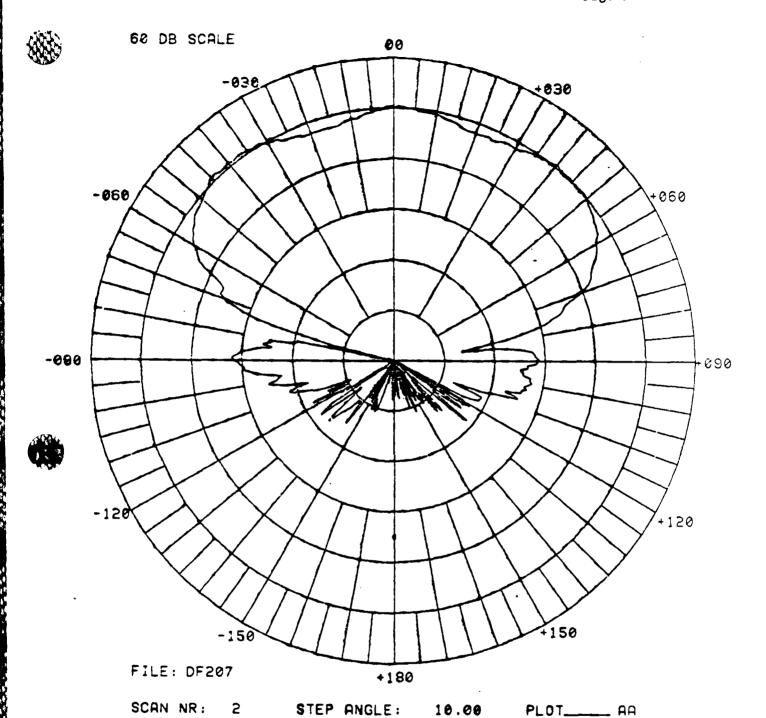
FREQ(MHZ):

FII

CONFIGURATION 2

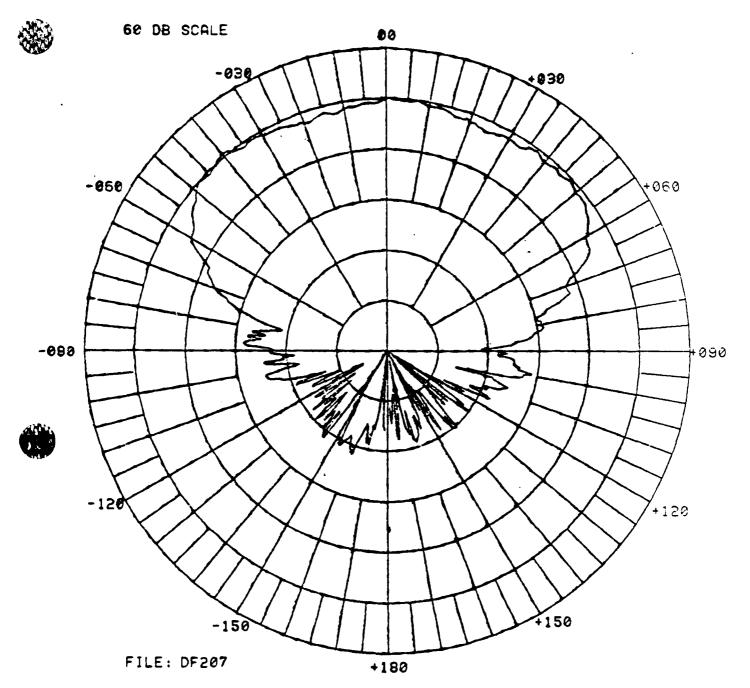
2





FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): FI

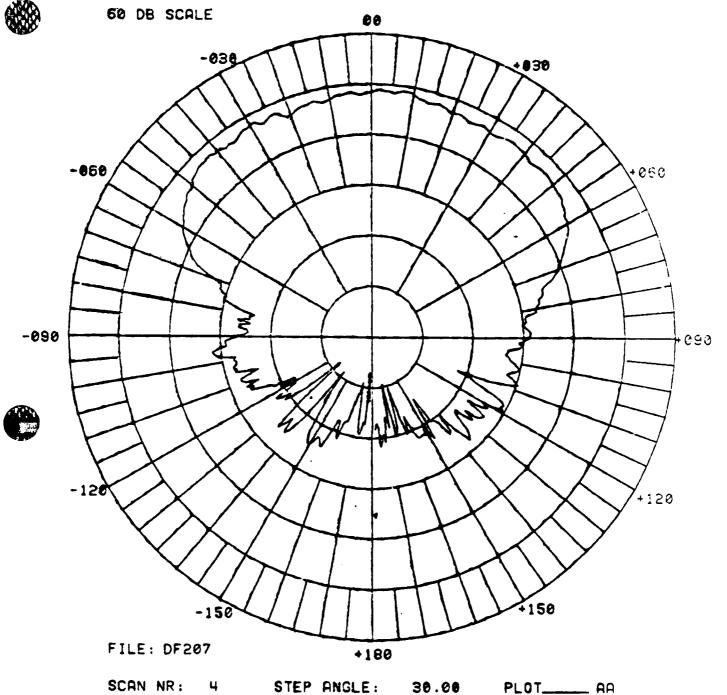




SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): FI

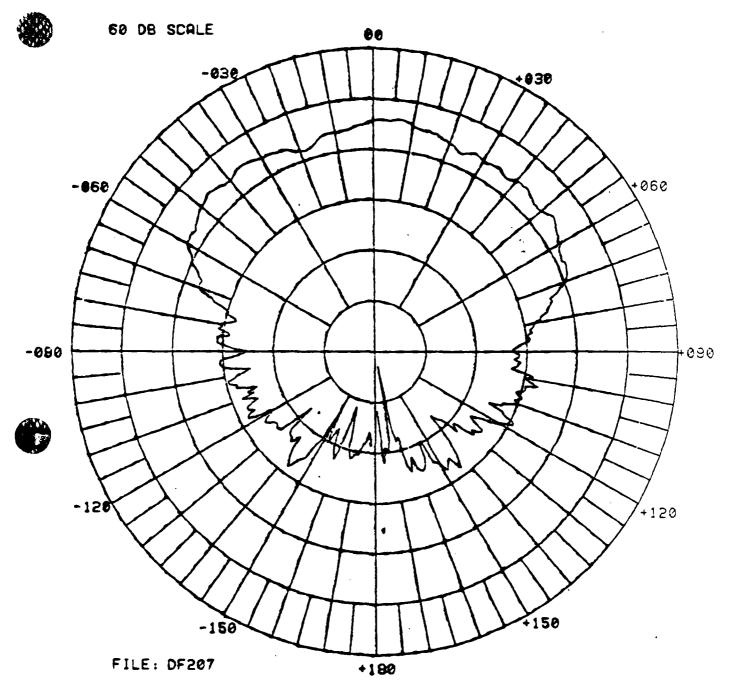




FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): FIL



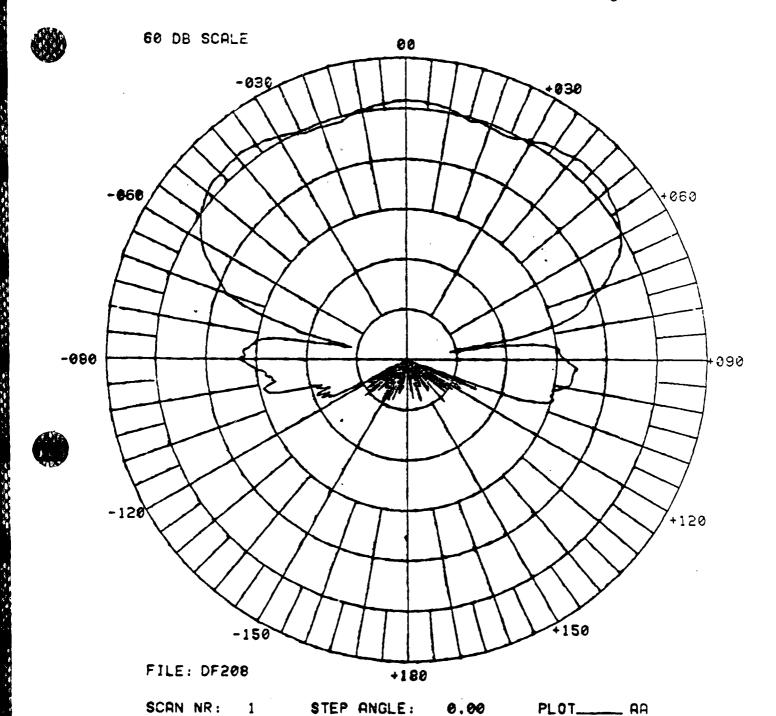
PLOT____ RA



SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): FI





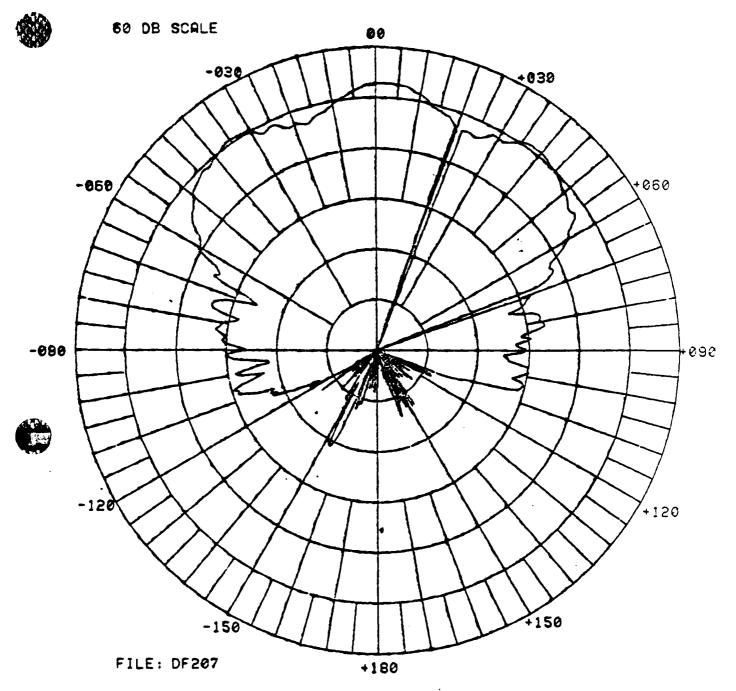
FII

CONFIGURATION 2

2

FREQ(MHZ):

FREQ NR:



SCAN NR: 1

STEP ANGLE:

0.00

PLOT____ AA

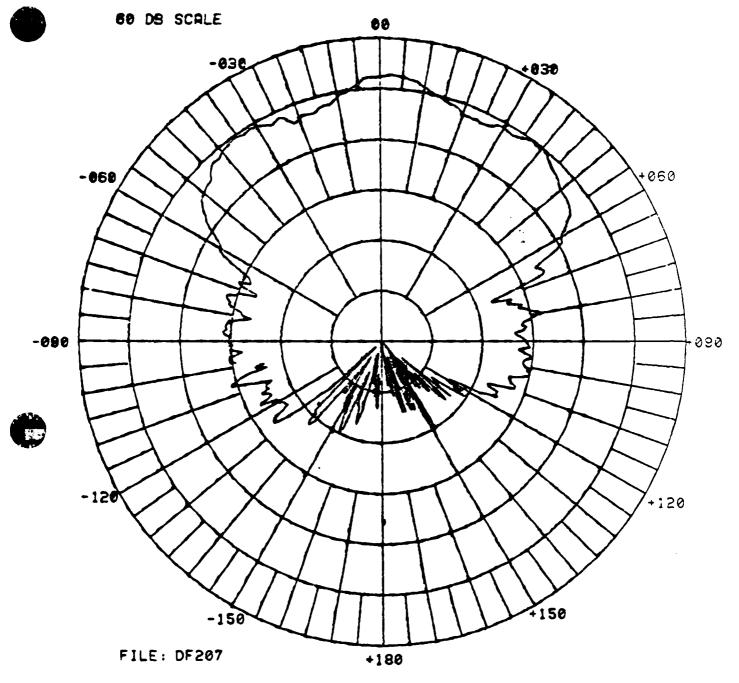
FREG NR:

3

FREQ(MHZ):

F12





SCAN NR: 2

STEP ANGLE:

10.00

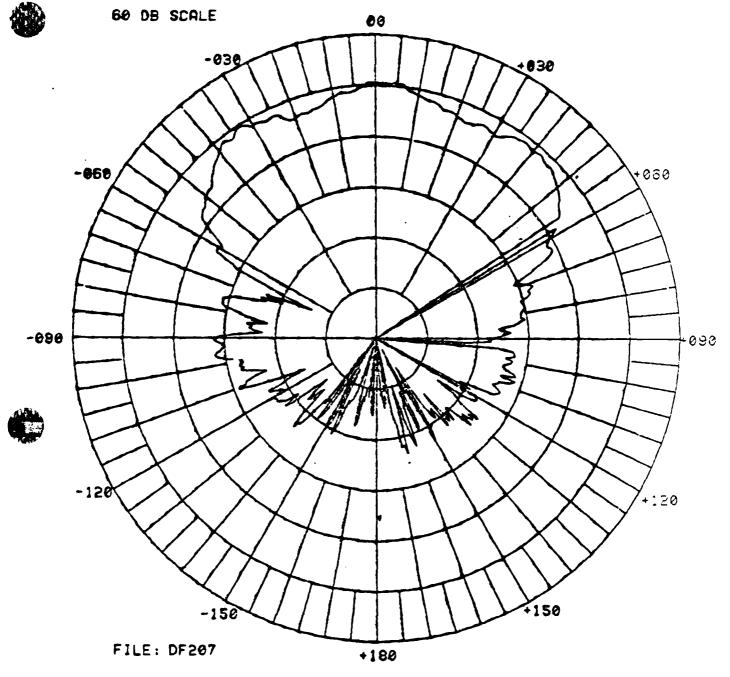
PLOT____ AR

FREQ NR: 3

FREQ(MHZ):

F12



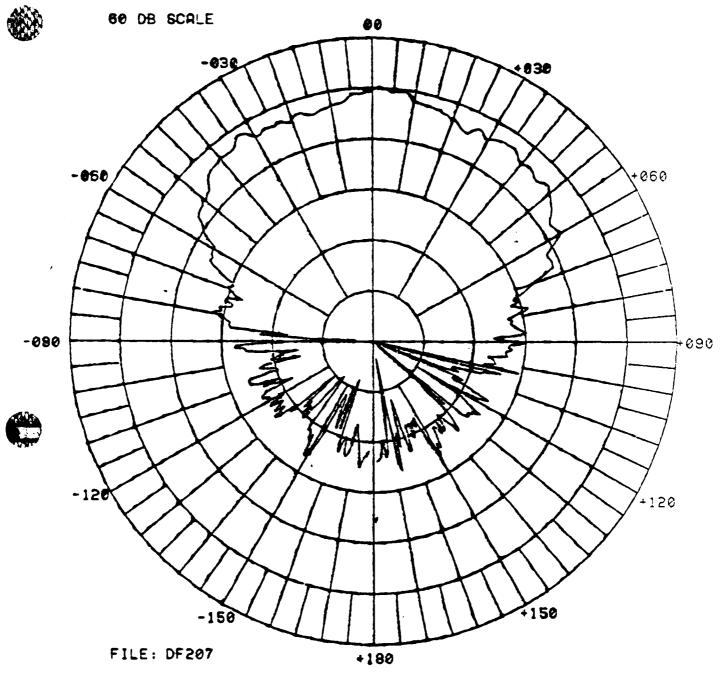


SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F/2

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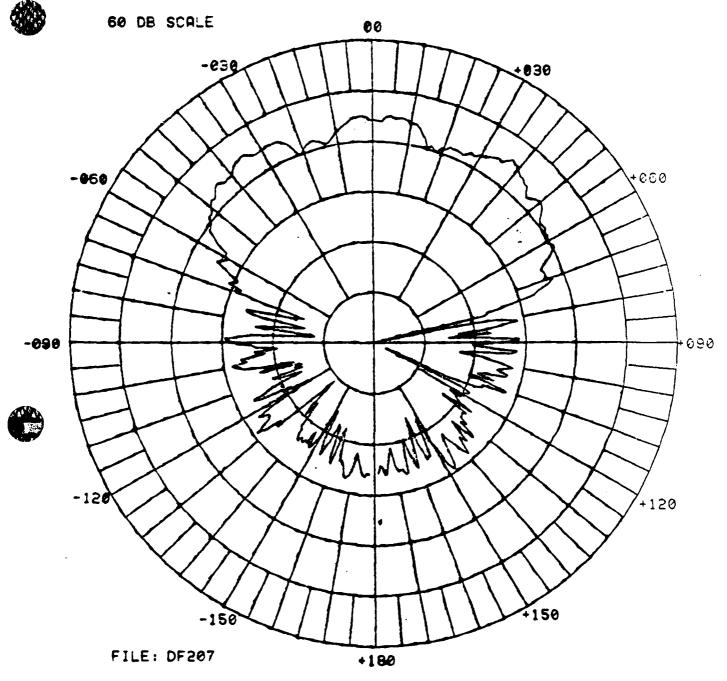




SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F/2

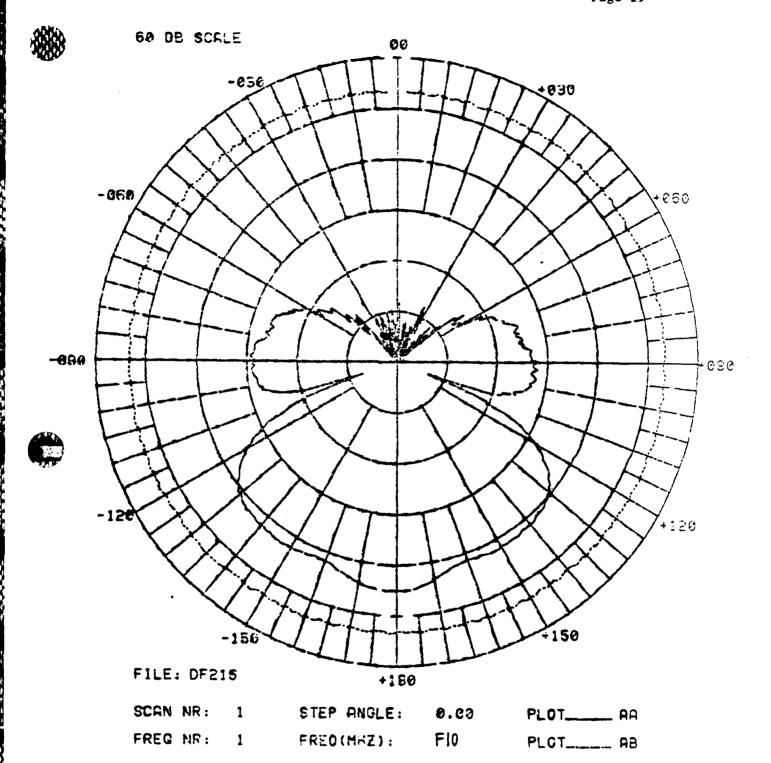




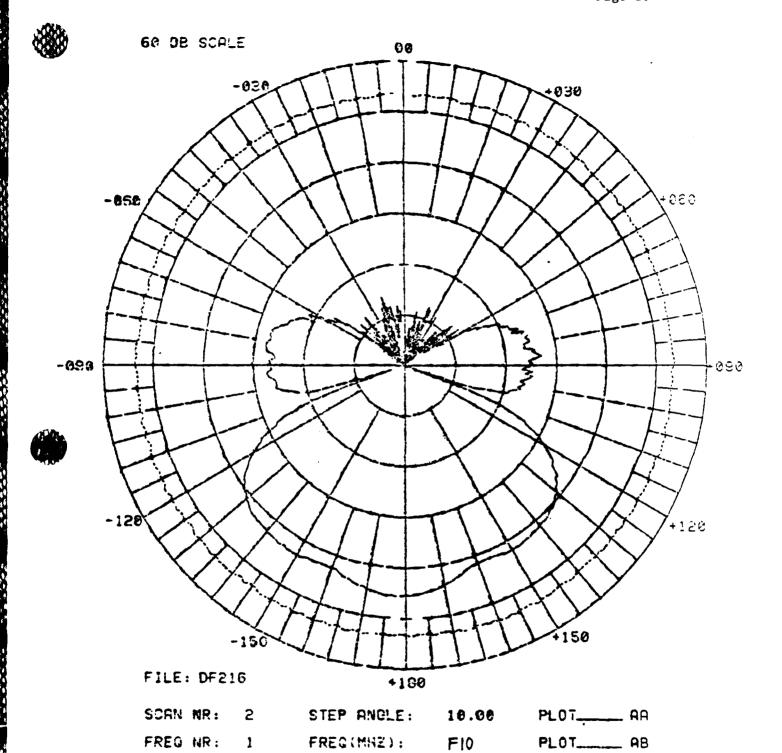
SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F12

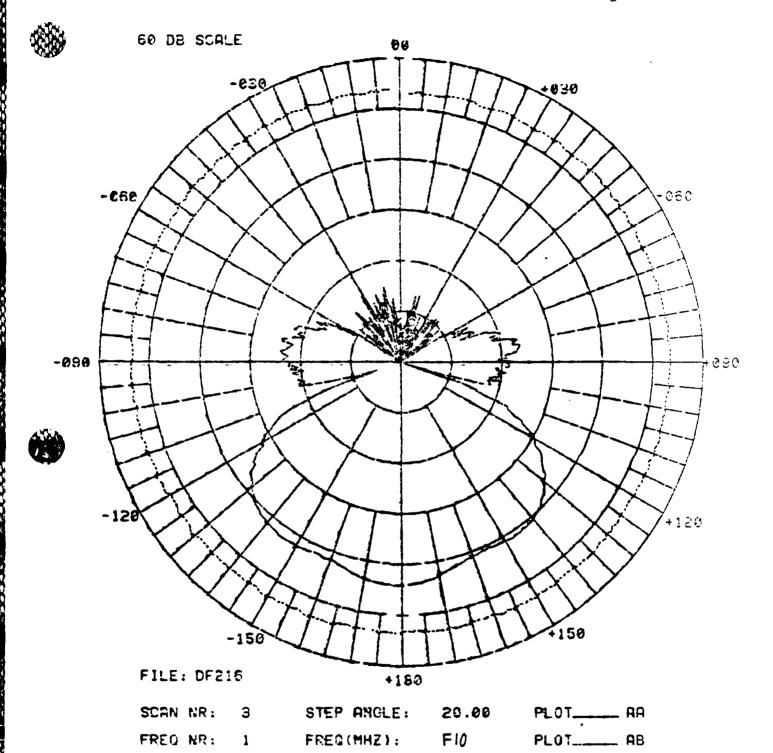




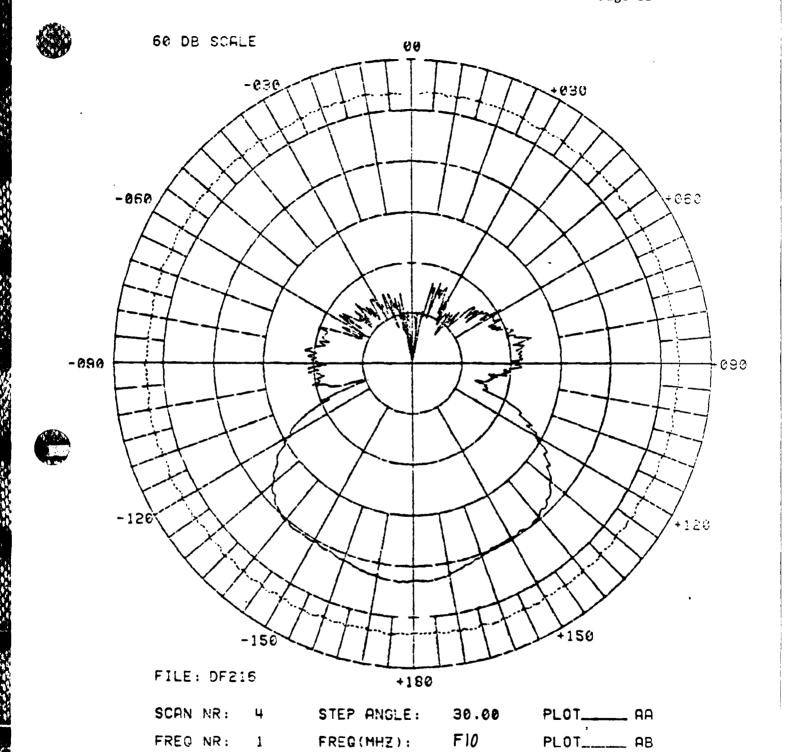




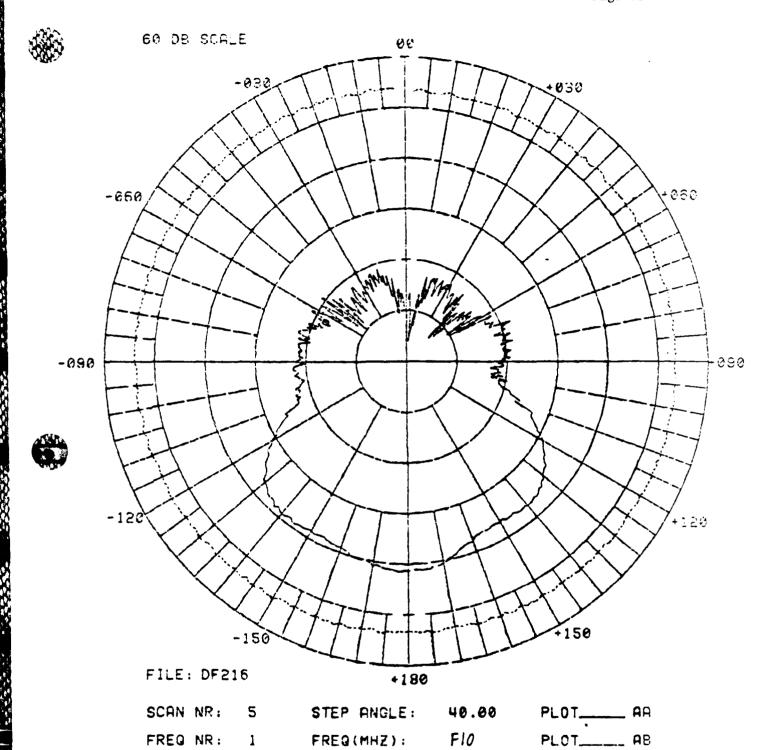




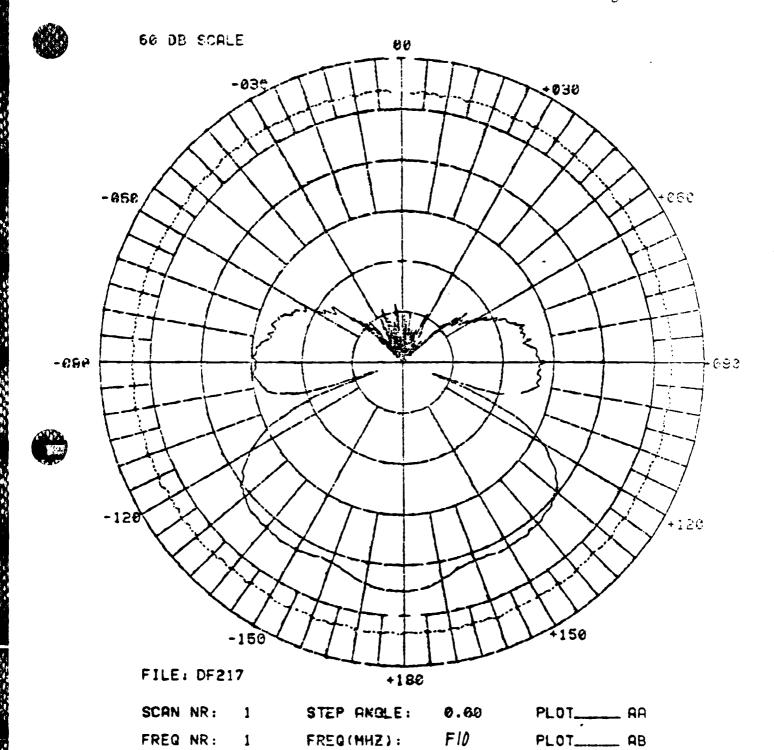




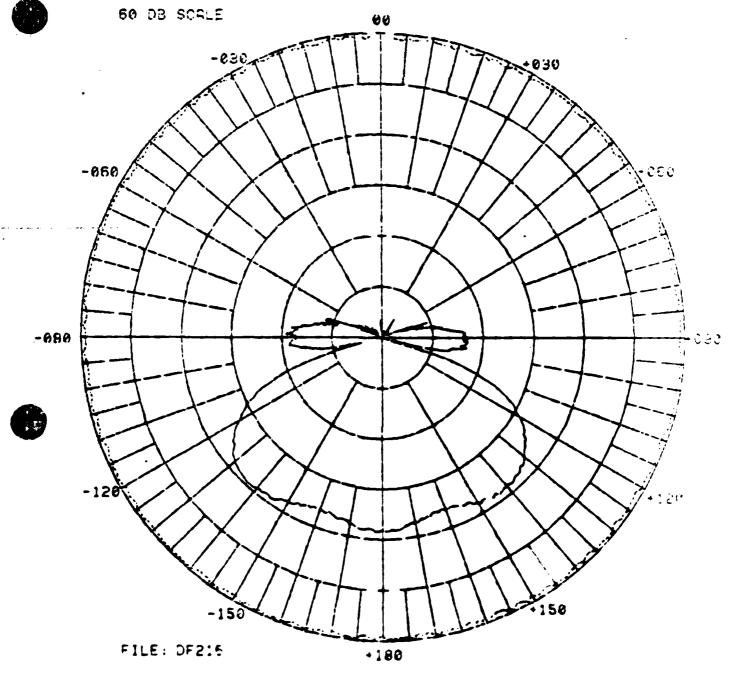












SCPN NR: 1

STEP ANGLE:

0.00 PLO

PLOT____ AA

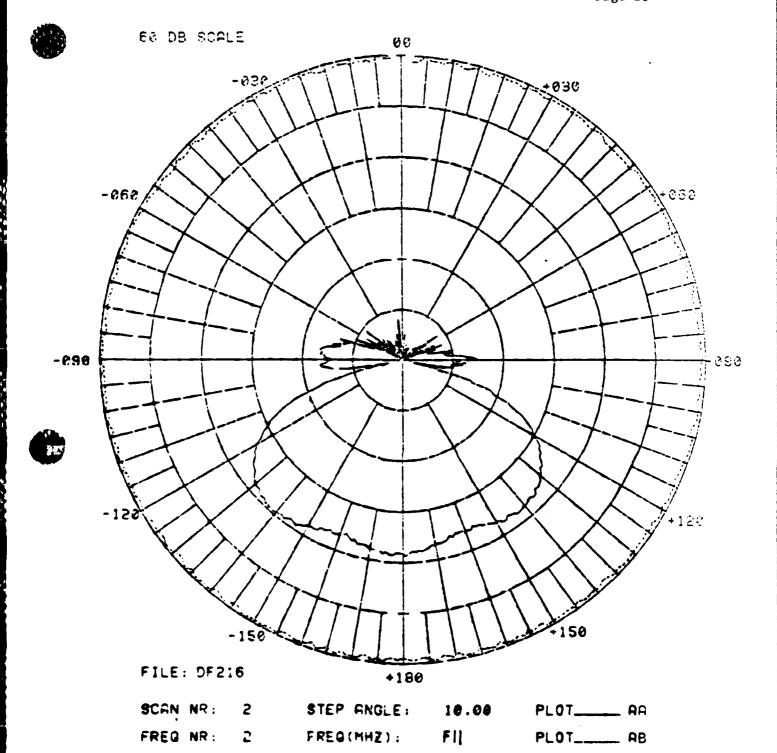
FREQ NR: 2

FREG(MHZ):

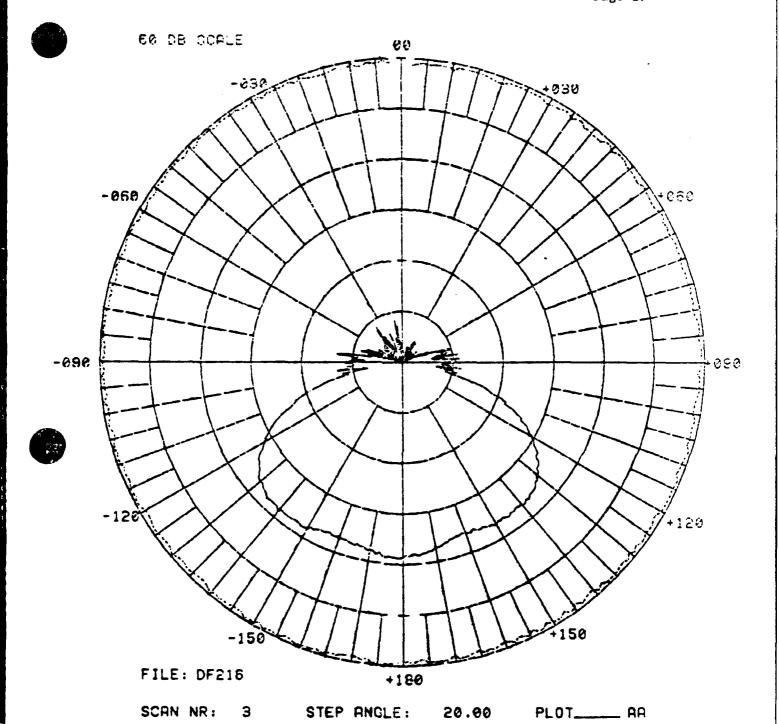
FII

PLOT____ AB

CONFICURATION 5

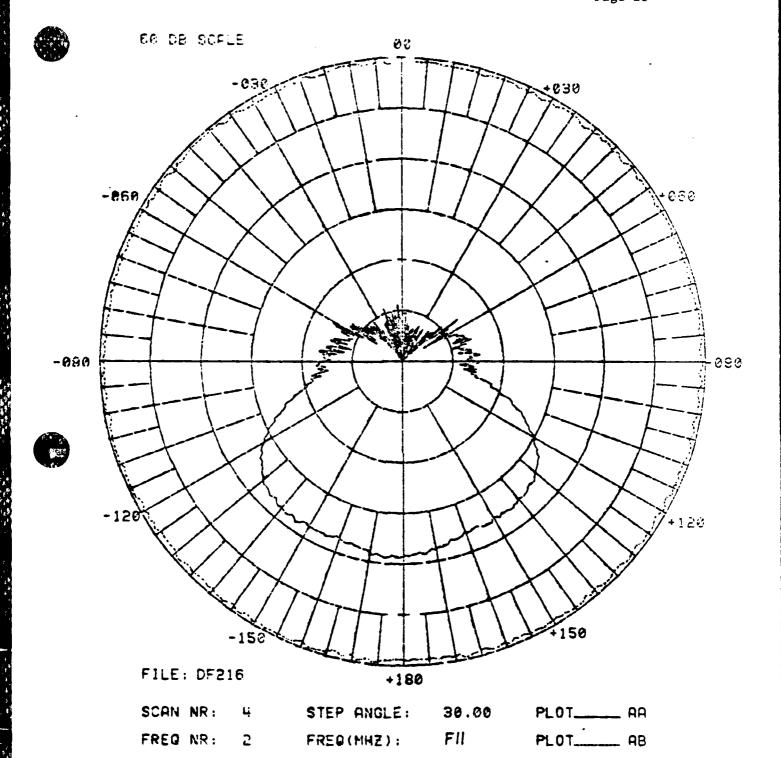


PLOT____ AB

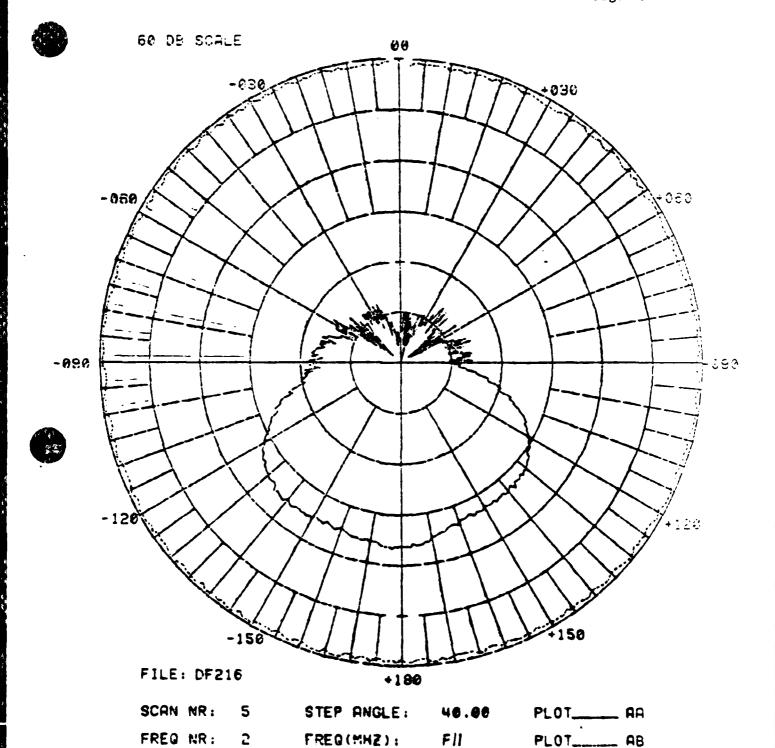


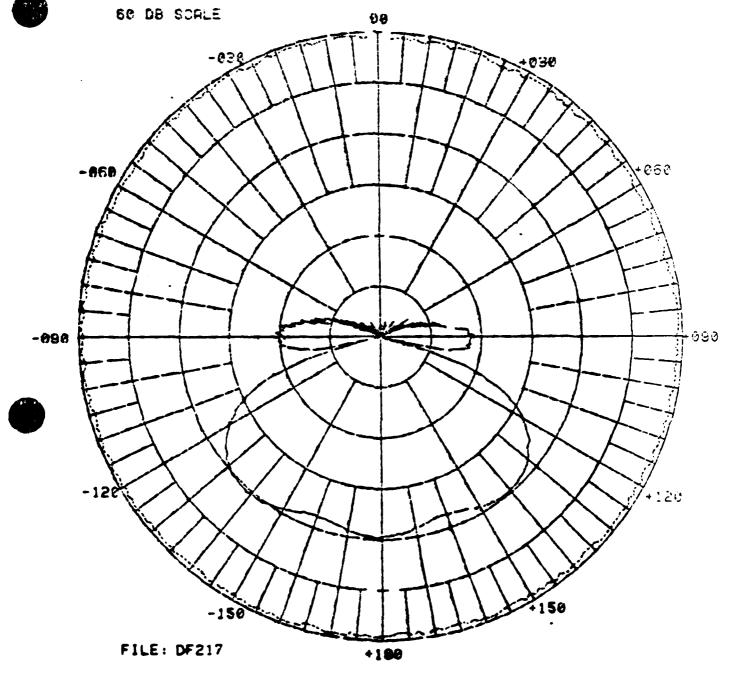
CONFIGURATION 5

FREQ NR: 2 FREQ (MHZ): F//



CONFICURATION 5





SCAN NR:

STEP ANGLE:

0.00

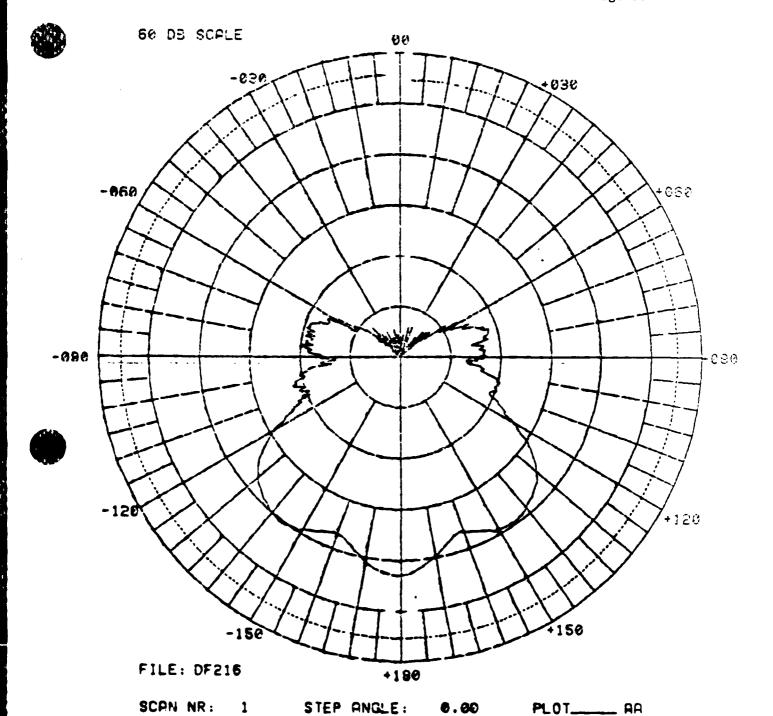
PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 2 FREC(MHZ):

FII

PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 5



Fl

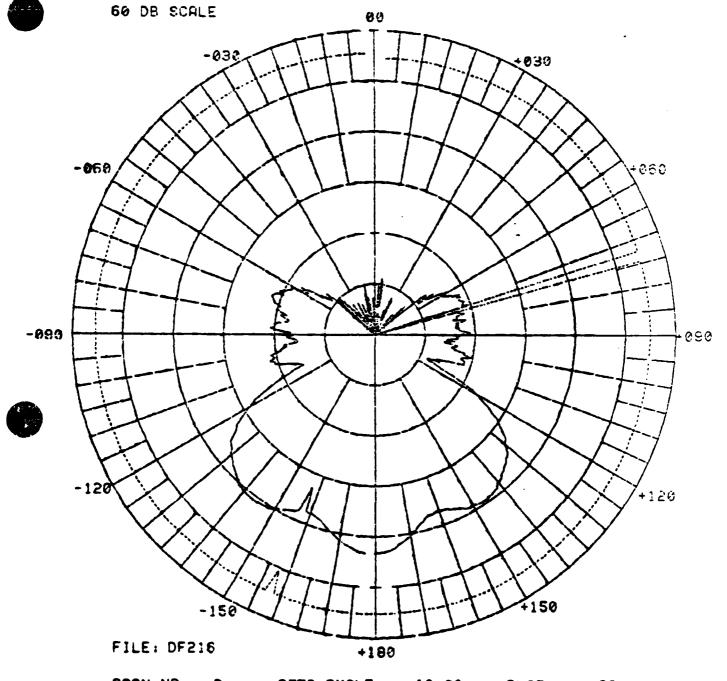
FREO(MHZ):

PLOT____ AB

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

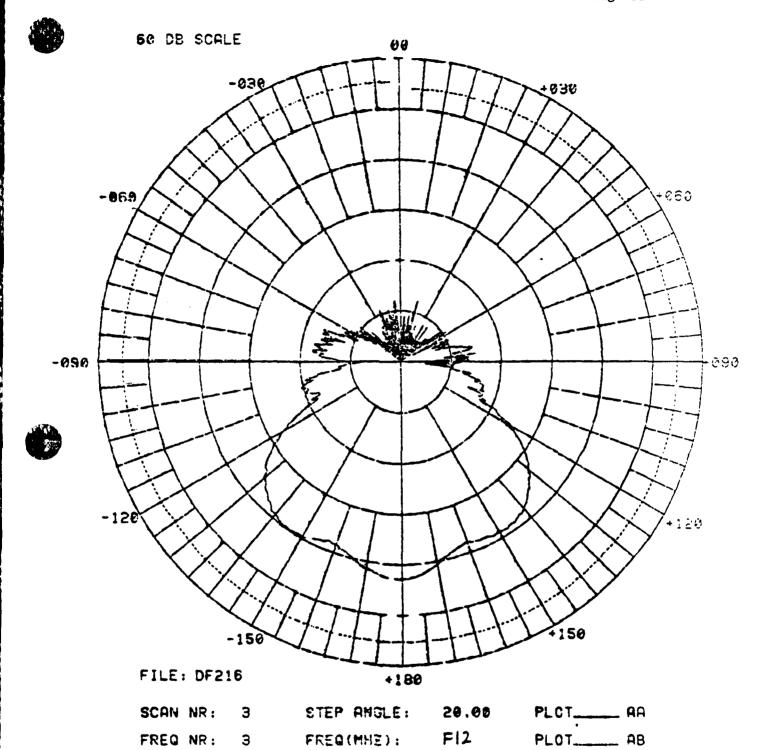
CONFIGURATION 5

FREG NR: 3



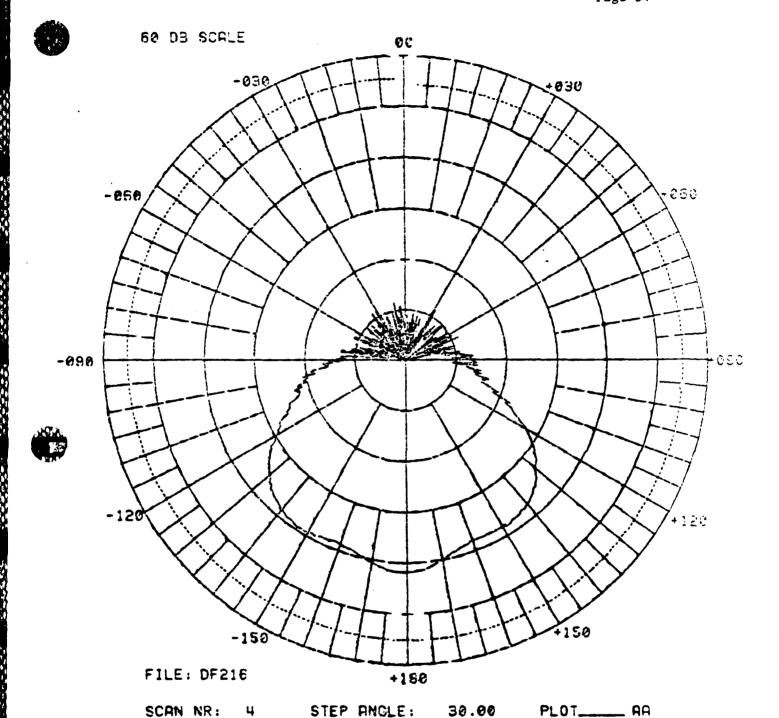
SCAN NR: 2 STEP RNGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA
FREG NR: 3 FREG(MHZ): F12 PLOT___ AB

CONFIGURATION 5



PLOT____ AB

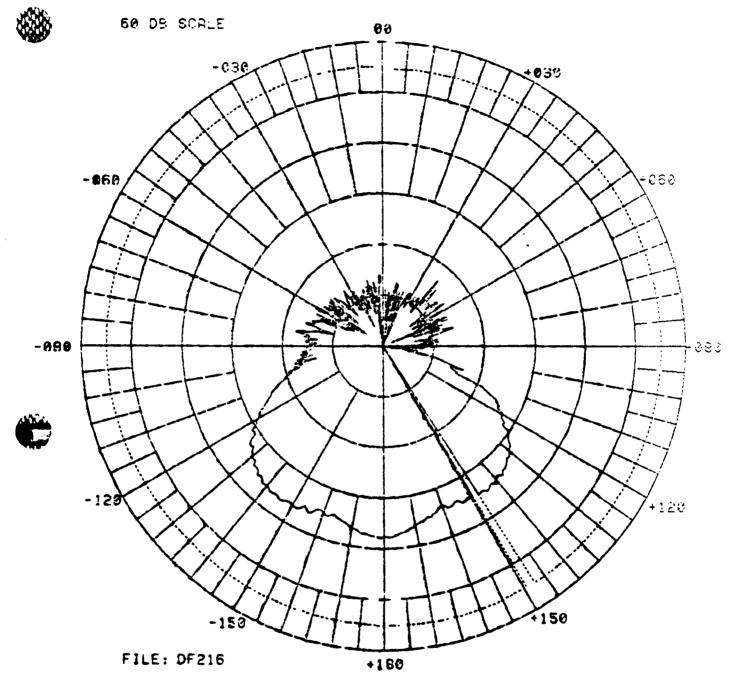
<mark>ĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸ</mark>



FREQ(MMZ): F12

CONFIGURATION 5

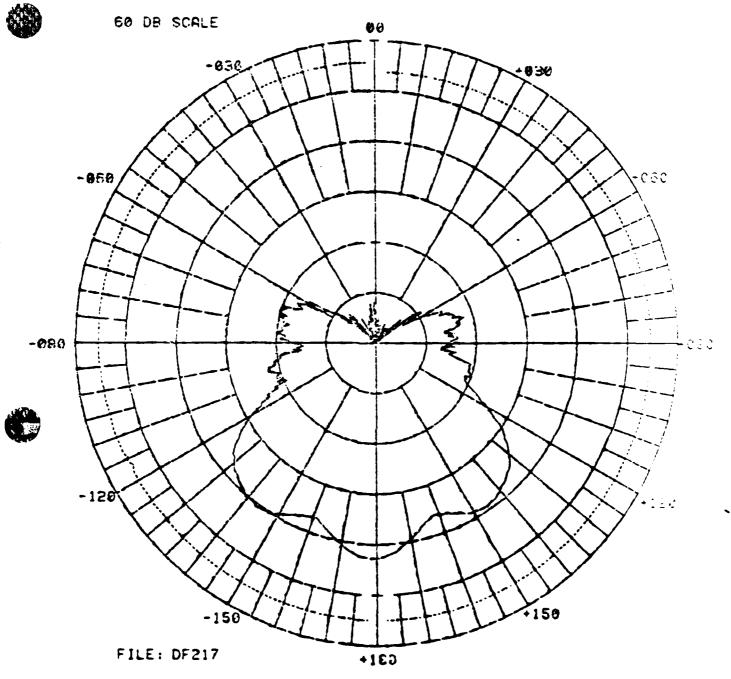
FREG NR: 3



SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 46.60 PLOT_____ AA
FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): F12 PLOT____ AB

CONFIGURATION 5



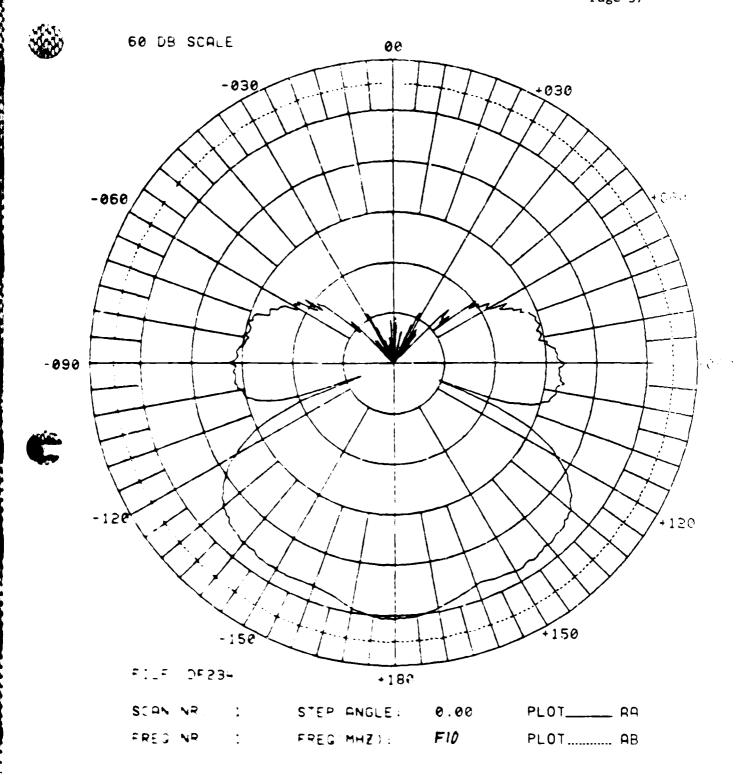


SCAN NR: 1 STEP ANGLE: 0.00 PLOT____ AR
FREG NR: 3 FREG(MHZ). F12 PLOT___ AB

CONFIGURATION 5

9 JUN 196-

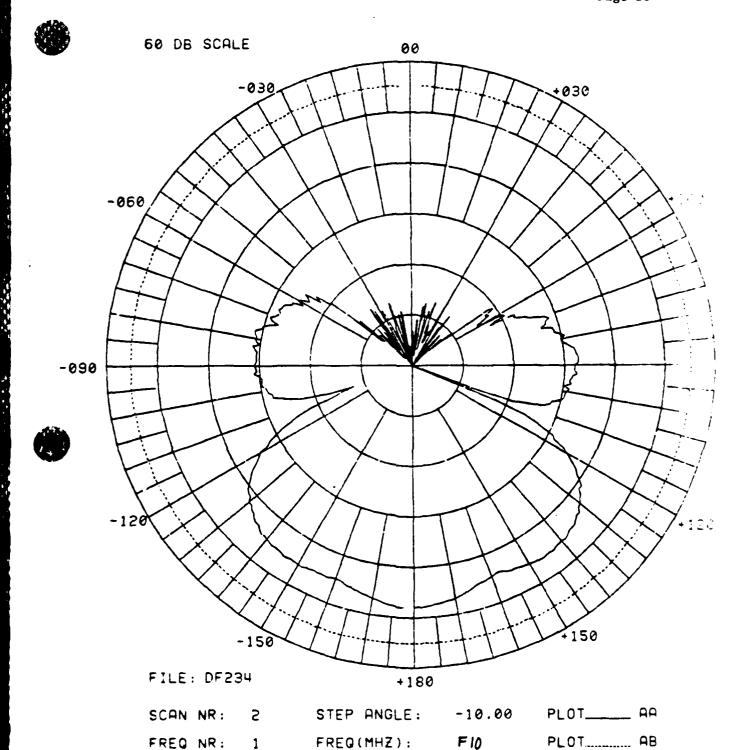




CONFIGURATION 6

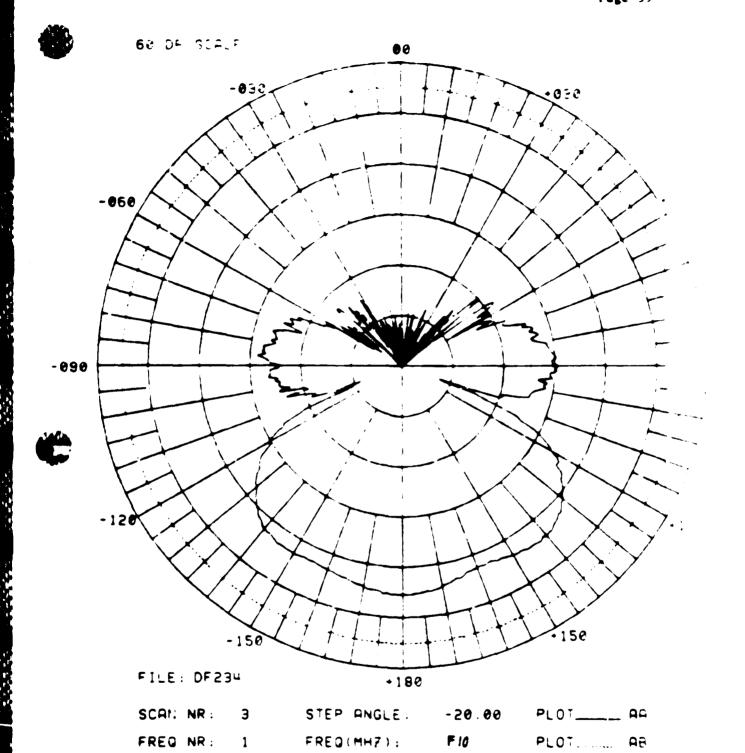
10 JL 84



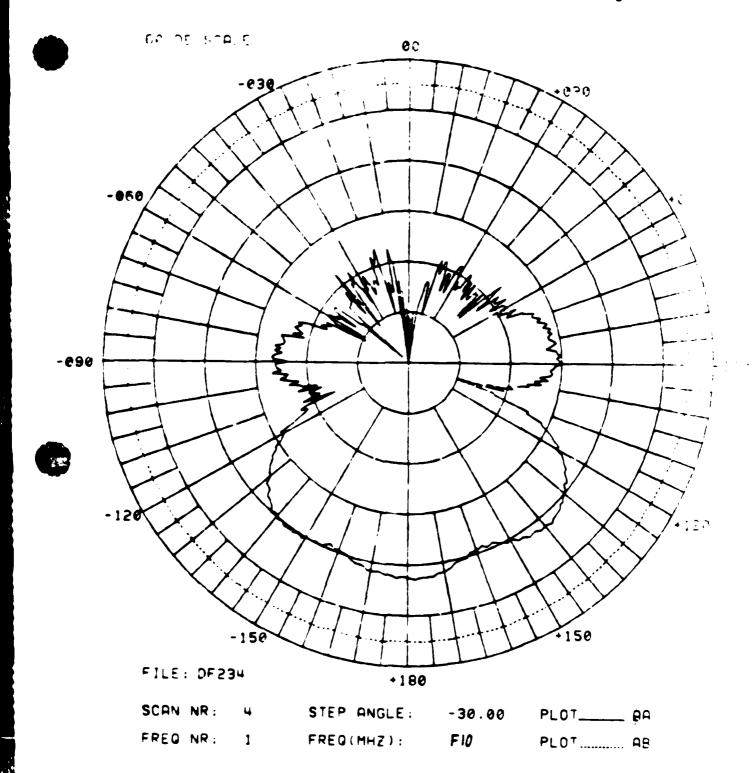


CONFIGURATION 6

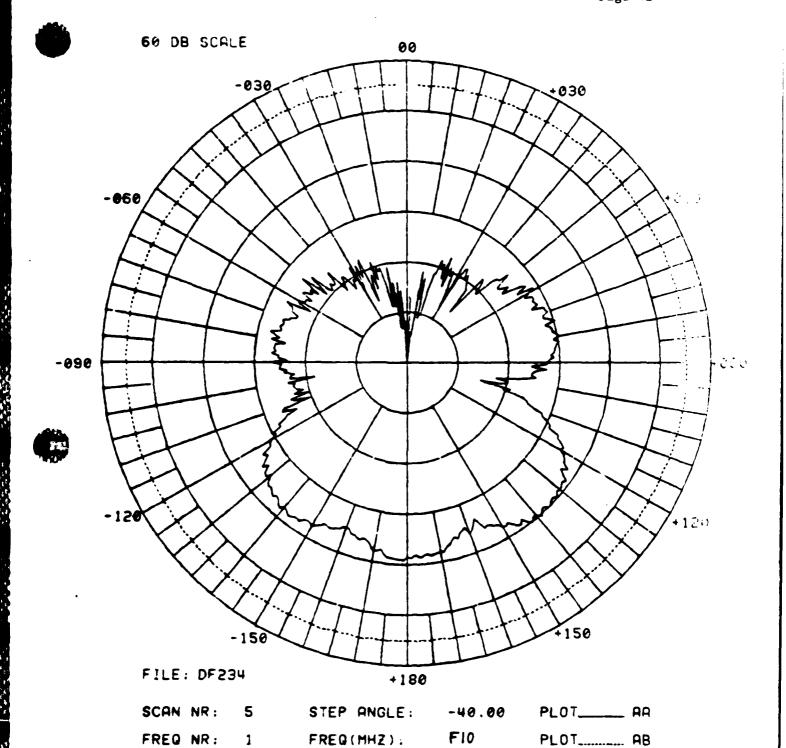
10 JUL 84



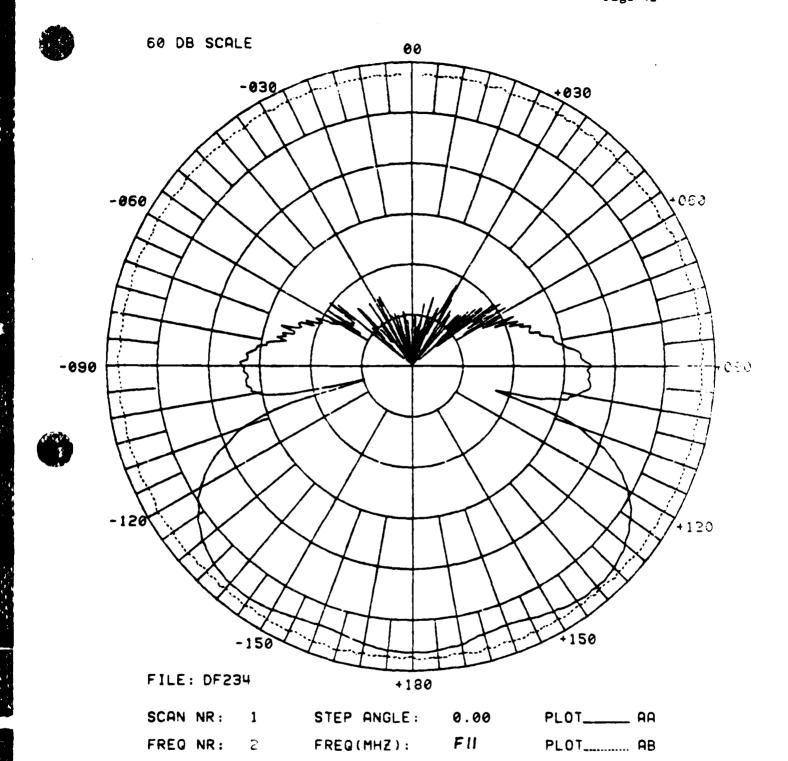
10 JUL 84



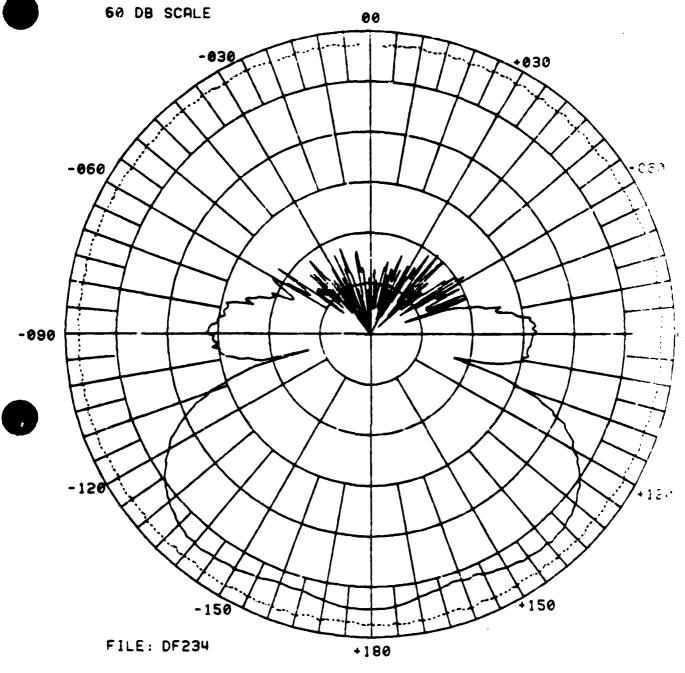
CONFIGURATION 6



CONFIGURATION 6

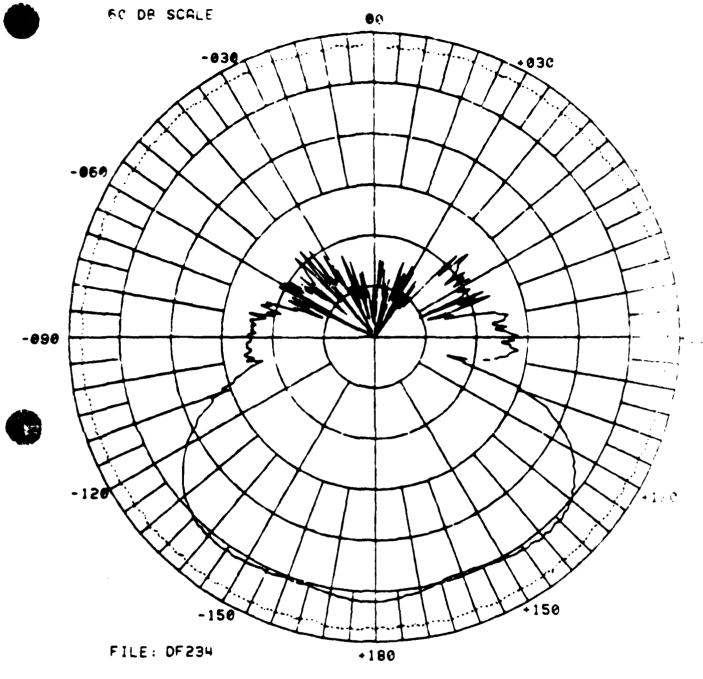


CONFIGURATION 6



SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: -10.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): FII PLOT____ AB

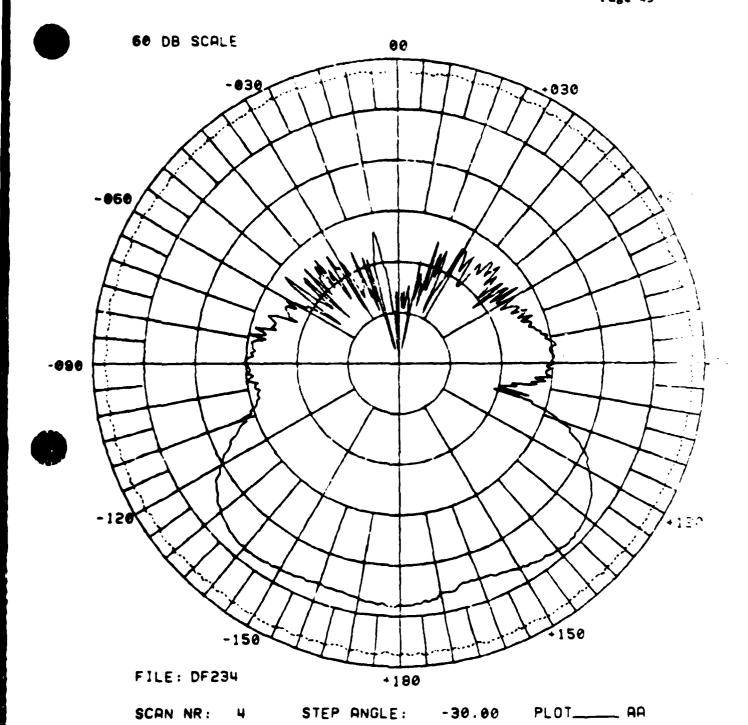
CONFIGURATION 6
10 JUL 84



SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: -20.00 PLOT____ AA
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F// PLOT____ AB

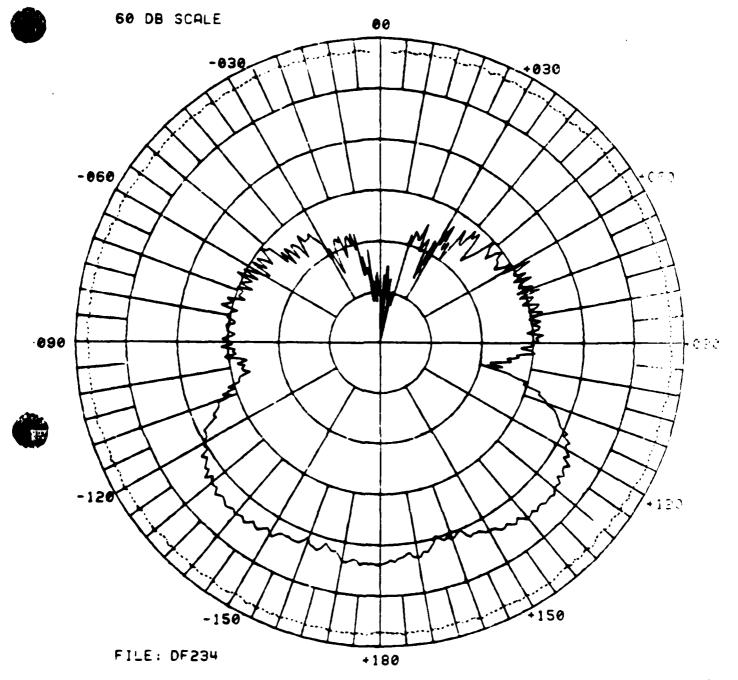
CONFIGURATION 6
10 JUL 84

PLOT AB



FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): FII

CONFIGURATION 6

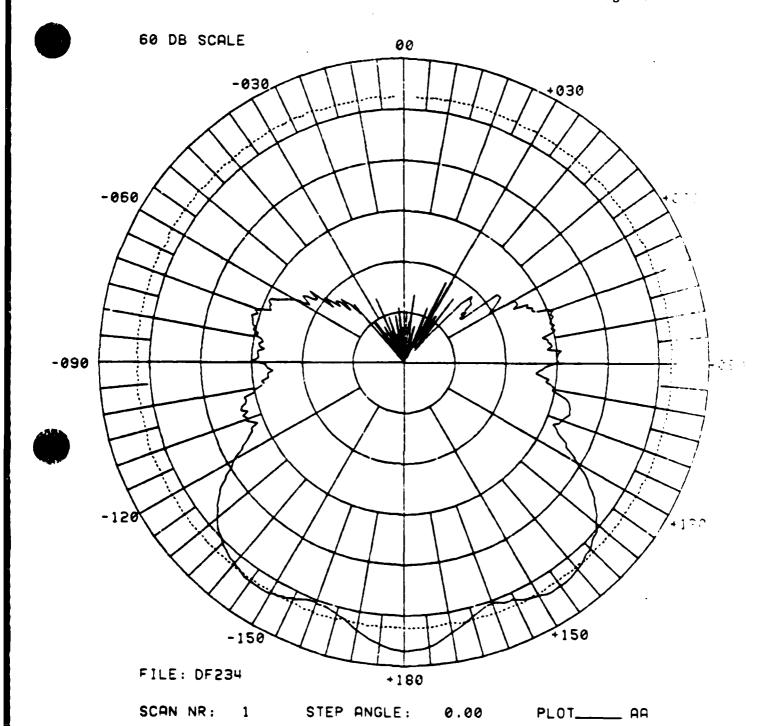


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: -40.00 PLOT_____ AA
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): FII PLOT_____ AB

CONFIGURATION 6

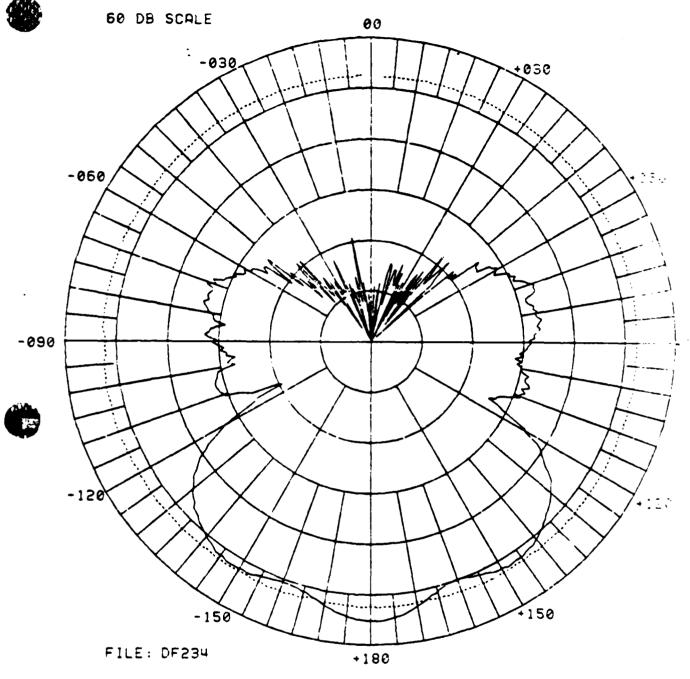


PLOT..... AB



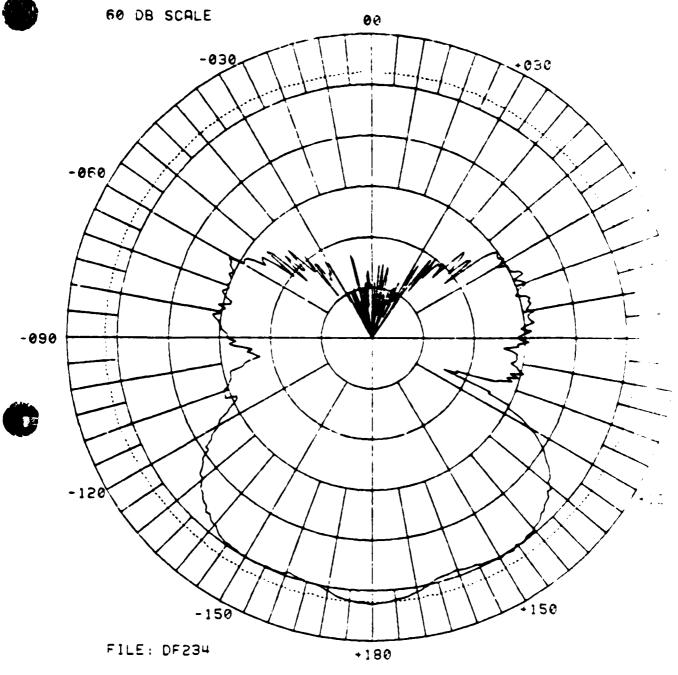
CONFIGURATION 6

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F12



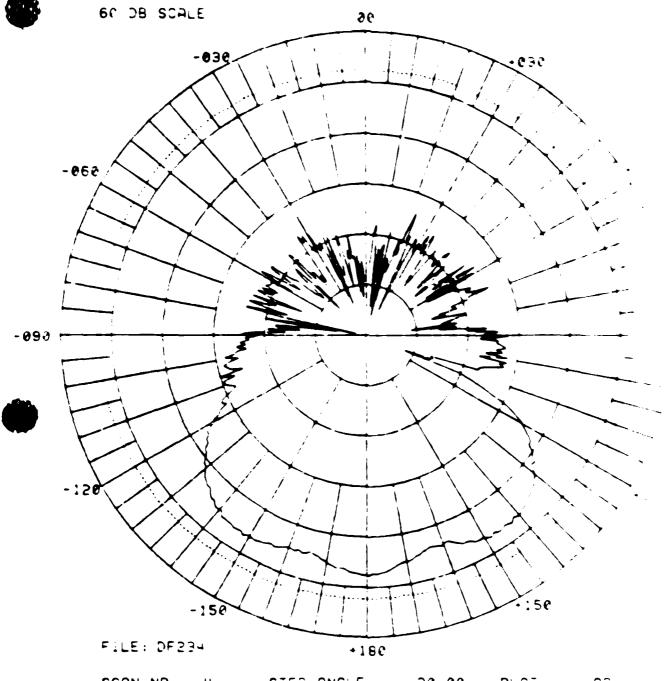
CONFIGURATION 6
10 JUL 84





CONFIGURATION 6
10 JUL 84

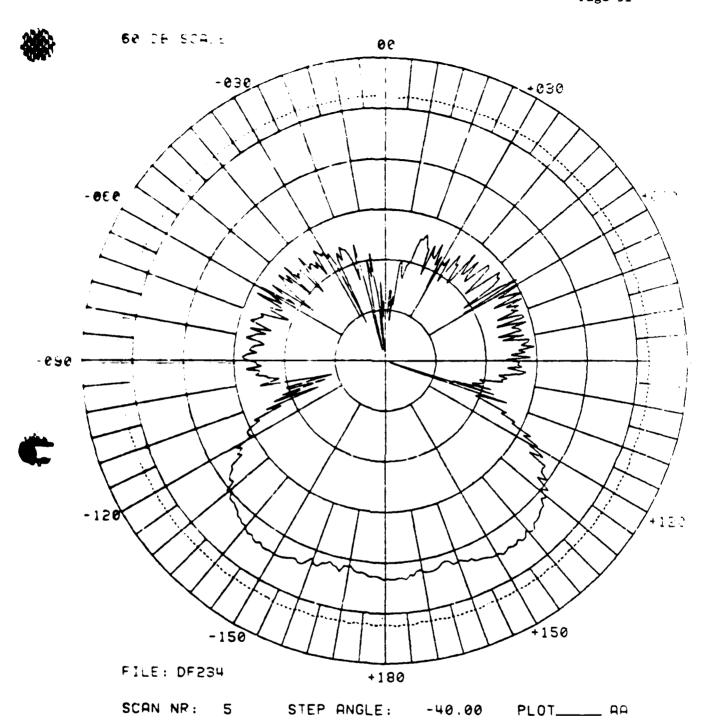




SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: -30.00 PLCT_____ AA

FREG NR: 3 FREG(MHZ): F12 PLOT AB

CONFIGURATION 6

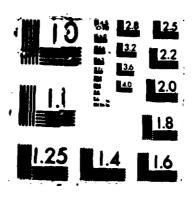


FREQ(MHZ): F12

CONFIGURATION 6

FREQ NR: 3

ANTENNA LOCATION SURVEY REPORT FOR THE AN/ALO-156 AND AN/ALO-162 SYSTEMS(U) BEECH AIRCRAFT CORP HICHITA KS G J MARTIN 29 OCT 84 ER-181E2240 DAAK50-83-C-0056 F/G 17/4 AD-A181 539 7/7 UNCLASSIFIED NL





Engineering Report

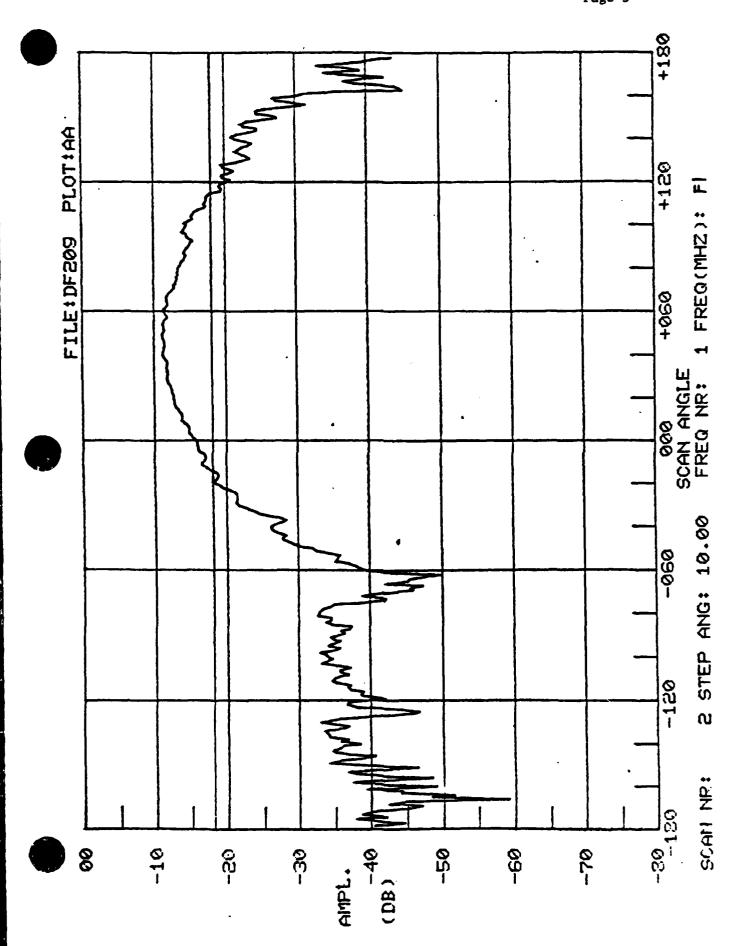
APPENDIX 10 ER 101E2240 Page 1

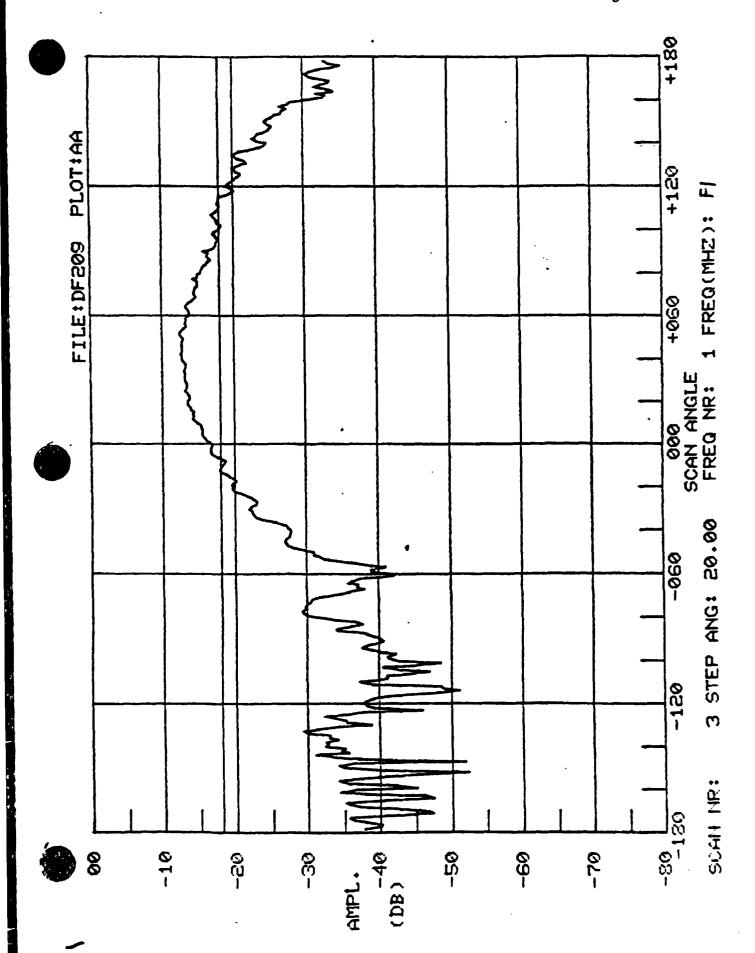


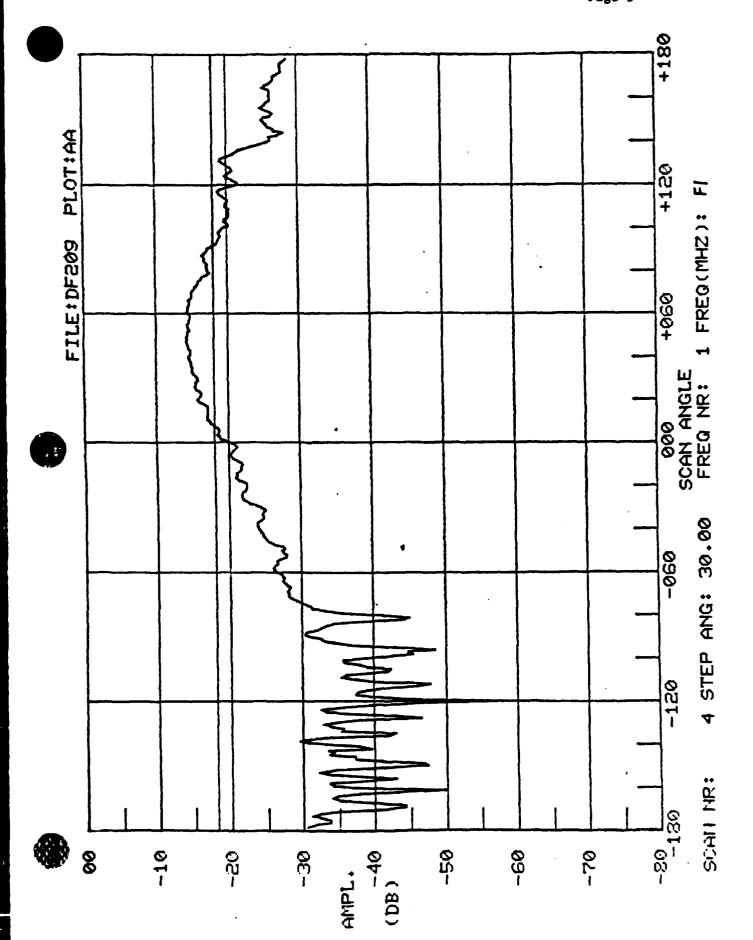
Appendix 10 contains AN/ALQ-156 antenna patterns as recorded by the 20/20 system during test. This was an unscheduled test using the planar slot (flat) antenna in place of the coffee can antenna. The test data is included here for reference only. The data is for the forward antenna, upper hemisphere only.

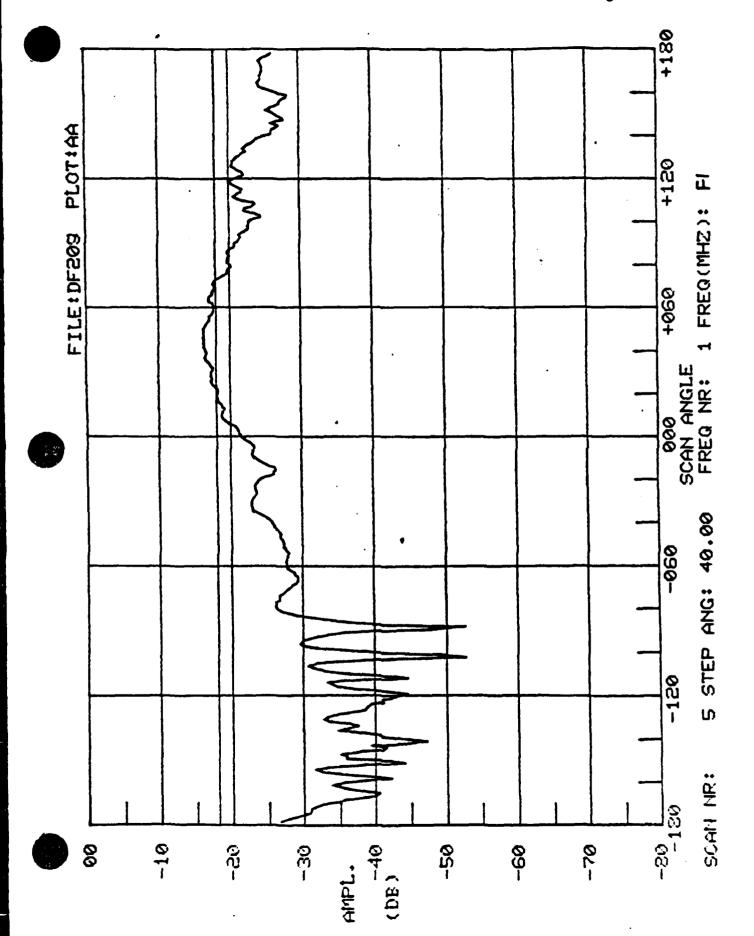


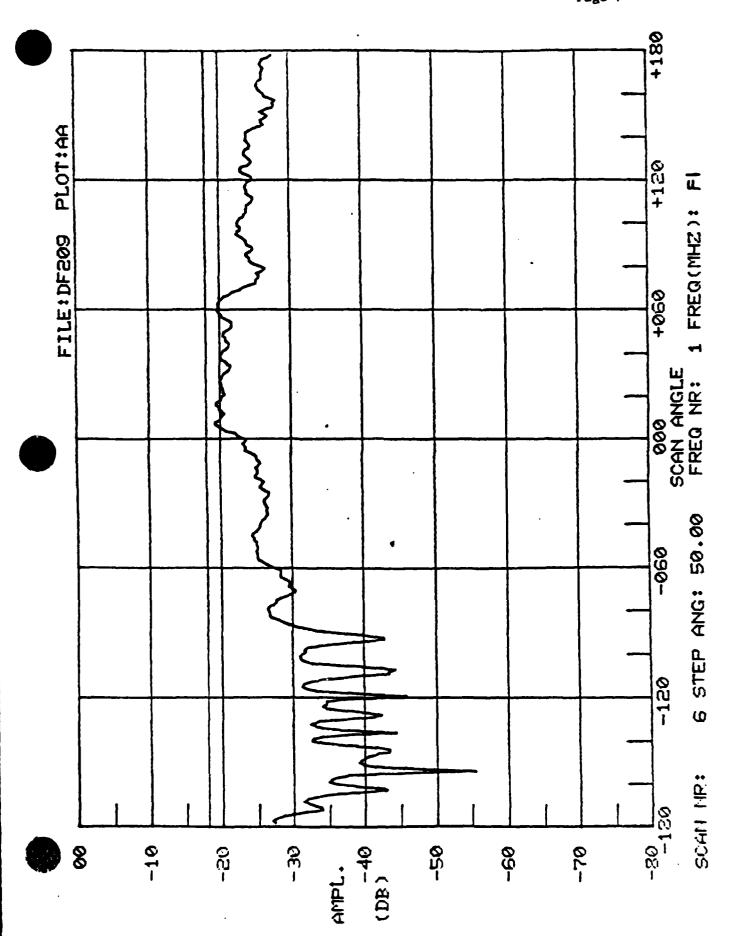
AMPL.

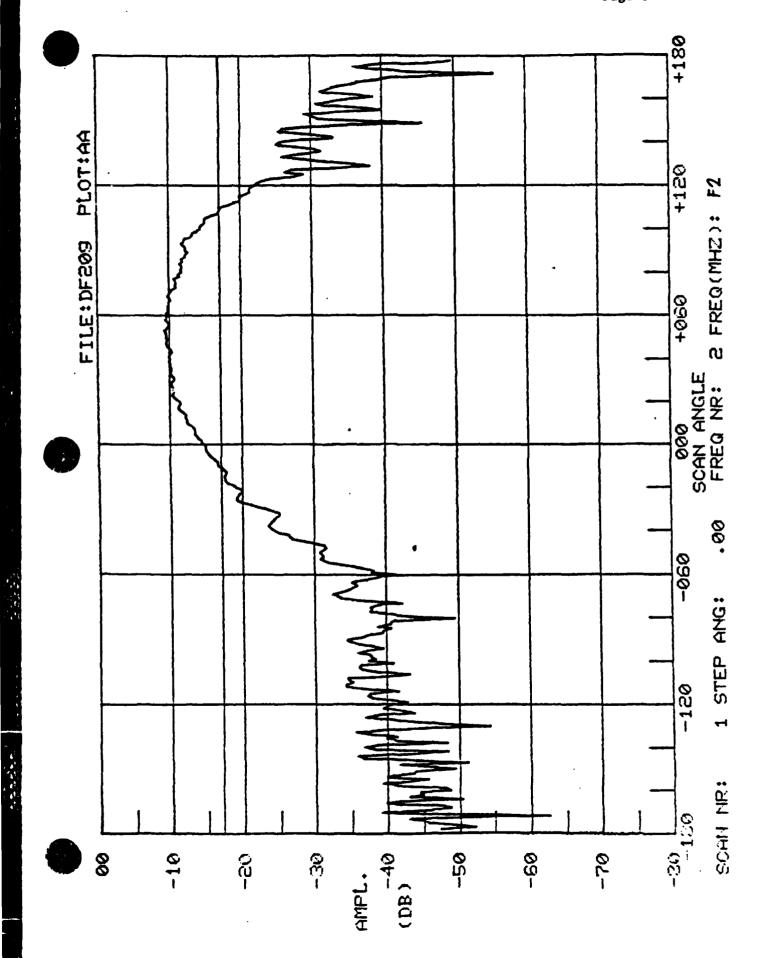


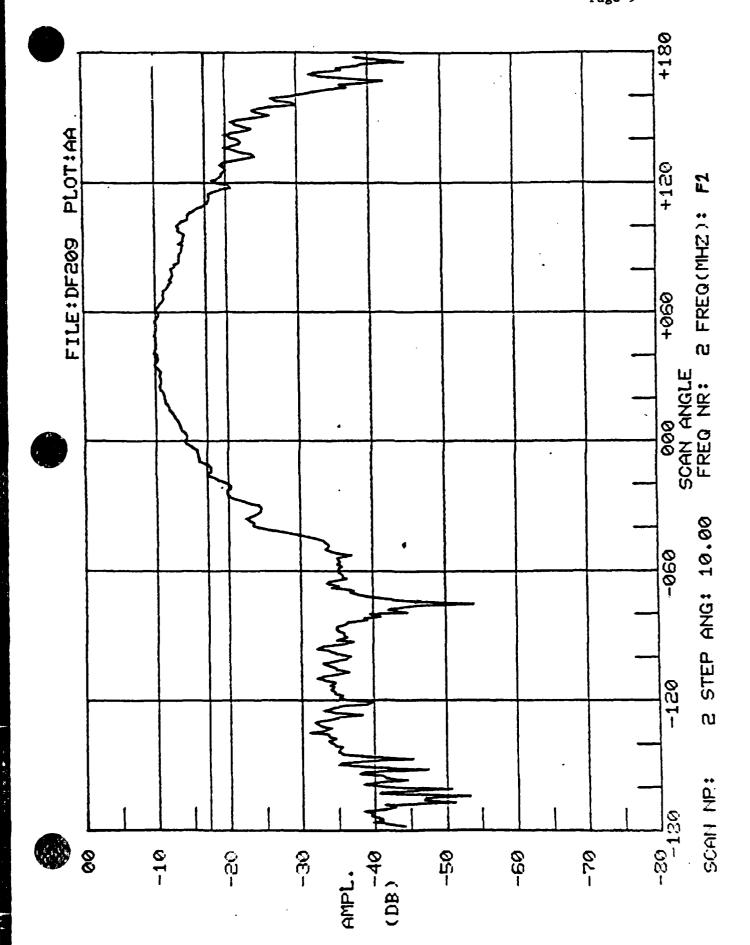


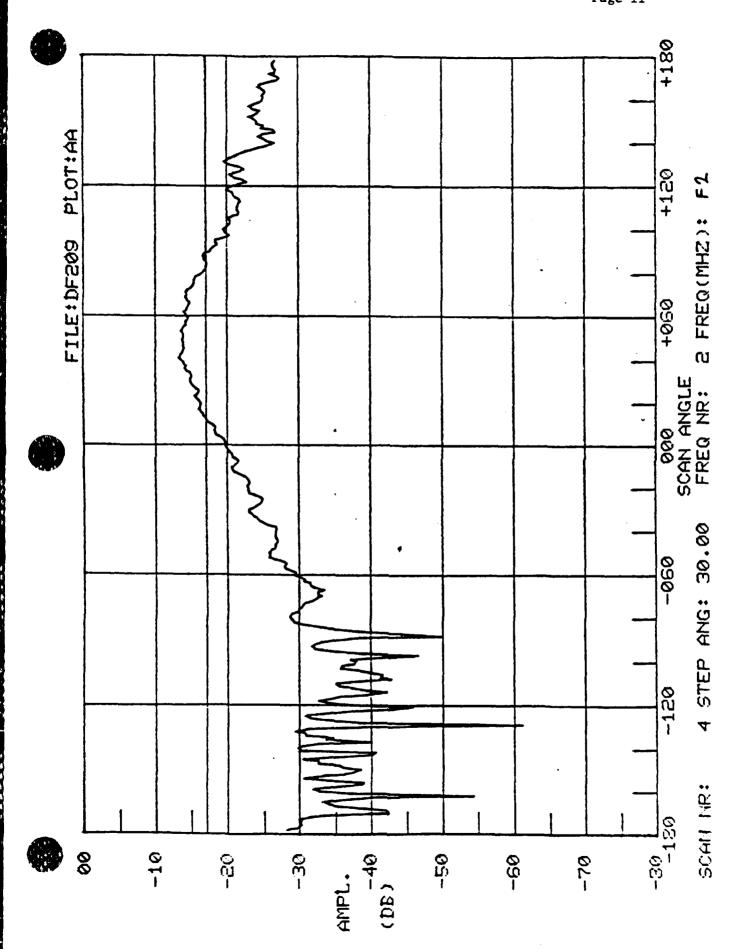


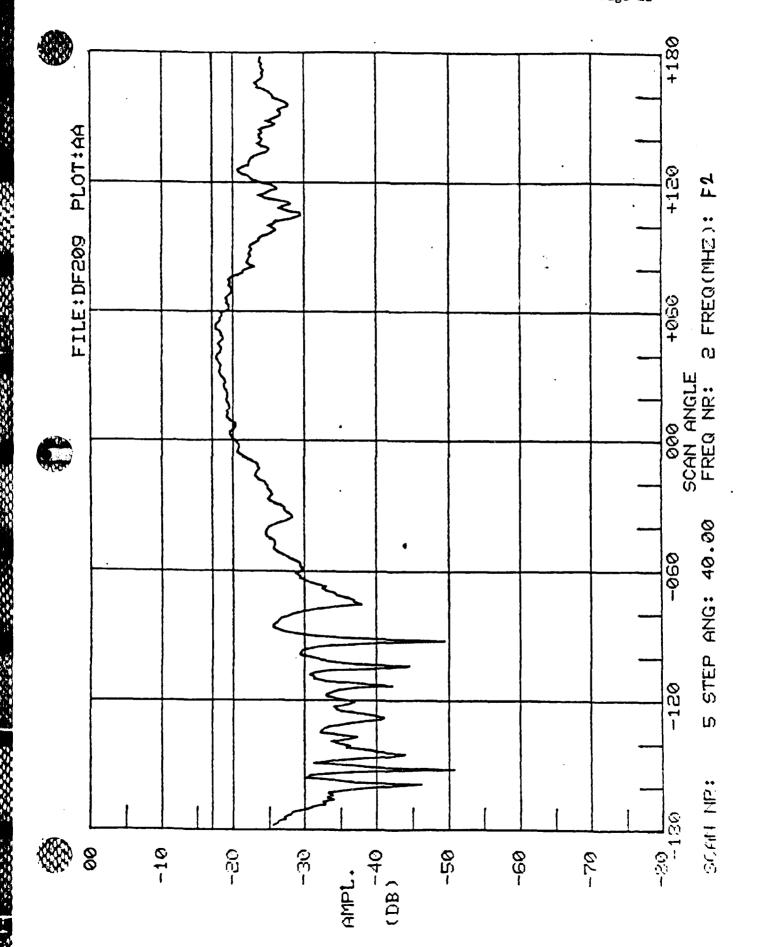


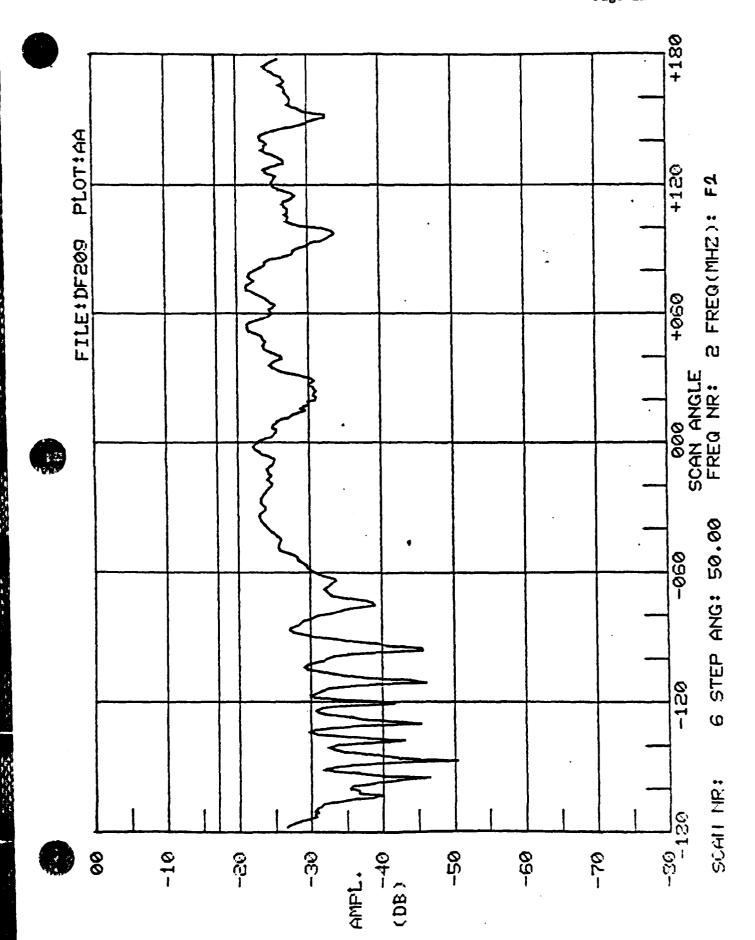


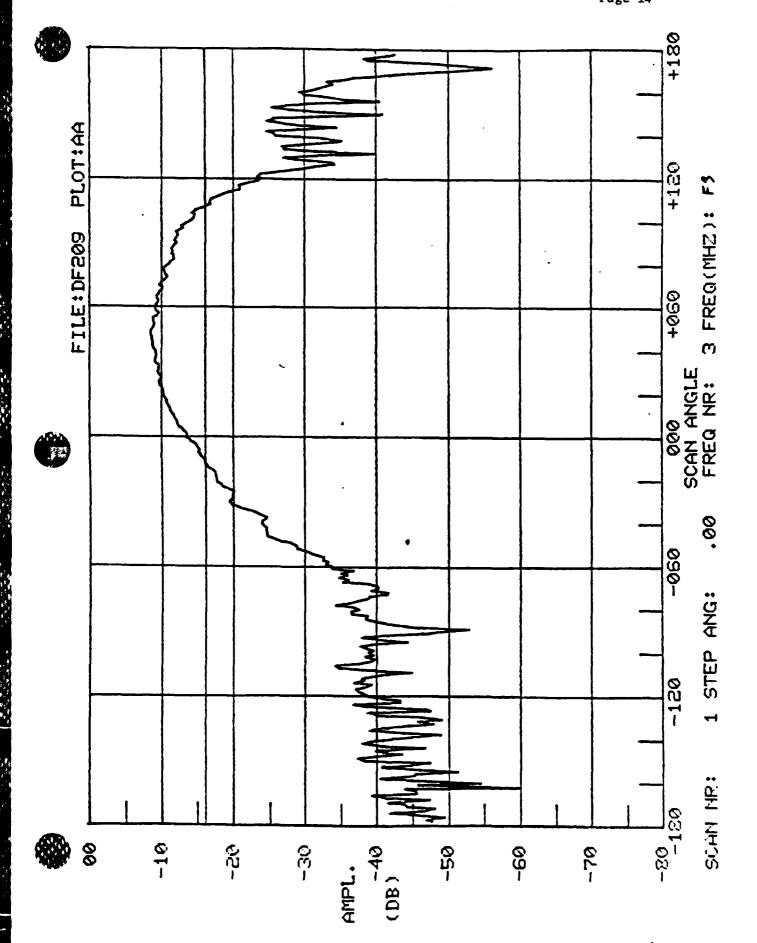


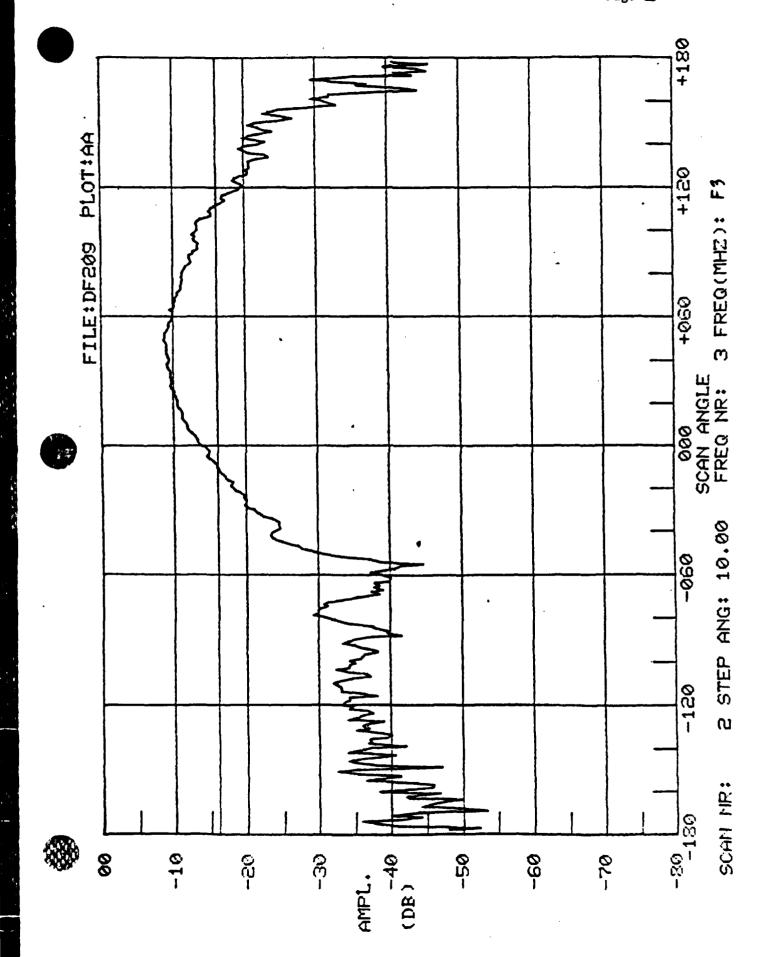


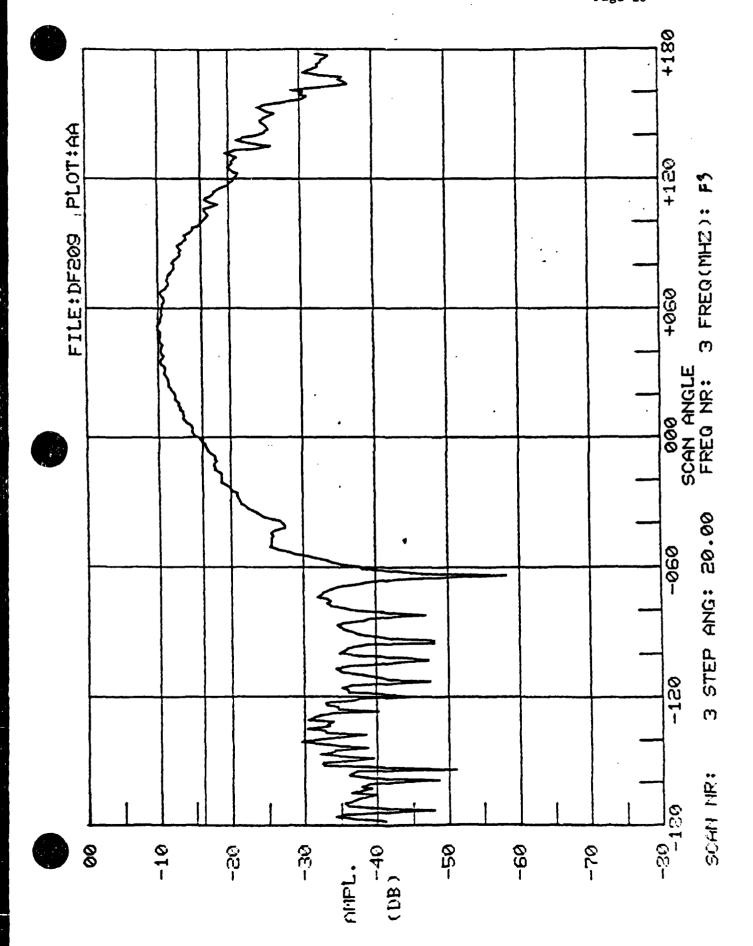


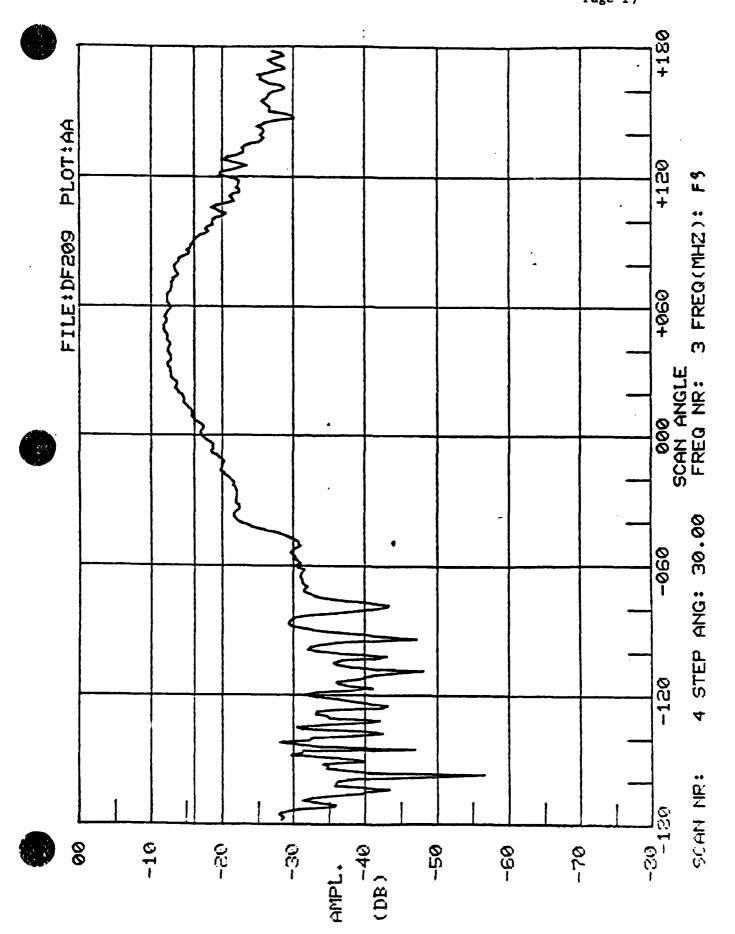


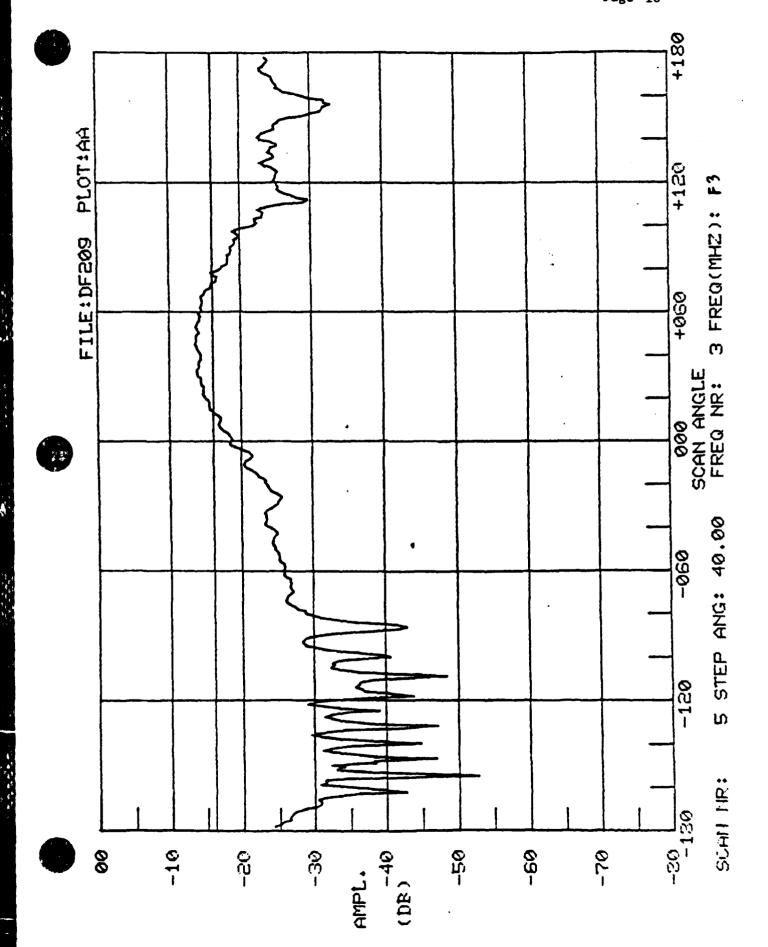












-10

-20

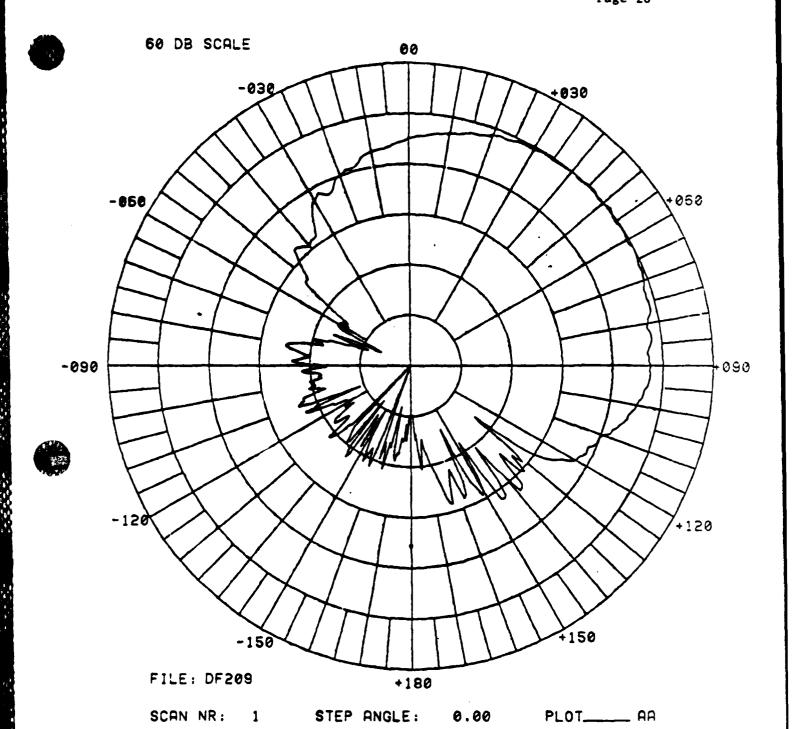
-30

AMPL.

-50

-20

99-



FI

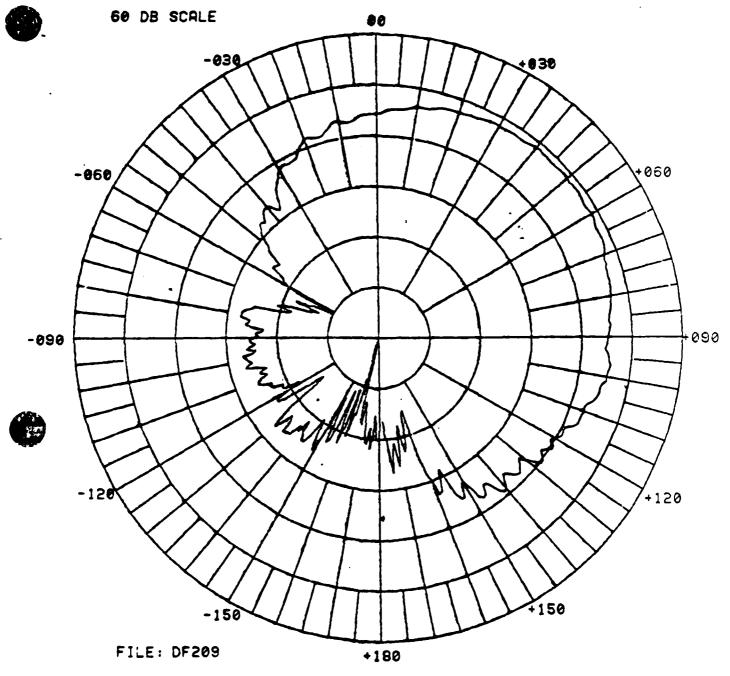
FREQ(MHZ):

CONFIGURATION 3

1

2 JUN 1984

FREQ NR:



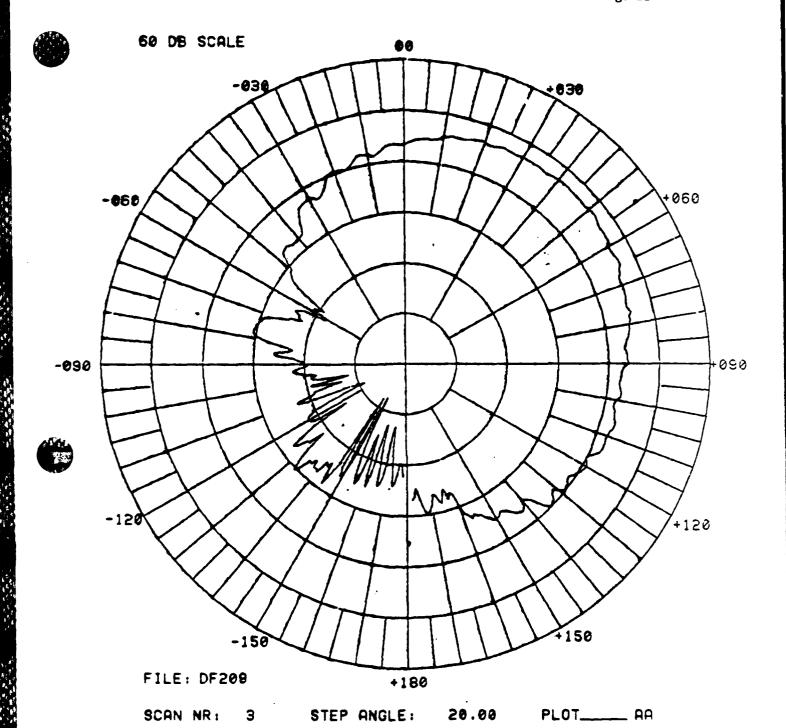
SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 1 FREG(MHZ): FI

CONFIGURATION 3

2 JUN 1984



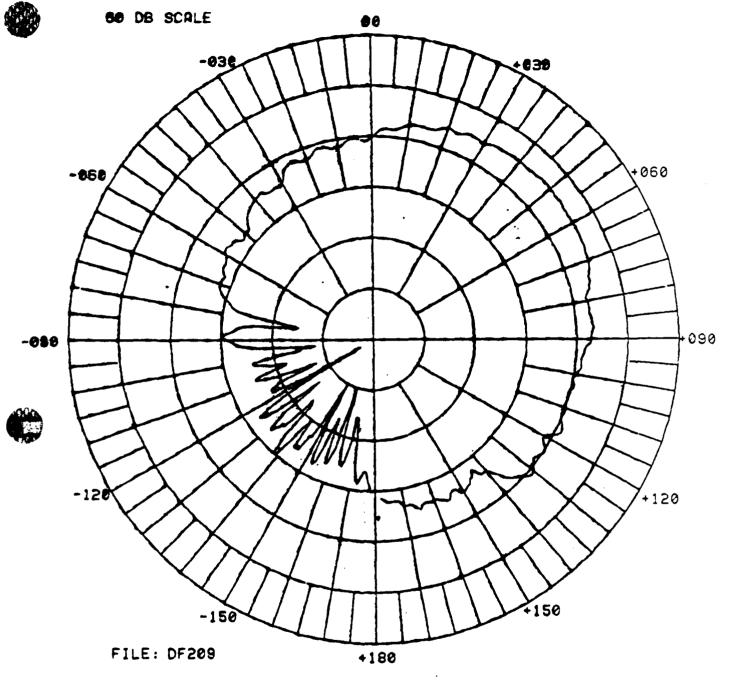


FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): FI

CONFIGURATION 3

2 JUN 1984



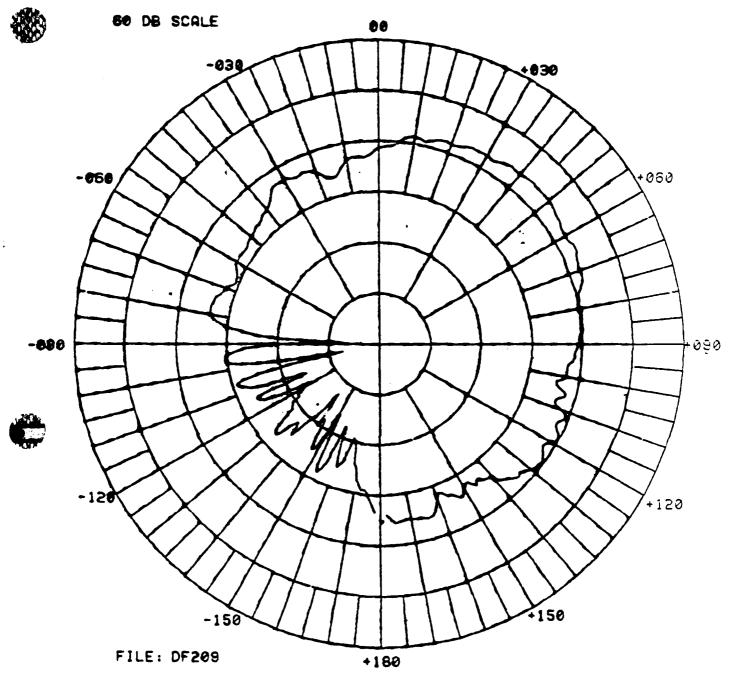


SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F/

CONFIGURATION 3



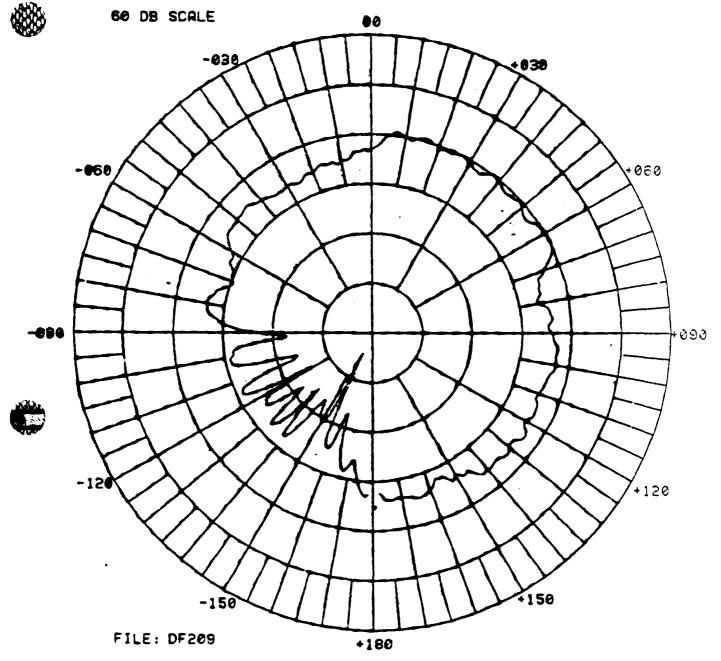


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): F!

CONFIGURATION 3



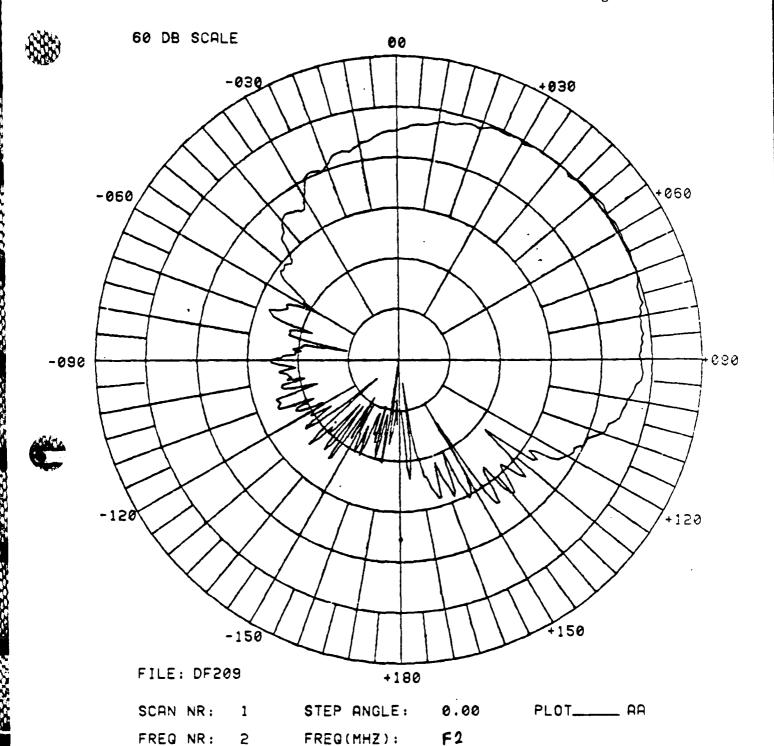


SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: 50.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 1 FREQ(MHZ): FI

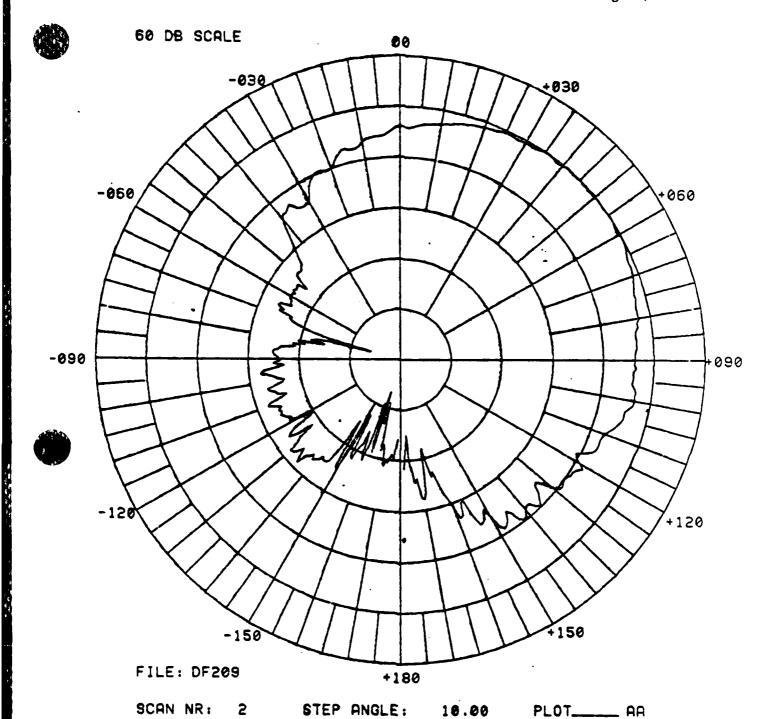
CONFIGURATION 3





CONFIGURATION 3



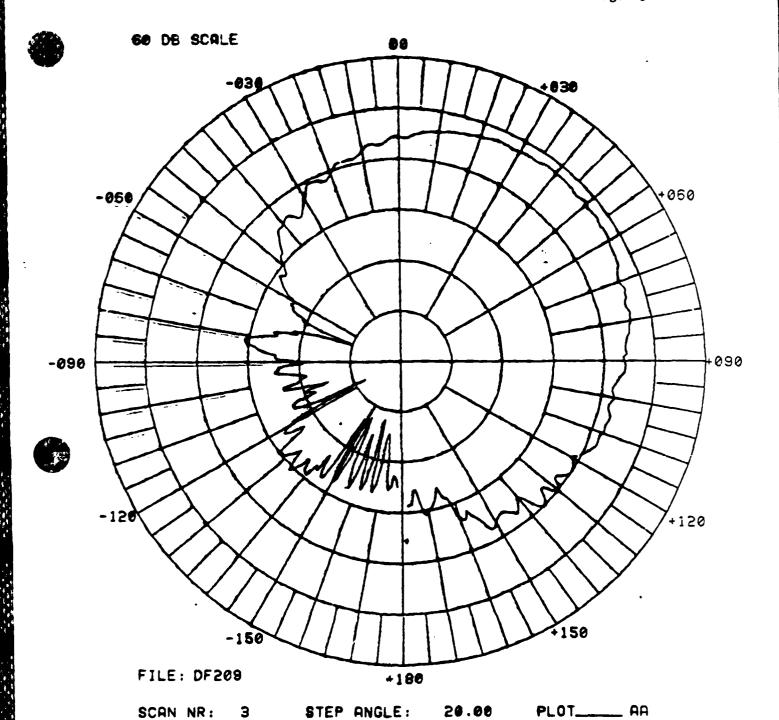


FREQ(MHZ):

F2

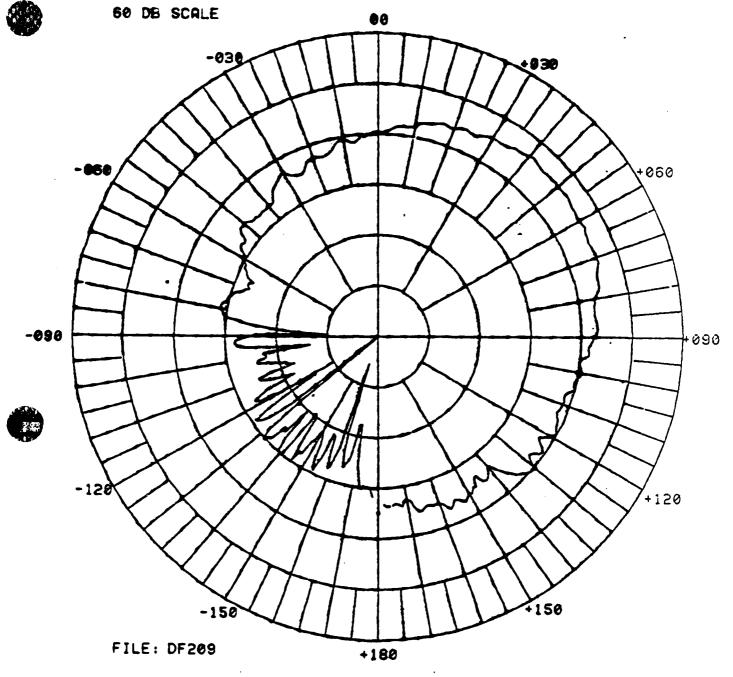
CONFIGURATION 3

FREG NR: 2



FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F1

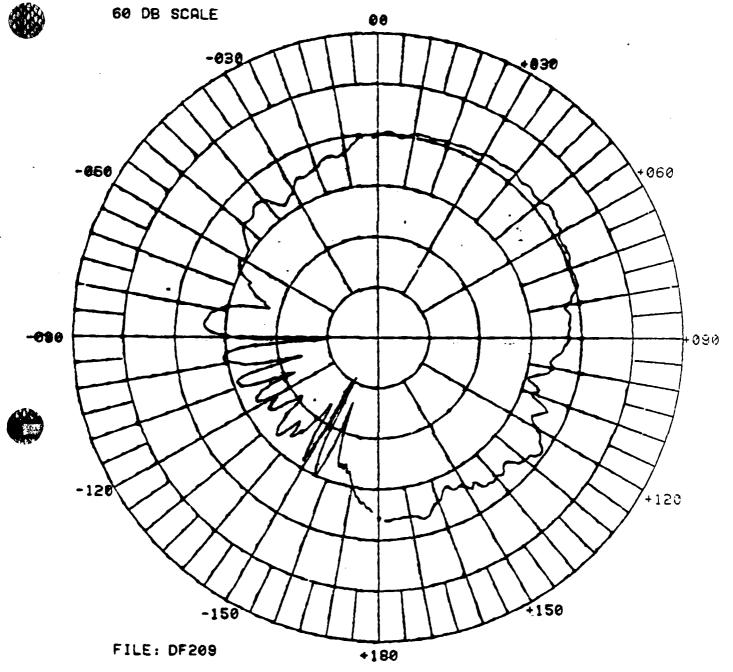
CONFIGURATION 3



SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AR

FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): F2

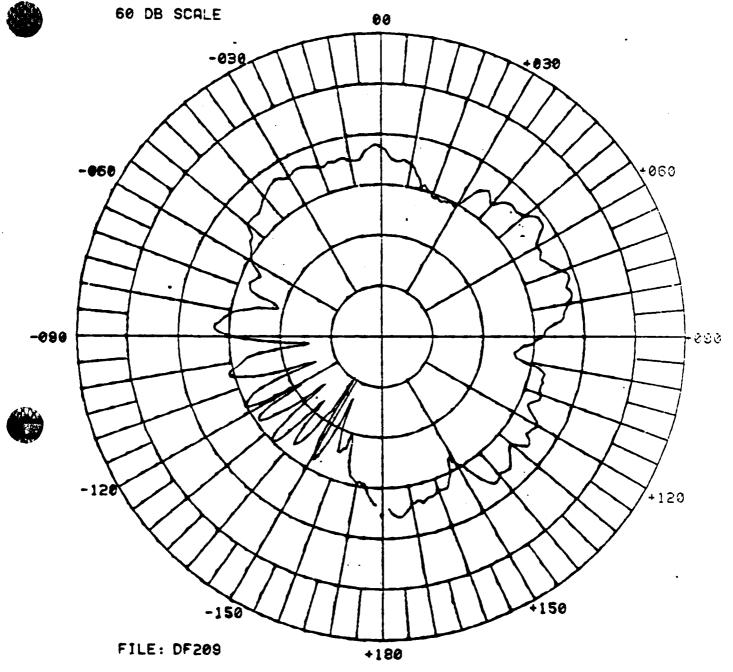
CONFIGURATION 3



SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 2 FREG(MHZ): F2

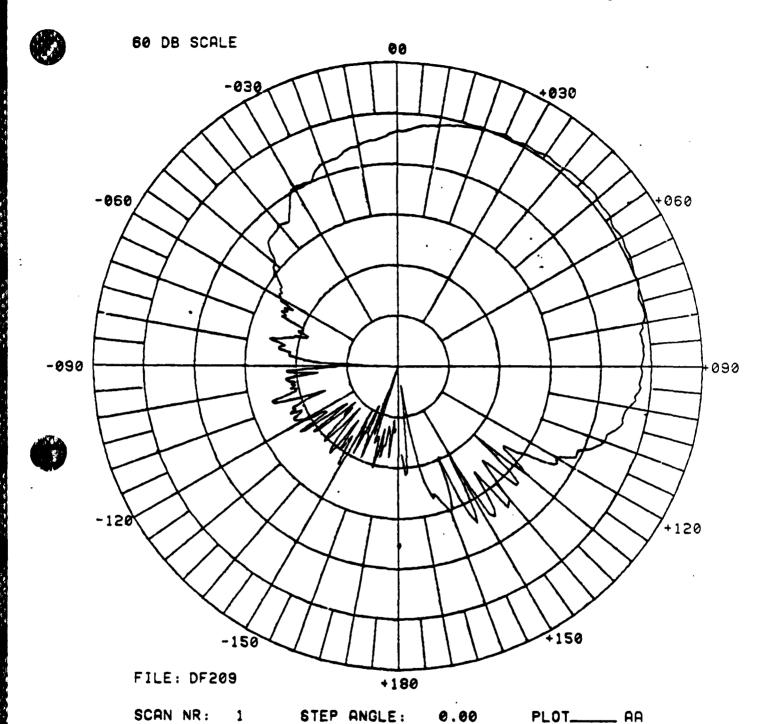
CONFIGURATION 3



SCAN NR: 6 STEP ANGLE: 50.00 PLOT____ AR

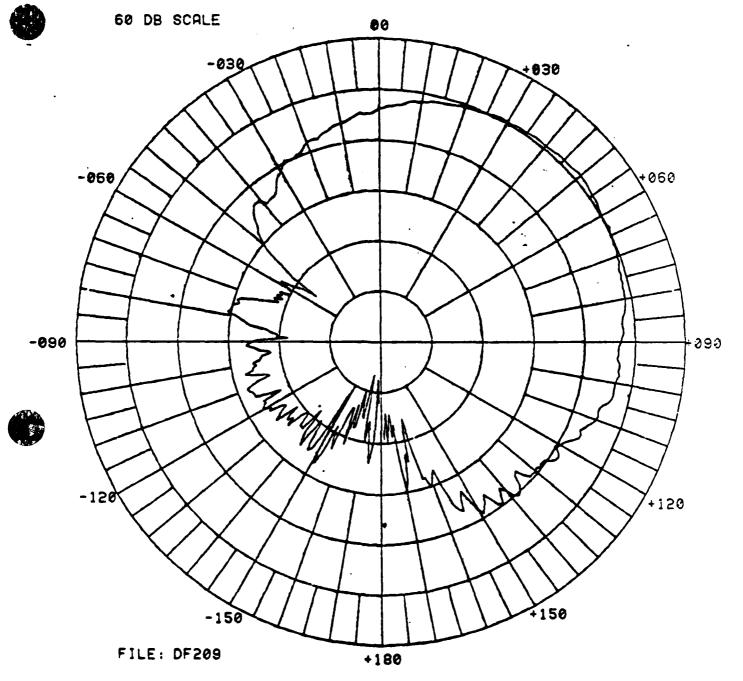
FREQ NR: 2 FREQ(MHZ): F2

CONFIGURATION 3



FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

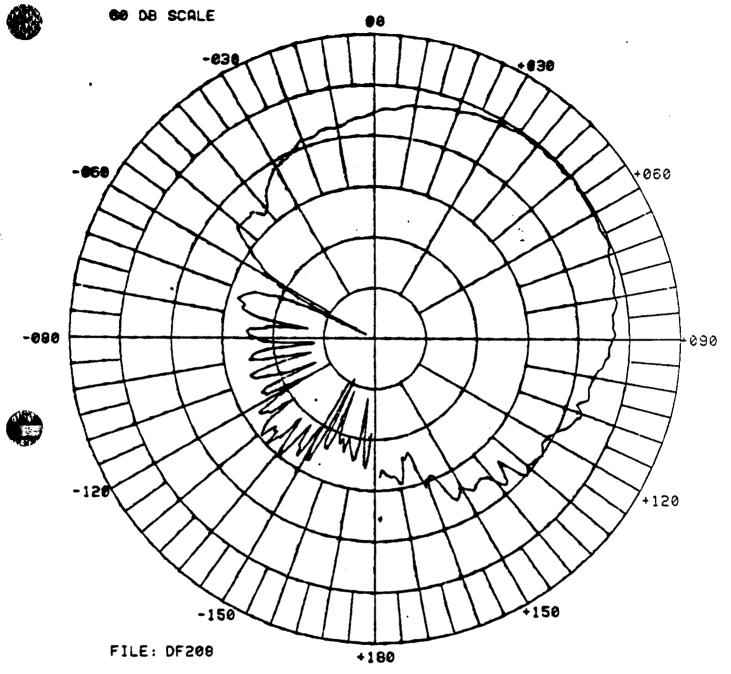
CONFIGURATION 3



SCAN NR: 2 STEP ANGLE: 10.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F5

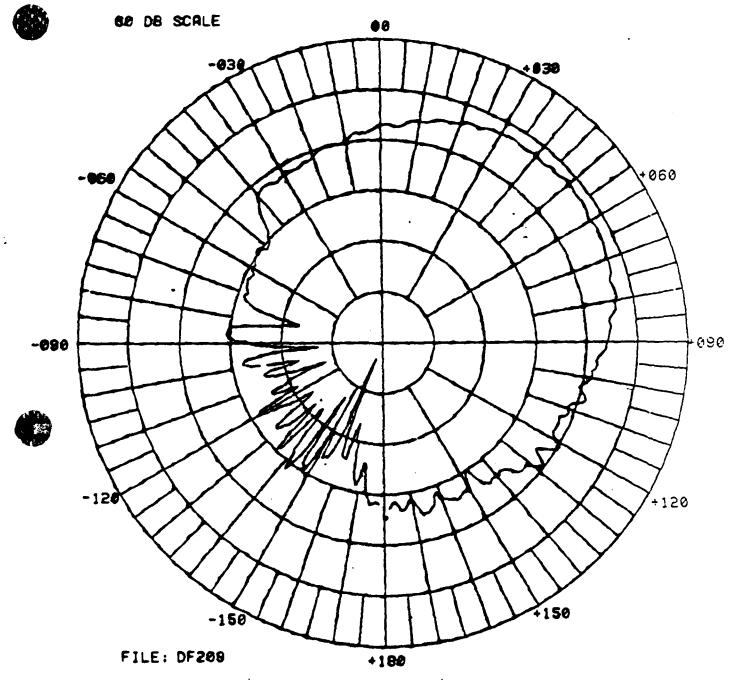
CONFIGURATION 3



SCAN NR: 3 STEP ANGLE: 20.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

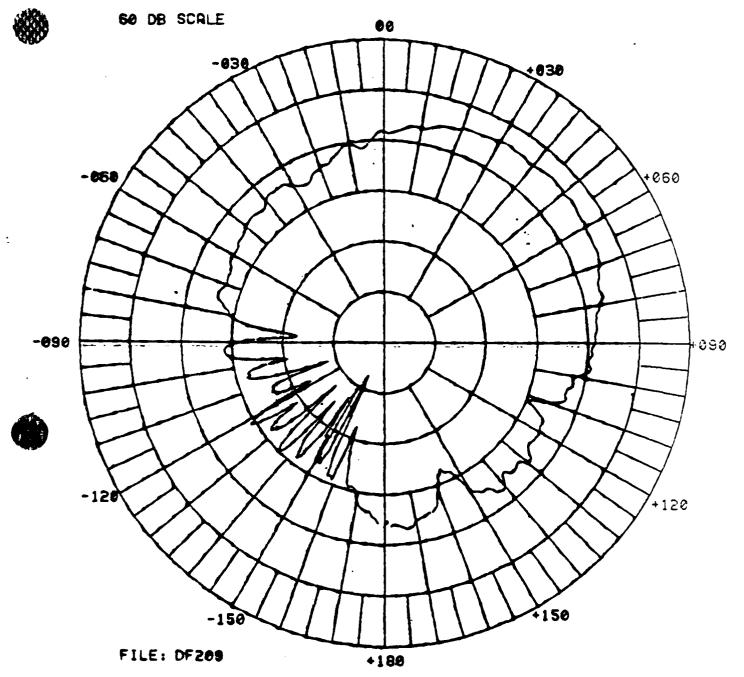
CONFIGURATION 3



SCAN NR: 4 STEP ANGLE: 30.00 PLOT____ AA

FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 3

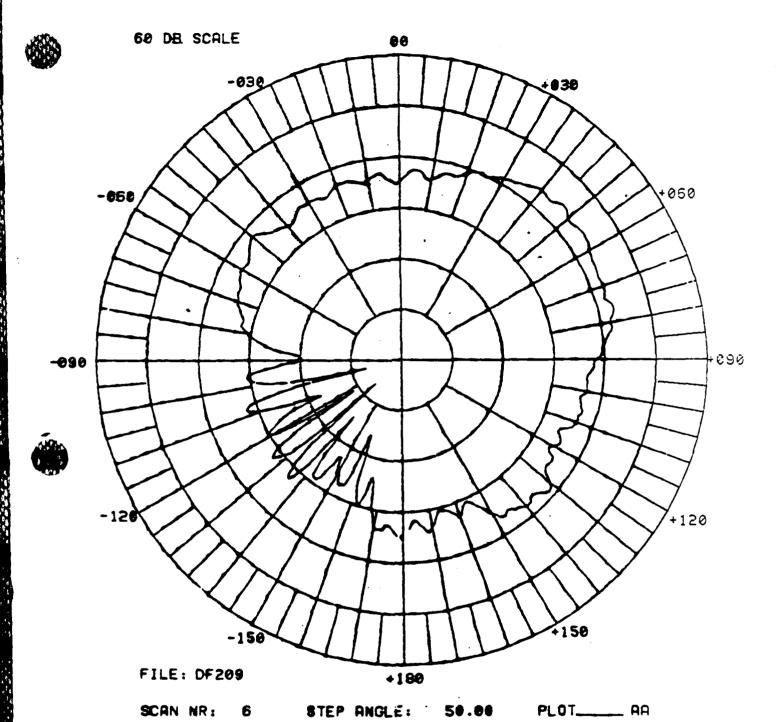


SCAN NR: 5 STEP ANGLE: 40.00 PLOT____ AA

FREG NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 3

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FREQ NR: 3 FREQ(MHZ): F3

CONFIGURATION 3

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